



NEW CONCEPT ENGLISH

新概念英语

同步自测与精讲

Corresponding Self-Test and Intensive Analysis

2

新版

丛书主编 江涛
本书主编 江涛

直通高考

石油工业出版社





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本书主编: 江涛

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记得上高中的时候就学过《新概念英语》这套教材，一个英语兴趣班中 20 来人，共用 6 本国外的影印版，还是老师给上几届师兄、师姐用过后留下的，就是烂得不行、还带着黄斑的那种。

后来上大学的时候，亚历山大给我们做过一堂讲座，说什么忘记了，但好像有个细节，就是他老人家抱怨了一句：中国盗版太多。

后来自己当上了英文老师，给人上课也用过《新概念英语》，这时版本已更新成现在流行的那种，20 个人的兴趣班也不复存在，也不是三四个人一本教材了，而是黑压压的数百人，一个人手上好几本书，除了教材，还有参考书、自学手册、掌中宝词汇等。

那天，随意翻了一本《新概念英语》的版权页，537 万册。吓了我一大跳的，倒不是 537 万册本身，而是 537 万册和其背后数以百倍记的盗版书的使用者的数字。

我这里绝非想表明我以前不了解《新概念英语》在中国的“垄断”地位，而是有的时候当你知道一个准确的数字代表的真实情况时，即便你有心理准备，也不免大吃一惊。

就像你早已知道大家爱喝可口可乐，但被告知地球人每天喝掉 10 亿罐可乐，而这些可乐的罐子排起来几乎能绕大半个赤道时吃惊一样。

就像我得知中国《新概念英语》学习者的数字，而大多数人还是用一种错误的方式或心态学习，或被误导时吃惊一样。

所谓的错误方式是指大多数大陆的《新概念英语》使用者一般采取的是强记强背的方式。一般的培训班教完一册的时间为 90 个课时，每次 4 课时，2 个月就上完一册本该一年学完的书。有些学生向我抱怨，进度太快，往往是这课还没学好，下一课又来了。背了就忘，忘了又背，反反复复，记得糊涂！

更是有些勤奋的学生也越学越困惑，他们经常问我，如何算是学好了？学完了这册能怎样？我理解这些学生的困惑，那是一个人在海里游泳，无论如何用力都看不到终点的一种迷茫和无助。

没有足够的练习去深化和巩固课堂讲授的知识，对于学习语言是徒劳的，没有目标的征程更是容易让人放弃的。于是，带着如此厚重的使命，我们又再次出发。

如今，呈现在你手中的就是解决以上问题的成果。把新概念的语法、词汇体系和与之难度对应的考试结合起来，编成了这一套《新概念

英语同步自测与精讲》丛书。

本套丛书有 2 个特点, 其一是同步, 其二是精讲。

一、同步

第一是难度与考试同步。第一册的知识点被有机地和中考联系在一起, 第二册的重点、难点和高考水乳相融。题型设置完全与考试一致, 题目大多来自各类考试题库, 其中更包含最新的考试。真题再根据《新概念英语》教材的语法、词汇的分布顺序排列, 既保证习题是教材的重点, 又确保习题的考试指向明确。

第二是学习进度和测试同步。保证每学完一个小单元, 就会有一个根据单元重点而出的练习, 保证少食多餐, 循序渐进。

二、精讲

练习的重点、难点都有详细的讲解和总结, 重点分析以下内容:

【核心考点】说明题目考查的重点所在。

【危险陷阱】通过分析干扰项设置的陷阱, 推导解题思路。

【必备知识】相关知识链接, 不仅便于扩充相关知识储备, 更便于在今后做题中举一反三。

精讲的目的不仅在于重点知识的巩固, 还在于强化解题的经验技巧总结。一箭而双雕!

成功在于不断突破, 而突破在于不寻常路上的坚持。当我决定要编一套这样不寻常的教材时, 我已然感到了突破的脉搏。你呢?

江 琳
2010年5月

Unit 1 第1单元 Lesson 1 to Lesson 4	(1)
Lesson 1 A private conversation 私人谈话	
Lesson 2 Breakfast or lunch? 早餐还是午餐?	
Lesson 3 Please send me a card 请给我寄一张明信片	
Lesson 4 An exciting trip 激动人心的旅行	
Unit 2 第2单元 Lesson 5 to Lesson 8	(6)
Lesson 5 No wrong numbers 无错号之虞	
Lesson 6 Percy Buttons 珀西·巴顿斯	
Lesson 7 Too late 为时太晚	
Lesson 8 The best and the worst 最好的和最差的	
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Lesson 10 Not for jazz 不适于演奏爵士乐	
Lesson 11 One good turn deserves another 礼尚往来	
Lesson 12 Goodbye and good luck 再见, 一路顺风	
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Lesson 14 Do you speak English? 你会讲英语吗?	
Lesson 15 Good news 佳音	
Lesson 16 A polite request 彬彬有礼的要求	
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Lesson 18 He often does this! 他经常干这种事!	
Lesson 19 Sold out 票已售完	
Lesson 20 One man in a boat 独坐孤舟	
Unit 6 第6单元 Lesson 21 to Lesson 24	(24)
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Lesson 22 A glass envelope 玻璃信封	
Lesson 23 A new house 新居	

Lesson 24 It could be worse 不幸中之万幸

Unit 7 第7单元 Lesson 25 to Lesson 28 (28)

Lesson 25 Do the English speak English? 英国人讲的是英语吗?

Lesson 26 The best art critics 最佳美术评论家

Lesson 27 A wet night 雨夜

Lesson 28 No parking 禁止停车

Unit 8 第8单元 Lesson 29 to Lesson 32 (33)

Lesson 29 Taxi! 出租汽车!

Lesson 30 Football or polo? 足球还是水球?

Lesson 31 Success story 成功者的故事

Lesson 32 Shopping made easy 购物变得很方便

Unit 9 第9单元 Lesson 33 to Lesson 36 (37)

Lesson 33 Out of the darkness 冲出黑暗

Lesson 34 Quick work 破案“神速”

Lesson 35 Stop thief! 捉贼!

Lesson 36 Across the Channel 横渡海峡

Unit 10 第10单元 Lesson 37 to Lesson 40 (42)

Lesson 37 The Olympic Games 奥林匹克运动会

Lesson 38 Everything except the weather 惟独没有考虑到天气

Lesson 39 Am I all right? 我是否痊愈?

Lesson 40 Food and talk 进餐与交谈

Unit 11 第11单元 Lesson 41 to Lesson 44 (46)

Lesson 41 Do you call that a hat? 你把那个叫帽子吗?

Lesson 42 Not very musical 并非很懂音乐

Lesson 43 Over the South Pole 飞越南极

Lesson 44 Through the forest 穿过森林

Unit 12 第12单元 Lesson 45 to Lesson 48 (51)

Lesson 45 A clear conscience 问心无愧

Lesson 46 Expensive and uncomfortable 既昂贵又受罪

Lesson 47 A thirsty ghost 嗜酒的鬼魂

Lesson 48 Did you want to tell me something? 你想对我说些什么吗?

Unit 13 第13单元 Lesson 49 to Lesson 52 (56)

Lesson 49 The end of a dream 美梦告终

Lesson 50 Taken for a ride 乘车兜风

Lesson 51 Reward for virtue 对美德的奖赏

Lesson 52 A pretty carpet 漂亮的地毯

Unit 14 第14单元 Lesson 53 to Lesson 56 (60)

Lesson 53 Hot snake 触电的蛇

Lesson 54 Sticky fingers 粘糊的手指

Lesson 55 Not a gold mine 并非金矿

Lesson 56 Faster than sound! 比声音还快!

Unit 15 第15单元 Lesson 57 to Lesson 60 (64)

Lesson 57 Can I help you, madam? 您要买什么, 夫人?

Lesson 58 A blessing in disguise? 是因祸得福吗?

Lesson 59 In or out? 进来还是出去?

Lesson 60 The future 卜算未来

Unit 16 第16单元 Lesson 61 to Lesson 64 (68)

Lesson 61 Trouble with the Hubble 哈勃望远镜的困境

Lesson 62 After the fire 大火之后

Lesson 63 She Was not amused 她并不觉得好笑

Lesson 64 The Channel Tunnel 海峡隧道

Unit 17 第17单元 Lesson 65 to Lesson 68 (72)

Lesson 65 Jumbo versus the police 小象对警察

Lesson 66 Sweet as honey! 像蜜一样甜!

Lesson 67 Volcanoes 火山

Lesson 68 Persistent 纠缠不休

Unit 18 第18单元 Lesson 69 to Lesson 72 (77)

Lesson 69 But not murder! 并非谋杀!

Lesson 70 Red for danger 危险的红色

Lesson 71 A famous clock 一个著名的大钟

Lesson 72 A car called Bluebird “蓝鸟”汽车

Unit 19 第19单元 Lesson 73 to Lesson 76 (82)

Lesson 73 The record-holder 纪录保持者

Lesson 74 Out of the limelight 舞台之夕

Lesson 75 SOS 呼救信号

Lesson 76 April Fools' Day 愚人节

Unit 20 第20单元 Lesson 77 to Lesson 80 (87)

Lesson 77 A successful operation 一例成功的手术

Lesson 78 The last one? 最后一枝吗?

Lesson 79 By air 乘飞机

Lesson 80 The Crystal Palace 水晶宫

Unit 21 第 21 单元 Lesson 81 to Lesson 84 (91)

Lesson 81 Escape 脱逃

Lesson 82 Monster or fish? 是妖还是鱼?

Lesson 83 After the elections 大选之后

Lesson 84 On strike 罢工

Unit 22 第 22 单元 Lesson 85 to Lesson 88 (95)

Lesson 85 Never too old to learn 活到老学到老

Lesson 86 Out of control 失控

Lesson 87 A perfect alibi 极好的不在犯罪现场的证据

Lesson 88 Trapped in a mine 困在矿井里

Unit 23 第 23 单元 Lesson 89 to Lesson 92 (100)

Lesson 89 A slip of the tongue 口误

Lesson 90 What's for supper? 晚餐吃什么?

Lesson 91 Three men in a basket 三人同篮

Lesson 92 Asking for trouble 自找麻烦

Unit 24 第 24 单元 Lesson 93 to Lesson 96 (104)

Lesson 93 A noble gift 崇高的礼物

Lesson 94 Future champions 未来的冠军

Lesson 95 A fantasy 纯属虚构

Lesson 96 The dead return 亡灵返乡

试题精讲

第 1 单元 (109)

第 2 单元 (117)

第 3 单元 (123)

第 4 单元 (133)

第 5 单元 (141)

第 6 单元 (150)

第 7 单元 (157)

第 8 单元 (167)

第 9 单元 (175)

第 10 单元 (184)

第 11 单元 (192)

第 12 单元 (200)

第 13 单元	(208)
第 14 单元	(218)
第 15 单元	(226)
第 16 单元	(232)
第 17 单元	(240)
第 18 单元	(249)
第 19 单元	(257)
第 20 单元	(264)
第 21 单元	(273)
第 22 单元	(281)
第 23 单元	(289)
第 24 单元	(295)

第 1 单元

Lesson 1 to Lesson 4

第一部分 听力

I. (共 5 小题) 听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的 A, B, C 三个选项选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后，你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

- How much is the ticket?
A. \$ 8.5 B. \$ 8 C. \$ 5
- Why didn't the woman enjoy the movie?
A. The movie wasn't very exciting.
B. There were people eating in the theater.
C. The children were talking in front of her.
- When does the play end?
A. 6:30 B. 8:30 C. 9:00
- What are the two speakers talking about?
A. They had a really bad day.
B. The bad weather of the day.
C. Newspapers.
- When will aunt Lucy arrive at the man's place?
A. 1:00 B. 1:30 C. When the man is having breakfast.

II. (共 3 小题) 听下面一段短文。短文后有几个小题，从题中所给的 A, B, C 三个选项选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听短文前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题 5 秒钟；听完后，各小题将有 5 秒钟的作答时间。短文读两遍。

- Where was Tony sleeping?
A. on the floor B. on the couch C. in my room

7. When did the earthquake happen?
A. 8:31 B. 8:39 C. 8:41
8. What did the writer do when he realized that an earthquake happened?
A. cried and shouted
B. got under the table and shouted
C. got under the couch and shouted

第二部分 英语知识运用

I. 单项选择 (共 20 小题)

9. Progress _____ so far very good and we're sure that the work will be finished on time.
A. was B. had been C. has been D. will be
10. Our company is _____ other makers of spare parts for the airplane.
A. before B. above C. ahead of D. in front of
11. We were talking for nearly two hours, but he paid _____ attention to me.
A. no B. any C. not any D. none
12. He has been humming that song for a whole day, I can't _____ it any more!
A. carry B. suffer C. stand D. lift
13. Scientists have many theories about how the universe _____ into being.
A. came B. was coming C. had come D. would come
14. —Can I borrow this novel from you? It is so interesting.
—It is only _____ that I got a copy of this novel. I haven't got to read it.
A. late B. hardly C. later D. lately
15. When I talked with my grandma on the phone, she sounded weak, but by the time we _____ up, her voice had been full of life.
A. were hanging B. had hung C. hung D. would hang
16. —It's already 6 p. m. now. Do you want some _____?
—Not really, I am not hungry yet.
A. food B. cooking C. meal D. lunch
17. —What a pity! I've not got a ticket for the football match.
—Don't worry. It will be broadcast _____.
A. live B. lively C. alive D. living
18. His sister left home in 1998, and _____ since.
A. had not been heard of B. has not been heard of
C. had not heard of D. has not heard of
19. _____, the criticism seemed fair.
A. All in all B. All along C. All that D. At all
20. The _____ figures show steady growth in the number of unemployed college graduates in China.
A. lately B. latest C. bottom D. end

21. Anyone with a knows that overwork leads to decreased efficiency.
A. mind B. intelligence C. brain D. reason
22. I can't on work when it is so sunny outside.
A. keep my mind B. make up my mind
C. change my mind D. make a wish
23. Is this your first trip in the state? How long here?
A. will you be in B. have you come C. were you being D. will you stay
24. How was your trip to Lijiang? I've never there before.
A. been B. being C. was D. went
25. The two versions of the text are in many ways.
A. likewise B. likely C. alike D. same
26. Edward, you play so well, but I you played the piano.
A. didn't know B. hadn't known C. don't know D. haven't known
27. My teacher encouraged a summer course to improve my English.
A. me for taking B. me to take C. for me to take D. me taking
28. Sally's never seen a play in the Shanghai Grand Theatre, ?
A. hasn't she B. has she C. isn't she D. is she

II. 阅读理解 (共4小题)

阅读下面一篇短文,从A, B, C, D四个选项中选出最佳选项。

How Room Designs Affect Our Work and Feelings

Architects have long had the feeling that the places we live in can affect our thoughts, feelings and behaviors. But now scientists are giving this feeling an empirical (经验的, 实证的) basis. They are discovering how to design spaces that promote creativity, keep people focused and lead to relaxation.

Researches show that aspects of the physical environment can influence creativity. In 2007, Joan Meyers-Levy at the University of Minnesota, reported that the height of a room's ceiling affects how people think. Her research indicates that higher ceilings encourage people to think more freely, which may lead them to make more abstract connections. Low ceilings, on the other hand, may inspire a more detailed outlook.

In additions to ceiling height, the view afforded by a building may influence an occupant's ability to concentrate. Nancy Wells and her colleagues at Cornell University found in their study that kids who experienced the greatest increase in greenness as a result of a family move made the most gains on a standard test of attention.

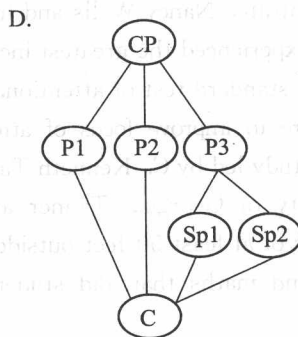
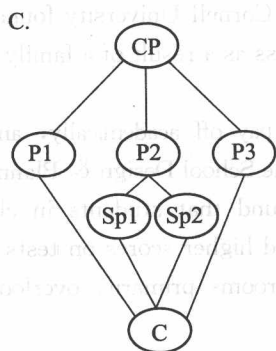
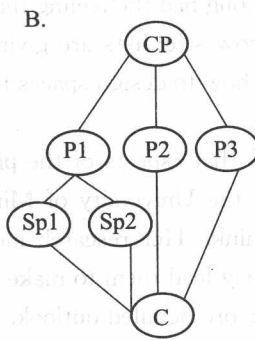
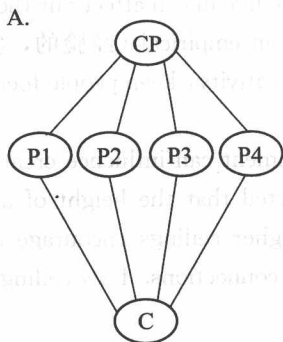
Using nature to improve focus of attention ought to pay off academically, and it seems to, according to a study led by C. Kenneth Tanner, head of the School Design & Planning Laboratory at the University of Georgia. Tanner and his team found that students in classrooms with unblocked views of at least 50 feet outside the window had higher scores on tests of vocabulary, language arts and maths than did students whose classrooms primarily overlooked roads and parking lots.

Recent study on room lighting design suggests than dim (暗淡的) light helps people to loosen up. If that is true generally, keeping the light low during dinner or at parties could increase

relaxation. Researchers of Harvard Medical School also discovered that furniture with rounded edges could help visitors relax.

So far scientists have focused mainly on public buildings. "We have a very limited number of studies, so we're almost looking at the problem through a straw (吸管)," architect David Allison says. "How do you take answers to very specific questions and make broad, generalized use of them? That's what we're all struggling with."

29. What does Joan Meyers-Levy focus on in her research?
 A. Light. B. Ceilings. C. Windows. D. Furniture.
30. The passage tells us that _____ .
 A. the shape of furniture may affect people's feelings
 B. lower ceilings may help improve students' creativity
 C. children in a dim classroom may improve their grades
 D. students in rooms with unblocked views may feel relaxed
31. The underlined sentence in the last paragraph probably means that _____ .
 A. the problem is not approached step by step
 B. the researches so far have faults in themselves
 C. the problem is too difficult for researchers to detect
 D. research in this area is not enough to make generalized patterns
32. Which of the following shows the organization of the passage?
 CP: Central Point P: Point SP: Sub-point (次要点) C: Conclusion



第三部分 写作练习

写一篇 100 个单词左右的记叙文，讲述一下你有一天早起出行的经历。

听力 分值 15 分

1. (共 2 小题) 听下面 2 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话前，你都有 10 秒钟的时间来阅读各个小题，每段对话仅读一遍。
1. How much will the man pay for two round tickets and two weekend tickets?
 A. The man will pay twenty dollars.
 B. The man will pay thirty dollars.
 C. The man will pay forty dollars.
2. What does the woman do?
 A. She is a teacher.
 B. She is a housewife.
 C. She is a doctor.
3. Why is Linda good at all the subjects?
 A. She is clever.
 B. She works hard.
 C. She is very young.
4. What time is it now?
 A. 2:07.
 B. 2:30.
 C. 2:52.
5. What does the man call the woman?
 A. Ma. (Mother)
 B. Miss. (Miss)
 C. Mrs. (Mrs.)
6. (共 2 小题) 听下面一段对话。对话后有 2 个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中最选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听对话前，你将有 10 秒钟的时间来阅读各个小题，每段对话仅读一遍。
7. When did the two people last see each other?
 A. More than a year ago.
 B. Last Christmas.
 C. Last New Year's Day.
8. Which statement is true about the conversation?
 A. One child injured an actor.
 B. One child hurt a king.
 C. The girl took a king.

第 2 单元

Lesson 5 to Lesson 8

第一部分 听力

I. (共 5 小题) 听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题, 从题中所给的 A, B, C 三个选项选出最佳选项, 并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后, 你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

- How much will the man pay for two general tickets and two student tickets?
 - The man will pay twenty dollars.
 - The man will pay thirty dollars.
 - The man will pay forty dollars.
- What does the woman do?
 - She is a teacher
 - She is a housewife.
 - She is an editor.
- Why is Linda good at all the subjects?
 - She is clever.
 - She works hard.
 - Both A and B.
- What time is it now?
 - 2:05
 - 2:30
 - 2:55
- What does the man call the woman?
 - Ms. Black.
 - Mrs. Black.
 - Miss Black.

II. (共 4 小题) 听下面一段对话。对话后有几个小题, 从题中所给的 A, B, C 三个选项选出最佳选项, 并标在试卷的相应位置。听对话前, 你将有时间阅读各个小题, 每小题 5 秒钟; 听完后, 各小题将有 5 秒钟的作答时间。对话读两遍。

- When did the two people last see each other?
 - More than a year ago.
 - Last Christmas.
 - Last New Year's day.
- Which statement is true about the conversation?
 - One child injured an arm.
 - One child hurt a knee.
 - One child broke a leg.

8. What did you learn about Joe?
 A. He is still playing the violin.
 B. He no longer plays the violin.
 C. He enjoys both the violin and sports.
9. What is Mrs. White doing now?
 A. She is studying French. B. She is studying typing. C. She is studying cooking.

第二部分 英语知识运用

I. 单项选择 (共 20 小题)

10. What's the distance from Peking to New York city? How _____ is Peking _____ NYC.
 A. long ago...until B. long...away C. away...till D. far...from
11. Charles was alone at home, with _____ looking after him.
 A. someone B. anyone C. not one D. no one
12. Mr. John has one house in West part of the city, his _____ house is in the north.
 A. another B. other C. else D. different
13. The biggest whale is _____ blue whale, which grows to be about 29 meters long—the height of _____ 9-story building.
 A. the; the B. a; a C. a; the D. the; a
14. Professor Zhang gave the textbooks to all the students, except _____ who had already taken them.
 A. these B. ones C. the ones D. the others
15. Knowing that he is homeless, Mike gave _____.
 A. to him a meal B. a meal for him C. him to a meal D. him a meal
16. _____ does Lucy give a telephone call to her boyfriend? Almost every day.
 A. How seldom B. How long C. How soon D. How often
17. When you walk in the _____ in New York city, you will find yourself surrounded by high buildings.
 A. streets B. ways C. roads D. routes
18. What I need is _____ book that contains _____ ABC of oil painting.
 A. a; 不填 B. the; 不填 C. the; an D. a; the
19. The CDs are on sale! Buy one and you get _____ completely free.
 A. other B. others C. one D. ones
20. —Have you known each other for long?
 —Not very, _____ we started to work in the ABC Motor Company.
 A. before B. after C. when D. since
21. The Christmas day will arrive soon, are you _____ that day?
 A. expecting B. waiting C. expecting for D. expecting to
22. Written in a hurry, the report is _____ mistakes. How can it be satisfactory?
 A. full with B. full of C. full by D. full in