

近年全国初中升学

# 英语试题精选·解答



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## 编者的话

应广大教师、家长和教学科研人员的要求，我们编辑了1987—1990年全国初中升学（毕业）考试题精选、解答丛书，包括语文、政治、数学、物理、化学、英语。这套书在广泛收集全国各大、中城市所拟试题的基础上，经试题编写组评定，有选择地按来稿顺序精选而成。既照顾到试题具有广泛的代表性，又反映出一些教学质量较高的省、市、地区的独有特点。研究这些试题，可以帮助教师、家长和教学科研人员了解全国的教学情况，指导学生达到教学大纲的基本要求，并掌握一定的运用知识的技能技巧。

由于水平限制，在试题的选择上难免有考虑不周之处，恳请广大读者提出宝贵意见。

编者

1991年1月

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1987

试题部分

## 1. 北京市

### 一、语言 (共8分)

1. 将下列各词, 按其划线部分的读音分别写在相应的元音音标后面: (4分)

name, stop, park, dig, way, want, thin, glass

[i] \_\_\_\_\_

[ei] \_\_\_\_\_

[ɔ] \_\_\_\_\_

[a:] \_\_\_\_\_

2. 下列各组词中划线部分的元音字母或元音字母组合相同, 找出其中一个读音不同的词, 并把它的字母标号填入括号内: (4分)

Model: (A) A. put B. but C. cut D. fun

( ) 1) A. nice B. time C. give D. nine

( ) 2) A. meat B. bread C. eat D. team

( ) 3) A. cook B. food C. moon D. noon

( ) 4) A. How B. cow C. slow D. town

### 二. 词汇和短语 (共28分)

1. 按要求转换词型: (10分)

1) chair \_\_\_\_\_ (复数)      2) clean \_\_\_\_\_ (过去式)

3) also \_\_\_\_\_ (同义词)      4) high \_\_\_\_\_ (最高级)

- 5) fair\_\_\_\_\_ (反义词) 6) become\_\_\_\_\_(过去分词)  
 7) begin\_\_\_\_\_ (现在分词) 8) careful\_\_\_\_\_(副词)  
 9) beautiful\_\_\_\_\_ (比较级) 10) fourteen\_\_\_\_\_(序数词)

2. 下面有 A、B 两组单词或词组，在 B 组内找出与 A 组内意义相近的词或词组，并把字母标号填入 A 组前的括号内：(8分)

- | A                   | B                                 |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------|
| ( ) 1) each         | A. at last                        |
| ( ) 2) Monday       | B. can                            |
| ( ) 3) parent       | C. a short time ago               |
| ( ) 4) finally      | D. everyone                       |
| ( ) 5) be able to   | E. look after                     |
| ( ) 6) take care of | F. father or mother               |
| ( ) 7) just now     | G. the day before Tuesday         |
| ( ) 8) autumn       | H. the busiest season of the year |

3. 英汉互译：(10分)

- 1) 寻找\_\_\_\_\_ 2) 坐下\_\_\_\_\_ 3) 长大\_\_\_\_\_  
 4) 公共汽车站\_\_\_\_\_ 5) 复习\_\_\_\_\_  
 6) see the doctor\_\_\_\_\_ 7) make friends\_\_\_\_\_  
 8) Do some shopping\_\_\_\_\_ 9) have a rest\_\_\_\_\_  
 10) middle-school student\_\_\_\_\_

三、句型转换 按要求写出完整的句子：(共12分)

1. It is a clock. (改为复数形式)

2. Peter is going to buy a new bike this month.

(改为一般疑问句)



3. Alice likes sports. (改为否定句)
4. The shirt is expensive. (改为感叹句)
5. We shall have an English evening next Saturday. (就划线部分提问)
6. It was hot yesterday, \_\_\_\_\_? (完成反意问句)
7. There are seven days in a week. (就划线部分提问)
8. Mrs Green asked her husband, "Are you ready?" (改为间接引语)

四、选择填空 在 A、B、C、D 四个答案中，选出一个正确答案，把它前面的字母标号填入题前的括号内：(共 20 分)

- ( ) 1. It is \_\_\_\_\_ interesting book.  
A. The B. a C. an D. some
- ( ) 2. That is \_\_\_\_\_ violin.  
A. Tom B. Tom's C. Toms D. Toms'
- ( ) 3. I'll go to see \_\_\_\_\_ tomorrow morning.  
A. him B. himself C. he D. his
- ( ) 4. There \_\_\_\_\_ a banana on the plate.  
A. is B. are C. has D. have
- ( ) 5. The flowers are made \_\_\_\_\_ paper.  
A. in B. from C. with D. of
- ( ) 6. The students have \_\_\_\_\_ on Sunday.  
A. no any classes B. not class  
C. no classes D. no any class
- ( ) 7. What's the matter \_\_\_\_\_ you, Jack?

A. of    B. with    C. for    D. to

- ( ) 8. My uncle is \_\_\_\_\_ than that chemist.  
A. old    B. more old    C. oldest    D. older
- ( ) 9. Mary decided to do the work \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. she    B. her    C. herself    D. hers
- ( ) 10. \_\_\_\_\_ I got home, my aunt was watching TV.  
A. When    B. Where    C. What    D. If
- ( ) 11. Please give us \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. two cups of teas    B. two cups of tea  
C. two cup of tea    D. two cup of teas
- ( ) 12. \_\_\_\_\_ magazine is this? It's mine.  
A. Whose    B. Who's    C. Who    D. Whom
- ( ) 13. Dr White can \_\_\_\_\_ French very well.  
A. say    B. tell    C. speak    D. talk
- ( ) 14. \_\_\_\_\_ I come here tonight?  
No, you needn't.  
A. Must    B. Shall.  
C. Can    D. May
- ( ) 15. Mr Brown is not at home. He \_\_\_\_\_ to the library.  
A. has been    B. has gone  
C. had been    D. had gone
- ( ) 16. Mike and Joan are \_\_\_\_\_ good at maths.  
A. all    B. both    C. each    D. no one
- ( ) 17. The girl has \_\_\_\_\_ stamps.  
A. two hundred and fifty-five

- B. two hundreds and fifty-five  
 C. two hundreds and fifty five  
 D. two hundred fifty five
- ( ) 18. It is snowing. You had better \_\_\_\_\_ here.  
 A. to stay B. stay C. staying D. stayed
- ( ) 19. The artist has learned Russian for four terms  
 and she can write \_\_\_\_\_ Russian now.  
 A. a few B. few C. a little D. little
- ( ) 20. He said he \_\_\_\_\_ swimming if it didn't rain.  
 A. went B. has gone C. will go D. would go

**五、动词填空** 用所给动词的适当形式填空: (共6分)

- They often \_\_\_\_\_ (play) football in the afternoon.
- What are you doing, dad?  
 I \_\_\_\_\_ (repair) the radio.
- Let's \_\_\_\_\_ (carry) the boxes to the house.
- Yesterday she \_\_\_\_\_ (want) very much to see  
 the film, but she couldn't get a ticket.
- I \_\_\_\_\_ (write) to you as soon as I get to Shanghai.
- Mike \_\_\_\_\_ (visit) several places since he came  
 to Beijing.

**六、汉译英** 在 A, B, C 三个答案中, 选出一个正确译文, 并将其字母标号写在前面的括号内: (共6分)

- ( ) 1. 我太累了, 不能跟你们一起去。  
 A. I'm too tired to go with you.  
 B. I'm so tired to go with you.  
 C. I'm too tired that go with you.

- ( ) 2. 他入团已经三年了。  
A. He has joined the League for three years.  
B. He joined the League for three year.  
C. He has been a League member for three year.
- ( ) 3. 她不知道在会上说些什么。  
A. She didn't know that to say at the meeting.  
B. She didn't know what to say at the meeting.  
C. She not knew what to say at the meeting.
- ( ) 4. 我哥哥不在工厂吃午饭。  
A. My brother has not lunch at the factory.  
B. My brother does not have lunch at the factory.  
C. My brother not has lunch at the factory.
- ( ) 5. 你知道她住在哪儿吗?  
A. Do you know where she lives?  
B. Do you know where does she live?  
C. Do you know where is she living?
- ( ) 6. 我花了一小时完成这项工作。  
A. I took an hour to finish the work.  
B. It took an hour I to finish the work.  
C. It took me an hour to finish the work.

### 七、阅读理解 (共 10 分)

#### 1. One Trip or Two?

When Carl was thirty-four, he bought a small plane and learned to fly it. he soon became very good and made his plane do all kinds of tricks (特技).

Carl had a friend. His name was Bob. One day Carl in-

vited Bob to fly his small plane. Bob thought, "I've travelled in a big plane several times, but I've never been in a small one, so I'll go."

They went up, and Carl flew around for half an hour and did all kinds of tricks in the air.

When they came down again, Bob was very glad to be back safely (平安地), and he said to his friend in a shaking (颤抖的) voice, "Well, Carl, thank you very much for those two trips in your plane."

Carl was very surprised and said, "Two trips?"

"Yes, my first and my last." answered Bob.

根据短文内容, 判断下列句子正误。正确的在题前括号内划√, 否则划×: (5分)

( ) 1) Carl learned to fly a plane very quickly.

( ) 2) Bob invited Carl to fly the small plane.

( ) 3) Bob thought, "I've never been in any planes before."

( ) 4) Bob was frightened because Carl did some tricks with his plane.

( ) 5) Bob went up in Carl's plane only once.

## 2. Who Got My Voice First?

Miss Evans taught physics in a London school. Last month she was explaining to one of her classes about sound, and she decided to test them to see how successful (成功的) she had been in her work. She said to them, "Now, I have a sister in Washington. If I was calling her on the tele-

phone, and at the same time you were 20 metres away, and listened to me from the other side of the street, who would hear what I said earlier, my sister or you\_\_\_\_\_and why?"

The cleverest boy at once answered, "Your sister, Miss Evans, because electricity (电) travels faster than sound waves (波)."

"That's very good." Miss Evans answered; but then one of the girls put up her hand, and Miss Evans said, "Yes, Betty?" "I disagree (不同意)," Betty said. "Your sister would hear you earlier because when it's eleven o'clock here, it's only six o'clock in Washington."

根据短文内容, 在 A、B、C 三个答案中选择正确的一个, 将其字母标号填入题前的括号内: (5分)

( ) 1) Miss Evans was teaching her class \_\_\_\_\_ .

- A. to hear sound
- B. about sound
- C. about electricity

( ) 2) She wanted to know \_\_\_\_\_ .

- A. which were faster, sound waves or electricity
- B. whether her students could hear her from 20 metres away
- C. whether she could call her sister in Washington

( ) 3) The cleverest boy thought that \_\_\_\_\_ .

- A. the students would hear Miss Evans earlier
- B. the students would hear her sister earlier
- C. sound waves were slower than electricity

( ) 4) Miss Evans \_\_\_\_\_ .

- A. was satisfied with what the cleverest boy had said
- B. thought the cleverest boy's answer was not so good
- C. thought Betty's answer was much better

( ) 5) Betty thought the cleverest boy was wrong, because \_\_\_\_\_ .

- A. electricity was slower than sound waves
- B. clocks in Washington showed a different time from those in London
- C. electricity travels as fast as sound waves

八、短文填空 在下面短文的每个空格内填入一个在语法上和意义上都正确的词，将所填词写入题左面的横线内：  
(共 10 分)

1. \_\_\_\_\_

2. \_\_\_\_\_

3. \_\_\_\_\_

4. \_\_\_\_\_

Mr Smith was asking John a lot of (1), but John couldn't answer any of them. Mr Smith then decided to ask him some very (2) questions so that he could get a (3) right.

"(4) was the Great Pyramid?" he said.

John thought for some time and then answered, "A city in Australia?"

5. \_\_\_\_\_

6. \_\_\_\_\_

7. \_\_\_\_\_

8. \_\_\_\_\_

9. \_\_\_\_\_

10. \_\_\_\_\_

"No, it was an old tomb in (5)," Mr Smith said. He was getting a little angry now, but he was trying not to (6) it. Then he asked, "Who was the first President (总统) of the United States (美国)?"

John thought for a long time, but didn't say (7). Then Mr Smith got very angry and shouted, "George Washington (乔治·华盛顿)!" John stood (8) and began to walk towards his seat.

"Come (9)!" Mr Smith said. "I didn't tell you to go."

"Oh, I'm (10)," John said. "I thought you called the next student."

## 2. 上海市

### 一、语音 (共 10 分)

A. 下列各组单词中有一个单词的划线部分的读音与其它三个的不同。把这个单词前面的代号 (A、B、C 或 D) 填入括号: (每小题 1 分)

( ) 1. A) car B) warm C) star D) park



- ( ) 2. A) south B) loud C) wound D) sound  
 ( ) 3. A) death B) head C) leaders D) ready  
 ( ) 4. A) thin B) thief C) worth D) though  
 ( ) 5. A) polite B) quilt C) living D) kilometre

B. 根据音标在空格内填写适当的单词,使句子意思通顺:(每空格1分)

1. Your answer is \_\_\_\_\_ [r ɔŋ].  
 2. Do you often \_\_\_\_\_ [ˈlɪsn] to the radio?  
 3. Mary was \_\_\_\_\_ [tu : ] tired to walk on.  
 4. He knew \_\_\_\_\_ [nʌn] of the men in the \_\_\_\_\_  
 [ˈlaɪfbəʊt].

## 二、词汇 (共17分)

A. 按括号内的要求写出相应的词:(每词1分)

1. pen (复数) \_\_\_\_\_ 2. two (序数词) \_\_\_\_\_  
 3. love (反义词) \_\_\_\_\_ 4. few (比较级) \_\_\_\_\_  
 5. fool (形容词) \_\_\_\_\_ 6. run (过去式) \_\_\_\_\_  
 7. operate (名词) \_\_\_\_\_ 8. angry (副词) \_\_\_\_\_  
 9. safety (动词) \_\_\_\_\_

B. 词义配对。从(II)栏中的10个解释中为(I)栏中的8个单词找出意义接近的解释,并把它们前面的代号(A、B、C……)分别填入相应单词前面的括号内:(每小题1分)

(I) (II)

- ( ) 1. dirty A) the day before Monday  
 ( ) 2. Sunday B) not long ago  
 ( ) 3. recently C) not clean