# 精选精编高中英语模拟题库

赵钖山 等编著



@ 国际文化出版公司

## 精 选 精 编

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赵锡山 张淑琴 可编者

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## 编者的话

本丛书是针对近年来复习参考书过多过滥,而精心编著的具有工具书性质的纲要性教参书。该丛书除具有一般教舍书。该查询库功能。转查的特点外,还具有特殊的查询库功能。该查询库对能力,还具有特殊的查询库对。该查询库对是一个大多种,充分利用自己已有的书籍。该查询库对能由已已有的人们更大的的书籍。该查询库对能由已是课本的的人们,对各种人们可有的人们,对各种人们可有的人们,可以是一个多种人们,可以从表中查到有关的的篇幅,使学生大略到一个多块已出版)。该丛书能够用浓缩的篇幅,使学生大略到市面流行的教参书在帮助学习上的复习用书,很好地完成学业;而不必加重经济负担。

编 者 1993年10月

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## 第一单元 模拟试题

## I. 单项填空(共 40 小题,计分 40):

(A) ( )1. grasp A. master B. grammar C. translate D. slave B. elephant )2. England A. emperor ( C. encourage D. enemy B. greatly )3. base A. rather ( C. league D. franc A. iceberg B. idiom ( )4. idea D. invite C. improve ( )5. observe A. praise B. Engels C. works D. whisper (B) B. ei C. e D. ai )6. m dal ( А. а C. kle D. kal )7. politi \_\_\_\_ A. cle B. cal ( B. ai C. au D. ar )8. ch \_\_\_ ge А. а ( C. ua D. au )9. sit \_\_\_\_ tion A. u B. ui ( A. ery B. ry C. ary D. are )10. slav ( (C) )11. Does \_\_\_ matter if I come late? ( C. it B. this D. she A. that )12. After the visitors left, they \_\_\_\_ their research. ( A. Went on B. go on with

C. go on doing D. went on with

(	)13. Smithteaching himself French after gradua-
	tion.
	A. kept B. kept on C. kept up D. kept at
(	)14. We plan to make a trip in summer holidays.
`	A. the B. one C. × D. some
(	)15. He gave me much help that I was thankful
`.	to him.
	A. such B. so C. such a D. a so
(	)16. We are free today. Let's games.
`	A. to play B. play C. playing D. plays
(	)17. He sent me useful book that I learned a lot
`	from it.
	A. such a B. so C. such an D. such
(	)18. It's very kind you to say so.
`	A. with B. an C. of D. to
(	) 19. He the recorder in order to listen to the
`	tape.
	A. turned on B. turned in
	C. turned off D. turned down
(	)20. Turn off the light you go out.
`	A. before B. since C. after D. for
(	)21. When the telephone rang, he and answered
`	it.
	A. picked it out B. picked it
	C. picked up it D. picked it up
(	)22. The second world war after that.
'	A. broke down B. broke out

	C. brake up D. was broken out
(	)23. He is thinking of his idea realities.
	A. turning out B. turning to
	C. turning into D. turning on
(	)24. She is busy. You'd better him today.
	A. not to visit B. not visit
	C. don't visit D. to visit
(	)25. Don't vorry. They are sure in time.
	A. of coming B. to coming
	C. to come D. come
(	)26. Now class begins. Stop, please.
	A. talk B. to talk C. to talking D. talking
(	)27. The old lady sitting beside her had her handbag
	A. to open B. opening C. opens D. open
(	)28. I'm not getting on well with Wang Fang, any-
	how
	I'd like a word with her.
	A. have B. to have C. having D. to having
(	)29. Do you know the man came into the room?
	A. who B. which
	C. whom D. where
(	)30. I'll leave a note he can know where we are.
	A. so that B. in order C. for D. so
•	)31. This is the man last night.
	A. whom I saw him B. whom I saw
	C. which I saw D. who I saw him

(	)32. I won't go to the party	he invites me.
	A. even when	B. until that
	C. without	D. unless
(	)33. The man made a hole	in the door he could
	look into the room.	
	A. through which	B. by that
	C. from which	D. at that
(	)34. What he saidstrai	nge, but it was true.
	A. looked B. sounded	C. heard D. listened
(	)35. I don't suppose it is im	
	A. do I B. is it C.	don't I D. isn't it
(	)36. He is the only one of th	e students who rapid
	progress in our class.	
	A. has made	B. have made
	C. made	D. makes
(	)37. I'm sorry. I've never	
		of C. heard of D. heard
(	)38. This elephant isn't like	
		B. which you name
		D. how you name
(	)39. He taught it to h	_
	A. like a truth	B. as a truth
	C. like a true	L). as a true
(	)40. He is and French	
	A. Frenchman	B. French
	C. Frenchmen	D. the French
查	询库:	

- 11. A. I-7-1-1 it 的用法 B. MET 89- 29 C. DQ-98
- 12. A. I-1-2 词语用法 B. MET 89-20, 12 C. LXC I-3/LXC-36
- 13. A. I- 1-2 词语用法 B. MET 89-20 C. XL-22
- 14. A. I-5-59 冠词用法 B. MET 91-18/MET 92-36 C. DQ-23
- 15. A. I-1-9 不定代词用法 B. MET -91-28 C. PY-143
- 16. A. I-5-62 动词不定式用法 .B. MET 91-35/MET 92-14 C. DQ-62
- 17. A. I-1-9 不定代词和冠词用法 B. MET 91-18 C. ZN-23
- 18. A. I-3-27 介词 用法 B. NMET 93-13 C. ZN-75/ZN-75
- 19. A. I-2-16 词语用法 B. MET 90-37/MET 89-39 C. LXC-14
- 20. A. I-3-26 连词用法 B. MET 89-14 C. ZN-92,93
- 21. A. I-2-16 词语用法 B. MET 89-22 C. LXC-14
- 22. A. I-3-27 词语用法 B. MET 91-20 C. LXC-46
- 23. A. I-2-13 词语用法 .B. NMET 93-30 C. XL-23
- 24. A. I-2-14 情态动词

- B. MET 92-13 C. QS-57
- 25. A. I-5-60词语用法
  - B. NMET 93-15,16 C. ZN-51,52
- 26. A. I-1-3 动名词用法
  - B. MET 90-39 C. QS-86,87/ZN-52
- 27. A. I-4-44 过去分词用法
  - B. MET 89-31/92-11 C. ZN-46
- 28. A. I-7-103 动词不定式用法
  - B. MET 91-35 C. ZN-46
- 29. A. I-3-36 定语从句
  - B. MET 90-24 C. ZN-89
- 30. A. I-3-26 连词用法
  - B. MET 90-27 C. ZN-94.95
- 31. A. I-3-36 定语从句
  - B. MET 90-24 C. ZN-90
- 32. A. I-4-45 状语从句
  - B. MET 91-40 C. ZN-92,93
- 33. A. I-4-52 定词从句
  - B. MET 91-24 C. ZN-90
- 34. A. I-4-44 系动词用法
  - B. MET 91-30 C. ZN-41,47
- 35. A. I-3-28 倒装,反意疑问句
  - B. MET 91-16 C. ZN-98
- 36. A. I-3-39 主谓在数上的一致、时态用法
  - B. MET 91-31 C. ZN-48,49
- 37. A. I-3-26 词语用法
  - B. MET 91-21 C. PY-101

- 38. A. I-3-27 定语从句
  - B. MET 90-24 C. ZN-89
- 39. A. I-4-45 介词用法
  - B. MET 89-13 C. ZN-77
- 40. A. I-1-2 词语用法
  - B. MET 92-38 C. ZN-4

## Ⅱ. 完形填空(共20小题,计分30):

(A)

#### An Absent-minded Professor

Professor White is not only absent-minded 41 near-sighted. His mind is always 42 learned thought and he seldom noticed 43 happens around him.

One fine day he went of a walk in the countryside. As always, he had a book in his hand, and he 44 for his walk than he started reading. He had not gone far when he 45 a cow and fell down. He lost his glasses in the fall, and he thought he had 46 his foot against a fat lady. "I beg your pardon, madam," he said politely before 47 his glasses. As soon as he had found them and put them on he 48 his mistake. Then he went on. Just a few minutes later he fell down once more 49 both his book and his glasses. This time he became angry. Seizing his umbrella, he struck the "cow" 50. Then after finding his glasses, he saw a large fat woman fleeing from him!

- ( )41. A. and B. or C. however D. but also
- ( )42. A. busy with B. busy at C. busy for D. busy on

- ( )43. A. something B. everything C. what D. which
- ( )44. A. would sooner set out
  B. had no sooner set out

C. no sooner set out

D. was no sooner setting out

( )45. A. knocked into B. knocked down
C. knocked out D. knocked at

( )46. A. struck B. beaten C. met D. sent

( )47. A. search B. search for C. searching D. searching for

( )48. A. remembered B. thought of

C. realized D. wondered at

( )49. A. lost B. lose C. losing D. so as to lose

( )50. A. in surprise B. with pleasure

C. with ease D. in anger

(B)

(51) Green was eighty, but she had a small car, and she always drove to the shops in it (52) Saturday and bought her food.

She did not drive fast, (53) she was old, but she drove well and never hit anything. Sometimes her (54) said to her, "Please (55) drive your car, Grandmother. We can take you to the shops." But she always said, "No, I like (56). I've driven (57), and I'm not going to stop now."

Last Saturday she stopped her car at some traffic lights (交通灯) because they were (58) and then it did not start a-

gain. The lights were green, then yellow, then red, then green again, but her car did not start. "What am I going to do now?" she said.

But then a (59) came and said to her (60), "Good morning. Don't you like any of our colours today?"

- D. Mrs )51. A. Sir B. Miss C. Mr (
- D. by C. in )52. A. at B. on (
- D. before C. for )53. A. so B. why (
- B. children )54. A. parents ( C. grandchildren D. grandparents
  - C. not D. to
- )55. A. don't B. no (
- )56. A. drive B. driving C. driven D. driver (
- )57. A. in 50 years B. 50 years before ( D. 50 years ago C. for 50 years
- )58. A. white B. green C. yellow D. red (
- B. police )59. A. policeman (
  - D. policewomen C. policemen
- )60. A. happily B. strangely C. busily D. kindly 杳询库:
  - B. NMET 93-50 C. PY-79 41. A. (略)
  - B. MET -92-41 C. PY-71 42. A. (略)
  - B. MET 89-25 C. PY-75 43. A. (略)
  - 44. A. I-6-85 B. MET 92-37 C. PY-75
  - B. MET 90-37 C. PY-74 45、A. (略)
  - B. NMET 93-52 C. PY-74 46. A. (略)
  - B. MET 90-57 C. PY-78 47. A. (略)
  - 48. A. (略) B. MET 90-19 C. DY-78

- 49. A. (略) B. MET 90-27 C. PY-77
- 50. A. (略) B. MET 91-65 C. PY-77
- 51. A. (略) B. (尚无) C. PY-106
- 52. A. (略) B. MET 91-41 C. PY-77
- 53. A. (略) B. MET 91-44 C. PY-77
- 54. A. (略) B. MET 89-60 C. PY-77
- 55. A. (略) B. NMET 93-50 C. PY-80
- 56. A. (略) B. MET 89-63 C. PY-106
- 57. A. (略) B. MET 92-20 C. PY-77
- 58. A. (略) B. MET 89-64 C. PY-124
- 59. A. (略) B. (尚无) C. ZN-142
- 60. A. (略) B. MET 89-52 C. PY-78

#### Ⅲ. 阅读理解(共20小题,计分40):

(A)

A boy who was cleaning shoes in the street said to a young man passing by :"Let me clean your boots."

The young man said, "No".

"It'll cost you only a penny, sir" said the boy, but the young man again refused.

Then the boy told him that he would clean his boots for nothing. The young man agreed to this, and soon one boot was shining brightly. Then he put his another boot on the box but the boy refused to clean it unless he was paid two pence for his work. The young man refused to pay anything, and went away. But the well-cleaned boot made the dirty one look so bad that he could not walk on.

He turned back and gave the boy the two pence. In a

very	short	time his boots shone brightly.
(	)61.	The story tells us that
		A. the young man didn't want to clean his boos
		at all.
		B. the young man didn't like the boy to clean his
		boots.
٠		C. the young man wanted to have one of his
		boots cleaned.
		D. the young man wanted to have his boots
		cleaned.
(	)62.	The best title for this story is ""
		A. A CLEVER YOUNG MAN
		B. A SILLY BOY
		C. A CLEVER BOY
		D. AN HONEST BOY
(	)63.	How much did the young man pay the boy?
		A. a penny B. nothing C. a pound D. two pence
(	)64.	From the story, we can know the young man was
		a
-		A. rich man B. generous man
		C. moneygrubber (吝守财奴)
		D. shrewd (聪明) man
(	)65.	Which of the following statements is true?
•		A. The boy didn't clean the man's boots.
		B. The young man had the boy clean his boots
		without paying him.
		C. They quarrelled with each other.

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