



# 大学英语 级考试 斯力 觀 想 想 知 手题

主编 ◎ 陈长顺 徐广联

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模拟+真题

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## 大学英语 4 级考试听力模拟 + 頁题(含 MP3 光盘)

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# 前言

听力教学是大学英语教学中的一个重要组成部分,是学生获取语言知识、培养语言技能的一个必不可少的途径。改革后的全国大学英语 4 级考试将听力理解部分的比例提高到 35%,增加了题型和题量,选用了更趋真实性的素材,这必然会大大促进大学英语的听力教学和训练。本书以《大学英语课程教学要求》中的一般要求和较高要求为准则,语言技能及语言知识、题材和题量、试题体例等诸方面达到了大学英语 4 级(新题型)考试的要求,是进行听力测试训练的一本非常实用的教材,能帮助广大考生快速提高英语听力水平。

全书共有试题 26 套,每套试题含三个部分:试题(Part I)、答案和分析(Part II)、听力原文(Part III)。

第一部分模拟测试中试题体例与大学英语 4 级考试(新题型)完全一致,含短、长对话,短文和听写填空。选材来自于日常会话、讲座、广播电视节目等。题材涵盖政治、经济、教育、科技和文化艺术等方面。试题长度和难度适中,充分考虑到学生自学的需要,遵循由易到难的原则。

第二部分含答案、中文篇章简介以及试题分析。试题分析提供了每道题目所 考听力技能及解题思路,为教师教学和学生自学提供了方便。

第三部分为听力原文,包含了所有对话、短文及听写部分的文字材料。(**听力原文内容在光盘中**)

为了节省篇幅,除了第一套试题(Test One)每一部分前有试题"说明"(Directions)之外,其余各套试题均不含说明。

2006年12月至2010年6月听力真题在光盘中。

编 者

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# TEST 1

#### Part I

# **Listening Comprehension**

(35 minutes)

#### Section A

Directions: In this section, you will hear 8 short conversations and 2 long conversations. At the end of each conversation, one or more questions will be asked about what was said. Both the conversation and the questions will be spoken only once. After each question there will be a pause. During the pause, you must read the four choices marked A), B), C), and D), and decide which is the best answer. Then mark the corresponding letter on Answer Sheet 2 with a single line through the center.

- 1. A) He watched the film on TV with his friend.
  - B) He watched the film with his friend in a cinema.
  - C) He and his friend went to visit their school.
  - D) He talked with his friend at home.
- 2. A) Whether the meeting is certainly to be held on Monday.
  - B) Who has to attend the meeting.
  - C) What they are going to discuss at the meeting.
  - D) Where the meeting is to be held.
- 3. A) The man comes to book a room.
  - B) The man had a reservation at the hotel some time ago.
  - C) The man wants to move to another room on the second floor.
  - D) The man wants to buy the flat with a single room and a bath.
- 4. A) The hardcover edition is a little more expensive, though on sale.
  - B) Both editions are on sale.
  - C) The dictionary once had two editions with the same price.

#### 大学英语 4 级考试听力模拟 + 真题

- D) Both editions are the same price now.
- 5. A) He saw the big tower he visited on TV.
  - B) He has visited the TV tower twice.
  - C) He has visited the TV tower once.
  - D) He will visit the TV tower in June.
- 6. A) A movie. B)
- B) A lecture.
- C) A play.
- D) A speech.

- 7. A) The house is lovely.
  - C) She likes the house.

- B) The man is funny.D) She is angry at his remark.
- 8. A) Her husband's watching a game.
- B) Their going to a game.
- C) Their missing an engagement.
- D) Her husband's absence from the game.

Ouestions 9 to 12 are based on the conversation you have just heard.

- 9. A) She was sick.
  - B) She couldn't make up her mind as to which countries she should visit.
  - C) She couldn't think of a topic for her composition.
  - D) She was totally disorganized.
- 10. A) That she go on a holiday.
- B) That she try to get organized.
- C) That she ride a camel.
- D) That she write about her trip.
- 11. A) Hungary. B) North Africa.
- C) Egypt.
- D) The Holy Land.

- 12. A) To pack his bags for his trip.
- B) To write his own composition.
- C) To see a doctor for his illness.
- D) To pick up some photographs.

Questions 13 to 15 are based on the conversation you have just heard.

- 13. A) Jack telephoned from Chicago.
  - B) Jack wrote a card from Chicago.
  - C) Jack had sent a telegram from New York.
  - D) Dorothy's mother and father told her.
  - 14. A) The Ambassador Hotel in Los Angeles.
    - B) His office.
    - C) The airport in Chicago.
    - D) The airport in Los Angeles.
  - 15. A) It was too far for Dorothy to drive through traffic.
    - B) Jack didn't want to be obligated to Dorothy's parents.
    - C) Jack had to go to his office.
    - D) Jack preferred the Ambassador Hotel in Chicago.

#### Section B

Directions: In this section, you will hear 3 short passages. At the end of each passage, you will hear some questions. Both the passage and the questions will be spoken only once. After you hear a question, you must choose the best answer from the four choices marked A), B), C), and D). Then mark the corresponding letter on Answer Sheet 2 with a single line through the center.

#### Passage One

Questions 16 to 18 are based on the passage you have just heard.

- 16. A) They appear every night in TV weather forecasts.
  - B) They were first employed as women news announcers.
  - C) They are the most attractive women in Britain.
  - D) They are the most popular stars in a TV play.
- 17. A) At 10 in the evening.
- B) At 9 in the evening.
- C) At 10 in the morning.
- D) At 9 in the morning.
- 18. A) Newspaper reporters still wrote a lot about her.
  - B) People knew that Anna would be the first woman to hold the news program.
  - C) Independent Television also had a woman news announcer.
  - D) The viewers of her news program that night increased to millions.

#### Passage Two

Questions 19 to 21 are based on the passage you have just heard.

19. A) To collect taxes.

- B) To save public lands for future use.
- C) To protect people and property.
- D) To train public officials.
- 20. A) Because people want to save public lands for future use.
  - B) Because no person wants to buy any public lands.
  - C) Because the government has collected enough money to pay the cost of any service.
  - D) Because the government has no public lands to sell.
- 21. A) People's attitude toward taxes.
- B) Taxes and services for the public.
- C) Police efforts to protect people.
- D) The government's duty.

#### Passage Three

Questions 22 to 25 are based on the passage you have just heard.

- 22. A) Better types of skates.
  - B) Improved conditions on ice tracks.
  - C) Changes in skating techniques.
  - D) New world records in speed skating.
- 23. A) They all had equal opportunities of winning.
  - B) They couldn't compete in the Winter Olympics.
  - C) They all wore the same kind of skates.
  - D) They had to skate on outdoor tracks.
- 24. A) It chips easily.

B) It becomes covered with frost.

C) It becomes too soft.

- D) It provides too much resistance.
- 25. A) Speed skating will become more popular.
  - B) Speed skaters will skate faster than ever before.
  - C) Speed skating events will return to outside tracks.
  - D) Speed skating will never be held outdoors.

#### Section C

Directions: In this section, you will hear a passage three times. When the passage is read for the first time you should listen for its general idea. Then listen to the passage again. When the passage is read for the second time, you are required to fill in the blanks numbered from 26 to 33 with the exact words you have just heard. For the blanks numbered from 34 to 36 you are required to fill in the missing information. For these blanks, you can either use the exact words you have just heard or write down the main points in your own words. Finally, when the passage is read for the third time, you should check what you have written.

The American sports goods group Reebok is to be bought by its German riva
Adidas for 3.8 billion dollars. The deal, which must still be approved by shareholders
will help Adidas compete more (26) against the market leader Nike.
Adidas and Reebok are two of the world's (27) consumer brands, bu
they're in the shadow of Nike, the (28) of the sports wear industry. Th
deal is (29) to help them take on Nike.
Adidas chairman Herbert Hainer (30) the planned deal as a once-in-a

lifetime opportur	ity to combine two of the most respected and well-known companies			
in the (31)	. But Reebok will continue to have a separate identity. (32)			
its nam	e and its headquarters in the US state of Massachusetts.			
The enlarged company will have a (33) of the all-important US mark				
for sports shoes a	and clothes. (34)			
	. The German arm, Adidas, will continue its emphasis on			
goods for compet	itive sports (35)			
	·			
Adidas pays	a glittering array of celebrities including the footballer David			
Beckham and the	e rap musician Missy Elliot to endorse its products. (36)			
	<u></u>			

# Part I Answers and Analyses

#### Section A

- 1. 答案为 D。该题测试考生理解明示信息的能力。"I meant to do it."表示男士本打算看电视影片的,但由于朋友的到来,改变了原主张,与之进行了长时间的谈话。mean to do something 意为"打算做某事";mean something (doing something) 意为"意思是;指什么"。
- 2. 答案为 C。该题测试考生推测理解能力。"...what the meeting is about"以及"Not bad news, I hope."表示男士十分关心的是开会的内容,而不是时间、地点、出席人员等。
- 3. 答案为 B。该题测试考生捕捉重要信息的能力。"I believe...a room booked for me."和"I hope it will suit you, sir."这两句对话表示:男士已来到旅店证实他事先 预订的房间,并准备住店了。这里"book"和"reserve (reservation, 名词)"是同义 词,都是"预订"的意思。
- 4. 答案为 D。该题测试考生理解明示信息的能力。hardcover edition (精装本)的词 典正降价销售并与 paperback edition(平装本)价格相同。
- 5. 答案为 C。该题测试考生理解明示信息的能力。"But I finally visited it two months later."说明男士已经参观过电视塔。注意干扰信息"I couldn't make it last June." 这说明他只去过电视塔一次,这是解题的关键。
- 6. 答案为 C。该题测试考生理解明示信息的能力。"performance"和"real-life drama"

(反映现实生活的戏剧)是解题的关键,比较明确地揭示出谈话的主题是"play"。

- 7. 答案为 D。该题测试考生理解隐含信息的能力。当女士听到"a lovely house"后,她 反问道 "Lovely?"并讥讽地说道:"你是在故意闹着玩吗?"表现出她的气愤。be being 加形容词是指暂时性的一种姿态或状态。例如:He is being careful. 他是故意这样小心翼翼的。
- 8. 答案为 A。该题测试考生综合理解上下文的能力。尽管那位女士反对男士去看比 赛,但她无可奈何。
- 9. 答案为 C。该题测试考生理解明示信息的能力。对话的第二句话中女士提到她必须为英语课写一篇作文,但她却不知写什么(I just can't come up with any ideas)。
- 10. 答案为 D。该题测试考生理解明示信息的能力。男士的建议是"Remember those pictures you were showing me last week? The ones from your trip last winter."也就是选项 D 提供的信息。
- 11. 答案为 A。该题测试考生理解信息细节的能力。对话中没有提到她去过 Hungary。
- 12. 答案为 B。该题测试考生理解明示信息的能力。对话中男士说"I've got to finish my composition too."和选项 B几乎完全一致。
- 13. 答案为 B。该题测试考生理解明示信息的能力。"I was wondering when you'd call ever since I received your card from Chicago."提供了答案。
- 14. 答案为 D。该题测试考生综合理解上下文的能力。对话第三句,男士说他正在机场,同时又说他一到 Los Angeles 就想给女士打电话,综合起来可判断他正在 Los Angeles 机场。
- 15. 答案为 C。该题测试考生理解信息细节的能力。男士说"I have to check in at the office this afternoon."较明确地提供了答案。"check in"为"报到"的意思。

#### Section B

#### Passage One

当初,英国两大电视台(英国广播公司电视台及独立电视台) 先后雇用女士作为新闻播音员,打破了男播音员一统天下的局面,自然引起报纸杂志的兴趣及人们的关注。有关两位女播音员的逸事及照片频频见于报刊;她们首次在屏幕上的亮相也引起了一番轰动。

- 16. 答案为 B。该题测试考生理解全文进行判断推理的能力。她们两人名声大振的原因在于她们是最早受雇于电视台的女性新闻节目主持人。
- 17. 答案为 A。该题测试考生理解全文迅速掌握信息细节的能力。考生应迅速记住两位主持人各自主持节目的时间。

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18. 答案为 D。该题测试考生理解并记忆信息细节的能力。这里问的问题是"我们如何知道 Anna 的首次亮相也是一场轰动呢?"答案只能是"观众达数百万之多"。

#### Passage Two

每个政府的主要职责就是保护人民及他们的财产。四分之三的公共资金用于此目的。剩余的大笔资金用于其他各项社会服务事业,如学校教师、图书馆管理人员、政府官员的工资及公民的教育、培训、城市建设等。若干年前,政府资金的来源在于出售公共土地。但大批优质土地已出售殆尽,所剩土地尽管藏有油气、矿藏等自然资源,却要留给将来开发,所以我们现在向政府缴税,获取各种社会服务就顺理成章了。

- 19. 答案为 C。该题测试考生掌握明示信息的能力。
- 20. 答案为 A。该题测试考生理解和掌握信息细节的能力。尽管政府可以出售所剩土地,但"We want to save them for the future."
- 21. 答案为 B。该题用来测试考生理解全文掌握中心思想的能力。文章尽管提到了政府的职责及诸多社会服务事业,但全文试图解释的却是政府如何征收资金用于执行这些社会服务事业政策:当前的途径即是通过税收。

#### Passage Three

速度滑冰是冬季奥林匹克运动会竞赛项目之一。但长期以来,这些竞赛都是在室外进行的。由于室外气候状况的不确定性,比赛条件随时都在变化,而室内滑冰场的建设却解决了这一问题。室内的诸种条件可以加以控制,使得参赛者可以在同等条件下参加比赛。室内温度可以保持在20华氏度。这一点特别重要:因为温度过低,冰道会生成冰霜,减低滑冰速度且会生成细碎的冰块;温度过高,冰道又会溶化。现在的冰道是用纯水制成的,不会形成软冰;而软冰不能向滑冰者提供足够的阻力。有了这些改进的比赛条件,人们可以预见,不久的将来人们将会创造出速度滑冰的新纪录。

- 22. 答案为 B。该题测试考生理解全文概括主要内容的能力。
- 23. 答案为 D。该题测试考生的推理判断能力。室内滑冰赛场的建设只是近年来的事情,所以往年的那些参赛者只能在室外参加比赛。
- 24. 答案为 C。该题测试考生理解信息细节并作出判断推理的能力。现在室内冰道的冰是由极其纯净的水制成的,可以理解为是不含矿物质的,因此不会形成软冰;而软冰是不能向比赛者提供所需的阻力的。
- 25. 答案为 B。该题测试考生理解全文作出总结推理的能力。比赛条件的改善,新纪录的创造都说明了比赛者的速度更快了。

#### Section C

美国体育用品生产商锐步公司有望被其德国竞争对手阿迪达斯以 38 亿美元的价格收购。若获得股东们的最终批准,此次收购将更有效地帮助阿迪达斯抗衡领军市场的耐克公司。

阿迪达斯和锐步均是世界最知名的消费品牌,但是一直不敌世界运动服装业霸主 美国耐克公司。这次并购旨在帮助两家公司共同挑战耐克公司。

阿迪达斯董事长赫伯特·海纳认为将世界运动商品业两家最具知名度的公司联合起来是千载难逢的好事情。合并后的锐步仍将拥有独立的身份,保留其品牌名称,公司总部仍然设在美国马萨诸塞州。

扩张后的新公司将占有美国体育用品市场约 20%的份额,并致力于将这两个品牌占领体育用品市场不同的部分。阿迪达斯品牌继续发展竞技性体育用品的研制与生产,而锐步主要面向年轻人,品牌形象更倾向休闲性。

阿迪达斯公司不惜重金邀请大牌明星如英国著名足球运动员大卫·贝克汉姆和 说唱音乐歌后米西·艾略特为其产品做宣传,而锐步则较少使用大牌明星实施其市场 战略。

26. effectively

27. best-known

28. giant

29. intended

30. described

31. sector

32. retaining

33. fifth

- 34. The plan is to focus the two brands on different segments of the market
- 35. while Reebok will be more of a youth and consumer lifestyle brand
- 36. Reebok has a different approach to marketing which makes less use of big name sponsorship

# TEST 2

#### Part I

### **Listening Comprehension**

(35 minutes)

#### Section A

- 1. A) Whether it is necessary for her to write to Mr. Smith.
  - B) Who is going to contact Mr. Smith.
  - C) What they are going to do at the meeting.
  - D) Where they are going to meet Mr. Smith.
- 2. A) The tape was missing.

- B) Paul brought the tape to the party.
- C) The tape had been returned to Jack. D) Paul lent his tape to Jack.

- 3. A) At 1:00.
- B) At 2:00.
- C) Around 3:00.
- D) Around 5:00.
- 4. A) The man is about to board the plane to Los Angeles.
  - B) The man is going to take the next direct flight to San Francisco.
  - C) The man wants to take a non-stop flight to San Francisco.
  - D) The man wants to go to Los Angeles.
- 5. A) The woman has trouble getting along with the professor.
  - B) The woman regrets having taken up much of the professor's time.
  - C) The woman knows the professor has been busy.
  - D) The woman knows the professor has run into trouble.
- 6. A) Because she doesn't want to.
  - B) Because she has to work in a restaurant.
  - C) Because she has to go to another party.
  - D) Because she has dated with her boyfriend.
- 7. A) She is trying to find a good chair.
  - B) She doesn't know where the chair is now.
  - C) She thinks the chair is actually comfortable.

- D) She's never sat in that chair before.
- 8. A) The rose gardens are on the opposite side of the park.
  - B) The roses in the gardens are not the best.
  - C) The rose gardens are on the west side of the park.
  - D) The roses grow outside the park, not inside it.

# Questions 9 to 11 are based on the conversation you have just heard.

- 9. A) Her son.
- B) Her brother.
- C) Her father.
- D) Her nephew.

- 10. A) \$50.
- B) \$30.
- C) \$20.
- D) \$10.

11. A) A chess set.

B) A pen and pencil set.D) A handball set.

- C) A book on athletics.

# Questions 12 to 15 are based on the conversation you have just heard.

12. A) He was crazy.

- 2,
- B) They thought he was dead.D) He fell out of a plane.
- C) He had many broken bones.13. A) On a plane.
- B) On television.

C) On the ground.

- D) In a hospital.
- 14. A) The plane crashed to the ground.
- B) His two parachutes didn't open.
- C) He fell down while walking.
- D) A parachute fell on him.

15. A) He died.

B) He jumped from a plane again.

C) He broke his leg.

D) He went crazy.

#### Section B

#### Passage One

# Questions 16 to 18 are based on the passage you have just heard.

- 16. A) China.
- B) India.
- C) Persia.
- D) Egypt.
- 17. A) The small bowl was put above the large bowl.
  - B) The large bowl was put above the small bowl.
  - C) The small bowl was put inside the large bowl.
  - D) The large bowl consisted of two equal parts.
- 18. A) Horseman.
- B) Drops of water. C) Brass doors.
- D) Metal balls.

#### Passage Two

# Questions 19 to 21 are based on the passage you have just heard.

- 19. A) The excitement of nerve activities in the brain.
  - B) The difference between complex music and simple music.

	C)	C) The effects of music on the results of mat	h tests.			
	D)	D) The classical music and reasoning ability	Y			
20. A) Because it stimulates your nerve activity.						
	B)	B) Because it keeps you calm.	Because it keeps you calm.			
	C)	D) Because it strengthens your memory.				
	D)	D) Because it interferes with your reasoning a	ability.			
21.	A)	Rock music might help improve your math test scores.				
	B)	3) The effects of music on tests do not last lo	ong.			
	C)	2) Listen to music just before you take a test				
	D)	The more you listen to music, the better y	your reasoning ability v	vill be.		
Pas	sage	ge Three				
Que	stio	ions 22 to 25 are based on the passage you ha	ve just heard.			
22.	A)	A) Dangerous. B) Re	elatively harmless.			
	C)	C) Irritating. D) O	penly aggressive.			
23.	<ul><li>A) They are a threat to most forms of living creatures.</li><li>B) They cannot be controlled effectively.</li></ul>					
	C)	) They will be wiped out with male mosquitoes one day from the earth.				
	D)	They are a necessary element in the balance of nature.				
24.	A)	A) High, dry mountains.  B) Ri	vers and oceans.			
	C)	D) Damp, swamp areas.	ountain forests.			
25.	A)	A) The female lives on blood.				
	B)	3) Some mosquitoes favor animal's blood.				
		The fluid she injects carries disease.				
	D)	She drives her snout through the skin.				
Sec	tion	on C				
	Ev	Everybody wants to stay young. But youthful	al innocence only refle	ects the (26)		
		of the "half adult" generation. For ma	any young people, adu	Ithood means		
bei	ıg o	ordinary and (27) under a load of	f onerous responsibiliti	es. "Being an		
		is no fun," said an (28) girl. "Yo				
con	fori	rmist. You wear normal clothes and have	e to think a lot." (3	30)		
spe	akin	ing, adulthood means no more partying, no	easy money, and no (	31)		
glas	ses.	es. An adult is seen largely as someone abl	e and (32)	to take over		
				1 1		

#### 大学英语 4 级考试听力模拟 + 真题

responsibility for his or her life.		
The anxiety of growing up is (33)	_ to the lack of adult role models and a	
break in communications between generati	ons. (34)	
(35)		
	The adoration of youth is also to	
blame. (36) "		
	," a	
sociologist says. No wonder that getting ol	d causes anxiety.	

## Part Answers and Analyses

#### Section A

- 1. 答案为 A。该题测试理解明示信息的能力。双方谈话的主题为"是否有必要写封信给他"。
- 2. 答案为 A。该题测试理解隐含信息的能力。他到处找那盒磁带,但最后还是未能带着磁带出席聚会。由此判断"磁带找不到了"。
- 3. 答案为 C。该题测试捕捉重要信息的能力。男士须在下午第一节课结束(1:00)后再去图书馆学习两小时,故大约要到 3 点才能回家。
- 4. 答案为 D。该题测试理解并把握信息细节的能力。信息细节包括:(1) 男士欲乘下趟班机去洛杉矶;(2) 下趟直飞班机要待两小时后,但如果现在乘机则要在旧金山转机。选项中 A、B、C 项均在地点及转机问题上进行干扰,故最终答案为:"男士欲乘飞机去洛杉矶。"
- 5. 答案为 B。该题测试理解推测言外之意的能力。"I wouldn't have troubled him so much"是虚拟语气,言下之意她对占用教授太多的时间有些抱歉。
- 6. 答案为 B。该题测试理解委婉表达方式的能力。英语晚会将在周六召开,而这位女士需在周末打工,故不能参加。
- 7. 答案为 C。该题测试理解推测言外之意的能力。乍一看,这张椅子坐上去不会令人舒服,但女士却劝说男士何不试一试。这里可以看出,女士与男士的看法正相反。
- 8. 答案为 A。该题测试理解信息细节的能力。男士目前正处于公园西侧,未能找到玫瑰园;而女士认为男士理解有误,重申玫瑰园位于公园东侧。答案应为"位于公园的另一侧"。
- 9. 答案为 D。该题测试理解和记忆信息细节的能力。女士要买一件大约 20 美元的礼

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