高中英语

Golden Key to the Enchanted Door

词汇必备

徐广联 ◎ 编著



一 華東理工大學出版社

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图书在版编目(CIP)数据

高中英语词汇必备/徐广联编著.

一上海:华东理工大学出版社,2010.6

(新世纪英语从书)

ISBN 978 - 7 - 5628 - 2672 - 9

Ⅰ.高... Ⅱ.徐... 五.英语-词汇-高中-教学参考资料 Ⅳ.G634.413

中国版本图书馆 CIP 数据核字(2009)第 225377 号

高中英语词汇必备

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出版发行/华东理工大学出版社

地 址/上海市梅陇路 130 号,200237

电 话/(021)64250306(营销部)

(021)64252710(编辑室)

传 真/(021)64252707

M 址/press.ecust.edu.cn

印 刷/上海南海印刷厂

开 本/890mm×1240mm 1/32

即 张/18.625

字 数/628 千字

版 次/2010年6月第1版

印 次/2010年6月第1次

卸 数/1-7000 册

书 号/ISBN 978 - 7 - 5628 - 2672 - 9/G • 417

定 价/29.00元

(本书如有印装质量问题,请到出版社营销部调换。)

前 言

本书依据教育部最新颁布的《英语课程标准》,收录了高中阶段约1700个重点必备单词(删除了初中阶段应该掌握的单词)。本词汇手册有以下几个特色:

- 1. 对所收单词的常用释义作了适度扩展,以适应高中学生新需求。
- 2. 本书有着简洁明了的例句,地道而口语化,把单词的用法融于一个个鲜活的例句中,这不仅有助于学生理解掌握词汇,也有助于培养他们的语感和英语表达能力。
- 3. 词组短语的学习和掌握对于英语学习者是非常重要的。本书因而专门开辟了词组短语和常用搭配专栏,列出重要的词组短语,并给出简洁而生动的例句,让学生们在活泼的语境中加深记忆,以达到熟练应用。
- 4. 英语词汇的用法丰富而复杂,是英语学习的一大难点。本书为此专设了用法难点一项,简要说明单词的具体用法和易混易错的语言要点,旨在帮助学生掌握正确的用法,并培养他们得体地运用英语的能力。
- 5. 本书对同义词和近义词进行了比较、例示,目的是让学生们在学习新词的同时,尽可能多地联想出相关的单词或短语,从而巩固已学的知识,并学会用不同的词表达同一思想。

书中还给出了大量的典型考题,多为历届高考全真试题,目的是巩固学生们所学的词汇、用法和语法知识,以便找出薄弱环节,及时进行复习补充。

本书提炼了高中英语的常考点和必考点,希望它能成为高中学生的好帮手。

限于编者的水平, 疏误在所难免, 希望读者批评指正。

略语简表

adj. adjective adv. adverb article art. conjunction conj. interjection interj. link v. linking verb n. noun num. numeral pl.plural preposition prep. pronoun pron. single sing. auxiliary verb v. aux. intransitive verb vi. vt. transitive verb AmE American English BrEBritish English C countable U uncountable 「同」

形容词 副词 冠词 连词 感叹词 系动词 名词 数词 复数 介词 代词 单数 助动词 不及物动词 及物动词 美式英语 英式英语 可数 不可数 同义词

反义词

[反]

发音简表

| Vowels 元音 | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|------------|-------------|--------|------------|-------|----------------|---------|----------|----|--------|------------------------|
| | | 音 标 | | 例词和 | | 和读音 | | 音标 | | 例词和读音 | |
| | | 前 i: 元 e | | give [gɪv] | | [li:d] | | | | | |
| | | | | | | [gɪv] [bed] | | еї | la | ke | [leɪk] |
| | | 音 æ | 1 | ack | | bæk] | | ອບ | ge |) | [gəʊ] |
| | | a: | | alm | [] | ka:m] | 双 元 | aı | fi | ve | [faɪv] |
| 単 | | 后 p | | top | [| stop] | | au | ne | ow | [naʊ] |
| 单元音 | | 元 元 | | ıll | | [ə:l] | | ы | be | оу | [bəɪ] |
| | | u u | | oook oo | | [bok] [tu:] | 音 | 19 | d | ear | [Gtb] |
| | | 音 4 | | .00 1p | | [np] | | eə | w | here [| weə hweə] |
| | | 中 3: | | oird | rd [| | | uə | p | our | [pʊə] |
| | | 元 ə 音 | | igo | go [a | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Cor | sonants | | | · | | _ |
| p pen [pen] tf child [tfaild] | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 爆 | b | boat [bə | | 一破 | dз | joy | [dʒɔɪ] |] | f | farm | [fa;m] |
| 破 | t | take | [teɪk] | 擦 | ts | carts | [kats] |] | v | vain | [vein] |
| | d | dog | [dɒg] | ••• | dz | birds | [badz] |] | θ | thing | [ፀւŋ] |
| 音 | k | cut | [kʌt] | 音 | tr | train | [trein] |] 摩 | ð | then | [ðen] |
| | g | go | [gəu] | | dr | drum | [drʌm] |] 擦 | s | see | [si:] |
| ės. | m | my | [mai] | | | | | | z | zoo | [zu:] |
| 鼻 | n | not | [not] | 半 | | wait yes | [west] | 音 | ſ | bush | [bʊʃ] |
| 音 | ŋ | bring | [brɪŋ] | a I 🐪 | w | | |] | 3 | pleas | ure ['pleʒə] |
| 舌 | | | | _ 元 | j | | |] | r | red | $[\operatorname{red}]$ |
| 边 | 1 | life | [laɪf] | 音 | | | | | h | high | [haɪ] |
| 音 | <u>L</u> _ | | | | | | | | | | |

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A

ability [ə'bɪlɪtɪ] n. ①(U)能力,本领: Man has the ability to think and speak. 人类有思考和说话的能力。②(C)才能,技能: He is a man of many abilities. 他是一个多才多艺的人。③(C)智能,智力,天才: There are children of all abilities in our class. 我们班上孩子的智力水平各有不同。a musical ability 音乐天才

【用法难点】the ability { + of doing (误) + to do (正)做某事的能力

【同义辨析】①ability: n. 能力→inability n. 无能。②enable: vt. 使能够→unable adj. 不能的。③ability: 最常用词,主要用于人,既可指天赋的本能,也可指后天习得的能力,特别指人的思维能力、智力或体力。④capacity: 指人的接受、理解能力,物的吸收、容纳能力,后跟介词 for。⑤capability: 常指智力或体力上的能力,可指人或物,后跟介词 for 或 of。【词组短语】ability at maths 数学才能; ability for/in music 音乐才能; beyond one's ability 力所不及; have the ability to do 有能力做; listening, speaking, reading and writing abilities 听、说、读、写的能力; to the best of one's ability 尽力而为,竭尽全力: John did the work to the best of his ability. 约翰尽了最大努力做好工作。

【典型考题】He soon received promotion, for his superiors realized that he was a man of considerable .

A) ability B) future C) possibility D) opportunity 答案 A。句意:他不久就晋升了,因为他的上司认识到他是一个极有能力的人。ability 意为"能力,行事能力"。B) future 表示"将来,未来"。C) possibility 意为"可能性,可能发生的事"。D) opportunity 意为"机会"。

abroad [ə¹broːd] adv. ①在国外,到国外: Her parents have gone to live abroad. 她父母去国外定居了。She was sent abroad. 她被派往国外了。②遍布,到处: The news soon spread abroad. 这个消息迅速传开了。The rumour was abroad. 谣言到处流传。

【词组短语】go abroad 出国; at home and abroad 国内外; go abroad on bus-

| iness 因公出国; go abroad on one's vacation 去国外度假; return from | | | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| abroad 回国 | | | | | | | |
| 【典型考题】On her trip she called on a friend in New York. | | | | | | | |
| A) board B) abroad C) broad D) overseas | | | | | | | |
| 答案 B。句意:她在国外旅行时拜访一位在纽约的朋友。abroad 作形容 | | | | | | | |
| 词时,常放在名词后,这里表示"去国外的旅行"。A) board 木板。C) | | | | | | | |
| broad 宽阔的。D) overseas 在国外,国外的,作形容词修饰名词时常放在 | | | | | | | |
| 名词前,如: overseas Chinese 海外华侨。 | | | | | | | |
| absence ['æbsəns] n. (U)①缺席,不在: Did anyone come here in my | | | | | | | |
| absence? 我不在时有人来过吗?②缺乏,没有: The police are worried a- | | | | | | | |
| bout the absence of proof in the case. 警方正为案子缺少证据发愁。 | | | | | | | |
| her absence from Shanghai 她不在上海 | | | | | | | |
| 【用法难点】 her absence in Shanghai 她(不在这里而)在上海 | | | | | | | |
| 【词组短语】in the absence of 缺乏…,当…不在时; absence of mind 心不在 | | | | | | | |
| 焉; leave of absence 请假,休假; absence from 缺席; in/during one's | | | | | | | |
| absence 某人不在时; in the absence of 在(人)不在时,在(物)缺乏时 | | | | | | | |
| 【典型考题】Mary looks after his daughter | | | | | | | |
| A) in the absence B) in his absence | | | | | | | |
| C) at the absence D) to his absence | | | | | | | |
| 答案 B。句意:他不在时玛丽照看他女儿。in/during one's absence 在某 | | | | | | | |
| 人不在时,合乎句意。 | | | | | | | |
| 【典型考题】In the of the manager, I'll be in charge. | | | | | | | |
| A) lack B) shortage C) presence D) absence | | | | | | | |
| 答案 D。句意:经理不在时我负责。absence 缺席,不在场。A) lack 缺乏, | | | | | | | |
| 缺少。B) shortage 不足,缺少。C) presence 出席,在场。 | | | | | | | |
| absent ['æbsənt] adj. ①不在的,缺席的: Two students were absent from | | | | | | | |
| class today. 今天有两名学生缺席。②不注意的,漫不经心的: Mother | | | | | | | |
| scolded Jack for he was absent to everything. 妈妈责备了杰克,因为他对 | | | | | | | |
| 什么事都漫不经心。 | | | | | | | |
| 【词组短语】be absent from 缺席,没到; absent oneself from 缺席 | | | | | | | |
| 【联想扩展】absently adv. 漫不经心地; absentee n. 缺席者 | | | | | | | |
| 【典型考题】He was work today. | | | | | | | |
| A) absent in B) absent from | | | | | | | |
| C) absent-minded D) present | | | | | | | |

答案 B。句意:他今天没来上班。present absent from 不在(某处)。A) absent in 不在这里,而在(他处),如: He is absent in Beijing. 他(不在南京)到北京去了。C) absent-minded 心不在焉的。D) present 出席,到场。

accent ['æksənt] n. (C)①重音,音符: In the word "today" the accent is on the second syllable. "today"—词的重音在第二个音节上。②口音: She speaks with a northern accent. 她说话带有北方口音。

【同义辨析】①accent: 说话人的口音,腔调。②tone: 语调。③dialect: 一种语言中的方言。④language: 一个国家、民族的语言。⑤stress: 重读,重音。

| 【典型考题】She spoke with a strong sou | ithern |
|-----------------------------------|--------|
|-----------------------------------|--------|

- A) accent B) tone C) dialect D) language
- 答案 A。句意: 她用很浓的南方口音讲话。accent 是某一地区人们讲话的口音。B) tone 指说话人的口气,也指声音的高低、轻重。C) dialect 方言,如: Suzhou dialect 苏州方言。D) language 语言。
- **accept** [ək'sept] vt. ①接受: I think he will accept your suggestion. 我认为他会接受你的建议。She received his gift but didn't accept it. 她收到了他的礼物,但没有接受。②同意,相信: Many people accept this scientific idea. 许多人同意这一科学观点。
 - 【同义辨析】①receive: 客观上"收到"。②accept: 主观上(愿意)"接受"。 receive 的东西主观上不一定 accept。
- accident ['æksɪdənt] n. (C) ①事故,意外遭遇: I had a little accident last Sunday. 上星期天我遇到了一点意外的事。His father died from a car accident. 他父亲死于一场车祸。②意外,意外因素: It was a pure accident. 这纯属意外。
 - 【同义辨析】①accident: 偶然发生的意外事件,如车祸、火灾等。②incident: 附属性的小事件,也指政治事件: the July 7th Incident 七七事变。③event: 重大活动,重大事件,具有历史意义的事: a historical event 历史性事件。④happening: 事件,偶然发生的事,尤指奇怪的事。
 - 【词组短语】a traffic accident 车祸; a serious accident 严重事故; an awful accident 可怕的事故; a minor accident 小事故; cause an accident 引起事故; avoid an accident 避免事故; an accident on the expressway 高速公路上的事故; by accident 偶然,无意中,不小心: She stepped on his toe by accident. 她无意中踩了他的脚。without accident 安全地,无恙地: The night passed without accident. 这一夜平平安安地过去了。

【典型考题】Two men were killed in a road ______ yesterday.

A) event

- B) incident
- C) matter
- D) accident

答案 D。句意:昨天有两人死于道路交通事故。accident(意外)事故。A) event 大事件,特别重要的事件。B) incident 引起争端的事件,常带有政治性。C) matter 事情,问题。

【典型考题】The other day I met Mr. Wang _______

A) in the end

B) by accident

C) by the way

D) all of a sudden

答案 B。句意: 我前天偶然遇见了王先生。by accident 偶然,意外地,符合句意。A) in the end 最后,终于。C) by the way 顺便说一下。D) all of a sudden 突然。

according [ə¹kɔːdɪɪ] adv. 根据,依照: According to papers, five people were killed in yesterday's train accident. 据报纸报道,在昨天的火车事故中有 5 人死亡。According to my watch it is ten o'clock. 根据我的表,现在是 10 点钟。

【用法难点】according to 的宾语只能是他人或他物:

(according to me/my opinion (误)

∤in my opinion (正)

according to Mr. Smith (正)

【词组短语】according to 根据,依据,随…而定: We are paid according to how much work we do. 我们的工资随工作量而定。according as 根据,依据(后接句子): The thermometre rises or falls according as the air is hot or cold. 温度计根据空气的冷热或升或降。

【联想扩展】in (the) light of 根据,按照,鉴于; on the ground(s) of 根据; in terms of 根据,在…方面; in/by virtue of 由于,根据

account [əˈkaont] n. (C) ①叙述,说明,报告: He gave us an account of his strange experiences in the forest. 他向我们讲述了他在森林中的奇遇。 There was an account of the train crash in the paper. 报纸上有一篇关于火车事故的报道。②账,账户: I'd like to open an account with the bank. 我想在银行开一个账户。

【词组短语】on all accounts 无论如何; of no account 不重要的; by one's own account 根据某人自己所讲; on that account 为了那个缘故; open an account with the bank 在银行开账户; on no account 决不,切勿: On no ac-

count must you go there. 你决不可去那里。take account of 考虑: The government should take account of the interests of the disabled. 政府应 当顾及到残疾人的利益。take no account of 不予考虑: He took no ac-

| | count of our advice. 他对我们的建议不予理睬。on account of 因为,由 |
|---|--|
| | 于: We came late on account of the bad traffic. 由于交通拥挤,我们来迟 |
| | 了。takeinto account 考虑到: We should take his suggestion into ac- |
| | count. 我们应该把他的建议考虑在内。 |
| | 【典型考题】You have to take it into that you are a father of |
| | three children. |
| | A) account B) count C) calculation D) evaluation |
| | 答案 A。句意:你得考虑到你是 3 个孩子的父亲。takeinto account 表 |
| | 示"考虑到",符合题意,其他几个词均不同 take 搭配。B) count 计算。 |
| | C) calculation 计算。D) evaluation 评价,估价。 |
| | 【典型考题】 should any money be given to a small child. |
| | A) On no account B) Of no account |
| | C) From all accounts D) By all accounts |
| | 答案 A。句意:小孩子可不能给钱。on no account 决不,位于句首时要用 |
| | 倒装结构,其他三种说法不合用法。 |
| a | che [eik] n. (C)疼痛: After climbing the mountain the whole day, he felt |
| | aches all over. 爬了一整天的山,他感到浑身疼痛。vi. 疼痛: Her head |
| | ached all night. 她整夜头痛。 |
| | 【同义辨析】①ache:身体局部的、持续的隐痛。②pain:泛指"疼痛",也 |
| | 可指剧痛。 |
| | 【词组短语】ache with weariness 累得浑身疼; ache all over 浑身疼 |
| | 【联想扩展】headache n. 头痛; stomachache n. 胃痛; backache n. 背痛; |
| | toothache n. 牙痛 |
| | 【典型考题】My feet began to after walking the whole morning. |
| | A) harm B) pain C) hurt D) ache |
| | 答案 D。句意:走了一个上午,我的脚开始疼起来了。ache vi.常指隐隐作 |
| | 痛。A) harm vt. & vi. 伤害。B) pain vt. 使痛苦,使疼痛,指由外伤造成, |
| | 可以是精神上的或肉体上的。hurt vt. & vi. 使受伤,弄痛,伤害感情,如: |

achieve [ə'tfiːv] vt. ①取得(胜利、成功等): He achieved success through hard work. 他通过艰苦努力取得了成功。As a result of advertising,

hurt one's feelings.

we've achieved a big increase in sales this year. 由于做了广告,我们今年的销售额获得了大幅提高。②达到(目的等): Jane has achieved her hope of being a painter. 简实现了当一名画家的愿望。He has achieved only half what he hoped to do. 他只完成了他原来预期完成的一半。

【词组短语】achieve one's support 得到某人的支持; achieve one's goal 达到目标; achieve success 获得成功; achieve fame 成名; achieve one's purpose/aim 达到目的; achieve one's ambition 实现抱负/雄心

| 【典型考题】He | success | through | his | own | efforts. |
|----------|---------|---------|-----|-----|----------|
|----------|---------|---------|-----|-----|----------|

A) completed B) finished C) achieved D) accomplished 答案 C。 句意:他通过自己的努力获得了成功。 achieve 获得(胜利),达到(目的)。 A) complete 使事物完整、完善。 B) finish 做完某事,结束某事。 D) accomplish 成功地完成任务、计划等,如: accomplish a task。

activity ['æktɪvɪtɪ] n. ①(C)活动,各项活动: He is busy with many social activities. 他忙于许多社会活动。Among her activities are swimming and photography. 游泳和摄影是她的两项活动。②(U)活跃,活力,敏捷: He missed the noise and activity of the city. 他怀念城市的喧闹和活力。

【词组短语】economic activity 经济活动; academic activity 学术活动; political activity 政治活动; a day full of activity 热闹的一天; outdoor activities 户外活动; business activities 商业活动; campus activities 校园活动; social activities 社会活动

actual [ˈæktjʊəl] adj. ①实际的: Can you tell me the actual price of the car? 你能告诉我这部车的实际价格吗? ②真实的: The witness gave an actual account of the accident. 证人说出了事故的真实情况。

【同义辨析】①actual: 强调实际存在的,而不是想象的(the actual cost)。②true: 强调真实性,而不是假的(a true story)。③real: 指客观存在或表里如一。

【典型考题】The _____ cost was much higher than we had expected.

A) genuine

B) real

C) actual

D) evident

答案 C。句意:实际成本比我们预料的要高得多。actual实际的,真实的,不是想象出的或理论上的。A) genuine 真的,非人工的,指不是冒牌或假的,如:a genuine pearl —颗天然珍珠。B) real 真实的,现实的,如:real life 现实生活。D) evident 明显的。

【联想扩展】actually adv. 实际上

add [æd] vt. ①加: If you add two to six, you get eight. 二加六得八。②添

加,增加: Will you add some sugar to your coffee? 你要在咖啡中加点糖吗? Add a few more names to the list. 名单上再加上几个名字。③补充,接着说: "I'm pleased with the result," he added. 他补充说: "我对结果非常满意。" vi. 增添: The news added to his anxiety. 这消息增添了他的忧虑。

【词组短语】add in 加进,插入: We added in the cost of drinks and the bill was over \$ 200. 我们再加上酒水的开销,账单超过 200 美元。add to 增添,增加: That will only add to their troubles. 那只会给他们添麻烦。add up 总计,合计: She added up what she had spent. 她把花费合计了一下。add up to 总计达,总数是,意味着,总而言之: All the repairs add up to 150 yuan. 修修补补总共花了 150 元。add on 加到…上,添加,包括: They added on a bedroom at the back. 他们在后面加盖了一间卧室。

【典型考题】All the information we have collected in relation to that case very little.

A) makes up for

B) adds up to

C) comes up with

D) puts up with

答案 B。句意:我们收集的有关那个案件的信息不多。add up to 总起来,意味着,符合句意,add up to very little 表示"共计不多,量少"。A) make up for 弥补,补偿(损失等)。C) come up with 赶上,提出(建议),想出,如: come up with a reason 想出一种理由。D) put up with 忍受,容忍(讨厌的人或物)。

【典型考題】The palace had been _____ from time to time, and as a result brought together various styles of architecture.

A) brought out

B) added to

C) worked out

D) directed at

答案 B。句意:宫殿曾多次进行扩建,因而包容了各式建筑风格。add to 增加,使…更加,常用结构: add sth. to sth.,如: The bad weather only added to our difficulties. 坏天气更增加了我们的困难。A) bring out 拿出来,出示。C) work out 算出,解出,制定,如: work out a problem 解决一个问题。D) direct at 瞄准,针对。

addition [ə'dɪʃn] n. (C,U) ①增加的人/物: She is a useful addition to the committee. 她是委员会新增加的一位有用人员。A newly born child is often called an addition to the family. 人们常把新生的婴孩叫做家庭的新成员。②加,加法,增加: Mary is good at addition. 玛丽擅长加法。

【词组短语】in addition 另外,加之: In addition he bought a Chinese-English dictionary. 此外,他还买了一本汉英词典。in addition to (doing)除 …以外: In addition to English, he studied French and Russian. 除了英语外,他还学了法语和俄语。

【联想扩展】subtraction n. 减法; multiplication n. 乘法; division n. 除法 admire [əd'maɪə] vt. 赞赏,钦佩,羡慕: Tourists admired the view of the lake. 游客赞美湖上风光。People admired him for his courage. 人们都钦佩他的勇气。

【同义辨析】①admire:对人的仰慕。②respect:对(地位高的)人、老者的尊敬。③honour:对人或物的极大敬仰。④wonder at:对…惊讶,指"好"或"坏"的事情。

【词组短语】admire sb. for 因…而羡慕某人,因…而佩服某人; admire the view of the city 赞美城市的景色

【典型考题】All of us _____ the great achievement he has made in his research of the universe.

A) adopt

only. 凭票入场。

B) advise

C) admire

D) adjust

答案 C。句意:我们大家都钦佩他在宇宙探索中所取得的巨大成就。admire 赞赏,钦佩。A) adopt 采纳,收养。B) advise 建议。D) adjust 适应。admission [əd'mɪʃn] n. ①(U)允许进入/加入: Admission to the college is by examination only. 必须经过考试才能上大学。Hundreds of people were refused admission to the hall. 数以百计的人被拒绝进入大厅。②(U)入场费,门票,会费: The admission of the concert was free. 音乐会是免费的。Admission to the museum is 10 yuan. 博物馆的门票是 10 元。【词组短语】admission to the university 进大学; admission to the school 入学: gain admission into a club 获得加入俱乐部的许可; Admission by ticket

【典型考题】One year later he gained the ______ to Fudan University as a student of English Department.

A) permission B) acceptance C) admission D) allowance 答案 C。 句意: 一年后,他进入复旦大学,成为英语系的一名学生。 admission 准许进入,承认,gain admission to 获准进入/加入。 A) permission 允许,如: You have my permission to leave. 我准你离开。 B) acceptance 认可,同意,赞成,如: gain widespread acceptance 广获赞同。 D) allowance 津贴,补贴,折扣,如: an allowance of \$20 per day 每天 20 美元的津贴。

admit [əd'mɪt] (admitted, admitted, admitting) vt. ①承认: He admitted defeat. 他认输了。I admit that you are right. 我承认你是对的。②许可,允许进入: His younger brother was admitted to the school last year. 他弟弟去年入学的。This ticket admits one person only. 此票只准一人人场。vi. ①承认: The prisoner admitted to the murder. 囚犯承认犯了谋杀罪。②开向,通往: The gate admits to the garden. 这道门通往花园。【词组短语】admit sb. to/into 允许某人进入/参加,吸收某人参加; be admitted to college 被大学录取; be admitted into the Party 被吸收入党; admit of 有…余地,容许有: The facts admit of no other explanation. 事实不容作其他解释。admit to 承认: He admitted to taking the money. 他承认拿了钱。

【用法难点】admit to 后跟动名词,表示"承认":

{ admit to steal the car (误) { admit to stealing the car (正) { admit stealing the car (正) 承认偷了车

【典型考题】His conduct _____ of no excuse.

A) enters

B) includes

C) admits

D) allows

答案 C。句意: 他的行为不可宽恕。admit 承认,准许进入,admit of sth. 表示容许某事,留有余地。A) enter 进入。B) include 包括。D) allow 允许,为及物动词。

adult [ə'dʌlt, 'ædʌlt] n. (C)成人,成年人: The film is for adults only. 这 部电影仅供成人观看。adult education 成人教育

【同义辨析】①adult: 法律规定的成年人。②grown-up: 身体发育成熟的人。

advance [əd'va:ns] vt. &vi. ①促进,推动: The government's new policy has greatly advanced the course of education. 政府的新政策极大地促进了教育的发展。This policy will do nothing to advance world peace. 这项政策无助于促进世界和平。②提前: The date of the meeting was advanced from April 20th to April 15th. 会议日期由 4 月 20 号提前到 4 月 15 号。③提出(建议等): A similar plan was advanced by the Chinese delegation. 中国代表团提出了类似的计划。

【同义辨析】①advance: vt./vi. 向前行进,到达目的地,指具体意义的人或物。②progress: vi./n. 继续的、稳步的进步、进展,常表示抽象意义。③proceed: vi. 继续前进,后可接不定式。

④ {advance n. 前进,预付advancement n. 促进,推进

advantage [əd'vɑ:ntɪdʒ, əd'væntɪdʒ] n. (C,U)①优点,有利条件,有利因素: His first-rate education gave him an advantage over others. 他受过的一流教育使他比其他人占优势。I had the advantage of him. 我比他占优势。②利益,好处: There are many advantages of living in the city. 住在城市里有诸多好处。

【同义辨析】①advantage: 侧重裨益,指有利的条件,优越的地位。②benefit: 指精神上、身体上的收益,物质上的利益。③profit: 利润,指金钱上的获利。

【调组短语】gain/have/get an advantage over 比…有利; take advantage of 利用,提弄: While the fine weather lasts, we had better take advantage of it to do a bit of gardening. 天气好,我们最好趁机干点园艺活。be of advantage to 对…有利: It is of great advantage to us. 这对我们非常有利。to one's advantage 对某人有利: This failure may be turned to our advantage. 这次失败也可以变为对我们有利的事情。

【典型考题】We had better take ______ of the warmer weather by going for a walk in the evening.

A) chance B) opportunity C) advantage D) profit 答案 C。 句意:我们最好利用暖和的天气,晚上出去散散步。advantage 有利条件,优势,如: take advantage of 利用。A) chance 机会,偶然。B) opportunity (尤指好的)机会。D) profit 利润,好处。

【典型考題】Her fluency in English gives her an advantage _____ other girls for the job.

A) above

- B) over
- C) than
- D) with

答案 B。句意: 她英语流利,和其他女孩相比,更有优势做这份工作。give sb. an advantage over 使某人比…更有利, have an advantage over 比…更有利。其他几项不符合搭配。

adventure [əd'ventʃə] n. ①(C)冒险,冒险活动: The hunter has gone through many adventures in the mountains. 那猎人在山中有过许多冒险经历。②(C)奇遇,异乎寻常的经历: She wrote a book about her exciting adventures in no man's land. 她写了一本关于她在无人地带的惊心动魄的历险。③(U)冒险: He is fond of adventure. 他喜欢冒险。a spirit of adventure 冒险精神