

MET

云南师范大学外语系编

高中英语综合技能 训练

(第一册)

天津科技翻译出版公司

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张克勤 李式燕 主编

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高中英语 综合技能训练

(第一册)

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编者的话

为了提高中学英语教学水平，我系邀请部分有经验的中学英语教师和我系教师一起编写了这套《高中英语综合技能训练》丛书（共三册），分别供高一、高二、高三使用。第一册由李式燕，张克勤主编，第二册由杨煜明，谢明主编，第三册由于希文，本文典主编。

本丛书根据统编教材和教学大纲，结合高考实际，编写目的有二：1.提高学生的两个能力，即英语语言能力和应考能力；2.为高中师生提供丰富、方便的语言训练材料。主要目的是培养语言能力，因为提高语言能力是教学的宗旨，是高考得高分的基础，也是避免高分低能的重要途径。本丛书各册分单项训练和综合测试两大部分，通过大量的单项训练，使学生牢固掌握必要的语言知识和技能，提高阅读，习作，改错，完形填空和语音、语法、拼写的单项选择等能力。在此基础上进行综合测试，培养应考能力。我们认真研究了教学大纲和教材，分析了历年高考试题，选出了常考、必考、难记、易混的知识点和容易得分的题，编入了单元检测题和综合训练题。

编写本丛书的除我系部分教师外，还有来自下列单位和学校的同志：

昆明市教研室 昆明一中 云南师范大学附中 昆明三中 昆明八中 曲靖一中 个旧一中 楚雄一中 丽江地区中学 建水一中 云南教育学院附中 丽江一中 曲靖七中 呈贡一中 丽江七中 云煤一中

我系系主任杨传哲教授、副主任黎明生、刘守兰副教授审订了本丛书。本文典副教授自始至终主持了本丛书的编写工作。

在本丛书编写、出版过程中，得到了天津科技翻译出版公司，昆明市教研室和云南师范大学科研处的关怀，帮助和指导，谨在此致以深切的谢意。

虽经反复审校，一定还会有不当之处，敬请读者指正。

云南师范大学
外语系

一九九二.五.

前 言

初中毕业生进入高一年级后，随着教材的加深和知识面的扩大，遇到不少困难。为了帮助同学们巩固初中英语知识，更好地衔接初中高中学习内容，顺利进入高中阶段的学习；特别是为了达到“加强基础、发展智力、培养能力”这一目的，我们根据教学大纲的要求编写了这本书，便于高一年级师生在教学中与高中英语教材第一册配合使用，进行单元考查，以利同学们系统地掌握所学知识，增强阅读能力，提高英语水平。

本书分两个部分，第一部分为单项训练，有完形填空二十篇，阅读理解四十篇，书面表达十篇。第二部分为综合训练，有五套测试题：测试题I（初中第六册），测试题II（高中第一册第一单元），测试题III（高中第一册第二单元），测试题IV（高中第一册第三单元），测试题V（高中第一册第四单元）。顺序从易到难，供大家选用。

由于编者水平有限，书中不免有错误及不当之处，欢迎读者给予批评指正。

编者

一九九二年五月

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第一部分 单项训练

一.完形填空:

1.

It is Sunday. There are hundreds and hundreds of 1 in the park. Some are walking 2 the lake. 3 are sitting 4 the benches and talking. 5, under a huge pine(松) tree, a group of boys and girls are 6 games. Nearby, an 7 game of chess is going 8 between two old men. Some people are 9.

Near a flower garden, two 10 old women are knitting(织毛衣) 11 the sunshine. Their grandchildren are playing on the grass. Not far 12, some students are singing and dancing merrily.

13 is Sunday in the park. Everybody is having 14 after a week of 15 and study.

- | | | | |
|------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|------------------|
| () 1. A. the people | B. people | C. a people | D. peoples |
| () 2. A. by | B. on | C. at | D. over |
| () 3. A. Other | B. Others | C. The other | D. The others |
| () 4. A. in | B. into | C. on | D. above |
| () 5. A. Over it | B. Over there | C. Here and there | D. Anywhere |
| () 6. A. making | B. putting on | C. getting on | D. playing |
| () 7. A. excited | B. interest | C. interested | D. interesting |
| () 8. A. over | B. with | C. on | D. playing |
| () 9. A. watching | B. seeing | C. looking at | D. observing |
| () 10. A. whited-hair | B. white-haired | C. white-hair | D. whited-haired |
| () 11. A. with | B. into | C. in | D. under |
| () 12. A. of | B. from | C. off | D. away from |
| () 13. A. It | B. There | C. So | D. Which |
| () 14. A. good time | B. good times | C. a good time | D. the good time |
| () 15. A. jobs | B. job | C. working | D. work |

2.

Dear Eddie,

How are you getting 1? I miss you 2. I can 3 forget my days with you and your family. You are wonderful to me. 4 I told my parents about my visit to your family. They wanted me 5 hello to you and thank you for all your kindness.

Things are fine here. Christmas 6 soon. The city has a holiday air. You see 7 people everywhere. The stores are full of exciting things. 8 not all the people 9 happy about their lives. Some are out of 10. They are really having 11.

I am glad I have 12 good job at the clinic(诊疗所). And the work keeps me 13 all day.

Now it is time for supper. I must stop here. I trust you are all 14, and not too busy 15 the Christmas season.

Yours,

Best wishes to you and your family.

John

- | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| () 1. A. in | B. on | C. with | D. for |
| () 2. A. very | B. much | C. very much | D. very well |
| () 3. A. never | B. ever | C. either | D. seldom |
| () 4. A. Last night | B. The last night | C. Last evening | D. The last evening |
| () 5. A. to say | B. saying | C. to show | D. showing |
| () 6. A. came | B. is coming | C. has come | D. would come |
| () 7. A. a few | B. much more | C. a lots of | D. crowds of |
| () 8. A. But | B. And | C. Or | D. Besides |
| () 9. A. are feeling | B. are becoming | C. felt | D. became |
| () 10. A. works | B. the works | C. work | D. the work |
| () 11. A. the hard time | B. a hard time | C. harder time | D. hard time |
| () 12. A. the | B. × | C. a | D. my |
| () 13. A. to be busy | B. being busy | C. busy | D. busier |
| () 14. A. good | B. well | C. kind | D. warm |
| () 15. A. to get ready for | | B. getting ready for | |
| C. to get ready | | D. getting ready | |

3.

Mr Ford saw a sweater(毛线衣) in a 1 window. 2 it was cheap he decided 3. When he 4, he put the sweater 5. It fitted him 6 and he was 7 it. In the afternoon he went out to work in his garden. It 8 began to rain, and he had to run into the house. He ran quickly, but he 9 got wet. 10 his sweater started to shrink (缩). It got 11. Soon it was 12 that he couldn't 13. In the end, 14 great difficulty and the help of his wife, he got 15 the sweater. Mr Ford sighed (叹息) looking at the small sweater.

- | | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|--------------------|
| () 1. A. shopping | B. shop | C. shop's | D. shops' |
| () 2. A. Because | B. So | C. And | D. However |
| () 3. A. buying | B. buying it | C. to buy | D. to buy it |
| () 4. A. went to home | B. arrived at home | C. got home | D. reached at home |
| () 5. A. on | B. × | C. on the body | D. in |
| () 6. A. much | B. very good | C. very much | D. very well |
| () 7. A. careful with | B. hopeful to | C. pleased with | D. friendly to |
| () 8. A. soon | B. quickly | C. fast | D. early |
| () 9. A. still | B. hardly | C. yet | D. also |
| () 10. A. Then | B. So | C. However | D. Than |
| () 11. A. small and small | | B. smaller and smaller | |
| C. small and smaller | | D. smaller and small | |
| () 12. A. so tightly | B. so tight | C. such tightly | D. such tight |
| () 13. A. cough | B. put on | C. breathe | D. walk |

- ()14. A. in B. with C. by D. for
()15. A. in B. out of C. into D. inside

4.

Before Helen Keller (海伦·凯勒) was two years old, she lost her 1 and her hearing. She 2 in a world of confusion (混乱) until the 3 of Ann Mansfield Sullivan, the woman who was to 4 Helen's whole life. 5 March 3, 1887, Miss Sullivan arrived 6 the Keller's house. It was three months before Helen's 7 Miss Sullivan worked 8 with her new student. 9 the teacher felt disappointed. 10 Miss Sullivan's hard work was rewarded (报答). 11 deaf and blind Helen Keller learned to communicate (交流) in 12 words. Moreover (而且), she went to college and became famous in the world. Later, she wrote her own 13 in the book, The Story of My Life. Helen Keller set a good example both 14 blind people and people 15 have eyes.

- ()1. A. seeing B. sighting C. sight D. seeing sense
()2. A. lived B. had C. hated D. troubled
()3. A. days B. beginning C. time D. arrival
()4. A. lead B. turn C. move D. change
()5. A. In B. On C. By D. At
()6. A. at B. in C. into D. for
()7. A. seven birthdays B. seventh birthday
C. seven-birthday D. seventh birthdays
()8. A. better B. closely C. unhappily D. sadly
()9. A. From time to time B. In time
C. On time D. In no time
()10. A. For the end B. On the end C. At the end D. In the end
()11. A. Only B. Very C. Quite D. The
()12. A. speak B. spoke C. speaking D. spoken
()13. A. accidents B. stories C. activities D. matters
()14. A. towards B. at C. for D. too
()15. A. / B. who C. whom D. they

5.

Mr Hodge was a chicken farmer. He had 1 chickens, and sold the eggs and 2 and got quite a lot of money for them, but he lived 3 a very hot part of the country, and he 4 that his hens laid 5 eggs in the summer. So he decided 6 air-conditioning (空调) into his chicken-house 7 the hens would lay well 8 and he could get more eggs and 9 earn more money.

The owner of the company 10 sold the air-conditioning came to see him, and when he saw Mr Hodge's house, he thought that he 11 to persuade (说服) him 12 some air-conditioning for that, 13.

"Your wife would be much 14 and more comfortable then", he said to Mr Hodge. 15 Mr Hodge was not interested.

"My wife doesn't lay eggs", he said.

- | | | | |
|--------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| () 1. A. hundred of | B. hundreds | C. hundreds of | D. hundreds' |
| () 2. A. the meat | B. the meats | C. the flesh | D. the fleshes |
| () 3. A. on | B. in | C. over | D. at |
| () 4. A. said | B. told | C. spoke | D. found |
| () 5. A. hardly any | B. hard any | C. any | D. not any |
| () 6. A. to sell | B. selling | C. to put | D. putting |
| () 7. A. because | B. so that | C. as soon as | D. if |
| () 8. A. all through the year | B. for that year | C. on the summer days | D. for some seasons |
| () 9. A. in a way | B. in that way | C. on the way | D. by the way |
| () 10. A. who | B. whom | C. what | D. which |
| () 11. A. might be able | B. could | C. would | D. maybe able |
| () 12. A. buying | B. to buy | C. sending | D. to send |
| () 13. A. too | B. still | C. either | D. then |
| () 14. A. happy | B. more happy | C. happier | D. happily |
| () 15. A. And | B. So | C. For | D. But |

6.

Matthew Hobbs was 1. He had been at 2 same school for five years, and he 3 a very bad pupil. He was lazy, he 4 other pupils, he was 5 the teacher, and he did not 6 the rules of the school. His headmaster tried to make him 7 and behave(举止) better, 8 he was never successful—and the worst thing was that, as Matthew grew 9, he was a bad influence(影响) on 10 boys.

11 Matthew left school. He tried to get a job with a big company(公司), and the manager wrote to the headmaster to 12 what he could say 13 Matthew.

The headmaster wanted to be honest, but he also did not want to be 14 hard, So he wrote "If you can get Matthew Hobbs to work for you, you will be very 15".

- | | | | |
|----------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| () 1. A. sixteen-year-old | B. sixteen-years-old | C. sixteen year old | D. sixteen years old |
| () 2. A. the | B. a | C. / | D. one |
| () 3. A. had always been | B. is always | C. was always being | D. would always be |
| () 4. A. played with | B. fought with | C. fought | D. played |
| () 5. A. polite for | B. polite to | C. rude for | D. rude to |
| () 6. A. learn | B. study | C. obey | D. trust |
| () 7. A. to work | B. work | C. working | D. for working |
| () 8. A. but | B. and | C. so | D. now |
| () 9. A. old | B. elder | C. older | D. eldest |
| () 10. A. the young | B. the younger | C. the youngest | D. youngest |
| () 11. A. At last | B. At the last | C. In last | D. In the last |

- | | | | |
|--------------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|
| ()12. A. help out | B. look for | C. check in | D. find out |
| ()13. A. to | B. for | C. on | D. about |
| ()14. A. too | B. much | C. so | D. that |
| ()15. A. luck | B. lucky | C. luckiness | D. luckily |

7.

Mr William was very deaf(聋的) indeed but he did 1 like people to know it. 2 evening he invited 3 friends to dinner and while they 4 at the table, one of the friends told a 5 story. Everyone laughed, 6 Mr William, who had laughed as 7 as anyone, 8, "That was a very funny joke, 9 I know a funnier one. Would you like to 10 it?" They all said they 11. So he began his story. When he ended everyone laughed louder than 12, and Mr William smiled 13, but he didn't know the reason 14 their laughing. He told the very same story his friends 15.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|
| ()1. A. no | B. not | C. hardly | D. never |
| ()2. A. One | B. A | C. The | D. In |
| ()3. A. few | B. their | C. all | D. several |
| ()4. A. sat | B. sit | C. are sitting | D. were sitting |
| ()5. A. sad | B. serious | C. funny | D. terrible |
| ()6. A. and | B. or | C. but | D. then |
| ()7. A. louder | B. loud | C. bigger | D. big |
| ()8. A. said | B. saying | C. would say | D. says |
| ()9. A. so | B. then | C. but | D. than |
| ()10. A. have | B. hear | C. tell | D. get |
| ()11. A. did | B. had | C. could | D. would |
| ()12. A. now | B. that | C. it | D. ever |
| ()13. A. greatly | B. happily | C. willingly | D. loudly |
| ()14. A. for | B. of | C. at | D. by |
| ()15. A. told | B. was telling | C. had told | D. would tell |

8.

The Eskimos(爱斯基摩人) 1 near the North Pole. They wear warm 2 all the year round. They make most 3 it themselves. They make it 4 the skins of animals. From skins, they make coats and hats 5 even boots.

6 this cold weather, trees can't grow. The Eskimos 7 build their houses from skins, earth, stone, or snow. 8 they go hunting, they live in tents of skin. When they are out 9 a storm and can't get back 10, they build houses of snow. They leave these houses when the storm is 11.

Today many Eskimo children are going 12. Few know 13 English. They are taught by teachers 14 know no Eskimo. However, most of the children are more attentive and learn faster 15 white children.

- | | | | |
|------------------|----------|-------------|----------|
| ()1. A. live | B. keep | C. lead | D. stay |
| ()2. A. dresses | B. cloth | C. clothing | D. suits |

- | | | | |
|---------------------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|
| () 3. A. for | B. from | C. of | D. in |
| () 4. A. for | B. from | C. of | D. in |
| () 5. A. and | B. also | C. but | D. or |
| () 6. a. On | B. In | C. At | D. For |
| () 7. A. must | B. could | C. would | D. have to |
| () 8. A. Because | B. Since | C. When | D. How |
| () 9. A. in | B. on | C. for | D. at |
| () 10. A. home | B. to home | C. their home | D. for home |
| () 11. A. up | B. away | C. off | D. over |
| () 12. A. to the schools | B. to a school | C. to school | D. to schools |
| () 13. A. well | B. the | C. some | D. any |
| () 14. A. who | B. whom | C. which | D. what |
| () 15. A. for | B. then | C. to | D. than |

9.

There was 1 a farmer who had a fine orchard(果园). He worked very hard 2 and the orchard always did well. But he 3 that his three sons looked down upon farm work, and were only interested in 4 rich quickly.

5 the farmer was old and knew he was going to die, he called his three sons to him and said, "My sons, 6 a lot of gold hidden in the orchard. Dig for it, if you want to have it".

The sons tried to get him to tell them the 7 place where the gold was hidden, but he said nothing more.

After the farmer 8, the sons went to look for the gold. Since they didn't know where the hiding-place was, they decided to begin digging 9. They dug and dug, but no gold was 10. Finally they had to 11 the attempt(尝试).

The next summer, the fruit crop was the biggest they had. This was 12 the thorough digging.

When the three sons saw the great amount of money they got after they 13 the fruit, they suddenly understood 14 their wise father had meant when he asked his sons 15 in the orchard.

- | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| () 1. A. once | B. only | C. one | D. old |
| () 2. A. all in his life | B. all his life | C. all the life | D. all of his life |
| () 3. A. asked | B. knew | C. hoped | D. expected |
| () 4. A. being got | B. having got | C. getting | D. getting on |
| () 5. A. When | B. Before | C. After | D. As long as |
| () 6. A. it had | B. it has | C. there is | D. there was |
| () 7. A. certain | B. exact | C. same | D. some |
| () 8. A. dies | B. had been dead | C. dead | D. died |
| () 9. A. over all the orchard | B. all the over orchard | C. all over the orchard | D. over the all orchard |
| () 10. A. found | B. looked for | C. searched | D. sought |

- ()11. A. give in B. give out C. give for D. give up
 ()12. A. because of B. because C. why D. that
 ()13. A. got B. bought C. ate D. sold
 ()14. A. that B. which C. what D. whether
 ()15. A. digging B. dug C. to dig D. dig

10.

Henry was from 1 United States and he had come to London for a holiday.
2 he was not feeling 3, so he went to the clerk(职员) at the desk of his hotel and said,
 "I want to see a doctor. 4 you give me the name of a good doctor?"
 The clerk looked 5 a book and then said, "Dr Kenneth Grey, 61010."
 Henry said, "Thank you very much. Is he expensive?"
 "6," the clerk answered, "he always 7 his patients two pounds for their first visit to
 him, and £1.50 for 8 visits."

Henry decided to save 50p, 9 when he went to see the doctor, he said, "I 10 again,
 doctor."

11 seconds the doctor looked at his face carefully 12. Then he nodded and said,
 "Oh, yes." He examined him and then said, "Everything's going 13 it should do. Just
14 the medicine I gave you 15."

- ()1. A. the B. × C. these D. those
 ()2. A. On one day. B. At one day C. One day D. A day
 ()3. A. good B. well C. nice D. right
 ()4. A. Do B. Can C. May D. Must
 ()5. A. in B. after C. for D. on
 ()6. A. Why B. Oh C. Dear D. Well
 ()7. A. requests B. charges C. gives D. asks for
 ()8. A. late B. later C. future D. followed
 ()9. A. then B. but C. or D. so
 ()10. A. have come B. came C. was coming D. won't
 ()11. A. For few B. In few C. For a few D. In a few
 ()12. A. without saying nothing B. without saying anything
 C. with saying something D. without saying something
 ()13. A. according to B. like C. when D. as
 ()14. A. continue with B. deal with C. take in D. keep up
 ()15. A. for last time B. for the last time C. last time D. the last time

11.

Once a neighbour 1 one of Washington's horses. Washington went with a policeman to
 the neighbour's farm 2 the horse back. But the neighbour refused 3 the horse back. He
 said that it 4 his horse. Suddenly Washington 5 a good idea. He put both of his hands
 over the eyes of the horse and 6 the neighbour, "If this is your horse, then you 7 tell us
 in 8 eye he is blind". "In the right eye", said the neighbour. Washington 9 his hand away

from the right eye of the horse and 10 the policeman that the horse was not blind in the right eye. "I have made 11 mistake," said the neighbour. "He is blind in the left eye". Washington then showed that the horse was not blind in the left eye 12. "I have made 13 mistake," said the neighbour. "Yes", said the policeman, "and you have also proved (证明) that the horse isn't 14. You must return it 15 Mr Washington at once."

- | | | | |
|---------------------|------------|--------------|---------------|
| () 1. A. steal | B. stolen | C. stole | D. has stolen |
| () 2. A. bring | B. to get | C. getting | D. taking |
| () 3. A. bringing | B. giving | C. to bring | D. to give |
| () 4. A. would be | B. was | C. is | D. will be |
| () 5. A. had | B. thought | C. found a | D. got |
| () 6. A. asked | B. spoke | C. said to | D. told |
| () 7. A. mustn't | B. must | C. need | D. may not |
| () 8. A. what | B. which | C. where | D. which else |
| () 9. A. took | B. brought | C. made | D. had |
| () 10. A. answered | B. meant | C. helped | D. showed |
| () 11. A. that | B. this | C. a | D. the |
| () 12. A. too | B. also | C. neither | D. either |
| () 13. A. another | B. other | C. the other | D. again |
| () 14. A. yours | B. his | C. mine | D. ours |
| () 15. A. back | B. for | C. to | D. with |

12.

Harry did not stop his car at some traffic-lights(交通灯) 1 they were red, and he hit 2 car. Harry jumped out and went 3 it. 4 was an old man in the car. He was very 5 and said to Harry, "What are you 6 ? You nearly killed me!"

"Yes," Harry answered, "I'm very sorry." He 7 a bottle out of his car and said, "Drink some of this. Then you'll 8 better." He gave the man some whisky, 9 the man drank it, but then he shouted again, "You nearly killed me!"

Harry gave him the bottle again, and 10 old man drank a lot of the whisky. Then he smiled and 11 Harry, "Thank you. I feel 12 better now. But why 13 drinking?"

"Oh, 14," Harry answered, "I don't want any whisky now. I'm going to sit here and 15 the police."

- | | | | |
|-------------------|--------------|----------------|----------------|
| () 1. A. since | B. for | C. because | D. when |
| () 2. A. another | B. the other | C. an other | D. the other's |
| () 3. A. to | B. for | C. at | D. in |
| () 4. A. That | B. It | C. This | D. There |
| () 5. A. funny | B. satisfied | C. frightened | D. hungry |
| () 6. A. driving | B. doing | C. driving for | D. doing for |
| () 7. A. took | B. brought | C. sent | D. made |
| () 8. A. do | B. feel | C. sense | D. come |
| () 9. A. but | B. and | C. for | D. then |

- () 10. A. the B. his C. an D. one
 () 11. A. said B. said to C. told D. spoke to
 () 12. A. more B. quite C. much D. very
 () 13. A. aren't you B. weren't you C. would you be D. will you be
 () 14. A. dear B. nice C. good D. well
 () 15. A. ask for B. wait for C. believe in D. wake up

13.

Bill Jenkins worked in 1 big office in the city, and he used 2 to the barber's(理发店) during working hours to have his hair 3 although this was against the rules: clerks(职员) had to go to the barber's 4 their own time.

While Bill was at the barber's 5 day, the manager of the office came in 6 to get his own hair cut. Bill saw him and tried 7 his face, but the manager came and sat 8, 9 he soon recognized him.

"Hullo, Jenkins," the manager 10. "I see that you are getting your hair cut in 11."

"Yes, sir, I'm," admitted Bill calmly "You see, sir, it 12 during working hours."

"Not all of 13," said the manager of the office at once. "Some of it grows in your own time."

"Yes, sir, 14 quite true," answered Bill politely, "but I'm 15 having it all cut off."

- () 1. A. a B. the C. this D. that
 () 2. A. going B. to go C. to going D. go
 () 3. A. cut B. cutting C. to cut D. to be cut
 () 4. A. at B. on C. in D. for
 () 5. A. this B. the C. a D. one
 () 6. A. by a chance B. by chance C. by the chance D. by chances
 () 7. A. to prevent B. preventing C. to hide D. hiding
 () 8. A. beside him B. besides C. by the side D. on the side
 () 9. A. so B. when C. as D. or
 () 10. A. spoke B. told C. asked D. said
 () 11. A. work's time B. my time C. office time D. city time
 () 12. A. grows up B. will grow up C. grows D. will grow
 () 13. A. whole B. all C. it D. them
 () 14. A. There is B. That's C. You are D. I am
 () 15. A. / B. not C. never D. no

14.

What is 1 colour? Why do some objects look red, 2 green, others blue?

Colour is caused(引起) by 3 light rays(光线). We see colour because objects reflect(反射) light. Something 4 is red reflects 5 red light. (It reflects a little green or blue light, too, but we do not see it.) 6 the same way, a green object reflects mostly green light. White objects reflect all colours of 7. Black objects do not reflect 8 light.

What happens 9 the colours of light that 10 not reflected? They are absorbed by the

object. The darker the colour, the 11 light is reflected and the 12 light is absorbed. Light that is absorbed 13 into heat. 14 this reason, dark-coloured clothes are warmer 15 the sunlight than lighter-coloured clothes.

- | | | | |
|----------------------|---------------|---------------|------------------|
| () 1. A. the | B. a | C. / | D. this |
| () 2. A. other | B. others | C. the other | D. the others |
| () 3. A. reflected | B. to reflect | C. reflect | D. that reflects |
| () 4. A. that | B. which | C. in which | D. for which |
| () 5. A. most | B. mostly | C. at most | D. the most |
| () 6. A. In | B. At | C. On | D. To |
| () 7. A. a light | B. light | C. lights | D. the light |
| () 8. A. some | B. any | C. many | D. more |
| () 9. A. in | B. to | C. for | D. about |
| () 10. A. being | B. to be | C. are | D. were |
| () 11. A. little | B. less | C. fewer | D. more |
| () 12. A. less | B. little | C. more | D. fewer |
| () 13. A. to change | B. changing | C. is changed | D. changed |
| () 14. A. For | B. To | C. On | D. At |
| () 15. A. under | B. in | C. into | D. below |

15.

We have just 1 out of a spaceship onto the surface of the moon. Behind us 2 the ship, half 3 the sunlight and half in the dark shape. A few miles 4 is a wall of mountain being very tall into the black sky. And there, as though resting 5 the mountains, 6 a great ball of light, beautifully coloured 7 blue and green and brown with a small part of dazzling(刺眼) white 8 the top. It is our own far-away world — 9 earth.

We 10 a step and 11 like prize jumpers(跳高运动员)—up, fly, and down again. Jumping carefully, we search for the valleys, the very high carter(火山口) walls, the shadowy(有影子的) crater floors.

12 sound can be heard...there is no air 13 sound, no wind; there are no smells, 14 plants, no animals. There is nothing 15 rock and dust, blinding sunlight and cold black shadows.

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|------------------|------------|----------|-----------|
| () 1. A. took | B. climbed | C. ran | D. swam |
| () 2. A. is | B. are | C. will | D. can be |
| () 3. A. on | B. at | C. in | D. under |
| () 4. A. before | B. front | C. ahead | D. behind |
| () 5. A. in | B. on | C. at | D. above |
| () 6. A. are | B. being | C. is | D. were |
| () 7. A. with | B. in | C. on | D. by |
| () 8. A. above | B. on | C. at | D. in |
| () 9. A. the | B. / | C. this | D. an |
| () 10. A. walk | B. go | C. take | D. jump |