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2011年 序列

宫东风 王军 编著

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酸 考研

宫东风教授考研英语

2011年 序列零二

多作数心面汇

(本书适用于英语一・英语二)

宫东风 王军 编著

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前言

恰当的亮点词汇和经典的句型表达在高分作文中起着举足轻重的作用,可市面上至今没有针对考研学生而专门设计的写作核心词汇备考用书。面对学生的期盼,作为教师,我们不敢坐视,于是在教学之余通过认真学习国内外的教学理论,研究主流考试的应试策略和方法,并结合多年积累的教学辅导经验,编写了这本实用性极强的写作辅导用书以飨读者,以作引玉之砖。

写作部分是考研英语试卷中分值较高、难度较大,且不容易得高分的主观型试题,也是令广大考生最为头疼的一个复习单元。《考研英语写作核心词汇》一书的编写,正是为了帮助广大考生在较短的时间内,集中精力攻克写作核心词汇及其用法,从而迅速提高语言表达能力,为写作高分奠定基础。

本书在结构设计和选材方面具有如下主要特点:

第一,针对性。本书专为考研学生设计,所有词汇均选自《考试大纲》中的词汇表;所选例 句都来自经典范文和高分作文,是多年积累的教学和应试成果。

第二,实用性。从应试角度而言,写作词汇的记忆应该是有选择性的。英语词汇浩如烟海,只有针对性地训练才能从根本上提高复习的效率和质量,为此我们提出了"写作核心词汇用法"的新理念,其目的就是为了使考生的词汇复习实现从感性认识向理性认识的新跨越。为了方便考生使用,我们给每个词汇都配上了音标、汉语注释和经典例句。

第三,科学性。本书对内容进行了科学的分类,包括应用文写作核心词汇和短文写作核心词汇。其中应用文词汇包括书信类和告示类两个部分。针对考生写作时普遍忽视词性的现象,我们独具匠心地把这段文写作部分的词汇按照词性进行分类,努力实现"既用得好又用得准"的目标。特别值得一提的是,本书在内容的选材上充分考虑了近几年考研写作命题的发展和变化趋势,有针对性把素材分成了四大板块,即首段描写段核心词汇、哲理评述型短文核心词汇、社会现象型短文核心词汇和社会问题型短文核心词汇,力求改变考生考试时"无话可说"的现状。

第四,时代性。本书在选材方面全面贯彻了"与时俱进"的原则,通过重新审视历年写作命题,总结并提炼出围绕时代背景和主旋律思想的备考主题,如和年轻一代健康成长相关联的主题:自信、毅力、承受艰难、树立人生目标、友爱互助、爱国主义、诚信、合作共赢、择业等;和社会现象相关的主题,如:竞争与合作、网络、兼职工作、盗版、传统文化的传承等;和社会问题相关的命题,如:环境污染与温室效应、人口与环境、野生动物保护、道德观建设等。

本书内容历经多次修改和完善,教学效果良好。我们希望本书能够帮助考生尽快走出写作词汇学习的盲区,通过极具针对性的学习和训练大大提高备考的效率。我们更希望通过自己的勤勉和努力为更多的考研学子带来挑战自我、创造人生奇迹的信心、勇气和力量。在本书

即将出版之时,我要由衷地感谢宫东风英语教学团队的每一位老师,感谢你们的支持以及给我心灵深处带来的所有的感动。宫东风先生在百忙之中认真地审阅了全部书稿,并在本书的体系构建和选材方面提供了很多新锐思想。同样要感谢西安交通大学出版社为本书的出版所提供的极为专业的指导。我还要借此机会感谢西安交通大学出版社陈丽女士、候军女士、西安人信培训学校校长林健先生,他们为本书的如期出版做了大量细致而周到的工作。由于编者水平有限,希望读者提出批评指正,我们将不胜感激。最后预祝考研学子考试顺利,金榜题名。

本书作者 2010 年 3 月于西安

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第一章 短文写作核心词汇

第一节 核心名词

Unit 1 首段描写段核心名词

- (1) look [luk] n. 观察;注视
 - ① Let's take a closer **look** at the picture presented above. A hot pot is symbolically depicted in it by the painter. More interestingly, this hot pot has been given a beautiful name: "Culture hot pot".
 - 让我们仔细观察以上这幅图片,图片作者象征性地为我们刻画了一个热气腾腾的火锅。更为有趣的是,人们给这个火锅起了一个漂亮的名字,"文化火锅"。
 - ② Let's take a closer **look** at the picture presented above. Two disabled men are running fast through cooperation although each of them has only one leg. Simple as it is, what the picture conveys to us is thought-provoking. It reminds us that it is teamwork that helped them reach their destination eventually. 让我们仔细观察以上这幅图片,两个残疾人虽然各自失去了一条腿,但他们通过彼此协作依然能够快速地向前奔跑。虽然这幅图看上去很简单,但是它传达的意思却值得我们深思。它告诉我们:正是协作精神使他们最终达到了自己的目标。
 - ③ Let's take a closer look at the picture above given above. A foreign girl who is wearing the traditional Chinese costume is smiling to us. 让我们认真观察以上这幅图。一位身着中国传统服饰的外国女孩正在向我们微笑。
 - ① Let's take a closer **look** at the figures in the graph. China had enough fresh water in 2000. But, with the population increasing in the big cities, the gap between the demand and supply of fresh water has been widening.
 - 让我们仔细观察图表中的数据,2000年中国拥有充足的淡水资源,但是随着城市人口

的增加,淡水的供需缺口一直在加大。

⑤ Let's take a closer **look** at the drawings above. In an ideal condition, the flower blooms. But when moved out of the green house, it perishes under the rain and storm.

让我们仔细观察以上的图片,在适宜的条件下,花儿开了。但是,当花儿被移出温室后,它很快就在暴风雨下凋零了。

(2) description [diskripfən]n. 描述

① The picture gives us a vivid **description** of a beautiful foreign girl who is wearing the traditional Chinese costume.

这幅图片生动地刻画了一位漂亮的、身着中国传统服饰的外国女孩子。

② With the help of the Chinese **description** below the drawing we know that, while experiencing the inevitable cultural exchanges as well as cultural clashes, the people from diversified cultural backgrounds are seeking to exist in harmony.

借助图下方的汉语描述我们可以看出,世界各国的人们在经历不可避免的文化交流与碰撞的同时,努力寻求着彼此的和谐共存。

(3) purpose ['pəːpəs] n. 目的;意图

① Obviously, the **purpose** of this picture is to reveal a not-uncommon phenomenon in the modern society.

显而易见,本幅图片的目的在于揭示现代社会的一个普遍现象。

② The purpose of this picture is to convince us of the fact that the flowers in the greenhouse can't withstand wind and rains.

本幅图片的目的在于说服我们大家一个事实,即温室里的花朵经历不起风雨。

(4) contrast [ˈkəntræst] n. 对比;对照

What a striking contrast between the two scenes in the picture above!

上图中的两个情景形成了多么鲜明的对比啊!

(5) fact [fækt] n. 事实

① Apparently, the picture aims at revealing a **fact** that enhancing the cultural exchange is beneficial to both China and the whole world.

很明显,这幅图旨在揭示一个事实,加强文化交流既有利于中国也有利于整个世界。

② Evidently, the picture aims at revealing a **fact** that the growing popularity of the Internet has affected our life in a variety of aspects.

显而易见,该幅图旨在揭示一个事实,互联网的普及深刻地影响着我们生活的方方面

(6) phenomenon [fi'nominən] n. 现象

① This drawing reflects a thought-provoking social **phenomenon** which is quite common in China now.

这幅图片反映了一个当今在中国非常普遍、而且值得我们大家深思的社会现象。

② This picture reveals a not-uncommon **phenomenon** of how elders are treated by their grown-up children in some of the families in China.

这幅图片揭示了当今中国家庭的一个普遍现象,即成年人是如何对待老人的。

③ Superficially, it seems to be somewhat reasonable. But when weighing in the mind, we will find there is an apparent tendency behind this **phenomenon**: lack of confidence among people.

从表面上看,图中人物的表现似乎合乎情理。但当我们仔细思考之后,我们会发现在现象背后其实透视了一个明显的趋势,即年轻人普遍缺乏自信。

(7) problem ['problem] n. 问题;难题

As is revealed in the picture, the global food shortage is one of the biggest problems that we are facing today, especially in the developing countries.

如图所示,全球粮食短缺成为我们当今面临的最为严峻的问题之一,尤其是在广大发展中国家。

(8) concern [kənˈsəːn] n. 关心;关注

What is conveyed in the drawing is most thought-provoking and should arouse our social concern.

图中所传递的内容发人深省,并且应该引起社会的关注。

(9) meaning ['mi:nin] n. 意义;含义

The implied **meaning** of the drawing can be interpreted in terms of responsibility and morality.

图表的含义可以从责任和道德这两个方面来解释和说明。

(10) change [t∫eindʒ] n. 改变,变化

- ① The given chart shows **changes** of transport modes from 1979 to 2010. 以上这幅图表明从 1979 年到 2010 年交通运输方式发生的变化。
- ② There were some significant **changes** in modes of transport used by city dweller from 1979 to 2010.

从 1979 年到 2010 年,城市居民使用的运输方式发生了许多很大的变化。

(11) increase [inkrits] n. 增加,增大,增多

- ① Chinese farmers have enjoyed a steady **increase** in personal incomes since 1978. 从 1978 以来,中国农民的收入持续提高。
- ② Although buses remained popular during the 30 years, the other modes experienced an **increase** or decrease.

在过去的三十年间,公交车的使用依然普遍,但其他运输方式经历了起伏。

(12) rise [raiz] n. 上升, 升起;增加,增长

As is shown in the graph above, the number of the students applying for master's degree is on the **rise** this year.

如图所示,今年考研人数呈现上升趋势。

(12) decline [diklain] n. 下降,减少,衰退

According to the figures given above, we can see that the number of the students studying abroad is on the **decline** this year.

根据以上的数字,我们可以看出,今年出国留学的学生人数呈下降趋势。

(13) fall [fo:l] n. 下降,降低,减少

The rise and **fall** of the number of passengers traveling by different means of transportation indicates the rapid development of society.

搭乘不同交通工具的人数变化反映了社会的发展。

(14) **trend** [trend] n. 趋势, 倾向

A very noticeable **trend** in the later part of the last century is the marked increase in the number of high school students going abroad for college education.

上个世纪末一个明显的趋势就是出国读大学的学生数量有了大幅的增加。

(15) proportion [prəˈpɔːʃən] n. 比例

The two pie charts show the **proportion** of male and female graduates in the employment in two broad categories.

两幅饼状图表明了在两大领域中,男女大学毕业生所占的比例。

(16) figure ['figə] n. 数字

The table shows the sales **figures** of novels, books of philosophy and science, foreign languages and computer science in a college bookshop for March 2010.

本幅图表表明大学书店在 2010 年 3 月中小说、哲学社会科学书籍、外语图书和计算机图 · 4 ·

Unit 2 哲理评述型短文核心名词

- (1) role [raul] n. 作用;角色
 - ① The cultural exchange plays a vital **role** in maintaining the peace of the world. 文化交流在维护世界和平的进程中起着非常关键的作用。
 - ② Cooperation plays a vital **role** in our individual success. 合作对我们每个人的成功来说至关重要。
 - ③ The cultural exchange plays a vital **role** in maintaining the peace of the world. 文化交流在维护世界和平的进程中起着至关重要的作用。

(2) part [pa:t] n. 作用;角色

The Internet is playing an increasingly important **part** in our daily activities. 互联网在我们的日常活动中起着越来越重要的作用。

(3) importance [im'portans] n. 重要性

- ① As a matter of fact, self-confidence is of great **importance** to our individual growth. 事实上,自信心对个体的成长很重要。
- ② We should attach great **importance** to the cultural exchange. 我们应该高度重视文化交流。
- ③ Among all the worthy feelings of mankind, love is probably the noblest. It is of the utmost importance to human beings.

在人类所有美好的情感中,爱是最伟大的了。爱对我们每一个人都很重要。

- ④ We should be fully aware of the **importance** of enhancing the cultural exchange. 我们应该充分意识到加强文化交流的重要性。
- ⑤ Much **importance** should be attached to the development of one's personality. 应该高度重视个人性格的发展。

(4) success [səkˈses] n. 成功;成就

- ① Everybody knows that diligence is the key to success. As a proverb says, "Diligence is the mother of success."
 - 众所周知,勤奋是成功的关键。正如一则谚语所说:"勤奋是成功之母。"
- ② The great figures in the history always owe their **success** to hard work. 历史上许多伟大的人物总是把他们取得的成功归因于努力奋斗。

③ How can we achieve success in our career? 在我们的职业生涯中应如何取得成功呢?

(5) **proverb** ['provəb] n. 谚语,格言

- ① As a **proverb** says, "Diligence is the mother of success." Diligence means working hard and persistently.
 - 正如谚语所说:"勤奋是成功之母。"勤奋意味着不懈地努力工作。
- ② As a **proverb** says, "Only by working hard, can we reap a bumper harvest." 正如谚语所说:"只有奋斗,才有收获"。
- ③ As a **proverb** says, "Rome was not built in a day". 正如谚语所说:"罗马不是—天建成的。"

(6) deficiency [diffifənsi] n. 缺乏, 不足, 短缺

If you have great talents, industry will help improve them; if you have but moderate abilities, industry will supply their **deficiency**.

如果你有大才干,勤奋将会提高你的才干;如果你能力一般,勤奋将补足你能力的欠缺。

(7) labor ['leibə] n. 劳动,努力,工作

- ① Real happiness lies in the fruit of **labor** produced by one's sweat and toil. 真正的幸福是用汗水和辛劳创造出的劳动成果。
- ② Moreover, hard work may also enable him to cherish the fruit of others' labor. 再者,艰苦的工作或许能让他更加珍惜他人的劳动成果。

(8) achievement [əˈtʃiːvmənt] n. 成就; 成绩; 功绩

All famous people of great achievements owe their successes to hard work. Thomas Edison kept on working hard for a long time before he was able to invent the electric light.

大凡取得成就的名人们都把成功归因于辛勤劳动。托马斯·爱迪生在发明灯泡之前就一直长时间地努力工作。

(9) **effort** ['efət] n. 努力;成就

- ① Without constant **efforts**, no one can expect to succeed in whatever he does. 如果不付出努力,做任何事情都不可能成功。
- ② Without constant **efforts**, no one can expect to succeed in doing anything great. 如果不付出努力,任何人都不可能成就伟业。
- ③ It is certain that our future success will only rest on our constant efforts. 未来的成功取决于我们不懈的努力,这一点是确定无疑的。

- ④ One has to make great **efforts** in order to achieve any success. 要想成功就必须努力。
- ⑤ Some great success requires one's lifelong **effort**. 很多成功需要我们付出毕生的努力。

(10) poverty ['povəti] n. 贫穷,贫困

It is evident that idleness can only lead to **poverty**. 显而易见,懈怠只能受穷。

(11) accomplishment [əˈkəmpli∫mənt] n. 成就;完成

If you do not devote yourself to study and work, you can hardly make a living, let alone make some great accomplishments.

如果你不能全身心投入学习和工作,你连吃饭的钱都不够,更不用说做出一番成就了。

(12) challenge ['t∫ælindʒ] n. 挑战

We must concentrate our attention on our studies, and make full use of our precious time so as to meet the countless **challenges** in the future competitions.

我们必须要专心学习,充分利用宝贵时间,迎接将来竞争中要遇到的无数挑战。

(13) luck [lnk] n. 运气;好运;幸运

Some people may attribute success to good luck. But good luck favors only those who are always well prepared and the diligent people who can make good use of it.

一些人也许会把成功归因于运气。但是,运气只眷顾那些时刻为之作好充分准备和懂得 充分利用机会的人。

(14) failure [feiliə] n. 失败

① As is known to us all, **failure** is a very common thing in the life. Almost everyone experiences failures in his life.

众所周知,失败在人的一生中是很平常的,几乎每个人一生都要经历失败。

② **Failures** are the stepping-stones to success. 失败是通向成功的阶梯。

(15) response [ri'spons]n. 回答;回音;答复

People have different responses to failure and success.

人们面对失败和成功时反应各异。

(16) attitude [ˈætitjuːd] n. 态度;看法

Different people take different attitudes towards failure. Some give up in the face of failure while others persist in what they are doing in spite of failures.

不同的人对失败的态度是不一样的。有些人面对失败就会放弃,而有些人尽管失败却依 然坚持。

(17) **saying** ['seiing] n. 谚语;格言,名言

Just as an old **saying** goes, "Failure is the mother of success." 俗话说,失败是成功之母。

(18) at the cost of

Successes at the cost of many failures are really valuable and significant. Edison had thousands of failures before he succeeded in inventing the electric bulb.

以多次失败为代价的成功才有价值、有意义。爱迪生在成功发明电灯之前经历了无数的失败。

(19) goal [gəul] n. 努力的对象,目标

Some become discouraged, upset or bored, some seem indifferent, and others learn from their failures and make further effort until they attain their goals.

有的人沮丧,有的人苦恼无聊,有的人漠然处世。而另外一些人从失败中学到经验和教训,然后接着继续努力直至成功。

(20) **opportunity** [ˌɔpəˈtjuːniti] n. 机会

① Parents should also make the child do hard work. Doing hard work will give him an **opportunity** to taste the bitterness of labor

父母应该让孩子从事艰苦的工作,可以让孩子有机会体会劳动的艰辛。

- ② In a word, only those who are always prepared and qualified can obtain **opportunities** and make use of them. So I believe the proverb, " **Opportunities** only wait for those prepared minds."
 - 一句话,只有那些为机遇到来做好准备,并且具备某些条件的人才能得到机会,并且充分利用机会。所以我相信谚语所说:"机遇只等待那些有准备的人"。

(21) independence [ˌindi'pendəns] n. 独立,自主,自立

It helps children develop a sense of **independence**, and helps relieve their parents' economic burdens.

它可以帮助孩子们培养独立意识,减轻父母的经济负担。

(22) trial [ˈtraiəl] n. 测试,试验,考验

Human society is full of tests and **trials**. Flowers from a greenhouse can never withstand a storm.

人类社会充满种种考验,温室的花朵永远无法承受生活的风风雨雨。

(23) effect [ifekt] n. 作用;影响

The numerous examples indicate that hardships will have a positive **effect** on our personal development.

无数的例子表明,艰辛对个人的成长是有好处的。

(24) condition [kənˈdiʃən]n. 条件, 先决条件;环境, 情况

It is in difficult **conditions** that young people can get the most training and learn how to solve problems in various circumstances.

正是在艰苦的条件下,年轻人才能得到最多的锻炼,同时学会在不同情况下处理不同的问题。

(25) influence ['influens] n. 影响

The behavior of the parents will have a tremendous **influence** on the growth of children. 父母的行为举止会对孩子的成长产生巨大的影响。

(26) competition [ˌkəmpiˈtiʃən] n. 竞争

Competition is found everywhere because it is human inborn nature to long for the better.

竞争无处不在,因为对美好事物的渴望是人的天性。

(27) skill[skil] n. 技能;技巧

① It is important for young people to acquire some basic **skills** necessary for the survival in the future through social practice.

通过社会实践获取生存所必备的技能对于年轻人来说是非常重要的。

② Both book knowledge and practical **skills** are equally important to our personal development.

书本知识和实践技能对我们的个人成长是同等重要的。

3 Many people are fond of competition because it enables them to bring their knowledge or skills into full play.

许多人喜欢竞争,因为竞争使他们充分发挥自己的知识或技能。

(28) ambition [æmˈbiʃən] n. 抱负, 雄心, 野心

Without competition, people would remain idle and have no ambition.

没有竞争,人们就会无所事事,没有抱负。

(29) **field** [fi:ld] n. (学习或研究的)领域

Competition and cooperation are involved in every **field** of life and work. 社会各个领域都充满着竞争与合作。

(30) **preparation** [ˌprepəˈrei∫ən] n. 准备

- ① As far as our young generation is concerned, we should make adequate **preparation** for the challenges and setbacks ahead of us.
 - 就我们年轻一代而言,我们应该为未来的种种挑战和挫折做好充分的准备。
- ② Some people believe that the best **preparation** for life is learning to be cooperative while others think that learning to be competitive is what we are badly in need of. 一些人认为,学会合作是为未来人生做的的最好的准备;也有一些人认为,学会竞争才是我们最需要的。

(31) harmony [ˈhɑːməni] n. 和睦, 融洽, 一致; 和谐, 协调

Human beings are social beings. No one can survive without help from others. Only with both competition and cooperation can we achieve success and live in peace and harmony with each other.

人类是一种社会存在,没有他人的帮助任何人都无法生存。只有学会竞争与合作,我们才能成功,才能彼此和谐相处。

(32) conclusion [kənˈkluːʒən] n. 结论

From what has been mentioned above, we may come to the **conclusion** that the mutual cooperation is vital to our success.

从以上提及的我们可以得出结论,相互合作对我们的成功至关重要。

(33) doubt [daut] n. 疑问

- ① No doubt, cooperation and competition are fundamental to the transformation of both society and individuals.
 - 毫无疑问,合作对于国家和个人的改变是至关重要的。
- ② There is no **doubt** that the cultural exchange will contribute to the social progress. 毫无疑问,文化交流将促进社会进步。

(34) emphasis ['emfəsis] n. 强调;重点

In order to attain our goals, we should put great **emphasis** on the cultivation of the spirit of mutual cooperation and help.

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