1997年全国硕士研究生入学考试

英语考试大纲

(非英语专业)

中华人民共和国国家教育委员会制订

高等教育出版社

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英语考试大纲修订说明

硕士研究生入学考试英语考试大纲自 1994 年进行修订后,两年的考生成绩起伏较大。一方面原因是考试题型及其比例变动后,命题人员对有关题目的客观难度控制不当;另一方面也与近两年考生生源变化较大,特别是在职考生增加较多,考生总体水平不稳定有关。

针对上述情况并在保持考试题型及其比例不变的前提下,这次修订的重点是根据近两年考试的统计数据制定了"试卷示例",以便向有关人员提供一个可参照的该考试试卷难度的客观标准,使命题、教学辅导、考前准备和考后评价的各方都有所遵循。

为改善试卷标准差、提高试题区分度,以便更有利于硕士研究生的选拔和录取工作,在制定"试卷示例"时,压缩了较难和较易题目的比例,相应增加了中等难度题目的比例。

此外,考虑到公外英语教学的特点和考生今后学习、工作的实际需要,这次修订在增加阅读理解部分阅读量的同时,也适当降低了其它有关题目的难度。

编 者 1995 年 6 月 Ž

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考试说明

全国硕士研究生入学考试是为高等学校招收研究生而设置的。其中,英语实行全国统一考试。它的评价标准是高等学校优秀本科毕业生能达到的及格或及格以上水平,以保证被录取者具有一定的英语水平,有利于各高等学校在专业上择优选拔。

考试对象为 1996 年参加全国硕士研究生入学考试的本 科应届毕业生,以及符合报考条件的具有同等学力的在职人 员。

本考试对课程和教材不作统一规定;凡符合下列评价目标的课程及教材都适于考生的应考复习。

一、评价目标

考生应掌握下列语言知识和技能:

(一) 词汇

考试所涉及的词汇、短语主要限于本大纲附表。

- 1. 熟练掌握 3200 个左右常用词汇及短语;
- 2. 认知 2000 个左右次常用词汇及短语。

(二) 语法

- I. 词法
- 1. 动词的时态、语态、语气及情态动词、非限定动词的用 法;
 - 2. 名词、形容词和副词的用法;
 - 3. 介词、连词和代词的用法。

Ⅰ. 句法

简单句、并列句和复合句的结构及用法。

(三) 阅读理解能力

考生应能综合运用英语语言知识和阅读技能来理解英语 书面材料。能以每分钟 60 词的速度阅读各种题材(社会生活、 人物传记、科普、史地、政治、经济等)和体裁(议论文、记叙文、 说明文、应用文等)的文字材料。

- 1. 掌握所读材料的主旨和大意;
 - 2. 了解用以阐述主旨的事实和有关细节;
- · 3. 根据上下文判断大纲附表以外的某些词汇和短语的 意义;
 - 4. 既理解单句的意义,也理解上下句之间的逻辑关系;
 - 5. 根据所读材料进行一定的判断、推理和引申; *
 - 6. 领会作者的观点和态度;
 - 7. 正确理解英语原文并用汉语表达原文所述内容。

(四) 书面表达能力

- 1. 根据所给题目或素材写出叙述、说明或议论性的短文;
 - 2. 语言比较规范,条理清楚。

二、试卷结构及考试形式

试题为主、客观混合型。客观题得分占总分的 70%,主观题得分占总分的 30%。本试卷共分五部分,76 题。答题时间 180 分钟。

第一部分:语法结构与词汇

40 小题,每小题 0.5 分,共 20 分。

题目分三节:

A 节:语法填空,10 题,5 分,每题为一个或二个句子,其中留有一个空白处,要求考生从所给的四个选择项中选出一个最佳答案;

B节:语法辨错,10题,5分,每题为一个或二个句子,有四个划线部分,其中一处是错误的,要求考生将错误项选出;

C节:词语填空,20题,10分,每题为一个或二个句子,其中留有一个空白处,要求考生从所给的四个选择项中选出一个最佳答案。

第二部分:完形填空

10 小题,每题 1 分,共 10 分。

在一篇短文中,有10处空白,每个空白为一小题。每题有四个选择项,要求考生在理解文章的基础上,选择一个最佳答案,使短文的内容和结构完整、合理。

第三部分:阅读理解

20 小颗,每小颗 2 分,共 40 分。

阅读五篇左右的短文,阅读量为 2000~2500 词。每篇短 文后有 3~5 道选择题,共计 20 题。考生应根据短文内容从各 题的四个选择项中选出一个最佳答案。

第四部分:英译汉

5 小题,每题 3 分,共 15 分。

在一篇短文中有五个划线部分,考生应根据上下文将各划线部分译成汉语。要求内容准确、完整、语言明白。

第五部分:短文写作

1题,15分。

考生应根据题目以及写作提纲或规定情景、图表等写出 不少于 120 词的短文。要求内容切题,表达清楚,意义连贯,语 言比较规范。

三、试卷题量、计分和答题参考时间

題号	内 容	题量	计分(百分比)	时间(分钟)
I	语法结构与词汇	40	20	35
/I	完形填空	10	10	15
I	阅读理解	20	40	60
IV	英译汉	5	15	30
V	短文写作	1	15	40
总计		76	100	180

附录 1 攻读硕士学位研究生入学考试 英语试卷示例、答题纸、参考答案

1. 攻读硕士学位研究生入学考试英语试卷示例

(注意:答案必须写在答题纸上)

Part I Structure and Vocabulary

Section A

~ :		
Direc	tions	٠

Beneath each of the following sentences, there are four choices marked A, B, C, and D. Choose the one that best completes the sentence. Mark your answer on the ANSWER SHEET by blackening the corresponding letter in the brackets. (5 points)

Example:

[A] shall stay

I have been to	the Great Wal	ll three times	1979.
[A] from	[B] after	[C] for	[D] since
The sentence sho	ould read, "I	have been to	the Great Wall
hree times since	1979. "Theref	lore,you shoul	d choose D.
		Sample A	nswer
		[A][B][C][●]
l. By the time yo	ou arrive in Lo	ondon, we	in Europe
for two weeks	_	•	

[B] have stayed

[C] will have stayed	[D] have been staying
2. I appreciated the	opportunity to study abroad
two years ago.	· •
[A] having been given	[B] having given
[C] to have been given	[D] to have given
3. Living in the central Austr	alian desert has its problems,
obtaining water is	s not the least.
[A] of which	[B] for what
[C] as	[D] whose
4. The heart is into	•
they are both controlled by	the brain.
[A] not so	[B] not much
[C] much more	[D] no more
5 the fact that his	initial experiments had failed,
Prof. White persisted in his	research.
	[B] As to
[C] In spite of	[D] In view of
6. Jean Wagner's most endu	ring contribution to the study
•	his insistence that it
in a religious, as well as wo	orldly, frame of reference.
[A] is to be analyzed [
	[D] should have been analyzed
	s involved, had they been done
by hand, all pra	ctical value by the time they
were finished.	
[A] could lose	[B] would have lost
[C] might lose	LD」 ought to have lost
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8. No bread eaten by man is so sweet as earned by			
his own labour.			
[A] one [B] that	[C] such	[D] what	
9. It isn't cold enough for the	ere a f	rost tonight, so	
I can leave Jim's car out q	uite safely.		
[A] would be	[B] being		
[C] was	[D] to be		
10. Scientists generally agree	that the Earth	's climate will	
warm up over the next 5	to 100 years	it has	
warmed in the 20,000 yes	ers since the Ice	e Age.	
[A] as long as [B]	as much as	•	
[C] as soon as [D]	as well as		
Section B	•	•	
Directions:			
Each of the following sentences has four underlined			
parts marked A,B,C and D. Identify the part of the sentence			
that is incorrect and mark your answer on the ANSWER			
SHEET by blackening the corresponding letter in the brack-			
ets. (5 points)			
Example:			
A number of foreign visitors were taken to the industrial ex-			
hibition which they saw many new products.			
Answer C is wrong. The sentence should read, "A number of			

foreign visitors were taken to the industrial exhibition where

	[A][B][●][D]
11.	It is perhaps not an exaggeration to say that we shall $\overline{ [A]}$
	soon $\underline{\underline{be \ trusting}}$ our health, wealth and happiness to ele-
	ments with whom very names the general public are un- $\overline{[C]}$
:	familiar.
12.	It soon became $\frac{obviously}{[A]}$ that instead of $\frac{being\ trained}{[B]}$ to
•	sing she $\underline{\underline{would}}$ be trained $\underline{\underline{as}}$ the astronomer's assisting $\underline{[C]}$
	tant.
13.	He also conceived that the solar system and the universe [A]
	$\frac{would\ come}{{\textstyle [B]}}\ into\ existence\ \underline{by}\ a\ natural\ process\ and} {\textstyle [C]}$
	would disappear one day. [D]
14.	The moon has a mass that is nearly one hundred times
	$\frac{\text{less than } \underline{\text{the earth}}; \underline{\text{in consequence}}, \text{the force of gravity}}{[B]}; \underline{[C]}$
	at the moon's surface is only one-sixth \underline{of} that at the $[\overline{D}]$
	earth's surface.
15.	The Bunsen burner is $\underline{\underline{so}}$ named because it $\underline{\underline{is thought}}$ $\underline{\underline{[B]}}$
	to be invented by Robert Bunsen, who was German by [D]
**.	• 8 •

they saw many new products. "So you should choose C.

Sample Answer

•	birth.
16.	Much although I have traveled, I have never seen anyo
	[A] *
•	to equal her in thoroughness, whatever the job.
	[B] [C] [D]
17.	The weeds and tall grass in that yard makes the house $\overline{[B]}$
	look as if it had been vacant for quite some time.
	[C] [D]
18.	If only the nature of the aging process is better under-
	$\overline{[A]}$ $\overline{[B]}$
	stood, the possibility of discovering a medicine that can
	[C]
	block the fundamental process of aging seems very re-
	[D]
	mote.
19.	When I consider how talented he is as a painter, I can-
	not help but believing that the public will appreciate his
	[C] [D]
•	gift.
20.	Allen has stated that he has always had a great interest
	[A] [B] [C]
	and admiration for the work of the British economist $\overline{ D }$
	Keynes.
	110,1100

Section C

Directions:

Beneath each of the following sentences, there are four

choices marked A, B, C	, and D. Choose the one that best
completes the sentence.	Mark your answer on the ANSWER
SHEET by blackening t	he corresponding letter in the brack-
ets. (10 points)	•
Example:	
The lost car of the Le	es was found in the woods
off the highway.	
[A] vanished	[B] scattered
[C] abandoned	[D] rejected
The sentence should re	ead, "The lost car of the Lees was
found abandoned in the	woods off the highway. "Therefore,
you should choose C.	·
	Sample Answer
•	[A] [B] [①] [D]
21. In that country, gue	ests tend to feel they are not highly
if the inv	itation to a dinner party is extended
only three or four d	lays before the party date.
[A] admired	[B] regarded
[C] expected	[D] worshipped
22. A of the	long report by the budget committee
was submitted to the	ne mayor for approval.
[A] shorthand	[B] scheme
[C] schedule	[D] sketch
23. When confronted	with such questions, my mind goes
, and I ca	n hardly remember my own date of
birth.	
[A] dim [B] b	olank [C] faint [D] vain
• 10 •	. · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

24. One reason for the successes	of Asian immigrants in the
U.S. is that they have taken	great to educate
their children.	•
[A] efforts	[B] pains
[C] attempts	[D] endeavours
25. It is well-known that the reti	red workers in our country
are free medical car	
[A] entitled to	[B] involved in
[C] associated with	[D] assigned to
26. The farmers were more anxio	ous for rain than the people
in the city because they had	
[A] danger [B] stake	[C] loss [D] threat
27. I felt to death beca	use I could make nothing of
the chairman's speech.	
[A] fatigued	[B] tired
[C] exhausted	[D] bored
28. Care should be taken to decr	
one is loud continu	•
[A] subjected to	
[C] associated with	[D] attached to
29. While typing, Helen has a h	abit of stopping to
give her long and flowing ha	
	[B] simultaneously
L-1 , , , ,	[D] spontaneously
30. He failed to carry out some	of the provisions of the con
tract, and now he has to	
[A] answer for	[B] run into
	• 11 •
	•

[C] abide by	[D] step into
31. It is well-known that knowled	lge is the condi-
tion for expansion of mind.	
[A] incompatible	[B] incredible
[C] indefinite	[D] indispensible
32. People that vertica	l flight transports would
carry millions of passengers as	s do the airliners of today.
[A] convinced	[B] anticipated
[C] resolved	[D] assured
33. Your improper words will giv	e to doubts con-
cerning your true intentions.	
[A] rise	[B] reason
[C] suspicion	[D] impulse
34. The mother said she would	her son washing
the dishes if he could finish l	is assignment before sup-
per.	
[A] let down	[B] let alone
[C] let off	[D] let out
35. We should always keep in mi	nd that decisions
often lead to bitter regrets.	•
[A] urgent	[B] hasty
[C] instant	[D] prompt
36. John complained to the books	eller that there were sever-
al pages in the dicti	onary.
[A] missing	[B] losing
[C] dropping	[D] leaking
37. In the past, most foresters ha	ve been men, but today, the
10	