



征服 conquer

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研究生入学英语考试 听力理解

世界图书出版公司

征服研究生入学 英语考试听力理解

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听力测试要点与答题技巧

一、简介

教育部从 2002 年在全国硕士研究生入学考试英语(非英语专业)考试(初试)中增加了对考生听力的考查和在复试中增加了对考生口语能力的考查,这标志着考研英语从知识型向应用型的转变。对考生听力考查的核心旨在测试考生理解英语口语的能力。考生不仅应能听懂日常生活中的通知、讲话、一般性谈话或讨论等,还应能听懂所熟悉领域的广播电视节目、讲座、演讲和论述等。根据所听材料,考生应能:

1. 理解主旨要义;
2. 获取事实性的具体信息;
3. 理解明确或隐含表达的概念性含义;
4. 进行有关的判断、推理和引申;
5. 理解说话者的意图、观点或态度。

二、2002 年至 2003 年听力真题分析

部分	年代	题材	体裁	测试要点
A	04	地理(比利时)	说明类短文	具体细节(地理名词、数字、气候)
	03	建筑(博物馆)	说明类短文	具体细节(数字、细节文字)
	02	人物	叙述类短文	具体细节(数字、细节文字)
B	04	个人工作	采访对话	细节,推理(第 10 题)
	03	婚姻	采访对话	细节
	02	个人生活经历	叙述类短文	细节,推理(第 7、9 题)
C	04	科普(新生儿命名)	叙述类短文	细节(第 11、12 题),推理(第 13 题)
		传记	叙述类短文	细节(第 14、15 题),推理(第 16 题)
		人文地理(贝尔法斯特)	说明类短文	细节(第 17、18 题),推理(第 19、20 题)
	03	科普(小憩)	叙述类短文	细节(第 11 题),推理(第 12、13 题)
		人物访谈	采访对话	推理(第 14、15 题),细节(第 16 题)
		文化(公共演讲)	叙述类短文	推理(第 17、19),细节(第 18),主旨大意(第 20 题)
	02	科普(健康)	叙述类短文	推理(第 11、12、13 题)
		科普(攒钱)	叙述类短文	细节(第 15 题),推理(第 14、16 题)
		文化生活(离婚)	采访对话	细节(第 18 题),推理(第 17、19、20 题)

从以上三年真题的分析可以看出听力测试的要点主要集中在以下几方面:

1. 语音:英音(BrE)与美音(AmE)相结合。
2. 题材:听力材料的内容广泛。不仅包括一般日常交流用语,而且囊括了社会



文化的各个方面,如人文地理、个人工作、科普知识、人物传记、婚姻、公共演讲等。

3. 体裁:主要是短文(说明类和叙述类)和采访对话。

4. 测试要点:细节内容和推理能力的考查。A 和 B 节考查泛听,即考查对所听材料的大意的理解,包括 what、who、when、where、how 等信息的接受和理解;而 C 节考查考生对信息细节的理解,属于精听的范畴。特别是 A 节中对数字的考查涉及较广,包括月份、年代、面积、年龄等;C 节中除具体细节题(共 5 题)外,推理题(共 14 题)所占比例较大,即要求考生对所给信息进行区分和辨别。

另外,听力中的推理题,特别是 Part C 中的推理题比重较大。由于短时记忆及答题时间的制约,听力中的推理题并非象阅读中的那样要理解作者深层的隐含之意,它主要是针对材料中的关键语句及关键词的理解。而且,听力中一般不会出现非常复杂的句式结构,但出现结构简单而修饰成分较多的长句还是很常见的,理解的重点仍是关键成分和关键词,特别是包含关键信息的成分和词语,如 who、when、where 等。因此根据三年的真题分析,推理题主要有以下两种形式:

1. 词的不同表达方式:

(1) Moore retired from playing in 1977, and after spending brief periods managing professional soccer teams, he concentrated on developing a sports marketing company and doing media work. (它对应的问题是 After Moore retired from playing, the first thing he did was A. editing Sunday Sport B. working for Capital Radio C. managing professional soccer team D. developing a sports marketing company)

这里 after spending brief periods 与问题中的 the first thing 所指相同,因此 C 正确。

(2) The harbor was improved in the late 18th century and ship-building was begun on a large scale. (它对应的问题是 What happened in Belfast in the late 18th century? A. French refugees arrived. B. The harbor was destroyed. C. Shipbuilding began to flourish. D. The city was taken by the English.)

这里 was begun on a large scale(大规模地开始),即指 flourish(繁荣),C 项的内容。

2. 句义的理解与推理:

(1) I thought I'd do that kind of job to support my writing, day jobs that require no emotional investment beyond eight hours a day, where I wouldn't need to bring work home. (它对应的问题是 Why did Sherman Alexie only take day jobs? A. He could bring unfinished work home. B. He might have time to pursue his interests. C. He might do some evening teaching. D. He could invest more emotion in his family.)

此题的关键是要真正理解这句话的含义,这里的 that kind of job 就是后文提到的 day jobs,而表达因果关系的是一个不定式短语:to support my writing,这与选项 B (He might have time to pursue his interests) 表达同样的意思,因为他的兴趣与爱好就是创作。

(2) Next time you bring your kids in for a checkup, don't be surprised if the doctor asks about their tastes in entertainment. (它对应的问题是 What unusual question may doctors ask when giving kids a checkup next time? A. How much exercise they get every day. B. What



they most worried about. C. How long their parents accompany them daily. D. What entertainment they are interested in.)

这句话理解的要点是 don't be surprised, 即如果医生询问他们对什么娱乐活动感兴趣, 你不必对此感到吃惊。换句话说, 对家长来说, 医生的这种问题是很不正常的, 因此 D 项正确。

三、测试形式与答题技巧

(一) Part A 填充表格

该部分要求考生根据所听到的一段 180 - 220 词的独白或对话, 填充表格中的空白。主要考查考生对特定和具体信息的掌握, 录音播放两遍。其具体测试形式如下 (2003 年真题):

Part A

Directions:

For Questions 1 - 5, you will hear a talk about Boston Museum of Fine Arts. While you listen, fill out the table with the information you have heard. Some of the information has been given to you in the table. Write **only 1 word or number** in each numbered box. You will hear the recording twice. You now have 25 seconds to read the table below. (5 points)

Boston Museum of Fine Arts	
Founded (year)	1870
Opened to the public (year)	<input type="text"/> 1
Moved to the current location (year)	1909
The west wing completed (year)	<input type="text"/> 2
Number of departments	9
The most remarkable department	<input type="text"/> 3
Exhibition space (m ²)	<input type="text"/> 4
Approximate number of visitors (year)	800,000
Programs provided	classes
	lectures
	<input type="text"/> 5
	films

听力原文: Boston Museum of Fine Arts is a privately funded Museum of fine arts. It was founded in 1870 and **opened to the public in 1876**. Originally housed in Coply Square, the museum moved in 1909 to its current location in another district in Boston. The building was designed by an American Architect Guy Lough and features a grand dome, with ceiling paintings by the American painter John Singa Sageont. The most recent addition to the building is its **west wing** designed by a Chinese-American Architect and **completed in 1981**. The museum is



divided into nine departments, including classical, ancient Egyptian, decorative arts and sculpture, paintings, contemporary, and **the most remarkable one—textiles**. The collections range from ancient history to the present and include such pieces as the silver liberty bow, portraits of George Washington and Martha Washington, painted by Gilbert Charles Stewart and a number of works by French painter Carl Manet. **The gallery's exhibition space is 19,137m²**. About 800,000 people visit the museum each year. In addition to its galleries, collections and traveling exhibitions, **the museum provides programs that include classes, lectures, concerts and films** for adults, children and families. (黑体为与问题对应的答案所在)

该部分将听力材料中的细节内容进行归类——三个主要地区、纬度、气候、雨季、气温,并对具体信息留作空格,要求考生用原文听到的词语准确填写到相应的位置中。这就要求考生不仅能准确理解听力材料的具体细节,而且能准确记录数字和拼写单词。因此答题时应注意以下几点:

1. 利用所给的 25 秒仔细阅读表格,明确所要填充的内容(如具体数字或细节),以确定精听的中心。
2. 边听边记。在相应的空格边记录所听要点。特别是当听力材料中不断出现数字时,要明确所填数字的所指内容而要排除其它数字的干扰。对细节文字的填充,应简化单词拼写,如只写其前几个字母,为后面所听内容节留时间。
3. 第二次听录音时,尽量补充未填内容,并对已填内容进行确认。
4. 检查,特别是单词拼写的检查。

(二)Part B 补全句子/简答题

该部分要求考生根据所听到的一段 280 – 320 词的独白或对话,补全所给句子或简要回答所给的问题。其主要测试考生理解具体或总体信息的能力。录音材料播放两遍。具体测试形式如下(2004 年真题):

Part B

Directions:

For Questions 6 – 10. you will hear an interview with Mr. Saffo from the Institute for the Future. While you listen, complete the sentences or answer the questions. Use **not more than 3 words** for each answer. You will hear the recording twice. You now have 25 seconds to read the sentences and questions below. (5 points)

What is Saffo doing according to himself?

6

The Institute for the Future provides services to private companies and

7

The Institute believes that to think systematically about the long-range future is

8



To succeed in anything, one should be flexible, curious and

	9
--	---

What does Saffo consider to be essential to the work of a team?

	10
--	----

听力原文:

W: Mr. Saffo you've been called the futurist. But you say you hate that term. Talk about that.

M: Mm... I dislike the term because it's not an accurate description of what I do. For me, futurists are people who're excited about the future. They usually have an agenda of some sort. But what I am is something more boring. That is, I just forecast, I don't predict. **I am a technology forecaster.** And I spend most of my time looking at electronic technologies. So I'm looking at information technology very largely, and typically out 5 to 10 years, sometimes as long as 30 years, depending on the project.

W: Who pays you to do this? Do you work for companies who need this information?

M: The Institute for the Future is a non-profit foundation **that does work for private companies and government agencies.** A whole variety of different folks pay us to help them understand things. And we also do free work. Being a non-profit foundation, our basic mission is to encourage people to think systematically about the long-range future. The heart of what we try to do is convince people that **it is a meaningful exercise to think systematically about the long-range future.**

W: What are the personal qualities that make you good at what you do?

M: Mm, curiosity, er what else? Being flexible. Because forecasting is really nothing more than applied common sense. **The same qualities that make for a good forecaster are the same qualities that make one successful in anything: being flexible, being curious and being open to change.**

W: You've mentioned that your organization wants to stay small. Why?

M: It has to do with community. **Our unit of work is the team and you need to have high levels of trust and cooperation among team members.** People need to really like and trust each other.

该部分将句子的一部分或问题已明确给出,要求考生用最简短的语言给出答案,并注意时态、语态、人称及性数的一致。该形式需考生在听懂全文主旨要意的同时把握特定的具体信息。因此答题时应注意以下几点:

1. 快速阅读并理解问题。通过所给问题预测所听材料的大致内容。同时注意明晰各句的关键词,以便于重点精听。

2. 听第一遍时,在掌握听力材料要点的同时,搜索所列 5 句的关键词,并在相关题目旁做记录。





3. 听第二遍时,要有目的地确认不太有把握的信息,补充第一遍漏听的信息。同时尽量用录音中的词语。

4. 填写检查,根据已有记录和记忆中的信息,填写答案。同时注意单词的时态、性数以及拼写。而且答案最多不能超过3个单词。

(三)Part C 单项选择题

该部分要求考生根据所听到的三段录音材料(独白或对话,每段200-300字),从每题所给的四个选项中选出最佳答案。主要测试考生获取特定或具体信息、理解主旨要义、推理辨别作者意图、观点、态度等的综合能力,而且录音材料只播放一遍,所以难度最大。其测试形式如下(2004年真题):

Part C

Directions:

You will hear three pieces of recorded material. Before listening to each one, you will have time to read the questions related to it. While listening, answer each question by choosing A, B, C or D. After listening, you will have time to check your answers. You will hear each piece once only. (10 points)

Questions 14 - 16 are based on the biography of Bobby Moore, an English soccer player. You now have 15 seconds to read Questions 14 - 16.

14. How many matches did Moore play during his professional career?
(A) 90 (B) 108 (C) 180 (D) 668
15. In 1964, Bobby Moore was made _____.
(A) England's footballer of the year.
(B) a soccer coach in West Germany.
(C) a medalist for his sportsmanship.
(D) a number of the order of the British Empire.
16. After Moore retired from playing, the first thing he did was _____.
(A) editing Sunday Sport.
(B) working for Capital Radio.
(C) managing professional soccer teams.
(D) developing a sports marketing company.

听力原文:

Bobby Moore was a famous English soccer player who led the England team to victory against West Germany in the 1966 World Cup Final. As a superb defender, Moore played a hundred and eight games for England's national team from 1962 to 1970 and was captain 90 times. His professional soccer career spans 19 years and **668 matches**, a record with no match so far in England. Moore was born in Barking, East London, in 1941. His full name was Robert Frederick Moore. He began playing club soccer in the early 1960s. **He was named**



England's footballer of the year from 1963 to 1964. Moore was known for his sportsmanship on the field. He was not inclined towards wild celebration of goals. In 1967, he was made a member of the order of the British Empire. **Moore retired from playing in 1977, and after spending brief periods managing professional soccer teams,** he concentrated on developing a sports marketing company and doing media work. He was sports editor of Sunday Sport from 1986 to 1990 and a regular commentator for London's Capital Radio Station from 1990 to 1993. After Moore was diagnosed with cancer, he went public with his battle in 1991 and continued to work until his death in 1993.

· 该部分除了具体细节内容的掌握,而且强调考查考生的推理能力。因此应注意以下几点:

1. 阅读问题,注意抓住关键词,如上例中的 How many matches, 1964, the first thing.
2. 注意力集中,针对各题的关键词边听边在选项周围做记录。
3. 根据记录 and 短时记忆,确定选项。

考研听力的这三部分需要考生具备良好的语言知识基本功:扎实的词汇(精通单词的发音、拼写、词义、用法)、语法、阅读能力和文化背景知识。另外,由于听力题材广泛,考生应熟悉英美等国的地理、历史、文化习俗及政治制度的文化背景知识。如果听力材料是考生所熟悉的人物和事件,他听起来就比较容易,答题的准确率自然会提高。另一方面,听力对考生的短时记忆能力要求较高,特别是在 C 节中。因此考生在进行听力练习时侧重精听:重复听而不要看文字材料,边听边记录文章的大意和一些重要信息,直到完全理解。



Unit One Happiness and Unhappiness

No.1

Directions:

You will hear 5 conversations or talks. While you listen, fill out the table with the information you've heard. Write **only 1 word or number** in each numbered box. You will hear the recording twice. You will be given some time to read each table before the recording begins.*

1. You will hear an interview to a musician.

The musician has been planning to go to China for a long time.	10 years ago	
Now, the musician's feeling		1
He has visited 2 cities already.	Shanghai and	2
In Shanghai, he went shopping.	A camera	3
He went to Hong Kong	years ago	4
The only Chinese musician he's worked with	Andy Lau	
He was compared with Richard Clayderman	From	5

2. You will hear a radio interview between the reporter and the climatologist.

A large piece of the Larsen Ice shelf in Western Antarctica broke off.		In early	1
The area of the broken off		1,000 miles	2
Some scientists believe that this is a sign of		global	3
Back in	4	It had been predicted by some American researchers	
The world's oceans could rise as much as		feet	5

3. You will hear a museum guide talk about native American pottery.

The place where the ancient pottery was made	In America	1
The time that Hohokam people lived in	300BC to	2
Material used for making pottery		3
Function	for food and water	4
Paintings' color	with design	5

4. You will hear talk being given to college campus.

Your club invited me to share my	collection	1
It's been my passion since		2
Lincoln pennies are made of		3



Unit One Happiness and Unhappiness

Before that, the penny had an American	head on it	4
When did the country celebrate the centennial Lincoln's birth?		5

5. You will hear a conversation about another culture.

Nation		Turkey	
People in Turkey		and	1 2
Food			3
Turkey custom		It's to leave some food on your plate to show you are full.	4
In	5	You'd better eat everything to show you like it very much.	

No.2

Directions:

In this part, you will hear 5 conversations or talks. While you listen, complete the sentences or answer the questions. Use **not more than 3 words** for each answer. You will hear the recording twice.

6. You will hear a man who is interviewing an ex-student of the college.

What did the woman originally desire to do?		1
What's the woman's job at present?		2
What kind of cereal is considered bad for teeth?		3
"Cheerios" contain many nutrients that do not cause		4
In the future the woman may return to her own country and		5

7. You will hear a conversation about wild animals.

The man stopped Ann to talk about		1
It turns out that some of the herds are infected		2
The diseases began to spread to the		3
Some of the ranches even want to destroy		4
In all, the buffalo population is		5

8. You will hear a lecture about music.

In our last class we were discussing big bands		1
Now, bebop may use all sorts of new		2
Bebop arose and started becoming so popular was from		3





Unit One Happiness and Unhappiness

- | | | |
|--|--|---|
| During the Great Depression, the economy | | 4 |
| To avoid the new tax, some jazz bands stop | | 5 |
9. You will hear a conversation about a new technology.
- | | | |
|---|--|---|
| Jim is working on a report on energy resources for | | 1 |
| Prof. Collins was telling us about a new way of getting fuel oil from | | 2 |
| Prof. Collins said something about coal being set on fire and blasted with a mixture of | | 3 |
| First, they have to add some extra hydrogen | | 4 |
| Collins said something about the process not be economically | | 5 |
10. You will hear a man who is interviewing an ex-student of the college.
- | | | |
|---|--|---|
| What's the most important for promotion-oriented students? | | 1 |
| Why do people who want to use their minds more attend the course? | | 2 |
| What's the requirement for the vocational course content? | | 3 |
| The length of a course depends on whether you | | 4 |
| You are expected to do homework if you study | | 5 |



Unit Two Apology and Regret

No.1

Directions:

You will hear 5 conversations or talks. While you listen, fill out the table with the information you've heard. Write **only 1 word or number** in each numbered box. You will hear the recording twice. You will be given some time to read each table before the recording begins.

1. You will hear a conversation between two friends.

Two friends who are discussing a problem		
David is having apartment trouble with the		1
David and her roommate are planning to talk to		2
Nanny can help her because he knew some		3
When did Nanny and David move into the apartment		4
They are supposed to meet with owner tomorrow night at		5

2. You will hear a conversation between two college students.

	The man		The woman	
Whether go home	Still	1	Yes	
Ways to go home	Drive or take the	2	By	3
About family	children	4	6 children	
Cooking meal for mother	loves			5

3. You will hear a conversation about food.

Talk about food served in the cafeteria		
One speaker is studying		1
Whom does the speaker want to attract?		2
The speaker likes to hear		3
The students always complain about		4
The man suggest the cafeteria makes meal with less		5



Unit Two Apology and Regret

4. You will hear a conversation about job-hunting.

Two students' conversation about summer job		
The woman said she had a mixed		1
The woman's job is training baby		
To prepare endangered species for life in the wild is the goal of		3
What animals are the familiar example of endangered species they mentioned?	and pandas	4
We know the chicks copied what the puppets		5

5. You will hear a conversation talking about New Zealand.

Advantages of living place	1. Much space	1
	2. Beautiful	2
	3. The beaches only minutes away	3
People		4
Way of life		5

No.2

Directions:

In this part, you will hear 5 conversations or talks. While you listen, complete the sentences or answer the questions. Use **not more than 3 words** for each answer. You will hear the recording twice.

6. Your will hear a conversation between a man and a woman.

Last week, the woman met		1
found all these mistakes in		2
I was so caught up in the performance that I never even looked at		3
When I met her I show her the mistakes		4
Barbara said she would revise it for the		5

7. You will hear a short story.

Which was the speaker's favorite lecture?		1
How did Paul Reverse do to earn a living?		2
Where was the Old North Church located?		3
Reverse realized that the British will attack by		4
In what year was the first battle of the revolution fought?		5



8. You will hear a conversation between a man and a woman.

The clerk told me I could register any time during

	1
--	---

She said I just had to pay

	2
--	---

They don't have

	3
--	---

I don't drive so I don't have a

	4
--	---

I'm afraid she gave you the

	5
--	---

9. You will hear an interview with a sociologist about job stereotypes.

According to the sociologist, there is evidence that

	1
--	---

Children may avoid certain careers because they have

In the survey, what the investigators wanted to get

	2
--	---

was the children's

Besides physicists, lawyer, engineers, sales representatives and estate agents, what other professions are also investigated?

	3
--	---

The vast majority of children thought engineering

	4
--	---

was a

When asked about how they imagined the engineer

	5
--	---

as a person, the majority of children chose

10. You will hear a talk about B.F. Skinner, a famous psychologist.

Skinner's father was a lawyer and hoped that his son

	1
--	---

would

Skinner graduated from Hamilton College with a B.

	2
--	---

A. in

When Skinner was working on the graduate program

	3
--	---

at Harvard, he studied long hours and avoided most entertainment, and he lived the life of

What did he work as at Harvard from 1931 to

	4
--	---

1936?

What did he publish in 1957?

	5
--	---



Unit Three Complaints and Preference

No.1

Directions:

You will hear 5 conversations or talks. While you listen, fill out the table with the information you've heard. Write **only 1 word or number** in each numbered box. You will hear the recording twice. You will be given some time to read each table before the recording begins.

1. You will hear a conversation between a man and a woman.

The conversation took place in the student recreation		
The woman plans to spend her evening by learning how to play		1
In the bridge, the dummy should probably watch her		3
The man told the woman that bridge is habit		4
The woman said she only play Thursdays after		5

2. You will hear a conversation about health.

No.1	Smoke less than cigarettes a day.	1
No.2	Have a at your doctor's office at least once a year.	2
No.4	Sleep more than 5 hours	
No.5	Exercise for 20 minutes at least 3 times a	3
No.6	Move to a town	4
No.7	Work less than 10 hours a day	
No.8	more	5

3. You will hear an introduction on dancing art.

I understand your troupe performs		1
Another is the grass dance, performed by the		2
Everything we do has been approved by the elders of our		3
Our explanations show that dance is ritual rather than		4
We are not performing any dances used for secret		5

4. You will hear a conversation concerning with suicide problem in China.

The highest suicide levels countries	Russia, Latvia, Romania, Hungary
Suicide rate in U.S	11 per hundred thousand
Suicide rate in Britain	12 per hundred thousand
Suicide rate in China	23 per hundred thousand
	Rural area is high.