

1988年全国各地中招试题分类集释

# 英 语

山 石 绍 仙 编

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## 前 言

为广大考生1989年高考、中考复习之需，我们根据中学英语教学大纲和国家教委关于升学考试的指示精神，全面收集、认真研究了1988年全国各地高考预考和中专、高中招生考试英语试题，从中精选，并按照题型进行了分类编排，汇集成册，分高中、初中两册出版。书末各附有四份较具代表性的原卷，可作模拟试题用。所有试题均在书末附“参考答案”以便考生在复习中自我检测。

我们希望本书能对同学们的系统复习有所帮助，并能为从事高、初中毕业班教学的老师们提供一些有益的参考资料。时间仓促，水平有限，疏漏之处，敬请指正。

本书由山石、绍仙编，尽量选用标准化试题，内容主要选自北京、上海、广州、南京、天津、成都、西安、武汉、徐州、扬州、苏州、蚌埠、大连、黄石、泉州、平顶山、石家庄、郑州、沈阳、荆门、锦州、淮阴、常州、芜湖、沙市、盐城等市和安徽、浙江、福建、山西、湖南、四川、云南、河南等省以及湖北省荆州地区，河南省商丘地区、山西省晋中地区、江西省宜春地区等地试卷，编写中还得到吴银华、韦立等同志的帮助，谨此申谢。

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## 一、语 音

I. 在下列每组四个单词中，有一个划线部分的读音与其他三个不同，将这个单词的编号填入题前的括号内。

- ( ) 1. A. safe      B. lake  
                  C. have      D. date
- ( ) 2. A. hand      B. fast  
                  C. fat      D. catch
- ( ) 3. A. fever      B. ever  
                  C. west      D. seven
- ( ) 4. A. lesson      B. wet  
                  C. neck      D. genie
- ( ) 5. A. live      B. wide  
                  C. rice      D. unite
- ( ) 6. A. milk      B. middle  
                  C. bring      D. mind
- ( ) 7. A. holiday      B. October  
                  C. notice      D. nobody
- ( ) 8. A. among      B. dector  
                  C. brother      D. above
- ( ) 9. A. refuse      B. student  
                  C. excuse      D. ruler
- ( ) 10. A. under      B. study  
                  C. hurry      D. busy
- ( ) 11. A. satisfy      B. fly  
                  C. biology      D. reply
- ( ) 12. A. rail      B. rain  
                  C. wait      D. said
- ( ) 13. A. ways      B. says  
                  C. days      D. plays
- ( ) 14. A. August      B. laugh  
                  C. aunt      D. aren't
- ( ) 15. A. warm      B. start  
                  C. harvest      D. pardon

- ( ) 16. A. all      B. wall  
                  C. almost      D. tall
- ( ) 17. A. great      B. ready  
                  C. head      D. bread
- ( ) 18. A. repeat      B. beast  
                  C. league      D. break
- ( ) 19. A. new      B. sew  
                  C. few      D. knew
- ( ) 20. A. fear      B. nearly  
                  C. hear      D. heart
- ( ) 21. A. early      B. bear  
                  C. wear      D. pair
- ( ) 22. A. piece      B. thief  
                  C. die      D. believe
- ( ) 23. A. boot      B. choose  
                  C. blood      D. tooth
- ( ) 24. A. look      B. moon  
                  C. good      D. cook
- ( ) 25. A. mooth      B. enough  
                  C. coontry      D. tooch
- ( ) 26. A. bool      B. grow  
                  C. doon      D. know
- ( ) 27. A. work      B. world  
                  C. horse      D. worse
- ( ) 28. A. lrge      B. league  
                  C. dig      D. gate
- ( ) 29. A. hatch      B. hoose  
                  C. hoome      D. hoor
- ( ) 30. A. sure      B. salt  
                  C. sleep      D. soldier
- ( ) 31. A. cakes      B. pens  
                  C. radios      D. bags
- ( ) 32. A. passed      B. killed

- C. finished D. laughed  
 ( ) 33. A. hated B. wanted  
 C. starved D. computed  
 ( ) 34. A. factories B. games  
 C. thieves D. houses  
 ( ) 35. A. machine B. chest  
 C. teach D. French  
 ( ) 36. A. chair B. chalk  
 C. chemist D. lunch  
 ( ) 37. A. laugh B. eight  
 C. daughter D. plough  
 ( ) 38. A. death B. through  
 C. either D. theatre  
 ( ) 39. A. whose B. what  
 C. white D. why  
 ( ) 40. A. exhibition B. question  
 C. attention D. liberation

II. 请对下列各组单词划线部分的读音按所列A、B、C、D四种情况选择答案, 将选定的答案编号填入题前的括号内。

A. 四个都是同一读法 B. 四个里面有两种读法 C. 四个里面有三种读法 D. 四个是四种读法

- ( ) 41. no low road both  
 ( ) 42. bread great  
real seat  
 ( ) 43. machine headache  
search Christmas  
 ( ) 44. watched finished  
passed used  
 ( ) 45. guard quarter  
February January  
 ( ) 46. what cat  
face water  
 ( ) 47. most hot  
monkey lose

- ( ) 48. nurse verse  
term girl  
 ( ) 49. believe receive  
team people  
 ( ) 50. monkey danger  
stronger morning

II. 下列单词的注音只有一个正确的, 将正确答案的编号填入题前的括号内。

- ( ) 51. English  
 A. ['ɪŋglɪʃ] B. ['ɪŋglɪs]  
 C. ['ɪŋglɪʃ] D. ['ɪŋglɪs]  
 ( ) 52. treasure  
 A. ['treʒə] B. ['tresə]  
 C. ['trezə] D. ['trezə]  
 ( ) 53. close  
 A. [klu:s] B. [kləuz]  
 C. [klauz] D. [klu:z]  
 ( ) 54. done  
 A. [du:n] B. [doun]  
 C. [dun] D. [dʌn]  
 ( ) 55. job  
 A. [ʒəb] B. [dʒə:b]  
 C. [jəb] D. [dʒəb]  
 ( ) 56. upon  
 A. [ə'pən] B. ['ʌ'pən]  
 C. [ə'pən] D. [ə'pə:n]  
 ( ) 57. season  
 A. ['si:sən] B. ['si:zn]  
 C. ['si:sn] D. ['si:zin]  
 ( ) 58. nothing  
 A. ['nʌθɪŋ] B. ['nəuθɪŋ]  
 C. ['nʌθɪŋ] D. ['nəuθɪŋ]  
 ( ) 59. heaven  
 A. ['heɪvən] B. ['hi:vən]  
 C. ['heɪvən] D. ['hivən]  
 ( ) 60. parent  
 A. ['pæərənt] B. ['pɛərənt]  
 C. ['pa:rent] D. ['piərənt]

IV. 观察所给单词划线部分的读音,从A、B、C、D划线部分中找出与其读音相同的,并将其编号填入题前的括号内。

- ( ) 61. qtrack  
A. lame B. trade C. watch D. matter
- ( ) 62. cross  
A. cover B. complete C. Europe D. honest
- ( ) 63. cat  
A. cleaned B. worked C. united D. pleased
- ( ) 64. move  
A. lose B. close C. love D. hope
- ( ) 65. group  
A. wound B. house C. ground D. cloud

V. 在下列各组单词中找出一个含有所给音素的词,并将其编号填入题前的括号内。

- ( ) 66. [i:] A. beat B. great  
C. meant D. bread
- ( ) 67. [æ] A. paper B. station  
C. plate D. valley
- ( ) 68. [ɒ] A. month B. corn  
C. cotton D. soldier
- ( ) 69. [v:] A. vapour B. mourn  
C. neighbour D. colour
- ( ) 70. [au] A. yellow B. south  
C. below D. trouble

VI. 在下列每组词中找出一个重音位置与其余三个不同的词,将其编号填入题前的括号内。

- ( ) 71. A. animal B. aloud  
C. agree D. attend
- ( ) 72. A. useful B. liquid  
C. complete D. public
- ( ) 73. A. Japan B. silent  
C. recorder D. protect
- ( ) 74. A. better B. before  
C. begin D. below
- ( ) 75. A. danger B. daughter

C. daytime D. defence

VII. 将下列单词按其重读音节的元音归类,并将其编号写在相应的元音音标后面。

- A. type B. tomb C. front  
D. worth E. soul F. prepare  
G. about H. thin I. walk  
J. grain K. finally L. group  
M. number N. heard O. there  
P. coat Q. short R. give  
S. table T. pronounce

76. [i] \_\_\_\_\_  
77. [ə:] \_\_\_\_\_  
78. [ʌ] \_\_\_\_\_  
79. [ɔ:] \_\_\_\_\_  
80. [u:] \_\_\_\_\_  
81. [ei] \_\_\_\_\_  
82. [ai] \_\_\_\_\_  
83. [au] \_\_\_\_\_  
84. [əu] \_\_\_\_\_  
85. [ə] \_\_\_\_\_

VIII. 按所给音标和句子的意思,在每道题子的空白处填上两个读音相同而拼写不同的词,使句子完整,意思通顺。

86. [rəʊd] He \_\_\_\_\_ a horse away along the \_\_\_\_\_ twenty minutes ago.
87. [tu:] Tom has bought \_\_\_\_\_ pencils, Mary has bought some pencils, \_\_\_\_\_.
88. [wei] By the \_\_\_\_\_, how can we \_\_\_\_\_ this big elephant?
89. [ðeə] We went \_\_\_\_\_ to see \_\_\_\_\_ new house last Sunday.
90. [raɪt] People usually \_\_\_\_\_ with their \_\_\_\_\_ hands.
91. [weə] Many boys \_\_\_\_\_ coats in \_\_\_\_\_ winter.  
Do you know \_\_\_\_\_ my coat is?
92. [wɔ:] Many people died in the \_\_\_\_\_.

He \_\_\_\_\_ a black coat yesterday.

3. [heə] I usually have my \_\_\_\_\_ cut  
once a month.

A \_\_\_\_\_ runs much faster  
than a tortoise.

94. [neuz] An elephant's \_\_\_\_\_ is long.  
She \_\_\_\_\_ how to repair the  
watch.

95. [blu:] When there are no clouds, the  
sky is \_\_\_\_\_.

While he was running, the  
wind \_\_\_\_\_ his hat off.

Ⅱ、下列各组对话在一般情况下该用什么  
语调, 请将正确答案的编号填入题前的括号内。

( ) 96. — Did you have a meeting  
after school?  
— No, I didn't.

A. 升调、降调 B. 降调、降调  
C. 降调、升调 D. 升调、升调

( ) 97. — Where's the school  
library?  
— On the first floor,  
Room 101.

— Are you sure?

A. 升调、降调、升调 B. 降调、降调、降调

C. 降调、降调、升调 D. 升调、降调、降调

( ) 98. — What day is it today?  
— It's Friday.

— Then the day after  
tomorrow will be  
Sunday, won't it?

A. 降调、降调、升调 B. 降调、降调、降调

C. 升调、降调、升调 D. 升调、降调、降调

( ) 99. — Did you go swimming  
yesterday?

— No, but I went skating.

— How long did you  
skate?

A. 降调、降调、升调 B. 升调、降调、降调

C. 降调、升调、降调 D. 升调、升调、降调

( ) 100. — Is your sister a  
geography teacher?

— Yes, she is.

— She teaches geography,  
doesn't she?

A. 降调、降调、降调 B. 降调、升调、降调

C. 升调、降调、降调 D. 降调、降调、升调

## 二、词

## 汇

I. 根据要求写出下列单词的相 形式:

1. 复数: woman \_\_\_\_\_ German \_\_\_\_\_  
sheep \_\_\_\_\_ tomato \_\_\_\_\_ photo \_\_\_\_\_

2. 单数: teeth \_\_\_\_\_

3. 形容词: friend \_\_\_\_\_  
chemistry \_\_\_\_\_ cloud \_\_\_\_\_ use \_\_\_\_\_

4. 名词: ill \_\_\_\_\_ safe \_\_\_\_\_  
die \_\_\_\_\_ pronounce \_\_\_\_\_

5. 动词: operation \_\_\_\_\_

6. 反义词: clean \_\_\_\_\_ heavy \_\_\_\_\_  
borrow \_\_\_\_\_ forget \_\_\_\_\_ never \_\_\_\_\_

same \_\_\_\_\_

7. 近义词: steam \_\_\_\_\_

8. 现在分词: fix \_\_\_\_\_ lie \_\_\_\_\_  
win \_\_\_\_\_

9. 过去分词: study \_\_\_\_\_ choose \_\_\_\_\_  
eat \_\_\_\_\_ sink \_\_\_\_\_ fall \_\_\_\_\_  
keep \_\_\_\_\_ drive \_\_\_\_\_ write \_\_\_\_\_

10. 副词: sad \_\_\_\_\_ true \_\_\_\_\_ good \_\_\_\_\_  
happy \_\_\_\_\_

11. 序数词: three \_\_\_\_\_ five \_\_\_\_\_  
twenty \_\_\_\_\_



12. 比较级: fat much  
instructive
13. 最高级: bad            thin             
well
14. 同音词: weather
15. 第三人称单数: cry
16. 同义词: reply
17. 名词性物主代词: my

**I. 根据句意用括号内所给词的正确形式填空:**

18. He            (dead) for the people.
19. This picture is mine. That one is            (she).
20. The            (nine) Lesson is more difficult.
21. I usually do some            (wash) on Sundays.
22. We are            (interest) in the film.
23. The            (lose) camel was found at last.
24. None of the teachers taught him. He taught            (he).
25. People gave the flowers to the            (win).
26. I saw many sheep            (lie) on the ground when I came to the foot of the hill.
27. A train was coming near quickly, and the boy was too            (frighten) to move.

**II. 根据句意用划线部分单词的反义词填空.**

28. I'm very busy these days. I will be            tomorrow.
29. This coat is black. That one is           .
30. My book is thick. Yours is           .
31. This kind of car is expensive.

- That one is           .
32. I've sold the old bike and            a new one.
33. Our school was dirty before. But it is            now.
34. Sometimes the boy cries. Sometimes the boy           .
35. This question is not difficult. It is           .

**IV. 下列各句划线的单词只有一个有错误, 请将其编号填入题前的括号内.**

- ( ) 36. He hears the good news last Friday.  
A B C D
- ( ) 37. Tom can't go to the librery with you, he must go over the new words in Lesson 15.  
A B C D
- ( ) 38. The new houses were built by the villegers themselves.  
A B C D
- ( ) 39. The fishman quickly put the lid on and threw it back into the sea.  
A B C D
- ( ) 40. There are around 80 piramids in Egypt.  
A B C D
- ( ) 41. Some farmers were worried about hawks because they were taking many of their chickens, so finally they asked the offisials for help.  
A B C D

- ( 42. To protect the deer, people  
began to kill many lions, but  
A  
when the balance of nature  
B C  
was destroyed.  
D

- ( ) 43. Abacuses were used centuries  
A  
ago in China and they could  
do 10 adding problems in one  
B C  
second.  
D

44. Dr. Bethune set off  
immediately with some medical  
workers to give the wounded  
soldiers operations in the  
temple.

45. The boy's father was  
thankful to Edison so he  
A  
explained to him how to send  
B  
messages by railway  
C  
telegraph.  
D

**V. 词义配对:** 在B栏中找出与A栏中意义相同或相近的词或词组并将其编号填入题前的括号内。

- | A              | B  |
|----------------|--|
| 46. join       | A. move from side to side or up and down |
| 47. in no time | B. ask somebody to come                  |
| 48. shake      | C. suffer because of having no food      |

- ( )49. hardly D. look carefully  
to try to find  
something
- ( )50. starve E. become a member  
of
- ( )51. send F. go to see  
for s mebody or a  
place
- ( )52. visit G. very soon
- ( )53. search H. feel sorry for
- ( )54. liquid I. almost not
- ( )55. regret J. matter like water  
that flows freely

VI. 单词拼写: 根据左边的释义写出相应的单词, 单词的第一个字母已经给出:

56. time between morning and evening a \_\_\_\_\_
57. one hundred years c \_\_\_\_\_
58. go down s \_\_\_\_\_
59. father or mother p \_\_\_\_\_
60. come or go into e \_\_\_\_\_
61. say or do again r \_\_\_\_\_
62. a short film of news n \_\_\_\_\_
63. come face to face with m \_\_\_\_\_
64. break into pieces d \_\_\_\_\_
65. make young birds come h \_\_\_\_\_  
out of eggs

Ⅶ. 从所给A、B、C、D四个答案中选择与句中划线部分意思相同或相近的词或短语，将其编号填入题前的括号内。

- ( 166. Dr. Bethune reached Yanan  
in the spring of 1938.  
A. get B. arrived at  
C. arrived D. get to
- ( 167. Where is Jack? I want to have  
a word with him.  
A. speak to B. write a letter  
to C. play with D. wait for

- ( ) 68. When he was twelve, Edison began selling newspapers.  
A. As twelve B. At the age of twelve C. By twelve years old D. In his boyhood
- ( ) 69. In the end our football team has won.  
A. By the end B. By last C. Finally D. At first
- ( ) 70. Did you enjoy yourself in the park?  
A. have a good time B. happily C. play D. pleased
- ( ) 71. Li Ying wears a red shirt today. She looks even more beautiful.  
A. puts on B. gets on C. has on D. puts off
- ( ) 72. Last time I took his mirror by mistake. So I had to say sorry to him.  
A. apologize B. excuse C. reply D. thank
- ( ) 73. The thankful mother joined her children in the lifeboat.  
A. took part in B. was active C. played with D. was together with
- ( ) 74. I saw him playing volleyball on the sportsground just now.  
A. right now B. now C. before long D. a short time ago
- ( ) 75. There is much water in apples.  
A. many B. a great deal of C. lots D. a lots of
- ( ) 76. They said he was dead but I knew all the time that

he would come back.

- A. all along B. all over  
C. all together D. all out

- ( ) 77. Be here by four o'clock, please.  
A. not later than B. not later C. later D. later than
- ( ) 78. There is only a card in the box.  
A. something but B. nothing but C. anything but D. everything but
- ( ) 97. My father was ill. I had to look after him at home.  
A. take away B. take hold of C. take part in D. take care of
- ( ) 80. From then on no one should ever kill a seagull.  
A. After that B. At that time C. Until then D. From now on

Ⅷ. 填词: 根据句意在每个空格里填上一个适当的词, 使句子完整通顺。

81. Summer is the season \_\_\_\_\_ spring and autumn.
82. France is in the west of \_\_\_\_\_.
83. There is nothing in the room \_\_\_\_\_ a long table.
84. Mr. Smith is on the second floor. Please go \_\_\_\_\_ to see him.
85. The bottle is \_\_\_\_\_ with clean water.
86. They are making some \_\_\_\_\_ to that very old building.
87. Take his \_\_\_\_\_ to see if he has got a fever.
88. He fears neither difficulty nor death, so he is called a \_\_\_\_\_ fighter.

89. If you don't hear a question clearly, You'll have to ask the speaker to \_\_\_\_\_ it.

90. "Do you want me to help you?"  
"No, thanks. I can do it \_\_\_\_\_."

### 三、单 项 填 空

在下列各题的四个答案中选择一个最佳答案填空，将其编号填入题前的括号内。

( ) 1. My sister is \_\_\_\_\_ university student. She is \_\_\_\_\_ unknown girl.

A. an...an      B. a...an  
C. a...a      D. an...a

( ) 2. Who is \_\_\_\_\_ old woman over there?

A. the    B. an    C. a    D. /

( ) 3. After John came out of \_\_\_\_\_ prison, he wanted to be \_\_\_\_\_ honest man.

A. the...a      . the...an  
C. /...the    D. /...an

( ) 4. "Must I hand in my homework at once?"

"No, you \_\_\_\_\_. You \_\_\_\_\_ hand it in tomorrow."

A. can't...must    B. mustn't...can  
C. needn't...may  
D. can't...may

( ) 5. He dare not \_\_\_\_\_ school.

A. be late for    B. to be late for  
C. to late for    D. late for

( ) 6. We shall visit the Science Museum \_\_\_\_\_ next week.

A. sometime    B. sometimes  
C. some time    D. some times

( ) 7. The train hasn't arrived \_\_\_\_\_.

A. already    B. yet  
C. often      D. usually

( ) 8. I'm sorry you can't answer the question, \_\_\_\_\_.

A. too      B. either  
C. neither    D. still

( ) 9. When I saw it, I could \_\_\_\_\_ believe my eyes.

A. not hardly    B. hardly  
C. hardly not    D. no hardly

( ) 10. Kite writes more \_\_\_\_\_ than Henry.

A. careless    B. carefully  
C. care      D. careful

( ) 11. Yesterday no one came earlier than Liu Ming. \_\_\_\_\_ came \_\_\_\_\_.

A. the earliest    B. earlier  
C. most earliest    D. more earlier

( ) 12. The Summer Palace is one of \_\_\_\_\_ in Beijing.

A. the most beautiful park  
B. the most beautiful parks  
C. beautiful park  
D. more beautiful park

( ) 13. Is Joan \_\_\_\_\_ girl in her class?

A. thinnest    B. the thinnest  
C. thinnest    D. the most thinnest

( ) 14. The teacher asked him to speak \_\_\_\_\_ louder so that everybody could hear him.



A. more B. a little  
C. a few D. little

( )15. Yesterday \_\_\_ students took part in the sports meet.

A. eight hundreds and fifty-six  
B. eight hundred fifty six  
C. eight hundred and fifty six  
D. eight hundred and fifty-six

( )16. Today is \_\_\_ day of this month.

A. ninth B. the ninth  
C. the ninth D. ninth

( )17. When Mr. Liu was \_\_\_, he became a famous professor.

A. on his forties B. in the forties  
C. in the forty D. in his forties

( )18. The story is not interesting \_\_\_ instructive.

A. not B. no C. or D. and

( )19. Study hard, \_\_\_ you will catch up with your classmates.

A. and B. but C. or D. so

( )20. I \_\_\_ believe you \_\_\_ I've seen you in the jar with my own eyes.

A. will...until B. will...not until  
C. n ...until D. won't...until

( )21. Mr. Black is very strict \_\_\_ his work. He is also very strict \_\_\_ his students.

A. with...in B. in...with  
C. in...in D. with...with

( )22. The People's Republic of China was founded \_\_\_ October 1, 1949.

A. in B. on C. by D. at

( )23. Tom was born \_\_\_ the morning

of March 23, 1965.

A. on B. in C. at D. by

( )24. This kind of paper is made \_\_\_ wood.

A. of B. from C. in D. at

( )25. His mother was satisfied \_\_\_ what he had done.

A. on B. to C. in D. with

( )26. The horse was blind \_\_\_ right eye.

A. in the B. on the  
C. in his D. on his

( )27. The bottle is full \_\_\_ air.

A. with B. off C. of  
D. by

( )28. I have nothing to do \_\_\_ the matter.

A. about B. with  
C. in D. for

( )29. At last, they found the hospital \_\_\_ the end of the street.

A. on B. in C. by D. at

( )30. Salt Lake City lies \_\_\_ a valley \_\_\_ high mountains all round it.

A. to...with B. in...of  
C. with...in D. in...with

( )31. Guangzhou lies \_\_\_ the south of China.

A. in B. on C. to D. by

( )32. Japan lies \_\_\_ the east of China.

A. to B. in C. on D. by

( )33. "When will you return the book?"

" \_\_\_ a week."

A. In B. On C. After  
D. Since

( )34. When somebody makes

mistakes, we shouldn't laugh  
\_\_\_\_\_ him.

A. to B. for C. on D. at

( ) 35. This is not \_\_\_\_\_ pen. It's \_\_\_\_\_.

A. mine...his B. my...her  
C. my...his D. hers...mine

( ) 36. This exercise-book is \_\_\_\_\_. She  
wrote \_\_\_\_\_ name in it \_\_\_\_\_.

A. her...her...herself  
B. hers...her...hers  
C. hers...her...herself  
D. hers...her...herselves

( ) 37. Mr. Smith taught \_\_\_\_\_ English  
last year.

A. our B. ours C. us D. we

( ) 38. I saw many trees on \_\_\_\_\_ sides  
of the road.

A. all B. neither  
C. each D. both

( ) 39. Children should be taught how  
to get on with \_\_\_\_\_.

A. others B. another  
C. the other D. other

( ) 40. Shanghai is larger than \_\_\_\_\_  
city in China.

A. any other B. others  
C. all D. any

( ) 41. I borrowed four books from  
the library. One is in  
English, \_\_\_\_\_ are in Chinese.

A. the other B. other  
C. another D. the others

( ) 42. I don't think there is \_\_\_\_\_ good  
news in today's paper.

A. a B. many C. any D. an

( ) 43. My uncle is a man of \_\_\_\_\_  
words. He doesn't like to  
talk with anyone.

A. few B. a few C. little  
D. a little

( ) 44. Can you speak English? Yes,  
but only \_\_\_\_\_.

I've studied it for only \_\_\_\_\_  
months.

A. a little...few B. little...a  
few C. a little...a few  
D. a few...a little

( ) 45. Hurry up! There is \_\_\_\_\_ time  
left.

A. little B. a little  
C. few D. a few

( ) 46. \_\_\_\_\_ is yours, the blue one or  
the yellow one?

A. What B. Which  
C. That D. Where

( ) 47. The museum is \_\_\_\_\_ from my  
home.

A. two hour's walk  
B. walk of two hours  
C. walk by two hours  
D. two hours' walk

( ) 48. June 1 is \_\_\_\_\_.

A. Children's Day  
B. Childrens' Day  
C. Child's Day  
D. Childs' Day

( ) 49. Does anyone know \_\_\_\_\_?

A. where does she come from  
B. she comes from where  
C. from where does she come  
D. where she comes from

( ) 50. In the end the strange girl  
told the policeman shyly  
\_\_\_\_\_.

A. what was her name  
B. what her name was  
C. which her name was  
D. who was she

( ) 51. "Be quiet, please. I have \_\_\_\_\_  
to tell you," said the

teacher.

- A. some important thing
- B. something important
- C. important something
- D. important somethings

Q )52. The meeti \_\_\_\_\_. You are a little late

- A. had just begun
- B. just has begun
- C. has just begun
- D. has begun just now

C )53. Neither John nor Mike \_\_\_\_\_ what happened that day.

- A. know B. knows C. don't know D. doesn't know

Q )54. Not only I but also he \_\_\_\_\_ seen the film.

- A. have yet B. has
- C. hasn't already D. had to

Q )55. \_\_\_\_\_ here.

- A. Everyone of us are
- B. Everyone of us is
- C. Every one of us are
- D. Every one of us is

C )56. Physics \_\_\_\_\_ usually difficult to learn.

- A. is B. are C. am D. were

C )57. \_\_\_\_\_ good time we had in the park yesterday!

- A. What a B. What
- C. How D. How a

C )58. \_\_\_\_\_ hard the people are working!

- A. So B. How C. What
- D. Such

C )59. \_\_\_\_\_ careless the girl is!

- A. What B. How
- C. How much D. So much

C )60. Look! How beautiful \_\_\_\_\_!

- A. the flower is B. is the

flower C. a flower is

D. is a flowe

( )61. She's read the newspaper, \_\_\_\_\_?

- A. isn't she B. hasn't she
- C. wasn't she D. doesn't she

( )62. You have never seen such a fine picture, \_\_\_\_\_?

- A. aren't you B. have you
- C. haven't you D. have had you

( )63. The teacher shows you a picture of a wolf and asks, "It isn't a dog, is it?" you should answer,

"\_\_\_\_\_."

- A. Yes, it isn't B. Yes, it is
- C. No, it isn't D. No it is

( )64. Will you please \_\_\_\_\_ me your bike?

- A. borrow B. to borrow
- C. lend D. to lend

( )65. \_\_\_\_\_ your son if you come next time.

- A. Bring B. Take
- C. Fetch D. Catch

( )66. It \_\_\_\_\_ us three years to do such research work.

- A. spent B. took
- C. made D. used

( )67. How much did you \_\_\_\_\_ for the dictionary?

- A. take B. spend
- C. pay D. have

( )68. The new shirt \_\_\_\_\_ me 11 yuan.

- A. spent B. took
- C. cost D. used

( )69. Have you \_\_\_\_\_ the bike for a year?

- A. to buy B. buy

- C. boughs D. had
- ( )70. She \_\_\_ here for five months.  
A. has come B. had come  
C. came D. has been
- ( )71. I \_\_\_ this book for two weeks.  
I have to go and return it to the library.  
A. have borrowed B. borrowed  
C. have kept D. shall keep
- ( )72. The young soldier is \_\_\_  
lighter.  
A. an afraid B. a fearless  
C. a fear D. a frightened
- ( )73. The policemen \_\_\_ his room,  
but didn't find anything in it.  
A. searched B. searched for  
C. looked for D. researched
- ( )74. Soon they \_\_\_ the bank of  
the river.  
A. got B. reached  
C. arrived D. reaches
- ( )75. I enjoy \_\_\_ newspapers after  
supper.  
A. looking B. seeing  
C. reading D. watching
- ( )76. How many states \_\_\_ most  
matter \_\_\_?  
A. do...have B. does...have  
C. was...had D. is...had
- ( )77. I'll write to your mother if  
you \_\_\_ here on time tomorrow.  
A. comes B. don't come  
C. will come D. won't come
- ( )78. We'll go to the zoo with him  
as soon as he \_\_\_ back.  
A. will come B. is coming  
C. shall come D. comes
- ( )79. Joe Hill \_\_\_ for ever by the  
working people in the United  
States.
- A. will remeber  
B. is remembering  
C. will be remembered  
D. have been remembered
- ( )80. Mr. Green is not at home  
now. He \_\_\_ to London.  
He \_\_\_ there three times since  
last year.  
A. has been...has gone  
B. has gone...has been  
C. has gone...has gone  
D. has been...has been
- ( )81. I'm very tired because I \_\_\_  
ill since last week.  
A. am B. was C. have  
been D. am being
- ( )82. Recent years, great changes  
\_\_\_ in our country.  
A. happened B. have taken  
place C. took place  
D. were taken place
- ( )83. John's never been to  
Shanghai, \_\_\_\_.  
A. Neither am I  
B. I haven't been, too  
C. I hadn't there, either  
D. Neither have I
- ( )84. Some children \_\_\_ when  
suddenly the ice broke.  
A. skate B. were skating  
C. are skating D. skated
- ( )85. They \_\_\_ the lost child when  
I met them.  
A. look for  
B. were looking for  
C. are looking at  
D. were looking up
- ( )86. He said he \_\_\_ swimming if it  
didn't rain.



- A. went B. has gone  
C. will go D. would go
- ( ) 87. He \_\_\_ on the ground for four hours before they finally found him.  
A. was lying B. had lied  
C. has lain D. had lain
- ( ) 88. He told the teacher he \_\_\_ his seat with Zhang Hong's.  
A. had changed B. has changed  
C. changes D. will change
- ( ) 89. When they got to the cinema, the film \_\_\_ for five minutes.  
A. had been on B. had begun  
C. was D. has been on
- ( ) 90. I didn't buy the book, because I \_\_\_ it.  
A. would read B. read  
C. had read D. have read
- ( ) 91. The street lights are usually \_\_\_ at seven in the evening.  
A. turn on B. turned on  
C. turn off D. turned off
- ( ) 92. A new factory \_\_\_ over there now.  
A. was built  
B. is being built  
C. was being built  
D. will be built
- ( ) 93. The flowers and trees on both sides of the street should \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. take good care  
B. be taken good care of  
C. be taken care  
D. take good care of
- ( ) 94. The policeman told the boys \_\_\_\_\_ in the street.  
A. not to play B. to notpal  
C. not play D. donplay't
- ( ) 95. The heavy rain made us \_\_\_ at home all day.  
A. stay B. stayed  
C. staying D. to stay
- ( ) 96. The students were busy \_\_\_\_\_ for the test.  
A. prepare B. prepared  
C. to prepare D. preparing
- ( ) 97. She said the report was worth \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. to hear B. hearing from  
C. listening to D. listening
- ( ) 98. It took me three days \_\_\_\_\_ the work.  
A. finishing B. to finish  
C. finish D. finished
- ( ) 99. She \_\_\_\_\_ the policeman \_\_\_\_\_ the thief \_\_\_\_\_ arm.  
A. see...caught...with his  
B. saw...catching...by the  
C. see...catch...on his  
D. watch...catch...on his
- ( ) 100. It's hot in the room. You'd better \_\_\_\_\_ your coat.  
A. take off B. to take off  
C. put on D. to put on
- ( ) 101. The mother told her child \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. don't waste time  
B. to not waste time  
C. not to waste time  
D. waste no time
102. Did you see the thief \_\_\_\_\_ the house with your own eyes?  
A. to enter B. enter into  
C. enter D. entered
- ( ) 103. There isn't any difference between the two model planes. The boy really doesn't