



全国著名外国语学校教师联合编写组编写

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朗读(2004年全国高考英语听力考试主播)

新课标英语听力 天天练

高一同步

本书主编 黄立强 邵伟
丛书顾问 E.Noel Dohaty
Sandra Wilson
(加拿大籍对外英语教育专家)

紧扣新课标 锁定中高考
同步天天练 能力步步高



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聪明英语系列

新课标英语听力天天练

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丛书顾问 E. Noel Dohaty & Sandra Wilson (加拿大籍对外英语教育专家)

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本书是“聪明英语”系列丛书之一,是以教育部最新颁布的《英语课程标准》为编写大纲,参照“高中新教材”的教学内容,在分析总结了近年来高考命题趋势的基础上精心编写的。每一单元内容分为“专题精讲”和“能力提高”两大部分,采用“师生互动式”,归纳总结了听力专题的基础知识和基本解题技巧。在讲解之后,我们还针对这一专题,设置了一个能力综合提高训练,使得“讲”、“练”有效地结合在一起。同时,书中还设计了“语感训练”栏目,同学们在听力训练之余还可以“练练嘴”。全书分为 24 个单元,可供高一全学年使用。

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前言

编写意图

与时俱进，赶超潮流。

英语听力是中国人学英语的“瓶颈”。在近年来各地的高考英语试卷中，听力考查占有很重要的分值，因此也就成为绝大多数考生的“失分多发地带”。如何才能突破这个“瓶颈”？教育部新颁布的中学《英语课程标准》（实验稿）对英语听力技能的教学给予了足够的重视，并划分出了不同的教学等级目标，从一级的“听指示做反应”到九级的“听懂英语新闻广播和委婉的建议等”，要求明确，难度逐步提高。英语教科书和各地的英语课堂教学也将英语听力教学作为头等教学任务。

从这些变化说明，中国学生“聋子英语”、“哑巴英语”的时代已经结束，取而代之的将是“交流式的英语”。而“听”是交流的首要基础。

编写思想

捷径训练，事半功倍。

“冰冻三尺，非一日之寒”，听力技能的提升离不开日常学习中持之以恒的训练。但，英语毕竟只是众多必修学科之一，学习的时间是有限的。“磨耳朵”式的训练固然重要，但这样做，不仅漫无目的而且见效慢。学习应该讲究方法和策略，学英语更是如此。因此，我们将一些经验、技巧整理归纳，介绍给学习者，让他们在练习听力时，利用这些知识和经验，先一步做出推测和判断，必定能“事半功倍”，决胜考场。

本书根据“新课程标准”对各学段学生的英语听力技能和语言知识技能的要求，结合各地高考大纲，参考了几种主导新课标英语教材

的编写思路,设计了“精讲”、“专练”体例,与学校日常英语教学同步,能更好地成为“老师教学的助手”、“学生学习的帮手”。

编写特点

依据“大纲”,源于教材。

本书的单元设置是根据《英语课程标准》(实验稿)和主要新版教科书中所给出的“功能意念项”、“话题、场景”以及高考中常涉及到的内容类型划分的。在每一个单元中,首先对某一个具有代表性的专题进行剖析、归纳、讲解;然后,以这一专题为主题,完成一个综合听力训练。讲练结合,快速提高听力技能。

在编写过程中,我们吸收了众多同类资料精华,结合了2004年全国及各地高考的新变化,力求做到更新、更实用、更有预见性。

中学英语教学专家们普遍认为,高考听力题,无论形式如何,都是在检查考生的听力水平和技巧技能。在漫长的一学年中,高一同学不必一开始就从模拟试卷着手,应当先参加听力基本训练,然后再通过模拟试卷来总结、检测和强化提高。因此,对于高一同学,我们将高中阶段英语听力所学过的以及升学考试中的常考内容和解题技巧提炼出来,与教学和复习同步辅导训练,以供同学们夯实听力基础,查漏补缺之用。

另外,我们还专为高三同学编写了“高考英语听力全真模拟试卷”,精选2003、2004年高考英语听力套题,并根据各地听力考试的发展趋势,组编多套仿真模拟试卷,让同学们零距离感受高考,决胜2005年。

本书编委会
2004年8月

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Unit 1 Good Friends 好朋友



Part I 专题精讲

Likes and Dislikes 喜欢和不喜欢



互动课堂

师: 每个人都有自己的爱好, 都有自己喜欢做或不喜欢做的事情。在听力题中经常出现谈论某人喜欢什么或讨厌什么。

生: 在做听力题时, 尤其是有几个人或几件事作比较时, 总是听不明白, 您可以帮助我吗?

师: 听与此有关的对话时, 喜欢与不喜欢做的事情是听的重点。要做好这类题, 必须熟悉多种比较形式, 理解各种比较结构所表达的含义, 了解这类问题常采用的词和词组(即信号词), 抓住这些信号词。

生: 您能具体地列举一些吗?

师: ①I like... ②I would like... ③I love... ④I prefer... to... ⑤I don't like/love... ⑥I prefer them not to... ⑦I hate...

例: Q: What can we learn from this conversation?

- A. On the whole, she liked the film.
- B. She didn't see the film.
- C. The film wasn't as good as she'd expected.

听力材料:

M: Did you like the film?

W: Not particularly. I was rather disappointed. I'd expected it to be more exciting.

师: 由选项可知, 本题是问 woman speaker 对 film 的看法。Did you like the film? 男士问的这句话表明女士已看过这部电影, 他想了解女

士对该电影的看法。B项显然是错误的,女士谈话中的 disappointed 提供了关键信息,它表明女士原以为这部电影会很好看,但结果失望。C项很好地表达了这一意思,故选 C。

我要提问



知识链接

常用词汇:

like(像……), similar to(与……相似), as...as(和……一样) not as/so...as(不如……), more/less...than(比……更……), than any other...(比起其他的每一个……), the same as(与……同样), twice as...as(是……两倍), prefer...to...(与……相比,更喜欢……), be different from...(与……不同), compare with(与……相比)等。

常用句型:

I rather/quite enjoy traveling.

I like/love to play the violin.

I'm keen on/fond of cycling.

I'd rather go dancing.

I prefer meat to fish.

我能补充



语感训练

Knowledge

小知识

There are two standard lifts in the modern competition: the snatch and the jerk. In the snatch, the weight is lifted from the floor in one movement and held above the head; and the jerk is a two-movement lift.

Humor story

小幽默

Manager: Sorry, but I can't give you a job. I don't need much help.

Job Applicant: That's all right. In fact I'm just the right person in this case. You see, I won't be of much help anyway!



Part II 能力提高

I. 听句子, 选出正确的答语或与你所听到的句子意思最相近的一项。

- () 1. A. I prefer English.
B. I like maths best.
C. Yes, I like English best.
- () 2. A. The city was not as good as I had thought.
B. The map of the city was better than I had thought.
C. The map of the city was so bad that I didn't like it.
- () 3. A. Yes, I like them.
B. I'd like to.
C. I like apples better.
- () 4. A. I'm not fond of cooking.
B. I like to cook for you all.
C. I don't know what to cook.
- () 5. A. Sixteen of the students like playing football.



B. Most of the students like playing football.

C. Three of the students like playing football.

II. 听下面 5 段材料, 回答第 1~5 小题。读一遍。

() 1. Which of the following is true?

A. He dislikes playing tennis.

B. He likes swimming best.

C. He enjoys football most.

() 2. How does the man feel about his job?

A. He enjoys it.

B. He doesn't like it at all.

C. He wants to find a new job.

() 3. What colour does the woman like?

A. Red and green.

B. Green.

C. Light blue.

() 4. What did the man think of the book?

A. He liked it.

B. He didn't like it.

C. He loves it.

() 5. What can we learn from the conversation?

A. Both of the speakers like coffee.

B. Both of the speakers like tea.

C. The man likes coffee while the woman likes tea.

III. 听下面一段短文, 回答第 1~3 小题。读两遍。

() 1. Why do motorcyclists often dress in old and dark clothing?

A. They want to draw attention.

B. Riding a motorcycle makes one dirty.

C. They appear respectable in such clothes.

() 2. What is the average citizen's opinion about motorcycling?

A. It is dangerous.

B. It is exciting.

C. It is convenient.

() 3. Why is a man on a motorcycle safer than a man in a car?

A. Because he is more careful.

B. Because he pays all his attention to drive.

C. Both A and B.

听下面一段对话,回答第4~6小题。读两遍。

- () 4. Who organized the English evening?
- A. The students of Class Six.
B. The Students' Union.
C. The first-year students.
- () 5. Why does the man like the poem recited by the girl?
- A. Because the girl is beautiful.
B. Because the girl has a good pronunciation.
C. Because the poem is written by a famous person.
- () 6. How do the speakers like the play?
- A. They like the introduction of it.
B. They like the play, for they wrote it themselves.
C. They think the play is good, though there are some mistakes.



今日格言

A great man is always willing to be little.

—R. W. Emerson

伟大的人物总是愿意当小人物的。

——爱默生



Unit 2 English around the World

英语遍及全世界



Part I 专题精讲

Talking about Languages 谈论语言



互动课堂

师:随着经济的全球化发展,国际交往日益增加。学习外语也随之越来越重要。听力中的语言话题也相当多,我们先看一道例题:

Q: What's the hardest thing Zhou Lan thinks in learning English?

A. Reading.

B. Listening.

C. Speaking.

听力材料:

M: What do you find hardest in English. Zhou Lan?

W: I find listening really hard. Sometimes it's just impossible to understand.

师:答案选 B。男士问周兰在学习英语的过程中最难的是什么。周兰认为是听力,有时很难听懂。故正确答案为 B。

此类题内容为语言,考查的内容也是在语言范畴之内,但有时会通过语言考查其他内容。

生:我不太明白,您能详细讲解一下吗?

师:当然可以。

Q: Where is the person's friend from?

A. He is from England.

B. He is from France.

C. He is from Greece.

听力材料:

M: What's your friend's native language?

W: His native language is Greek.

师: 我们由对话中知道“他”的母语 native language 是 Greek, 所以间接地说出他是哪里人, 故答案为 C。



我要提问



知识链接

Do you speak English?

Yes, a little.

Does your friend speak English?

Yes, he speaks English perfectly.

What's his native language?

How many languages do you speak?

How well do you know French?

Sometime I make mistakes when I speak English.

I have a lot of trouble with pronunciation.

You'll get used to his way of speaking. (你会习惯他的说话方式的。)

He speaks French with an American accent.



我能补充



语感训练

Knowledge

小知识

Today surfing is very popular in Japan, South Africa, France and Britain. In 1970, professional championships were contested for the first time.

Humor story

小幽默

To Go to Heaven

Sunday School teacher: Hands up all those who want to go to Heaven.
Hands up... What about you, Terry? You haven't got your hand up. Don't you want to go to Heaven?

Terry: I can't. My mum told me to go straight home.



Part II 能力提高

I. 根据录音改变所给词的形式, 读一遍。

Example: You hear: the noun form of the word "happy"

You write: "happiness"

1. ()

2. ()

3. ()

4. ()

5. ()

6. ()

7. ()

8. ()