

新课标

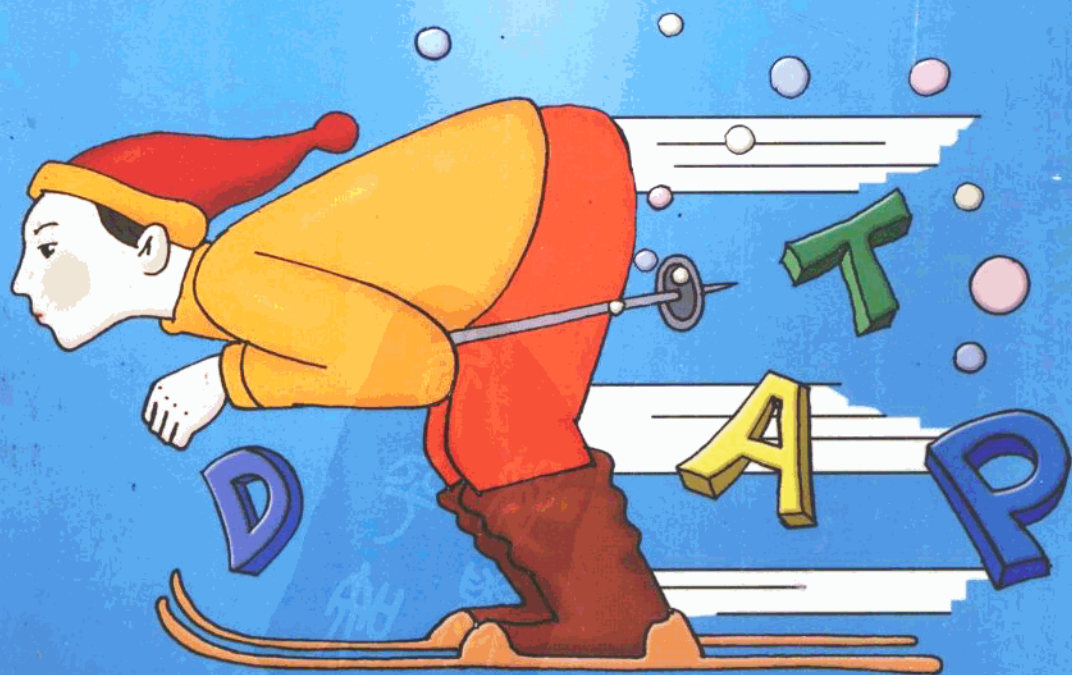
XINCANKAO

# 学练新参考

(七年级下)

## 英语

● 同步拓展  
● 巩固提高



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## Unit 17 Could you help me, please?



### ……学习指导

#### ● 日常交际用语

1. — Could you help me, please? 你能帮我吗?

— Certainly. 当然可以。

向对方请求帮助时的常用语。也可用 Can you help me, please? 前者语气上更加客气、委婉。肯定回答亦可用 Sure 或 OK, All right。否定回答一般用 I'm sorry, I can't。

2. — Let me help you. 我来帮你。

— No, thanks. 不用了,谢谢。

Let me help you. 是说话人主动提供帮助的用语。接受别人帮助,则用 Thank you。

3. Ah, here it is. 啊,在这儿呢。

这是用来向对方展示说话人所需要的东西时的常用语。如是复数,则用 Here they are。

#### ● 语法

形容词的使用。形容词用来修饰名词,表示人或事物的特征。如:

He is a tall boy. The bottle is empty. 等。

#### ● 你知道这些节日的英语名称吗?

元旦: New Year's Day

春节: Spring Festival

清明节: Tomb-sweeping Day

元宵节: Lantern Festival

妇女节: Women's Day

复活节: Easter Day

愚人节: April Fool's Day

五一节: May Day

感恩节: Thanksgiving Day

儿童节: Children's Day

教师节: Teacher's Day

圣诞节: Christmas Day

国庆节: National Day



### ……练习提高

#### ● 单词辨音。5%

( ) 1. A. same

B. table

C. baby

D. want

( ) 2. A. thanks

B. what

C. carry

D. bag

( ) 3. A. banana

B. class

C. want

D. basket

( ) 4. A. way

B. play

C. today

D. says

- ( ) 5. A. small      B. tall      C. almost      D. ball

● 根据上下文,填入适当的形容词,使句子完整。10%

- The bottle is \_\_\_\_\_. Could you give me a full one?
- The box is \_\_\_\_\_. You can't put all these things in it.
- Your school isn't small. It's \_\_\_\_\_.
- The desk is not too \_\_\_\_\_. I can carry it.
- The basket is very \_\_\_\_\_. I can carry it.
- The boy is too \_\_\_\_\_. He can't go to school.
- Our Chinese teacher is twenty-five. He is \_\_\_\_\_.
- The girl has \_\_\_\_\_ hair. It isn't short.
- The boy is \_\_\_\_\_. He isn't short.
- That man is \_\_\_\_\_. He can't reach the ball in the small tree.

● 选择填空。15%

- ( ) 1. — Who is \_\_\_\_\_ duty today?  
— I am.  
A. in      B. on      C. for      D. to
- ( ) 2. — I can't find my watch. Could you help \_\_\_\_\_, please?  
— Certainly.  
A. I      B. me      C. he      D. my
- ( ) 3. — Can I help you?  
— Yes. I want \_\_\_\_\_ the books to the classroom.  
A. take      B. to take      C. put      D. to put
- ( ) 4. — \_\_\_\_\_ everyone here?  
— Yes, we \_\_\_\_\_ all here.  
A. Is; is      B. Are; are      C. Are; is      D. Is; are
- ( ) 5. Lucy's doll \_\_\_\_\_ two big blue eyes.  
A. have      B. has      C. is      D. are
- ( ) 6. It's time for break. Please give \_\_\_\_\_ some apple juice.  
A. we      B. our      C. us      D. ours
- ( ) 7. This is \_\_\_\_\_ new wardrobe. It's \_\_\_\_\_ empty one.  
A. a; a      B. an; an      C. an; a      D. a; an
- ( ) 8. The box is too heavy. I can't \_\_\_\_\_ it.  
A. put      B. help      C. carry      D. give
- ( ) 9. It's time \_\_\_\_\_ clean the classroom.  
A. for      B. to      C. /      D. in
- ( ) 10. This ruler is short. Please give me a \_\_\_\_\_ one.  
A. tall      B. big      C. long      D. tall
- ( ) 11. This mouse has \_\_\_\_\_ hands \_\_\_\_\_ legs.  
A. no; and      B. not; or      C. no; or      D. not; and

- ( ) 12. Can you guess who \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. is she                      B. he is                      C. are they                      D. you is
- ( ) 13. My classmates \_\_\_\_\_ English.  
A. all like                      B. like all                      C. are all like                      D. all are like
- ( ) 14. — Where is my Chinese book?  
— Oh, \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. here are you                      B. it here                      C. here it is                      D. you are here
- ( ) 15. — Thank you for your help.  
— \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. No thanks                      B. You're help me, too  
C. You're welcome                      D. Certainly

④ 句型转换。10%

1. I can put the basket in the car. (一般疑问句)  
\_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ the basket in the car?
2. It's half past twelve now. (就画线部分提问)  
\_\_\_\_\_ is it now?
3. The box is full. His books are all in it. (连成一句)  
The box is \_\_\_\_\_ his books.
4. Those are empty bottles. (改为单数句子)  
\_\_\_\_\_ is \_\_\_\_\_ empty bottle.
5. The clock has no eyes or ears. (同义句)  
The clock has no eyes \_\_\_\_\_ ears.

⑤ 问答句配对。10%

I

II

- |   |                                    |
|---|------------------------------------|
| ( ) 1. What time is it now?                   | A. No. Li Lei and Tom aren't here. |
| ( ) 2. Who's on duty today?                   | B. Sure.                           |
| ( ) 3. Is everyone here today?                | C. It's twelve past eleven.        |
| ( ) 4. Where's Han Mei?                       | D. Are they under your bed?        |
| ( ) 5. Could you help me, please?             | E. I am.                           |
| ( ) 6. Is your dog in your car?               | F. No. They are long.              |
| ( ) 7. Where are my new shoes?                | G. Sorry, I don't know.            |
| ( ) 8. What's under your bed?                 | H. No. It's behind the tree.       |
| ( ) 9. How many minutes are there in an hour? | I. My new shoes.                   |
| ( ) 10. Are these short pencils?              | J. Sixty.                          |

⑥ 用括号中词的适当形式填空。10%

1. I have two \_\_\_\_\_ of juice. (bottle)
2. Listen \_\_\_\_\_ and guess what it is. (careful)
3. We want some help. Could you help \_\_\_\_\_? (we)
4. It's ten \_\_\_\_\_ past eight now. (minute)

5. The twins want \_\_\_\_\_ the boxes into the car. (put)
6. Where \_\_\_\_\_ her new trousers? (be)
7. These tables are very \_\_\_\_\_. (heavy)
8. This clock \_\_\_\_\_ two hands. (have)
9. Today is \_\_\_\_\_ Day. (child)
10. That's a heavy box. Let \_\_\_\_\_ help you. (I)

七 完形填空。10%

A: Could you help me, please?

B: \_\_\_\_\_ 1 \_\_\_\_\_.

A: Thanks. I want \_\_\_\_\_ 2 \_\_\_\_\_ the apples \_\_\_\_\_ 3 \_\_\_\_\_ Meimei's room. Let's \_\_\_\_\_ 4 \_\_\_\_\_ the apples \_\_\_\_\_ 5 \_\_\_\_\_ the basket now.

B: All \_\_\_\_\_ 6 \_\_\_\_\_.

A: Oh, the basket is \_\_\_\_\_ 7 \_\_\_\_\_ heavy. Can you \_\_\_\_\_ 8 \_\_\_\_\_ it?

B: Yes, I can.

A: \_\_\_\_\_ 9 \_\_\_\_\_ very much.

B: You're \_\_\_\_\_ 10 \_\_\_\_\_.

- |                    |              |               |                |
|--------------------|--------------|---------------|----------------|
| ( ) 1. A. I'm sure | B. That's OK | C. Certainly  | D. Surely      |
| ( ) 2. A. take     | B. to take   | C. put        | D. to put      |
| ( ) 3. A. in       | B. to        | C. for        | D. on          |
| ( ) 4. A. put      | B. to put    | C. carry      | D. to carry    |
| ( ) 5. A. on       | B. to        | C. in         | D. on          |
| ( ) 6. A. OK       | B. right     | C. that       | D. do          |
| ( ) 7. A. much     | B. so        | C. not        | D. no          |
| ( ) 8. A. put      | B. take      | C. carry      | D. bring       |
| ( ) 9. A. Thank    | B. Thanks    | C. Thanks you | D. Many thanks |
| ( ) 10. A. right   | B. wrong     | C. welcome    | D. OK          |

八 单词拼写。10%

1. How many \_\_\_\_\_ (脚) does a dog have?
2. Today is \_\_\_\_\_ (星期二).
3. It is \_\_\_\_\_ (二月) 28th today.
4. The girl's \_\_\_\_\_ (头发) is long and black.
5. Could you help \_\_\_\_\_ (我) with my English?
6. It's time for \_\_\_\_\_ (上课).
7. Look! That table \_\_\_\_\_ (有) three legs.
8. These are their clothes. Put \_\_\_\_\_ (它们) in their desk, please.
9. Those bottles are \_\_\_\_\_ (装满) of orange juice.
10. \_\_\_\_\_ (谁的) room is it? It's very big.

● 阅读理解。10%

Lucy and Lily are twin sisters. They live in a nice room. There are two boxes outside their room. One is big but empty, the other isn't big but is full of Lily's Chinese books. Now they want to carry the boxes into their room, but they can't carry the small one.

It's eight fifteen and their parents are at work. They can't help their children carry the boxes. So the twins go to see Uncle Sam and ask him for help. The boxes are not heavy for him to carry. He helps the twins carry the boxes into their room. The twin sisters thank Uncle Sam for it, and Uncle Sam says, "That's all right."

根据短文,选择正确答案。

- ( ) 1. There's nothing in \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. the big box                      B. the small box                      C. the two boxes
- ( ) 2. What time do the twin sisters move the boxes?  
A. At about lunch time.  
B. At about a quarter past eight.  
C. At about eight past fifteen.
- ( ) 3. Lucy and Lily can't carry the boxes because \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. there are books in them  
B. they are not empty  
C. the small box is too heavy
- ( ) 4. Who helps the twins take the boxes into their room?  
A. Their father.                      B. Uncle Sam.                      C. Their teacher.
- ( ) 5. The twins go to see Uncle Sam because \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. they want to thank him  
B. he can do something for them  
C. their parents aren't at home

⊕ 翻译下列句子。10%

1. 今天是二月二十八日,星期二。

\_\_\_\_\_.

2. 请给我两瓶苹果汁。

\_\_\_\_\_.

3. 别着急。我来帮你找到它。

\_\_\_\_\_.

4. 我想把这些梨放进这些盒子里。

\_\_\_\_\_.

5. 这个妇女去向那个警察求助。

\_\_\_\_\_.

我想告诉我自己:本单元的内容掌握得如何? ○★★★★★    ○★★★★    ○★★

本单元最得意的是 \_\_\_\_\_

如有不足,需改进的是 \_\_\_\_\_

## Unit 18 Put them away, please!



## .....学习指导

## ● 日常交际用语

## 1. What's wrong? 怎么了?

用于询问对方遇到了什么困难,发生了什么事。表达对人或事物的关心。如问及具体的人或事时,后接 with sb. / sth. 即 What's wrong with sb. / sth?

## 2. Don't worry. 别担心。

用于安慰他人。

## 3. I don't think so. 我认为不是这样的。

表示自己意见或想法与对方不一致时的常用表达法。表示相同意见则用 I think so。

## 4. Thank goodness. 谢天谢地!

表示一种惊喜或庆幸。亦可用 Thank god。

## 5. It's a pleasure. 不客气,不用谢。

表示感谢时的礼貌答语。亦可用 That's all right. / That's OK. / You're welcome. / Not at all. 表达。

## ● 语法

人称代词(主格和宾格)的运用。

## 1. 人称代词做主语时用主格 I, you, he, she, it, we, you, they。

如: You are Chinese. They are twins.

## 2. 人称代词做动词或介词宾语时用宾格: me, you, him, her, it, us, you, them。

如: Please give it to me. Tell us what she looks like.

## ● 教你一招:人称代词巧记巧练

人称代词有两种,主格宾格要分清。主格用于动词前,宾格用于动(词)介(词)后。动(词)副(词)短语要注意,宾格代词放中间。



## .....练习提高

## ● 下列各组单词画线部分读音相同的写 S, 不同的写 D。10%

- |             |        |              |        |
|-------------|--------|--------------|--------|
| ( ) 1. face | nice   | ( ) 2. could | catch  |
| ( ) 3. get  | orange | ( ) 4. chair | school |



- ( ) 5. lock      clock      ( ) 6. want      hand  
 ( ) 7. father      table      ( ) 8. wall      small  
 ( ) 9. wrong      water      ( ) 10. sorry      worry

● 用括号内所给单词的适当形式填空。10%

- There are some \_\_\_\_\_ (knife) on the desk.
- Our plane is \_\_\_\_\_ (break).
- My father can't find his \_\_\_\_\_ (lost) watch.
- Please put \_\_\_\_\_ (they) away.
- Tell me what she \_\_\_\_\_ (look) like, please.
- Li Ping is not very good at English. Could you help \_\_\_\_\_ (he)?
- Look at the map of \_\_\_\_\_ (China).
- This is the \_\_\_\_\_ (twin) bedroom.
- Thank \_\_\_\_\_ (good). He can get down from the tall tree.
- We are thirsty. Please give \_\_\_\_\_ (we) some bottles of water.

● 选择填空。15%

- My name \_\_\_\_\_ Peter. I \_\_\_\_\_ a big head.  
 A. is; is      B. am; am      C. is; have      D. am; have
- Where is \_\_\_\_\_ football?  
 — \_\_\_\_\_ under the desk.  
 A. his; It's      B. he's; It's      C. he's; He's      D. his; He's
- \_\_\_\_\_ these your socks?  
 — No, \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. Are; they are      B. Is; they aren't  
 C. Are; they aren't      D. Are; it isn't
- These are your brother's books. Please look after \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. they      B. their      C. them      D. theirs
- What's wrong \_\_\_\_\_ your toy car?  
 A. in      B. with      C. on      D. for
- Don't worry. I can mend the bike for \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. he      B. her      C. his      D. she
- You must \_\_\_\_\_ your things.  
 A. look like      B. look the same      C. look      D. look after
- \_\_\_\_\_ computer is broken. Could you help \_\_\_\_\_?  
 A. His; he      B. Her; her      C. You; you      D. My; I
- \_\_\_\_\_ thank me. Thank your father.  
 A. Not      B. Aren't      C. Don't      D. Isn't
- Miss Zhang is one of our \_\_\_\_\_ in our school.  
 A. friend      B. mothers      C. teachers      D. student
- Give the English book \_\_\_\_\_, please.

- A. for me      B. to him      C. for her      D. to their
- ( ) 12. The little girl \_\_\_\_\_ a round face, two big blue eyes and a small \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. have; nose    B. has; noses    C. has; nose    D. have; noses
- ( ) 13. These \_\_\_\_\_ are too small. \_\_\_\_\_ you have a big one?  
A. knives; Do    B. knives; Are    C. knife; Do    D. knives; Do
- ( ) 14. The planes are broken. Could you mend \_\_\_\_\_ for us?  
A. it            B. they            C. them            D. us
- ( ) 15. — What's wrong? Is it broken?  
— No, \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. I think so    B. I don't think so    C. I don't            D. it is

④ 根据中文意思完成句子。15%

1. 你还想说些什么?  
\_\_\_\_\_ do you want to say?
2. 那个男孩在那树上,他下不来了。  
The boy is \_\_\_\_\_ the tree. He can't \_\_\_\_\_.
3. 他们是孪生兄弟。一个在一班,另一个在三班。  
They are twin brothers. \_\_\_\_\_ is in Class One, \_\_\_\_\_ is in Class Three.
4. 这些是你们的衣服。请把它们放好。  
These are your clothes. Please \_\_\_\_\_.
5. 请出来帮帮我们。  
Please \_\_\_\_\_ and help us.
6. 别担心,我能照顾这个小女孩。  
Don't worry. I can \_\_\_\_\_ the little girl.

⑤ 根据要求,改写句子。10%

1. Put your Chinese books on that desk. (否定句)  
\_\_\_\_\_ put your Chinese books on that desk.
2. I can see a computer and a chair in his room. (就画线部分提问)  
\_\_\_\_\_ you see in his room?
3. Please give the plane to her. (同义句)  
Please give \_\_\_\_\_ the \_\_\_\_\_.
4. He has a new knife. (改为复数句子)  
They \_\_\_\_\_ some new \_\_\_\_\_.
5. The girl in a blue dress is my sister. (就画线部分提问)  
\_\_\_\_\_ is my sister?
6. My bike is broken. (就画线部分提问)  
\_\_\_\_\_ is your bike?

● 补全对话。15%

A: Tom! Come 1.

B: OK, Mum.

A: Tom, 2 this your shoe?

B: 3, it is.

A: Where's the 4 one?

B: I think 5 under the bed.

A: Put 6 away, please. You must look 7 your things.

B: Yes, Mum.

A: Jack, could you help me, please?

B: What's 8?

A: I 9 my kite. It's 10 the tree. I can't get it.

B: 11 worry. I can 12 it.

A: Is it 13?

B: I don't think 14. Here you are. 15.

A: Oh, thanks very much.

● 单句改错。10%

1. Could you help he? His bike is broken.

A B C

2. These are your socks. Please put away them.

A B C

3. This is a empty room. Let's play in it.

A B C

4. I not think he can get down.

A B C

5. Are your English teacher a man or a woman?

A B C

6. One of your shoes is here. Where is other one?

A B C

7. What's wrong with your pen? Are they all broken?

A B C

8. What colour are these coats? Are they browns?

A B C

9. Those are their apples. Please take their to the classroom.

A B C

10. The girl isn't put the books in her bag. It's too full.

A B C

● 任务型阅读。5%

阅读下列短文,填写关于 Peter 的信息。

Peter is an American boy in our class. He is tall. He has a big nose and two big blue eyes. His hair is light brown and curly. He likes music and football. He is on our school



## Unit 19 Food and drink



## .....学习指导

## ● 日常交际用语

1. — What time is it? 现在几点了?  
— It's a quarter to seven. 七点差一刻。  
这是询问时间的常用语。亦可用 What's the time?
2. — What would you like for breakfast? 早饭你想吃什么?  
— I'd like some milk and two eggs. 来点牛奶和两个鸡蛋。  
What would you like ...? 询问对方想要什么。多用于服务员询问顾客等场合。  
回答时常用 I'd like ...
3. Would you like something to eat / drink? 你想要吃(喝)点什么?  
常用于征询对方的意见、建议和陈述看法等。比 Do you want ...? 更委婉、客气。  
肯定回答是 Yes, please. 否定回答是 No, thanks.
4. What about ...? .....怎么样?  
常用来征求对方的意见。询问对方对前面已谈到的事物或人的看法。

## ● 语法

运用不可数名词。

milk, water, tea, meat, bread, juice, rice 等不可数名词。不可数名词没有复数形式,不可数名词不可以与数词和不定冠词 a, an 连用。表示数量时常与一些表示数量的名词短语连用,也可以用 some 表示。例如:

a bottle of orange juice(一瓶橘子汁), a glass of water(一杯水), some rice(一些米饭), some ice cream(一些冰淇淋)。

## ● 欧美人的早餐

1. 欧洲式早餐(Continental breakfast): 面包(bread)和咖啡(coffee)或红茶(black tea)。面包通常为两个小圆面包或新月形面包(croissant),涂上奶油(cream)或果酱(jam)。
2. 英国式早餐(English breakfast): 除了欧洲式的所有以外,还有麦片粥(porridge),或玉蜀黍脆片(cornflakes)拌牛奶和糖(sugar),或咸肉(bacon),或火腿加蛋(ham and egg),再加上吐司(toast)。
3. 美国式早餐(American breakfast): 新鲜果汁(fruit juice)或切成一半的葡萄柚(grapefruit)。其他与英国式接近。



## ……练习提高

## ● 词形转换。10%

- |                        |                      |
|------------------------|----------------------|
| 1. they(宾格) _____      | 2. watch(复数) _____   |
| 3. there(同音词) _____    | 4. no(同音词) _____     |
| 5. my(名词性物主代词) _____   | 6. same(反义词) _____   |
| 7. us(主格) _____        | 8. new(反义词) _____    |
| 9. families(单数) _____  | 10. photo(近义词) _____ |
| 11. bus(复数) _____      | 12. photo(复数) _____  |
| 13. China(形容词) _____   | 14. baby(复数) _____   |
| 15. black(反义词) _____   | 16. these(反义词) _____ |
| 17. right(反义词) _____   | 18. heavy(反义词) _____ |
| 19. America(形容词) _____ | 20. meat(同音词) _____  |

## ● 词汇。10%

(一) 根据句意及所给的首字母,在各句空格内写出正确的单词。

1. You have a w \_\_\_\_\_. What time is it now?
2. Potato chips is my f \_\_\_\_\_ food.
3. I'm h \_\_\_\_\_. I want some bread.
4. I don't like to eat v \_\_\_\_\_.
5. I want a cup of c \_\_\_\_\_. What about you?

(二) 根据句意,用括号中所给单词的适当形式完成句子。

6. What would you like \_\_\_\_\_? (eat)
7. Do you like any \_\_\_\_\_? (potato)
8. There are twelve \_\_\_\_\_ (piece) of cakes on the table.
9. How many \_\_\_\_\_ (watch) are there in the box?
10. The twins are \_\_\_\_\_ (difference).

## ● 单项选择。20%

- ( ) 1. Would you like \_\_\_\_\_ to drink now?  
A. some      B. any      C. many      D. something
- ( ) 2. — How many oranges can you see in the box?  
— I can't see \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. two      B. twenty      C. some      D. any
- ( ) 3. — What's the time, please?  
— It's 7 o'clock.  
— Oh, it's time \_\_\_\_\_ go to school.  
A. on      B. in      C. for      D. to
- ( ) 4. — Can you help me?

- \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. Certainly      B. Thanks      C. Oh      D. Goodbye
- ( ) 5. The bottles are not \_\_\_\_\_. I can take \_\_\_\_\_ to the room.  
A. light; them      B. small; it      C. too big; they      D. heavy; them
- ( ) 6. — Do you like this new watch?  
— \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. Yes, I don't      B. No, I can't      C. Yes, I do      D. No, I do
- ( ) 7. Could I have \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. some bread      B. some breads      C. any bread      D. any breads
- ( ) 8. — How many \_\_\_\_\_ see?  
— I can see ten.  
A. trees you can      B. trees can you      C. tree you can      D. tree can you
- ( ) 9. I can't see \_\_\_\_\_ pears on the table.  
A. some      B. any      C. much      D. one
- ( ) 10. I have \_\_\_\_\_ English books. But I don't have \_\_\_\_\_ Japanese books.  
A. some; any      B. some; some      C. any; some      D. any; any
- ( ) 11. I \_\_\_\_\_ like some meat and bread.  
A. am      B. would      C. can      D. aren't
- ( ) 12. Hi! What can you \_\_\_\_\_ in the picture over there?  
A. see      B. look      C. have a look      D. watch
- ( ) 13. We Chinese often eat \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. rice      B. bread      C. meat      D. food
- ( ) 14. \_\_\_\_\_ bananas can you give me?  
A. What      B. Who      C. Where      D. How many
- ( ) 15. — How many birds can I get?  
— \_\_\_\_\_ one.  
A. This      B. Two      C. Many      D. Only
- ( ) 16. I want two \_\_\_\_\_, please.  
A. breads      B. glass      C. baskets      D. knives
- ( ) 17. She eats only one \_\_\_\_\_ every morning.  
A. bread      B. egg      C. rice      D. glass of milk
- ( ) 18. Please give me \_\_\_\_\_ tea. I'm thirsty.  
A. a cup of      B. glass of      C. a bottles of      D. many
- ( ) 19. — Can I have \_\_\_\_\_ pears, please?  
— Sorry, we don't have \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. some; some      B. any; any      C. some; any      D. any; some
- ( ) 20. — Oh, it's 7 o'clock a. m.  
— \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. Let's look at your watch      B. It's time to go to bed

C. Let's eat some meat

D. It's time to go to school

四 完成对话。10%

每空填一个词,每一个单词只使用一次。

bread would that see milk time what drink eat food so bottles

A: It's twelve o'clock now. It's 1 to have lunch, but Mum and Dad are not at home.

Can you find anything to 2, Jim?

B: Let me 3. Oh, here are some 4 and cakes.

A: I want to eat some cakes.

B: 5 you like something to drink?

A: Certainly! 6 can I drink?

B: I find two bottles of 7 and two 8 of orange.

A: That's very nice. I think Mum gets the food and 9 for us.

B: I think 10.

五 按要求改写句子。10%

1. I'd like to see some of your photos. (改为一般疑问句)

\_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ see some of my photos?

2. Kate would like some milk. (对画线部分提问)

\_\_\_\_\_ Kate like?

3. That is a glass of water. (变为复数)

There are \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_.

4. I can see some kites in the sky. (改为否定句)

I \_\_\_\_\_ see \_\_\_\_\_ kites in the sky.

5. It's time for supper. (改为同义句)

It's time \_\_\_\_\_ supper.

六 完成句子,每空限填一词。10%

1. I'm not very \_\_\_\_\_ (饿). But I'm \_\_\_\_\_ (渴).

2. \_\_\_\_\_ (不要忘记) the ice cream.

3. I'd like a \_\_\_\_\_ (汉堡包) and a glass of \_\_\_\_\_ (果汁).

4. There's \_\_\_\_\_ (只有一个) girl in the classroom.

5. We have \_\_\_\_\_ (鱼), meat, \_\_\_\_\_ (蔬菜) and fruit.

七 阅读理解。20%

It's seven o'clock. It's time for breakfast. Jim's mother asks Jim, "What would you like to eat?" Jim answers, "I would like an egg." His mother says, "Sorry, we don't have any. What about cakes?" "OK, I would like two cakes, please." Jim answers.

1. What would Jim like to eat?



2. What time is it?

3. Is it time for lunch?

4. Do they have any eggs?

5. How many cakes would Jim like to eat?

八 作文。10%

用6—9个句子写出你自己一日三餐所吃的食物。

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我想告诉我自己:本单元的内容掌握得如何? ○★★★★★ ○★★★★★ ○★★★★

本单元最得意的是

如有不足,需改进的是