

(供初中三年级第二学期使用)

# 初中英语

第六册

10分钟

训练

马俊明 顾问

陈锡麟 李宝忱 编  
王树凯 尹玉成

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## 前 言

为了加强英语基础训练,提高英语综合运用能力,我们依据教学大纲、教材内容,按年级、学期、课时的顺序编写了一套《中学10分钟训练》英语丛书。

本套丛书的主要特点是:

1.每课训练内容,使阅读能力和听说能力得到量化。它既有利于及时测定学生成绩,又有利于及时获得反馈信息,正确评估教学效果。

2.根据综合训练、阶段侧重的教学原则,在初一、初二、初三不同年级,围绕听、说、读、写方面,安排了多种形式的训练,从而达到培养学生运用英语进行交际的能力。

3.每课训练材料,既含有紧密结合教材的双基内容,又有启迪思维,扩大视野的课外补充读物。

4.每课训练形式,多采取客观选择题,为学生参加MET考试打下基础。

书中附有期中、期末自测试题及全部练习参考答案。

本套丛书特请中国教学学会外语教学研究会理事长、北京师范大学外语系马俊明教授任顾问,由李宝忱主持编写并审订。编者是陈锡麟、李宝忱、王树凯、尹玉成。

本书试按不同以往的新体例编写,力求把教学与教学评估结合起来,作为一次初步尝试。限于水平,书中一定会有不妥之处,欢迎广大读者指正。

编 者

1988年11月于北京

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## Lesson One (1) (JBVI)

### I. 语音知识:

观察所给四个单词的划线部分的发音, 选择其发音不同于其它三个的单词, 将其前面的字母填入左边的括号内。

(每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

- ( ) 1. A. palace    B. face    C. space    D. place
- ( ) 2. A. mach    B. was    C. maths    D. that
- ( ) 3. A. start    B. farm    C. gard    D. warm
- ( ) 4. A. brave    B. save    C. have    D. shake
- ( ) 5. A. cast    B. fast    C. ask    D. breakfast
- ( ) 6. A. what    B. wach    C. want    D. hatch
- ( ) 7. A. are    B. care    C. dare    D. hare
- ( ) 8. A. dance    B. chance    C. ant    D. plant
- ( ) 9. A. pay    B. holiday    C. play    D. stay
- ( ) 10. A. talk    B. half    C. walk    D. ball

### II. 课文填充:

先通读下面短文, 掌握其大意, 然后从下边四个答案中选择可以填入相应空白处的最佳答案。(每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

English is very (11) \_\_\_\_\_ used. It is spoken (12) \_\_\_\_\_ people in England, the United States, Australia (13) \_\_\_\_\_ many other countries. It is one of the

(14) \_\_\_\_\_ languages at international meetings.  
(15) \_\_\_\_\_ international business letters are written  
(16) \_\_\_\_\_ English. And quite (17) \_\_\_\_\_ books and magazines are written in English, (18) \_\_\_\_\_. If you know English, you'll find you (19) \_\_\_\_\_ enjoy so many more books. English is (20) \_\_\_\_\_ a bridge to so much knowledge.

- ( ) 11. A. far      B. widely      C. good      D. much  
( ) 12. A. by      B. with      C. of      D. for  
( ) 13. A. but      B. with      C. and      D. else  
( ) 14. A. work      B. working      C. worked      D. worker  
( ) 15. A. Much      B. More      C. Many      D. Most  
( ) 16. A. by      B. in      C. with      D. using  
( ) 17. A. few      B. little      C. a few      D. a little  
( ) 18. A. too      B. also      C. either      D. yet  
( ) 19. A. must      B. have to      C. need      D. can  
( ) 20. A. hardly      B. correctly      C. really      D. ready

## Lesson One (2)

### I. 单词释义:

下面 (I) 栏中的单词在 (II) 中都可以找到相当的或接近的解释。请将各条解释前的编号填入同它相配的单词前的括号内。(每小题 1 分, 共 7 分)

(I)

(II)

- |                      |   |
|----------------------|---|
| ( ) 1. unite         | A. at that time                                       |
| ( ) 2. international | B. a country  |
| ( ) 3. textbook      | C. a man or a woman speaking before others            |
| ( ) 4. state         | D. to join together into one                          |
| ( ) 5. then          | E. having to do with more than one country            |
| ( ) 6. begin         | F. a book for the study of a subject, used in schools |
| ( ) 7. speaker       | G. start  |

### II. 选择填空:

从每小题的 A、B、C、D 四个答案中, 选出一个最佳答案, 并将它前面的字母填入左边的括号内。(每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

- ( ) 8. They have \_\_\_\_\_ their teacher a number of times.  
A. see B. looked C. visited D. call
- ( ) 9. When we began to learn English three years ago, it



was hard. But it is getting \_\_\_\_\_ interesting.

A. by and by                      B. very much

C. more and more    D. very well

( ) 10. The next morning I found him \_\_\_\_\_ his machine again.

A. in    B. at    C. on    D. over

( ) 11. One night it was almost time to go to bed, suddenly I heard the door bell \_\_\_\_\_.

A. ring    B. to ring    C. rang    D. to be ringing

( ) 12. How about \_\_\_\_\_ the radio?

A. turn on              B. to turn on

C. turning on    D. turned into

( ) 13. Do you \_\_\_\_\_ your plan of leaving for London?

A. give out    B. give up    C. get up    D. get off

( ) 14. A large number of people in our \_\_\_\_\_ use recorders to learn English.

A. century    B. country    C. family    D. group

( ) 15. The teacher required us to listen to the news \_\_\_\_\_.

A. everyday    B. each days

C. all the day    D. every day

( ) 16. You'd better \_\_\_\_\_ him about it.

A. don't tell              B. not to tell

C. not tell              D. to tell not

( ) 17. The boy didn't \_\_\_\_\_ to the teacher carefully in class.

A. hear    B. listen    C. listened    D. heard

## Lesson One (3)

### I. 替换选择:

从下面每句的 A、B、C、D 四个答案中选出与句中划线部分意义相同的一个，并将其编号填入左边的括号中。  
(每小题 1 分，共 10 分)

- ( ) 1. Many languages are spoken in Africa.  
A. Lot B. Great number of  
C. Few D. A great deal of
- ( ) 2. You can get A if you do your best.  
A. try B. make C. get D. have
- ( ) 3. English may be hard, but it's so useful.  
A. that B. very C. far D. much
- ( ) 4. How about taking a walk along the street?  
A. during B. into C. for D. down
- ( ) 5. What about the weather?  
A. What is B. How about  
C. How fine D. What looks
- ( ) 6. What do you think of the football match?  
A. How do you think of B. How do you like  
C. How you think of D. What do you like
- ( ) 7. He has few friends in this town.  
A. hardly B. hardly any C. little D. some
- ( ) 8. The old woman needs to be looked after.  
A. wants B. have C. gets D. thinks

( ) 9. John gave up smoking last year.

A. got up B. stopped C. put up D. set up

( ) 10. Mary heard from her brother the day before yesterday.

A. got a letter from her brother

B. accepted a letter from her brother

C. sent a letter to her brother

D. posted a letter for her brother

## II. 书面表达:(本题共 10 分)

请认真阅读下面的范文, 然后根据新给的题目及具体要求, 重写一篇与范文大致相仿的短文。但不能照抄原文。在人物、时间、地点、情节等方面要做适当的变动, 文章要合乎情理。

### He Is a Worker

His name is Wang Lin. He is a worker. He lives in a small town not far from Tianjin. The name of the town is Yiangliuqing. There are a few shops and a number of factories. The factory is a long way from his home and every day he goes to work by bike. He leaves home at seven and he reaches the factory at ten to eight. It takes him fifty minutes to get there.

**要求:**以 I Am a Student 为题, 作一篇小作文。限定在 80 个字左右。

提示: 可以根据实际情况对应范文的句子来写, 也可以虚构。例如你住在一个小村, 村里只有一所学校, 那么范文中的情况都应作相应变化。

## Lesson One (4)

### 1. 补全对话:

根据所给情景把对话中的空白处补全, 所补单词第一个字母已给出。(每小题 0.5 分, 共 17 分)

1. Tom and John are good friends. They meet each other in the street.

Tom: How are you, John?

John: I'm very w \_\_\_\_\_, thank you.

2. Mary and Betty are good friends. They meet each other in the street.

Mary: How's e \_\_\_\_\_ with you?

Betty: Fine, thank you.

3. Betty and Mary meet each other in the park.

Betty: Good morning, Mary. Beautiful day, isn't it?

Mary: Yes, i \_\_\_\_\_ it?

4. Tom and John are talking now. It is seven o'clock, and John gets ready to leave.

John: I'm afraid I must be going now.

Tom: Must you? It's s \_\_\_\_\_ early.

5. A and B are talking in the office. There is a knock at the door.

C: M \_\_\_\_\_ I come in?

A and B: Come in, p \_\_\_\_\_.

6. We are in the car. It will take us about two hours to

get to the Great Wall. We start out at seven.

Wang: (at 9:55) When shall we get to the Great Wall?

Driver: (stops the car suddenly) H \_\_\_\_\_ we  
a \_\_\_\_\_. Please get off.

7. Dick knows Tom is leaving London for Paris. He  
wants to see Tom off.

Tom: It's very kind of you to come to see me off, Dick.

Dick: Not a \_\_\_\_\_ all. It's the least I could do.

8. A wants to borrow a dictionary from B.

A: Would you l \_\_\_\_\_ me your dictionary?

B: Certainly. Here you are.

9. Mary knows Dick wants to go to the shop. She asks  
Dick to get her something.

Dick: I'm going s \_\_\_\_\_. Is there anything I can get for  
you?

Mary: Yes, you might get me several story-books.

10. A wants to borrow a pen from B. B is glad to lend it  
to A.

A: May I borrow your pen?

B: O \_\_\_\_\_ course. H \_\_\_\_\_ i \_\_\_\_\_ is.

## II. 正误辨析:

下列各句中均有四个划线部分, 其中有一个是错的, 请  
把错的指出, 并将其编号填入句首的括号中。(每小题 2  
分, 共 10 分)

( ) 11. English is one of the working language at inter-  
national meetings.  
A B C D

( ) 12. Is English the language spoken by a largest  
number of people in the world.  
C D

( ) 13. But Chinese is spoken by few people inside  
China.  
A B C D

( ) 14. Except for few words, I do not know any french  
at all.  
A B C D

( ) 15. When you learn English, you'll find it a bridge to  
very much knowledge.  
C D

### III. 阅读理解:(每小题 2 分,共 10 分)

#### What Is the Letter For?

Mike doesn't like to write letters, but two weeks ago when his mother went into his room, she saw him writing a letter.

"Who are you writing to, my dear?" asked his mother.

"I'm writing to Aunt Lucia," answered Mike.

"What are you going to tell her?"

"I'm going to tell her about my coming birthday."

"Are you inviting Aunt Lucia to your birthday party?"

"No, I'm not," said Mike. "She never comes to my birthday party."

"Then what have you written?" his mother asked.

"Listen, Mom," Mike started to read, "Dear Aunt Lucia, thank you very much for your birthday present. I hope..."

His mother stopped him, "But Mike, Aunt Lucia hasn't sent you a present yet."

"I know, Mom," replied Mike. "I'm not thanking her for this year's present. I'm thanking her for what she sent me last year."

阅读短文,从所给的四个答案中选出能完成所给句子的最佳答案。

( ) 16. Aunt Lucia \_\_\_\_\_ Mike's birthday.

- A. never does anything for
- B. often comes to
- C. doesn't know
- D. has once sent a present for

( ) 17. Mike is writing to Aunt Lucia \_\_\_\_\_ before his birthday.

- A. a few day
- B. right
- C. a week
- D. a long time

( ) 18. Mike thanked his aunt for her \_\_\_\_\_

- A. next birthday present

- B. last birthday present
- C. coming to his birthday party
- D. not coming to his birthday party

( ) 19. Mike writes the letter because he wants his aunt to

- \_\_\_\_\_
- A. come
  - B. remember his birthday
  - C. send him another present
  - D. forget his birthday

( ) 20. So after reading the letter Aunt Lucia can't help

- \_\_\_\_\_
- A. thanking him
  - B. sending him another present
  - C. coming to him party
  - D. Laughing and forgetting everything



## Lesson Two (1)

### I. 语音知识:

观察所给四个单词的划线部分的发音, 选择其发音不同于其它三个的单词, 将其前面的字母填入左边的括号内。

(每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

- ( ) 1. A. these      B. she      C. lend      D. he
- ( ) 2. A. bread      B. beast      C. cheap      D. mean
- ( ) 3. A. waste      B. person      C. strike      D. rise
- ( ) 4. A. few      B. sew      C. new      D. news
- ( ) 5. A. page      B. bridge      C. league      D. change
- ( ) 6. A. death      B. break      C. head      D. breath
- ( ) 7. A. clear      B. dear      C. fear      D. wear
- ( ) 8. A. city      B. cock      C. card      D. cup
- ( ) 9. A. wheat      B. seat      C. beat      D. great
- ( ) 10. A. bear      B. search      C. earth      D. learn

### II. 课文填充:

先通读下面短文, 掌握其大意, 然后从下边四个答案中选择可以填入相应空白处的最佳答案。(每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

Joe Hill was born in Sweden in 1879. When he was in