(供初中二年级第二学期使用)

初中英语

第四册

马俊明 顾问

李宝忱 于光明编

CHU ZHONG YIN**G YU** 10 FEN ZHONG XUNLIAN

斜学出版社

初 中 英 语 10 分钟训练

第四册

(供初中二年级第二学期使用)

马俊明 顾问 李宝忱 ₅ 5 5 5 6

初中英语10分钟训练

第四册

(供初中二年级第二学期使用)

马俊明 顾问

李宝忱

于光明

责任编辑 徐一帆 范铁夫

并学出发业出版

北京市东黄城根北街 16 号

北京市小汤山后牛坊印刷厂 印刷 科学出版社发行 各地新华书店经销

1989年2月第一次印刷 印张: 4

印数: 00001-28、260 字数: 76、000

ISBN 7-03-001072-8 / G · 43

定价:1.20元

为了加强英语基础训练,提高英语综合运用能力,我们依据教学大纲,教材内容,按年级、学期、课时的顺序编写了一套《中学 10 分钟训练》英语丛书。

丛书的主要特点是:

- 1. 每课训练内容,使阅读能力和听说能力得到量化。 它既有利于及时测定学生成绩,又有利于及时获得反馈信息,正确评估教学效果。
- 2. 根据综合训练, 阶段侧重的教学原则, 在初一、初二、初三不同年级, 围绕听、说、读、写方面, 安排了多种形式的训练, 从而达到培养学生运用英语进行交际的能力。
- 3. 每课训练材料, 既含有紧密结合教材的双基内容, 又有启迪思维, 扩大视野的课外补充读物。
- 4. 每课训练形式,多采取客观选择题,为学生参加 MET 考试打下基础。

书中附有期中、期末自测试题及全部练习参考答案。

这套丛书特请中国教学学会外语教学研究会理事长、北京师范大学外语系马俊明教授任顾问,由李宝忱主持编写并审订。编者是李宝忱、于光明。

本书试按不同以往的新体例偏写,力求把教学与教学评估结合起来,作为一次初步尝试。限于水平,书中不妥之处,欢迎广大读者指正。

编者

1988年10月于北京

目 录

Lesson One $(1)(2)(3)$ (1)
Lesson Two (1)(2) (7)
Lesson Three (1)(2)(3) (13)
Lesson Four (1)(2)(3) (20)
Lesson Five (1)(2)(3)
Lesson Six (1)(2)(3)
Lesson Seven (1)(2)(3) (41)
Achievement Test (1)自测试题 (一) (48)
Lesson Eight (1)(2)(3) (54).
Lesson Nine (1)(2)(3)
Lesson Ten (1)(2)(3) (68)
Lesson Eleven (1)(2)(3) (75)
Lesson Twelve (1)(2)(3)
Lesson Thirteen (1)(2)(3) (90)
Lesson Fourteen (1)(2)(3) (97)
Achievement Test (2)自测试题 (二) (103)
参考答案

Lesson One (1) (JBIV)

I.**课文填充**: (每小题 1 分, 共 10 分) 通读短文, 每空填一个单词, 使内容完整。

An old woman is coming to $\mathbb{C}\mathscr{Q}$ (1) her husband in a hospital. But she doesn't know the way to the hospital. She is (2) very worried and 18/2 (3) 1985 (4) What shall I do?" Liu Mei is on her way to see a film. She (5) before the old woman. She doesn't know the way to the hospital, either. She OSCO (6) the policeman. The policeman $+\theta(S)$ (7) her the way. She tries her best to he/f' (8) the old woman. They (2) to the hospital. The old woman and her husband see each other at last. Liu Mei is very late for the film, but she doesn't 7(0) (10) She is a very good girl, isn't she? Ⅱ.词语释义: (每小题 1 分, 共 8 分) 从 A, B, C, D 四个答案中, 选出一个与句中划线部 分意义相同或相近的词语,并将其标号填在题前括号内。 1. 1. My parents stayed in Tianjin sometime in April.

A. sometimes B. some time C.a little time D.long (\triangle) 2. Maybe she is right. A.Perhaps B.May be C.Must D.Can

() 3.My brother and I went over lessons last night.

A.read

B.looked over

C.studied again

D.looked at

(...) 4. We often love and help each other.

B.one other

A.everyone

C.one another

D.one others.

(\triangle) 5. Our school is a bit far from here. A.a little

B.verv

C.a few

D.much away

([]) 6. You look pale (苍白) . What's the matter, Gran-

A. How are you B. What's wrong with you

C.What about

D.How about

.) 7.We are going to the zoo, but my sister asked to go, too.

A.My sister also asked to go

B.My sister either asked to go

C.My sister asked to go either

D.My sister both asked to go

8.My uncle returned home at four o'clock yesterday.

A.go

B.come

back

D.come back

Lesson One (2)

T.单项填空: (每小题 1 分, 共 10 分) 在 A、B、C、D 四个答案中,选出一个可以填入空白 **处的正确答案,并将其字母编号填入题前括号内。** (//) 1. " shall we have the meeting? ""In the Room A.When B.Where C.Which D.Why () 2.Let's have a talk, ? B.don't we A.haven't we C.shall we D.did we A.He was in hospital B.He was in the hospital C.He will be ill D.He was glad shall we have a meeting?""Next week." A.Who B.Whom C.When D.Which (|) 5. What ____ do tomorrow afternoon? A shall he B. will he C. he will D. is he going () 6. "Shall we go to the Summer Palace tomorrow? A.Yes, we shall B.No, we shall not C.Yes, I think so D.No, we don't (3) 7. Tom doesn't like the cat ____.

A.So does Mary

B.Mary doesn't either

C.Mary doesn't too D.Mary also
($\stackrel{\wedge}{\sim}$) 8. When his homework?
A.John usually does B.does John usually
C.does John usually do D.usually does John
() 9.I'm not good physics. So I must work hard
A.on···at B.at···in C.on···on D.at···at
old scientist.
A.a B.the C.one's D.an
Ⅱ.阅读理解: (每小题 0.5 分,共 10 分)
阅读下面短文,根据需要在空白处填上适当的冠词。
Do you know who made 一位 first compass (指南
针)? Chinese people made it long long ago. They
used magnet (磁铁) to make the hand for the com-
pass and hand pointed to north all
time.
Why could compass do this ? We all know
magnet has two pole (磁极), N pole and
S pole. N poles or S poles of
two magnets will repel (排斥) each other and
N and S poles will attract (吸引) each
Now our earth is also to high magnet with
N pole and S pole agrify's N pole
Now our earth is also big magnet with N pole and S pole. earth's N pole north pole) attracts S pole of
compass and makes it point to rorth. Today
compass and makes it point to the roday compass is still very useful. It is much used in
compass is sim very userun it is much used in
- 4 -

Lesson One (3)

I.补全对话: (每小题 0.5 分, 共 10 分)

阅读下面对话,在每个空格中只填一个词,使其意义完整通顺。

Asking The Way (S = Mr Smith, G = girl, P = policeman)S: $\mathbb{M}(1)$ me. Can you tell $\mathbb{M}(2)$ the way \sim (3) the nearest bookshop? G: Sorry, I don't know, _____(4). I will ask the policeman (5) there. Perhaps (6) can tell me the way (The girl runs to the policeman) Sorry, uncle, MARCO (7) is the way _____ (8) the nearest bookshop? P. Oh, yes. 30 (9) down this street, then turn right α^{+} (10) the second crossing. α^{-} (11) the end of the road, you will find $\frac{1}{1}$ (12). It $\frac{1}{2}$ (13) about ten minutes' walk. But you can get (14) (15) bus. G: M/M (16) bus shall I take? P: You can take the No. 15 bus. It will take you right HEAV (17). G. All right, 1/2 (18) very much.

P. Not (19) (20).

Ⅱ.语音练习: (每小题1分, 共5分)

观察 A、B、C、D 划线部分的发音,如果有一个和所

给词划线部分的读音一样,在题前括号内填 A,有二个填 B,有三个填 C,有四个填 D,如果都没有,在题前括号内填 E。

(3) 1. take

A. maybe B. basket C. either D. eight

(<u>()</u> 2. p<u>ar</u>ty

A. guard B. half C. hard D. much

(A) 3. hold

A. stop B. not C. crossing D. road

7 4. mind

A. kind B. sometime C. like D. cry

(一) 5. great

A. beast B. east C. tea D. bread

Lesson Two (1)

I.课文填充: (每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

通读短文,用适当介词填空:
One day, a little monkey was playing(1) a tall
tree (2) the river. Just then a mother crocodile was
swimming (3) the bank (4) her son. (5)
that time she saw the monkey and wanted to eat its heart
very much. So she asked the baby crocodile to catch the
monkey and give her his heart to eat.
The baby crocodile thought and thought then he had an
idea. "There are some banana trees(6) the other side
(7) the river. Would you like some bananas?"the ba-
by crocodile said(8) the monkey. The monkey was
glad and came down(9) the tree and jumped
(10) the crocodile's back.
(To be continued)
Ⅱ.词语释义: (每小题1分,共6分)
从 A、B、C、D 四个答案中,选出一个与句中划线部
分意义相同或相近的词语,并将其字母编号填在题前括号
内。
() 1. I was learning English on the radio at six this morn-
ing.
A. at B. over C. to D. of
() 2. There are many people in the street on Sundays.

A. lots of B. much C. much more D. very

much

- () 3. "Will you lend me your pen?""Certainly."
 - A. Very good B. Very please
 - C. Of course D. You please
- () 4. Is your brother at home?
 - A. Does your brother stayed in home?
 - B. Your brother was at home, doesn't he?
 - C. You brother was at home, wasn't he?
 - D. Is your brother in?
- () 5. "What day is today?""It's Saturday today."
 - A. the last day of the week
 - B. the sixth day of the week
 - C. the seven day of the week
 - D. the fifth day of the week
- () 6. Would you like some apples?
 - A. Can B. Will. C. Must D. Are

Lesson Two (2)

I .单项填空 : (每小题 1 分,共 10 分)
在 A、B、C、D 四个答案中,选出一个可以填入空F
处的正确答案,并将其字母编号填人题前括号内。
() 1. The granny showed the letter Liu Mei.
. A. for B. to C. of D. give
() 2. At eight last evening I my lessons.
A. am doing B. do C. was doing D. to do
() 3. The man the street corner is a policeman.
A. on B. stand C. of D. at
() 4. My book and his
A. all the same B. the same as
C. are the same D. the same is
() 5. She has to go now,?
A. hasn't she B. doesn't she
C. must she D.mustn't she
() 6. The sun is far away the earth.
A. to B. with C. between D. from
() 7. I TV when you me yesterday.
A. am watching called B. was watching called
C. watchingcalled D. watchedcall
() 8. The post office is very near our school.
A. to B. at C. for D. from
() 9. My sister letters last night, but now sh
doesn't finish them yet.

A. wrote to write B. was writing writing

C. writing D. towrte wrote

() 10. My brother came in while I a newspaper.

A. read B. reading C. was reading D. to read II. 阅读理解: (每小题 2 分, 共 10 分)

The Man and the Monkeys

One day a cap—maker went to town to sell his caps. His way must be through a forest. There were a lot of monkeys in it. The day was hot and the man wanted to have a short rest. He saw a large tree, put his caps on the ground, took one of them and put it on his head. Then he lay down and soon fell asleep.

When the man woke up, he could not find his caps. "Where are my caps?" he cried and looked up. And what did he see?

He saw a lot of monkeys in the tall tree and each monkey had a cap on its head.

"Give me back my caps!" shouted the man. But the monkeys did not understand him. They only laughed. The man got very angry, took off his own cap, threw it on the ground and cried, "If you want all my caps, you may take this cap away, too."

And what do you think? The little animals did the same. Each monkey took its cap and threw it on the ground. The man was very glad. He quickly picked up all his caps and hurried on his way.

细读上面短文,判断下列句子正误,对的在题前括号内

划"V", 错的划"X"。

- () 1. The man in the story can make caps.
- () 2. He was so tired that he had to take a short rest under a big tree.
- () 3. There are a few monkeys in the forest.
- () 4. He put all his caps on the ground.
- () 5. The monkeys took the caps because (因为) they were interested in them.

Lesson Two (3)

Desson I we	(0)				
I. 补全对话 : (每小题 0.5 分, 共 8 分)					
每空只填一个词,把下列各组句子中的空白处补全。					
1. A: What(1) you and your brother(2) from					
five (3) six yesterday afternoon?					
B: I (4) cleaning the room and my brother					
(5) (6) his homework.					
2. A: What(7) your father	(8) at (eight last			
night ?	•	•			
B: He was(9) the newspaper.					
3. A. Where(10) they(11) football at four yes-					
terday afternoon?					
B. They(12)(13) football at school.					
4. A. Did Xiao Wang come to your house this afternoon?					
B: Yes. When she(14) in, I(15)(16)					
to the radio.					
[Ⅰ.语音练习: (每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)					
在A、B、C、D四个答案中,有一个单词的划线部分					
读音与其它三个不同,找出该单词,并将其字母编号填入题					
前括号内。					
	sew D. k				
() 2. A. heart B. hear C.	fear D. c	lear			
() 3. A. tea B. meat C.	meeting D. id	dea			
() 4. A. cook B. food C.	good D.lo	ok			
() 5. A. caught B. thought C.	house D. d	aughter			
此为试设,需要完整PDF请访问					
	4				