

# 那您念ോ语

NEW CONCEPT ENGLISH

新版 NEW EDITION

词汇同步强化训练

2

常亮 编著

Practice & Progress 实践与进步





新版新概念英语学习与测试辅导系列

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欢迎各位学习者在使用本系列丛书时对我们提 出批评和指正。

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## LESSON 1



## 1. private adj. 私人的; 私有的; 私密的 n. 士兵; 列兵

- ●搭配 private eye (口) 私人侦探 private member 普通议员(下议院中非内阁成员者)
- 联想记忆 personal (adj. 个人的; 私人的), selfish (adj. 自私的)
- ●课文例句 This is a private conversation! 这是私人间的谈话!
- ●补充例句 News reached her through private channels. 消息是通过秘密途径传给她的。

## 2. theatre n. 剧场, 戏院; 戏剧效果

- O联想记忆 cinema (n. 电影院)
- ●课文例句 Last week I went to the theatre. 上周我去看戏。
- ●补充例句 This play is good theatre. 这剧本的戏剧效果很好。

## 3. angry adj. 生气的;肿痛发炎的

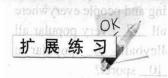
- 联想记忆 furious (adj. 满腔愤怒的), indignant (adj. 愤慨的)
- ●课文例句 I got very angry. 我非常生气。
- ●补充例句 There is an angry wound on his leg. 他腿上有个发炎的伤口。

### 4. attention n. 注意; 注意力

- 联想记忆 notice(n. 公告; 通知 v. 注意), heed (v./n. 注意; 听从)
- ●课文例句 They did not pay any attention. 他们毫不理会。
- O 补充例句 She turned her attention to a new problem.

## 她把注意力转移到了一个新问题上。

- 5. bear v. 容忍: 经得起 (考验等) n. 熊
  - ●搭配 bear in mind (that)... 记住…… bear down sb./sth. 战胜或击败某人/某事物
- 联想记忆 endure (v. 忍受), stand (v. 站立; 忍受)
- ○课文例句 I could not bear it. 我忍不住了。
- ●补充例句 Their vanity could ill bear this blow. 他们的虚荣心经不起这一打击。



GHAND (1	N94(L**)		J A lila		
I. 单项选择。	edan ')	0h Fl	U A play		
1. She couldn't window.	the no	ise outside, the	en she closed the		
A. hear	B. bear	C. look at	D. listen to		
2. My dad is very	2. My dad is very with me because I refuse to take over				
his business.					
A. angry	B. happy	C. glad	D. pleased		
3. This is my	chair, so r	no one else is al	lowed to use it.		
A. nice	B. private	C. big	D. good		
4. What play is b	eing shown in	the?			
A. room	B. sky	C. theatre	D. ground		
5. Please pay mo	re to y	our spelling ne	xt time.		
A. attend	B. attention	C. looking	D. seeing		
II. 用括号内所给单词的恰当形式填空。  1. Did you(enjoy) the handbag?  2. Last night Tom(go) to the theatre.					
3. They were	5	e football match	h between China		
team and Japan					
4. I can't(bear) her bad temper.					
5. Kate(not receive) my letter yet.					
III. 完形填空。					
You know, all over the world people1_ sport. People2_ different games in winter and summer. Some people3_ watching others play sports and games. They4_ tickets or5_ before their TV sets to watch the games.					
Barrett					

Some sports <u>6</u> very interesting and people everywhere go in for them. For example, football <u>7</u> very popular all over the world. Basketball and volleyball <u>8</u> popular in many countries, too. <u>9</u> is your <u>10</u> sports?

- 1. A. like
- B. likes
- C. liked
- D. liking

- 2. A. play
- B. do
- C. make
- D. made

- 3. A. want
- B. hope
  B. borrow
- C. like C. buy
- D. wish D. buys

- 5. A. become
- B. stay
- C. stand
- D. sit D. are

6. A. am 7. A. was

4. A. sell

- B. was
- C. is C. are C. is
- D. were D. were

- 8. A. are 9. A. What
- B. was B. How
- C. Why
- D. Which

- 10. A. like
- B. love
- C. favorite
- D. best



- I. 1-5 BABCB
- II. 1. enjoy 2. went 3. watching 4. bear 5. has not received
- III. 1-5 AACCD 6-10 DBAAC

## LESSON 2

# 词汇讲解

- 1. until prep. 直到 conj. 直到 ······时
- ●搭 配 until further notice 在另行通知以前
- 联想记忆 unit (n. 单位; 单元), untidy (adj. 不整齐的; 凌 乱的)
- ●课文例句 I sometimes stay in bed until lunchtime. 有时我要一直躺到吃午饭的时候。
- 补充例句 I won't stop shouting until you let me go. 你不放我走我就一直喊叫。
- 2. outside adv. 在外面 n. 外面, 外部 adj. 外部的 prep. 在……的外面
- ○构 词 out (adv.外) + side (n. 侧面)
- 联想记忆 away (adv. 远离; 离开), inside (adv. 在里面 n. 内部 adj. 里面的 prep. 在或往……里面)
- ○课文例句 It was dark outside. 外面一片昏暗。
- ●补充例句 I only saw it from the outside. 我只是从外面看见那个东西了。 He stood outside the door. 他站在门外。
- 3. ring v. (铃, 电话等)响; 环绕 n. 小环; 戒指; 铃声; 钟声
- ●搭 配 ring binder 活页夹 ring with 充满……声音 ring sth. up 将(款额等)记入现金出纳机
- O 联想记忆 hoop (n. 圈, 环), bell (n. 钟; 铃声)
- ●课文例句 Just then, the telephone rang. 正在这时,电话铃响了。
- O 补充例句 The girls were standing in a ring.

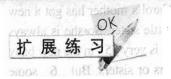
那些姑娘站成一个圆圈。 The playground rang with children's shouts. 操场上到处都是孩子的喊叫声。

## 4. aunt n. 姑, 姨, 婶, 舅母

- O联想记忆 uncle (n. 叔,舅,伯父,始父,姨父), ant (n. 蚂蚁)
- ●课文例句 It was my aunt Lucy. 是我姑姑露西。
- ●补充例句 Aunt Mary is my mother's little sister. 玛丽姨妈是我母亲的妹妹。

## 5. repeat v. 重复; 复述; 重播 n. 重复

- 联想记忆 duplicate (v. 复制; 重复 n. 复制品; 相似物 adj. 完 全相同的; 双重的), retell (v. 复述)
- ●课文例句 "I'm having breakfast", I repeated."我正在吃早饭,"我又说了一遍。
- ●补充例句 This program is being repeated on Channle 5 tonight. 这档节目今夜将在5频道重播。



I. 单项选择。	hasifisa	30 (5) #17.44	asi alkil e allal ozl
1. By the time I	got, th	e bus had alrea	ady left.
A. inside	B. outside	C. in	D. out
2. He se			
A. changed	B. repeated	C. hurry	D. passed
3. Sometimes I	didn't get dres	ssedn	oon because I had
become very			
A. until	B. less	C. unless	D. till
4. I was cooking	g in the kitchen	when the tele	phone
	B. hang		D. ring
5. My1	ived all her life	in Xinjiang.	-
	B. aunt		
• • •	9 8	2	
II. 用括号内	所给单词的恰	当形式填空。	andsorbal A. O
1. Would you li	ke to do some	(shop)	together with me?
2. Bill isn't he	ere. He	(chat) with	his friends in the
classroom.			
3. I(rea	lize) she is a fo	reigner until s	he spoke.
4. It's half past	eight, but the	y(still	have) their supper
at home.			
5. When	you(	write) this son	g? I(write)
it last year.			
6. You	(brush) your tee	eth every morn	ing.
III. 完形填写	E dear out ben	is chading of	d i shopping 2:
			ls. They are in the

same 1 at school and they often visit 2 home at weekends.

Now they are <u>3</u> eight years old. Carol's mother has got a new baby. Carol is very <u>4</u> to have a little sister. So she is always talking about her to Susan. At first she is very <u>5</u> in the new baby because she doesn't have any brothers or sisters. But <u>6</u> some time she begins to get tired of Carol's endless talking about it. She also fells a little *jealous* (嫉妒) of her friend.

One morning when the two girls \_7\_ in the school ground, Carol says to Susan, "Do you \_8\_, Sue, my baby sister has put on nearly half a pound in weight (体重增加了半磅) this week."

"That is not very 9," answers Susan. "I know a baby and he puts on ten pounds a day."

"Oh, that can't be <u>10</u>," answers Carol laughingly. "Whose baby is it?"

"An elephant's," says Susan.

1	, <b>,</b>		
1. A. grade	B. table	C. class	D. group
2. A. each other's	B. their	C. their's	D. each other
3. A. all	B. two	C. both	D. either
4. A. angry	B. sorry	C. surprised	D. glad
5. A. interesting	B. interested	C. happy	D. satisfied
6. A. before	B. for	C. after	D. at
7. A. play	B. meet	C. weight	D. walk
8. A. hear	B. think	C. find	D. know
9. A. much	B. many	C. few	D. little
10. A. impossible	B. wrong	C. true	D. sure



- I. 1-5 BBACB
- II. 1. shopping 2. is chatting 3. had not realized
  - 4. are still having 5. did, write, wrote 6. brush
- III. 1-5 CACDB 6-10 CBDAC

## LESSON 3



#### 1. send v. 寄, 送; 派遣

- ●搭 配 send sb. down (大学中) 开除 (某学生) send for sth. 要求将某物送到 send sth. off 寄出或发出某物
- 联想记忆 deliver (v. 递送, 传送; 助产; 发表; 交出), transmit (v. 传输, 传播; 传导)
- ●课文例句 Please send me a card. 请给我寄一张明信片。
- ●补充侧句 His mother sent him to the shop to get some bread. 他的母亲让他去商店买些面包。

## 2. spoil v. 使索然无味; 损坏; 溺爱

- ●搭 配 be spoiling for sth. 憋足了劲儿要(打架、争吵等)
- 联想记忆 destroy (v. 摧毀, 毁坏), injure (v. 伤害; 损害), ruin (n./v. 毁坏; 毁灭), dote (v. 溺爱, 宠爱)
- ●课文例句 Postcards always spoil my holidays. 明信片总搅得我假日不得安宁。
- ●补充例句 Envy is a most terrible thing, and would spoil anybody's nature.

  嫉妒是很可怕的东西,它会毁坏人的天性。
  Everybody enjoys being spoiled from time to time.

  谁都喜欢偶尔让人宠一宠。

## 3. public adj. 公共的,公众的;社会的 n. 公众,民众

- ●搭配 in public 公开地; 公然地 be public knowledge 众所周知
- 联想记忆 common (adj. 普通的; 共有的; 公共的), populace
   (n. 民众; 百姓)
- 课文例句 I visited museums and sat in public gardens.

我参观了博物馆,还去了公园。

●补充例句 The museum is open to the public. 这家博物馆是对公众开放的。

### 4. lend v. 借给; 贷(款)

- ●搭 配 lend color to sth. 使某事物显得真实或可信 lend a hand 帮助 lend an ear (to sb./sth.) 倾听(某人的话/某事物)
- **联想记忆** loan (n. 借出物 v. 借款; 借出), bestow (v. 赠与; 授予)
- ●课文例句 Then he lent me a book. 然后他借给我一本书。
- ●补充例句 The banks are lending money at a competitive rate of interest. 银行竞相以低利率贷款。

## 5. whole adj. 整个的; 完全的 n. 整体

- ●搭配 with one's whole heart 全心全意地 as a whole 作为一个整体;整个来看
- 联想记忆 complete (adj. 完整的; 完全的 v. 使圆满; 结束), total (adj. 完全的; 全部的 n. 总数 v. 计算……的 总和)
- ●课文例句 I spent the whole day in my room. 我在房间里关了整整一天。
- ●补充例句 The whole of London knows it. 全伦敦都知道这事。

## 6. single adj. 唯一的;单一的 v. 挑出;选出

- ●搭 配 single sb./sth. out (for sth.) 挑出或选出某人或某事物
- 联想记忆 individual (adj. 单独的; 个别的 n. 个人), separate (adj. 单独存在的; 分开的)
- ●课文例句 I did not write a single card! 我连一张明信片也没有写成!
- ●补充例句 Among the many shaping factors, I will single out the most important one. 在许多形成因素当中, 我将挑选出最重要的一个。