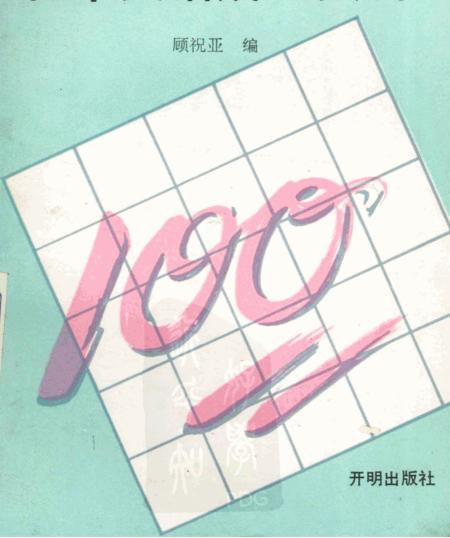
ENGLISH

初中英语成绩预测



初中英语成绩预测

主编: 顾祝亚

编委:王学辛 陈石红 杨建光

开 明 出 版 社

(京) 新登字 104 号

初中英语成绩预测

顾祝亚 主编

开明出版社出版发行 (北京海淀区车道沟八号) 新华书店北京发行所经销 航天科技情报所印刷厂印刷

开本: 787×1092 1/32 印张: 5 字数: 107 于
1993年4月北京第1版 1993年4月第1次印刷
印数: 0.001-6,000册
ISBN 7-80077-534-8/G・363 定价: 2.95 元

编者的话

《初中英语成绩预测》一书根据全国各地的中考要求编着,是各地初中三年级学生参加中考前预测学习成绩,及时发现 解决问题、巩固知识、提高中考成绩的最佳助考证是被三英语教师了解学生学习情况,及时有的放矢地调整复习,提高复习效率的教学辅导书。

本书侧重对初中英语第五册内容的考查,同时兼顾第一 ~四册、第六册内容的考查。全书包含全国各地中考的主要 题型,难易度适当。试题 90%为标准化题型。全书共设中考 成绩预测试题九套。每套试题分为两大部分:第一部分为 毕业成绩预测试题,侧重考查学生的基础知识和基本技能。这 一部分实际得分乘以 2 可视为学生的毕业成绩。第二部分侧 重考查学生的综合应用能力,第一部分和第二部分合起来为 升学成绩预测试题,两部分实得成绩相加可视为学生升学成 绩。

因有些地区中考要求考听力,所以本书每套测试题中均 有听力测试题 10 小题。听力测试的录音用文字材料在附录二 中,供教师在测试前录音用,每小题均以慢速灌音两遍,测 试时用录音机在考场内放音。

本书测试题上不得答题。学生在测试前应先将试题后的 答题纸裁下,直接在答题纸上答题,以便教师批阅。
> 编 者 1993年1月

此为试读。需要完整PDF请访问:www.ertonghook

目 录

测试题(1))
測试题二(16))
测试题三 (30))
测试题四 (45))
测试题五 (58))
测试 题六 (72))
测试题七 (87))
测试题八(102))
测试题九(117))
附录一 参考答案)
附录二 听力测试录音材料(143))

测 试 题 (一)

第一部分

I. 单词辨音(找出下列各组单词中划线字母发音					
与众不同的那个单词。本大题共 5 分)					
	1. A. bat	B. camel	C. rank	D. place	e
	2. A. print	B. since	C. while	D. thick	(
	3. A. front	B. worry	C. body	D. won	
, ,	4. A. judge	B. gun	C. huge	D. rush	
	5. A. nearby	B. search	C. fear	D. hear	
	6. A. cow	B. now	C. low	D. how	•
	7. A. th <u>ey</u>	B. valley	C. monkey	D. volle	yball
	8. A. field	B. friend	C. believe	D. thief	
	9. A. mirror	B. forty	C. north	D. impo	rtant
	10. A. desert	B. else	C. rise	D. refus	e
٠	Ⅱ.单词	拼写(本)	大题分Ⅰ、	『两部名) , 共10分)
• I·单词拼写(本大题分I、I两部分,共10分) (I)选择答案完成单词拼写					
	1. gen1	A. are	B. era	C. er	D. re
	2. washing	A. tn	B. ten	C. ton	D. tan
	3. strt	A. ai	B. a	C. eigh	D. aigh
	4. p rami	d A v	D:		

5. i	diately	A. me	B. mee	C. mme	D. mmee
6. f	or	A. ing	B. eign	C. eing	D. gnei
7. c	cortly	A. rec	B. ec	C. ek	D. rac
8. r	mment	A. oun	B. nou	C. nuo	D. onu
	r sure				
	v table				
(I)按括号内	的要求写	出所给单	词的相应	形式
	wenty(序数				
	fool(形容词			s (反义词	
	hide(过去式			ak(过去分	分词)
	terrible (副词			aw(名词)
	whether (同			range (比\$	校级)
	■.词语释义(在 I 栏中找出 I 栏中各词语的释义。 本大题共5分)				
	(1)		(I)	
1.	Sunday	A. bec	ome a men	nber of	
2.	join	B. perl	naps		
3.	maybe	C. go	down		
4.	repeat	D. at 1	last		
5.	day and nigh	t E. not	able to see	:	
6.	finally	F. be	afraid		
` 7.	blind	G. go	to see som	place	
.8.	fear	H. all	the time		
9.	visit	I. the	first day o	f the week	:
11	0. sink	J. sav	again		

- N. 句型转换(按要求完成句子改写,每格一词。本大题共12分)
 - 1. He has lunch at school, too. (改为否定句) He (1) (2) lunch at school, (3).
 - 2. There is something wrong in today's paper. (改为一般疑问句)
 - (4) there (5) wrong in today's newspaper?
 - 3. Tom didn't go to school yesterday because he was ill. (对划 线部分提问)
 - (6) (7) Tom go to school yesterday?
 - 4. Mike hopes to <u>travel to the moon</u> by spaceship. (对划线部分提问)
 - (8) (9) Mike hope to (10) by spaceship?
 - 5. "Don't follow me, Joan," said Rose. (改为间接引语) Rose (11) Joan (12) (13) follow her.
 - 6. "Have you been to Beijing?" Mary said to John. (改为间接引语)

Mary asked John (14) he (15) been to Beijing.

7. The famous writer will give us a talk tomorrow. (改为被动语态)

A talk will be (16) (17) us by the famous writer tomorrow.

- 8. Did the professor fill the cup with the vinegar? (改为被动 语态)
 - (18) the cup (19) with the vinegar by the professor?
- 9. The door is so small that the elephant can't go through. (改 句型不改原意)

The door is (20) small (21) the elephant (22) go
through.
10. It took him half an hour to work out the problem. (改句
型不改原意)
He (23) half an hour (24) out the problem.
V.选择填空 (本大题共10分)
1. He was bornthe morning of March 1, 1970.
A. in B. at C. on D. of
2. I have never seenbeautiful coat.
A. so B. such C. so a D. such a
3. What's the difference the two words?
A. among B. during C. with D. between
4. Can you tell me when the train willthere?
A. arrive in B. reach C. get to D. reach at
5. It's warm today. Ask your younger sister nother
coat.
A. take off B. to take off C. put on D. to put on
6. This coat is too small. Give meone.
A. more B. other C. the other D. another
7. In the old days my grandpa was made12 or 13
hours a day.
A. work B. worked C. to work D. working
8. When I went to see him, I saw him the violin.
A. play B. to play C. playing D. was playing
9. Look, a group ofare playing football.
A. child B. children C. girl D. boy ,

10. He said Wuxi the east of South China.
A. lies to B. lay in C. lies in D. lay to
11. Ask him his books here tomorrow.
A. take B. to take C. bring D. to bring
12. his surprise, the womana baby is his moth-
er.
A. To, and B. With, to C. To, with D. With, has
13. The Great Wall more than 2000 years old.
A. is B. be C. has D. was
14. Something is wrong with my watch. I'll have it
. soon.
A. repair B. to repair C. repairing D. repaired
15. He has beenfor five years.
A. in prison B. in the prison C. on prison D. at the
prison
16. The stone hit the dog
A. in the head B. on the head
C. in its head D. on its head
17. He had a good rest today,?
A. had he B. hadn't he C. did he D. didn't he
18. The policemen from the police.
A. set free Bob B. seted free Bob
C. set Bob free D. seted Bob free
19. Can you tell me?
A. where does he live B. where he lives
C. where he does live D. he lives where
20. "How do you do?" "

- A. How do you do?
- C. Sorry.

- B. Thank you.
- D. How are you.

VI. 句子翻译 (本大题分 I、 I 两部分, 共8分)

- (1) 根据汉语选择正确译句 (每小题1分)
 - 1. 当孩子们看见猴子的时候, 高兴得跳了起来。
 - A. When the children saw the monkeys, they couldn't help jump with joy.
 - B. When the children saw the monkeys, they can't help jumping with joy.
 - C. When the children saw the monkeys, they couldn't help jumping with joy.
 - 2. 他的同学常帮助他复习功课。
 - A. His classmates often help him with his lessons.
 - B. His classmates often help him do his lessons.
 - C. His classmates often help him go over his lessons.
 - 3. 他不再是个小偷,而是一个诚实的人。
 - A. He is no longer a thief, but an honest man.
 - B. He is not a thief again, but is an honest man.
 - C. He is not a thief any longer, but a honest man.
- (1)根据汉语完成句子英译,每格一词(每格0.5分)
 - 1. 这些问题与功课无关。

These questions (1) (2) to do with lessons.

2. 玛丽和杰克都对英语感兴趣。

Both Mary and Jack (3) interested (4) English.

- 3. 我每天都是做完了功课才睡觉的。
 - I (5) go to bed (6) I finish doing my homework every

day.

4. 老师把我们当作自己的亲生儿女。

The teacher (7) on us (8) her own sons and daughters.

5. 这报告值得听。

This talk is well (9) (10).

第二部分

I. 听力测试 (本大题共10分)

- 1. 找出你所听到的那个词组
 - A. the white wall B. the white girl C. the right ball
- 2. 找出你所听到的那个句子
 - A. They were planting when I saw them.
 - B. They were printing when I saw them.
 - C. They were playing when I saw them.
- 3. 找出能替换你所听到的内容的那个句子
 - A. The Englishman knows both English and Chinese.
 - B. The Englishman knows not Chinese but English.
 - C. The Englishman knows neither Chinese nor English.
- 4. 根据你所听到的内容,选择正确答案
 - A. In Sweden. B. In America. C. In England.
- 5. 根据你所听到的内容,选择正确答案
 - A. On October 1, 1949. B. On August 1, 1927.
 - C. On July 1, 1921.
- 6. 根据你所听到的问题,选择正确答案
 - A. Excuse me. B. Please. C. Thank you.
- 7. 根据你所听到的内容,选择正确答案

A. The cinema. B. The shop. C. The library.
8. 根据你所听到的内容,选择正确答案
A. At 7:00. B. At 7:20. C. At 6:40.
9. 根据你所听到的内容,选择正确答案
A. Tom. B. Jack.
C. Bob.
10. 根据你所听到的内容,选择正确答案
From the dialogue, we can see that
A. They are going to the People's Park by bike on
Sunday.
B. They are going to the People's Park by train on
Sunday.
C. They are going to the People's Park by bus on
Sunday.
Ⅱ. 动词填空 (用括号内给出的动词的正确时态和
语态填空。本大题共10分)
1. The earth (move) around the sun.
2. We (watch) TV this time yesterday evening.
3. There (be) a tennis match tomorrow, isn't there?
4. The work (must finish) by Friday this week.
5. The vegetables (eat) by the sheep now. Drive them
off.
6. When I entered the college, Professor Zhang
(teach) there for over twenty years.
7. The teacher wasn't satisfied with what I (do) .
8. He said he (remember) the trip to Beijing forever.

9. Joan (study) Chinese since she came to China.
10. He told me a big building (put) up in my home-
town the next year.
Ⅱ.改正错句(下列各句各重一处划线量分错误,找
出并改正。本大题共10分)
1. $\frac{I'11}{A}$ go to see him if $\frac{1}{C}$ will be free tomorrow.
2. Peter said he often heard her to sing in her classroom. $ \frac{A}{A} $
3. What happened $\frac{\text{for him}}{A}$ $\frac{\text{on earth}}{B}$ $\frac{\text{that day?}}{C}$
4. The question is very difficult. Let me think over it. \overline{D}
5. They were very surprise to learn that Tom had passed the $\frac{A}{A}$
$\frac{\text{final}}{D}$ test.
6. $\frac{\text{His}}{A}$ daughter, a doctor, asked him $\frac{\text{to give up smoking}}{B}$
$\frac{\text{but}}{C}$ he didn't agree her.
7. Tom or his sister $\frac{\text{are}}{A}$ going $\frac{\text{to visit}}{B}$ $\frac{\text{the}}{C}$ Great Wall
sometime next week.
8. The students $\frac{\text{thought}}{A}$ that $\frac{\text{the}}{B}$ mixture $\frac{\text{must taste}}{C}$ $\frac{\text{horribly.}}{D}$
9. Though it is raining $\frac{\text{hard}}{B}$, but the peasants are $\frac{\text{still}}{C}$
• 9 •

working in the fields.

10. Most of work in these workshops are done by robots.

Ⅳ. 完形填空 (先通读下面短文,了解其大意,然 后选择答案填空。本大题共10分)

(1) years ago there was a very clever king called Solomon.

Once (2) two women. They lived in the same house, and they each had a baby. The babies were of the same age. One night one of the babies (3), and its mother took (4) woman's baby, and put it in her own bed.

The next morning they had a quarrel (争吵), "No, this is my child, the (5) one is yours," said one of them.

Each one wanted (6) baby. So they went to see King Solomon.

When King Solomon heard their story, he said, "(7) me a knife. Cut the child into two, and give each woman one half."

"Thant's very fair. (8) clever king you are!" said the dead baby's mother.

"Give her my child. Let it (9), but don't kill the child, Oh, King!" cried the other woman in tears.

Then King Solomon pointed (指着) to the woman in tears, and said, "Give the child to her for (10) its mother."

1. A. Thousands of

B. Thousand of C. Thousands

2. A. there are

B. there were

C. they were

3. A. had died

B. died

C. dead

4. A. the other	B. other	C. another
5. A. die	B. death	C. dead
6. A. the dead	B. the living	C. the dying
7. A. Take	B. Bring	C. Show
8. A. What	B. How	C. What a
9. A. be her	B. is hers	C. be hers
10. A. she is	B. she was	C. she will be

V.阅读理解(阅读全文后,根据短文选择答案。本 大题共10分)

There was once a king. He loved his wife very much. When he saw that she was bad, he killed her. "All women are bad," he said, "I shall punish (惩罚) them." He took a new wife each day. After one day's marriage (结婚), he cut off her head and married again. This went on for some time. All the people in the country were unhappy. Now the king had a minister (大臣). He had two beautiful daughters. The elder of the two decided that she would try to make the king change his mind.

She went to her father and said, "Father, I want to marry the king. Please go and tell him."

The king was pleased when the minister told him about that. The marriage took place at once. After the wedding (婚礼) the new queen said, "I am going to die tomorrow. Would you please let me have my sister with me for a short time?"

The king said OK and her sister came. The new queen had told her sister what to do and she knew what to say. She waited for night—time. Then she said, "The king can't sleep. Why don't you