

中国雅思之父胡敏教授强力推荐

# 就是要你过那你作

题型解析,迅速理顺解题思路 方法讲解,清楚掌握写作技巧 句法表达,全面熟知语言重点 规律总结,彻底洞悉命题趋势、

郑庆利 编著

中国出版集团 中国对外翻译出版公司



中国雅思之文明取教授强力推荐

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中国 出版集团中国对外翻译出版公司

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时光荏苒, 一晃我已在雅思写作教学的讲台上站了5年之久。5年来, 在和学生的不断交流中, 我发现写作是大部分学生实现留学梦的最大瓶颈。

"老师, 我总分 6.5 但就是写作为 5, 怎么办?"

"老师, 我的写作怎么可能得 4 分呢? 我都不想考, 也不敢考了……"

"老师, 我都考了 3 次雅思了, 可写作怎么就没有提高呢?"

"老师,我已经考了7次雅思,最后一次的读、听、说成绩分别是9,8,7,可就是写作5.5,其实我已经拿到牛津的 conditional offer,但写作要求7分。我实在是无语了……"

面对学生一次次的急切询问和一个个不争的遗憾, 我除了被一群追寻梦想、再启征程的年轻人感动着, 更感到作为一名写作老师的责任。于是, 就有了这本书, 将我在5年雅思写作教学过程中看到的学生问题、提出的解决方案、总结的雅思出题规律等进行了梳理集结, 希望能让写作不再是同学们心里永远的痛。

在本书的编写过程中,我试图用最明白的话语说明要征服雅思写作同学们需要什么,直接透析雅思写作考什么、我们应该怎么写和用什么来写(思路、词汇、句型、衔接)等问题。针对导致大家在考试中失分严重的各种情况,还帮同学们总结了写作中必须避免的应考误区,以及有效的应对方法。

本书重点从以下几个方面试图帮助同学们:

- 第一,对议论文题库出题规律进行全面解析,首次阐述了"一个中心三个基本点"的题库内在联系,更好地帮助同学们快速进行考场构思;(参见第六章)
- 第二,层层筛选把 250 多道议论文题库题目归类总结出最核心的 28 道母题,涵盖了最主要的题库话题,并配以原创高分范文 (Model answer)、写作扩展练习 (Extended exercise) 及拓展阅读 (Read to write),以达到举一反三、触类旁通的目的,提升同学们考场环境下通过旧题应对新题的能力;(参见第六章)
- 第三, 将近6年的议论文写作机经(题库真题)按话题分门别类, 帮助

同学们迅速熟悉题库,解决考场上审题的种种困惑;(参见附录3)

- 第四, 为同学们定制详尽可行的备考复习方案, 以真正有效地使这本书变成自己的书、可用的书;(参见附录4)
- 第五,在范文讲解过程中将写作中的核心高分表达进行总结扩展,并首 次将其编写索引,让同学们能够在最短的时间内各取所需、灵活 使用;(参见附录5)
  - 第六,首次设置了对比翻译练习,帮助同学诊断并定位现有的水平,更好对症下药,实现突破;(参见第一章及附录2)
- 第七,细致地讲解了图表作文的数据分析方法,让同学们能在最短的时间里提取最有价值的图表信息、写出最有逻辑的图表作文,顺利完成 task 1:(参见第二章)
- 第八, 系统地总结了流程图、地图题以及其他示意图的写作方法及核心 句型, 以防"天有不测风云", 让同学们有备无患, 胸有成竹;(参 见第二章)

当然,书中还有很多其他实用技能的总结,比如议论文写作中的6类核心词汇等等,同学们可以参考附录4的备考复习方案到书中学习探索。在学习中或本书的使用过程中有任何的疑问或建议,欢迎大家登录我的blog进行交流:http://zhengqingli.51ielts.com/。

最后,感谢我的学生们,是你们孜孜以求,不断为梦想努力的精神督促我 在5年的雅思教学过程中不断思索,不断总结。

感谢胡敏老师,是在和您的谈话过程中启发我将自己对雅思所思所写集结成书,使更多有志于雅思的求学者们受益。

感谢顾强老师,是在您的关心、督促和筹划下,本书才能如期付梓出版。

感谢吴蓉老师,编辑路淑双老师,是你们的建议和努力,使本书最终如此完美面市。

感谢徐卡嘉老师、陶春老师、马朝霞老师、雅思考官 Mark Griffiths 等新航道的兄弟姐妹,是你们在教学和研究中给了我启迪与帮助。

感谢我的家人, 是你们的支持, 让我可以心无旁骛, 全身心地投入书中。

希望这本书能给大家雅思写作插上一双"隐形的翅膀",助所有为梦想奋斗的同学一臂之力。

郑庆利

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## 明明白白考雅思

雅思写作的采分点是什么? 你现在能得几分?

雅思写作你最不该犯的错误是什么?

"十万个为什么"的答案尽在本章揭晓。

## 第一节

## 雅思写作的采分点是什么?

绝大多数同学都知道雅思写作有两篇作文: task 1 and task 2。但是实际上,有很大一部分学生既不了解考试的要求,也不清楚自己所处的水平,参加考试时比较盲目,要么十分自大,觉得所写作文很是不错,要么十分自卑,觉得自己离 6 分或者 5 分遥遥无期。所以,我们需要首先明确的就是雅思写作的评分标准,即雅思写作的采分点在哪里。

从 2005 年开始,写作的评分标准分为四项。就 task 2 而言,分别是:

- Task Response (TR)
- Coherence and Cohesion (CC)
- Lexical Resources (LR)
- Grammatical Range and Accuracy (GRA)

每项满分为9分,四项的平均分即为一篇作文的得分。另外,雅思只有半分和整分的计分方式,具体规则是四项平均值满0.25将记为0.5分,满0.75就记为1分。比如,我们用n来表示四项平均值,那么

当 5.75 ≤ n<6.25, 此学生得分为 6 分,

当 6.25 ≤ n<6.75, 此学生得分为 6.5 分,

当 6.75 ≤ n<7.25, 此学生得分为 7 分,

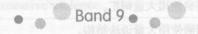
以此类推即可。

## 我们首先了解一下官方评分标准的具体内容:

Task Response	<ul> <li>Whether all parts of the task are addressed;</li> <li>Whether a viewpoint is clearly expressed, developed and supported.</li> </ul>
Coherence and Cohesion	<ul> <li>Whether the response has a suitable layout and logical ordering of points;</li> <li>Correct and appropriate use of connectives.</li> </ul>

Lexical Resources	•	Range, appropriacy and accuracy of vocabulary; The examiner will check the correct forms and the spelling of words used.
Grammatical Range and Accuracy	•	The range and accuracy of tenses and sentence structures.

很多同学觉得这个评分标准太抽象了,那每个档次的作文究竟什么样呢?下面我们给大家从 band 9 到 band 5 的例文,供同学们参考,以便更好地了解什么样的作文是好作文,什么样的作文是差作文。



Successful sports professionals can earn a great deal more money than people in other important professions. Some people think this is fully justified while others think it is unfair.

Discuss both these views and give your own opinion.

As a result of constant media attention, sports professionals in my country have become stars and celebrities, and those at the top are paid huge salaries. Just like movie stars, they live extravagant lifestyles with huge houses and cars.

Many people find their rewards unfair, especially when comparing these super salaries with those of top surgeons or research scientists, or even leading politicians who have the responsibility of governing the country. However, sports salaries are not determined by considering the contribution to society a person makes, or the level of responsibility he or she holds. Instead, they reflect the public popularity of sport in general and the level of public support that successful stars can generate. So the notion of 'fairness' is not the issue.

Those who feel that sports stars' salaries are justified might argue that the number of professionals with real talent is very few, and the money is a recognition of the skills and dedication a person needs to be successful. Competition is constant and a player is tested every time they perform in their relatively short career. The pressure from the media is intense and there is little privacy out of the

spotlight. Therefore, all of these factors may justify the huge earnings.

Personally, I think that the amount of money such sports stars make is more justified than the huge earnings of movie stars, but at the same time, it indicates that our society places more value on sport than on more essential professions and achievements.

(251 words)

评分标准	考官评价	此项得分
TR	文章清楚到位地讨论了题中要求的两个方面。	9
CC	段落清晰,关联词使用恰到好处。	9
LR	能够精确使用大量词汇。	9
GRA	能够精确使用大量语法结构。	9

people in other important professions. Some people think think think it is until a 8 bnad a structure of the structure of the

Without capital punishment (the death penalty) our lives are less secure and crimes of violence increase. Capital punishment is essential to control violence in society.

To what extent do you agree or disagree with this opinion?

Before talking about the essential role of death penalty, you have to think about the meaning, and the purpose, of any kind of punishment. If you consider that the purpose is to prevent the guilty from being nasty again, you can be seduced by an argumentation in favour of the suppression of capital punishment. But you have to think about another aspect of the problem: a punishment is also useful to impress people, to make them fear the law. In fact, let's take the example of a young misfit, which has grown in a violent atmosphere, influenced by older delinquents, etc... He lives in the streets, and he's got no aim but to survive. This is the kind of person who could possibly kill someone for money, or even for fun... Why would he fear prison? Life would be easier for him there.

In addition, in many cases, when you behave normally, you can benefit from

penalty reductions. This young misfit needs to be impressed; he needs to know that the law is a frontier. When you cross it, you can lose your life. That is why capital punishment helps keeping a distance between robbery and murder. If you abolish it, you suppress the difference between these two types of crime, which are completely different.

But there is also a limit to define: even if death penalty is unavoidable, it would be a crime to apply it to inadequate cases. If there are no premeditations or past facts which can justify such a punishment, it is far too strict to apply death penalty. That is why the lawmakers have to establish precisely the context in which capital punishment can be announced. That is the price to pay to limit violence without using excessive violence...

(293 words)

评分标准	ey cannot be simply swa 分平自考 se advertisements.	此项得分
TR	文体恰当, 阐述十分清晰, 能够熟练地讨论相关问题。	8
CC	行文流畅,富有逻辑性,文章组织恰当。	8
LR	准确并恰当地使用了丰富的词汇,只有极个别的瑕疵。	8
GRA	准确并恰当地使用了丰富的语法结构,只有极个别的小错误。	8



Today, the high sales of popular consumer goods reflect the power of advertising and not the real needs of the society in which they are sold.

To what extent do you agree or disagree?

Nowadays, there are lots of advertisements on television or on the streets. Some people think that the advertising boosts the sales of goods and it encourages people to buy things unnecessarily. This argument may be true. In my country, many advertising companies produce advertisements with famous and popular actors or singers. People, especially youngsters, buy goods that their favourite singer advertises, although they do not really need the products.

Also, on the television screen, a product may look gorgeous and good quality. As a result of it, people often buy goods without enough consideration. Consumers may not actually need it, but they buy goods impulsively soon after they watch the advertising. Furthermore, as many customers buy a particular product due to its advertising campaign, the other people may be affected by the trend, even if the product is not of the real needs of the society.

On the other hand, there are various aspects against these arguments. Moreover, it is people's choice to make a decision to buy goods. Advertising may be not a cause of customers' buying habits. Individuals have their own spending habits. If they have got enough disposable income, then the right to make a decision is given to them. No one actually can judge whether the goods sold are the real needs of the society or not. In addition, as there should be a limited amount of disposable income consumers are able to spend, people try to allocate their budgets. They cannot be simply swayed by those advertisements.

In conclusion, as customers have their own strong opinions and standard of good quality goods, it is better to leave them to make their own decision in buy goods. It is fairly difficult to say everyone is swayed by advertising and buy good impulsively. However, in sensitive area of businesses such as toy industries, it may be necessary to band advertising to those children as children have not got enough ability to control themselves or to know what they need.

(332 words)

评分标准	考官评价	此项得分
TR	两个方面的辩证探讨,有充分的支持,明确的个人观点。	8
CC	总体信息连贯,段落清晰,大量使用关联词、句,但错误较多,且有时关联词使用不当。	7
LR	准确并恰当使用大量词汇,有个别错误。	8
GRA	熟练使用大量句法结构,较为准确地传达意义,但是小错误较多。	7

总评:

该范文最大的特点是 task response, 对题目有较为深入的正反两面的探讨,而不是"-边倒"(one-sided),要做到这种高分状态,请参考第三章第二节。

Band 7

Some people believe that children are given too much free time. They feel that this time should be used to do more school work. How do you think children should spend their free time?

To a large extent, I believe that children are given too much free time.

Free time in my opinion refers to time not spent under the direct supervision of a parent, teacher or a person entrusted with the responsibility of bringing up the child.

Such time is often spent on several things such as watching television, playing with friends, going to parties, doing home work, playing games on their own amongst others.

Amongst all of the above, a child could either be influenced by his or her peer group especially when left without attention or be influenced by what he or she watches on television most of which are those not meant to be viewed by the child's age group.

In my opinion, most of the formative years of a child should be spent doing school work, engaging in recreational activities that would develop the child emotionally and mentally. I believe this strongly because at a young age, a child is quick to grasp most of all that is seen or heard.

For instance, a child who is not used to doing more school work (usually referred to as house work.

(191 words)

评分标准	考官评价	此项得分
TR	讨论了题中所要求的两个观点并且立场清晰。但是作文没有写完且字数不够,以至有些观点较为笼统,需要更多扩展。	6
CC	全文组织清晰,能够熟练使用衔接词,但是段落划分缺乏逻辑性。	6
LR	熟练并准确使用大量词汇,偶尔有小错误,比如拼写和主谓一致。	8

GRA 熟练使用大量句法结构来表现复杂的想法,多数语句无误。

8

总评:

该篇作文最大的优点是语言,词汇句法使用准确而多样,总分也因此而提升,尽管前两项评分不高。但另一个方面不要忽略,即在第一项评分上,该考生能使用解释、列举等方式进行扩展,已经达到了 band 6。

说明:

7分的作者已经是一个 good English user, 7分的作文也可以被称为一篇 好作文。强烈建议想考 6—6.5 分的同学们应该以此为榜样, 朝这个方向努力。

Band 6 .

Improvements in health, education and trade are essential for the development of poorer nations. However, the governments of richer nations should take more responsibility for helping the poorer nations in such areas.

To what extent do you agree or disagree with this opinion?

In balancing the world economic growth, the underdevelopment of the Third World Nations has been drawn to the attention of the developed countries of the Western. Thus, governmental policies and interference in the agricultural business of the poorer nations were made to secure their dominant source of the economy. Many discussions among economists and politicians also put their focus on the other aspects. That is, to improve the health, education and trade for the developing countries. However, the improvements cannot be made by these countries, but more external assistance and aids should be done.

Because of the shortage of food supply, the people in poorer nations (i.e. Africa) are easily prone to disease, hunger and death. When natural or environmental disasters happen, they are threatened with their lives. Education cannot be well developed as a result of frequent droughts, famines and disease spreading. The other countries, while emphasizing on the development of agriculture in the Third World, cannot really give the solution to the cyclical problem which has been

existing for a long time. It is time to consider the consequences of all the waste of efforts in trying to help the economic growth of the Third World and to think from the other perspectives. The richer countries have the power to rebuild the Third World by taking care of the essentials — health, education and trade. More aids for providing the medicine, educational needs and materials can be done by the richer countries. The assistance of trade and developing business in the poorer countries also can be of a great help to the poorer nations.

If the richer countries can be more serious about the essential issues of how a nation develops, and well consider the special situations and circumstances those poorer nations are facing, the improvements will be more efficiently made. The governments of developed countries are, in some ways, responsible — though not obliged — for the future of those developing countries.

year (324 words) T from said above to heatent year suit at agod out may villaged

评分标准	考官评价	此项得分
TR 100	立场清晰, 但是观点没有扩展, 缺乏论证, 有循环说明之嫌。	5
CC	段落清晰,基本通顺。	6
LR	使用了一些不太常用的词汇,词汇范围较为广泛但是很多地方都有错误。	
GRA	语言结构相对多样,但是很多地方都有错误。	no 6 lide

总评:

使用很多词或复杂的结构,但是准确性不够,又兼内容空洞,还是没有很高的评分,这个同学或许会有些失望。

advertisement always bring us happy mood. The point of views, the advertisement really brings the children ... • 5 bnp8 ... • effects, we should control

Nowadays, a large amount of advertising is aimed at children. Some people think there are lots of negative effects on children and we should ban it.

To what extent you agree or disagree with this opinion?

The issue of advertisement directed at children is an emotional one, with