成人高等教育

# 大学英语

考试模拟试题集



# 成 人 高 等 教 育 大学英语考试模拟试题集

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Ⅰ. 成…

Ⅱ. 李…

Ⅲ. 英语

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# 前言

广东省成人高等教育大学英语考试(College English Test)系广东省高等教育厅成人教育办公室组织的全省性高等教育大学英语基础阶段的水平考试,考试的"目的在于考核学生运用语言的能力和对语法结构及词语用法的掌握程度"。

为了给成人高等教育学生提供一个客观地检验自己大学 英语水平的参考标准,同时也为了帮助学生能够发现自己在 成人高等教育大学英语学习中所存在的薄弱环节,进一步提 高自己的英语水平,我们应读者要求,编写了这本《成人高等 教育大学英语考试模拟试题集》。

本书严格按照《广东省成人高等教育大学英语考试大纲及样题》的要求而编写的。所以整个试卷的内容、形式、数量、计分和计时等与考试大纲的规定和真实考试完全一致。参加本书编写的有(按姓氏笔划为序)王心结、邹红英、张洪岩、李斯平、余惠芬、罗飞、胡慕辉、唐玉华、梁小卫、章恒珍,全是《大学英语》(成人高等教育用)的编者,参加本书审稿的是陈爱玖和叶华享两位副教授。

由于编者水平有限,错误在所难免,恳请读者批评、指正。

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### Test 1

#### Ⅰ. 语音知识

下列各组单词的发音中,有一个单词的元音与其他三个单词的元音不同,请找出不同元音的单词并在答题纸的相应部分用铅笔划线。

例:A.say B.said C.lay D.great

Sample Answet; A B C D

1.A.nose	B.lose	C. whole	D. rope
2.A.net	B. well	C. me	D. chest
3. A. use	B. but	C. luck	D. nut
4. A. pile	B. drive	C. light	D. lift
5. A. break	B. teach	C. reach	D. clean
6.A.piece	B. field	C. quiet	D. niece
7.A.blood	B. good	C. stood	D. food
8.A.mere	B. sphere	C. here	D. were
9. A. grow	B.cow	C. know	D.slow
10. A. some	B. love	C. gone	D. none
11.A.loud	B. house	C. soul	D. cloud
12. A. match	B. catch	C. hatch	D. watch
13. A. hour	B. pour	C. your	D. four

14. A. post	B. most	C. host	D. lost
15. A. new	B.blew	C.few	D.dew
16. A. far	B. war	C.car	D.bar
17. A. cap	B. bat	C. may	D. have
18, A, these	B. fetch	C. sense	D. lend
19. A. take	B. face	C. name	D. nice
20 A ton	B. tomb	C.come	D. son

# Ⅱ. 词语用法与语法结构

从下列 A、B、C、D、四个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的正确答案,在答题纸的相应部分用铅笔划线。

21.	Her English is better than	·
	A. his	B.he
	C.he's	D. him
22.	Does Jane speak any other	foreign language English?
	A. beside	B. besides
	C. unless	D. except
23.	They went onth	ne floor after they had finished cleaning
	the window.	
	A. mopping	B. to mop
	C. to mopping	D. to be mopping
24	. Fire is important for three	·
	A . causes	B. reasons
	C. facts	D. sakes
25	. The film is worth	_ a second time.
	A. to see	B. to be seen
	C. seeing	D. of seeing

26.	I didn't hear the knock on	the door. I asleep.
	A. would be	B. must be
	C. could be	D. must have been
27.	He proposed at the me	eting that new parking regulations
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	A. was made out	B. were made out
	C. make out	D.be made out
28.	The nurse was giving an	injection to the girl on the
	bed.	
	A.lie	B. lay
	C.lying	D. laying
29.	Mrs White can never forge	t the day she saw the queen.
	A. when	B. that
	C. which	D. the time
30.	Sam and Dick b	y their uncle.
	A.bring up	B. brought up
	C. was brought up	D. were brought up
31.	Not until after the war	his daughter in a small seaside
	village.	
	A.he found	B.he did find
	C. did he find	D. didn't he find
32.	It is no use over	spilt milk.
	A. to cry	B. crying
	C.ery	D. cried
33.	. The sports meeting was pu	t because of the snow.
	A. out	B. over
	C. off	D. of
34	the truth, he w	ouldn't have lent her the money.

	A. nao ne known	D. H ne knew
	C. If he knows	D. If he has known
35.	. he is understood	d by most students.
	A. By chance	B. By large
	C. Wholly	D. On the whole
36.	We were looking forward _	you.
	A. to see	B. to seeing
	C. for seeing	D. seeing
37.	My watch gains five minute	es every day. It needs
	A . repairing	B. to be repairing
	C. to repair	D. repaired
38.	Helen Keller finally	spelling words.
	A. won in	B. success in
	C.succeeded in	D. learnt to
39.	Many years, he	came home an old man.
	A.late	B. lately
	C.last	D.later
40.	I'd rather that you	to the meeting tomorrow.
	A.come	B.came
	C. are coming	D. will come
41.	Waves can ships	at sea as well as houses and building
	near the shore.	
	A. destroy	B. undermine
	C. break out	D. damage
42.	It is the of Amer	icans to return home for Christmas.
	A . habit	B. custom
	C. fashion	D. liking
43.	Henry's father got sick. So	he

	A. called his party off	B. called his party on
	C. called his party over	D. called on his party
44.	-	nts often foreign food.
	A.sell	B. give
	C. serve	D. eat
45.	He will be doomed to failur	e if he
	A. remembers my advice	B. keeps my advice in mind
	C. ignores my advice	D. will ignore my advice
46.	We hope to good	business relations between us.
	A. establish	B. build
	C. set up	D. construct
47.	The sun in the ea	ast and in the west.
	A. raises ··· set	B. raises ··· sets
	C. rises ··· set	D. rises***sets
48.	She can be trusted, for she	has always before.
	A. proved trusted	B. been trusting
	C. proved trustworthy	D. proved trusting
49.	His lecture yesterday	me to death.
	A. bored	B. forced
	C. killed	D. troubled
50.	Vivian is one of the most _	secretaries in the company.
	A. effective	B. effect
	C. effectual	D. efficient

#### Ⅲ.辨认错误

在下列各句的划线部分 A、B、C、D 中各有一个错误,指出这一错误,在答题纸的相应部分用铅笔划线。

- 51. Her mother forbids her from staying out late at night.
- 52. Although  $\frac{he}{A}$  lost  $\frac{in \ the \ game}{B}$ ,  $\frac{but}{C}$  he wouldn't  $\frac{give \ up}{D}$  easily.
- 53. The general gave a command that all the soldiers stayed where they were.
- 54. She walked slow in order to arrive after 12 o'clock.
- 55. Her hobbies are dancing, singing and to collect stamps.
- 56. According to the law, each child must go to school until they are  $\frac{A}{B}$  18.
- 57. Four of the students has been chosen to take part in the debate.
- 58. While he was at the university, he learned both English as well as French.
- 59. After he worked at the bank for three years, he decided to give up the job.
- 60. Simon  $\frac{\text{had}}{A}$  trouble  $\frac{\text{to look after}}{B}$  the office  $\frac{\text{because}}{C}$  he was a green hand.

#### Ⅳ.阅读理解

阅读下列短文,并做每篇短文后面的题目。从四个选项中选出能回答所提问题或完成所给句子的最佳答案,并在答 题纸的相应部分用铅笔划线。

(1)

Tom Smith was a writer. He wrote detective stories for magazines. One evening he could not find an end for a story. He sat with his typewriter in front of him, but he had no ideas. So he decided to go to the cinema.

When he came back, he found , that he had had a visitor. Someone had

broken into his flat. The man had had a drink, smoked several of Tom's cigarettes and had read his story. The visitor left Tom a note:

I have read your story and I don't think much of it. Please read my suggestions and then you can finish it. By the way, I am a burglar. I am not going to steal anything tonight. But if you become a successful writer, I will return!

Tom read the burglar's suggestions. Then he sat down and wrote the rest of the story. He is still not a successful writer, and he is waiting for his burglar to return. Before he goes out in the evening, he always leaves a half – finished story near his typewriter.

61.	. Tom Smith went to the cinema	to					
	A. have a change B	. meet the burglar					
	C.get ideas from the film D	).buy magazines					
62.	. When he came back, he found _	·					
	A. someone had broken into his	flat					
	B. someone had drunk his wine	e and smoked his cigarettes					
	C. someone had read his story						
	D. all of the above						
63.	. The burglar thought that Tom	's novel was					
	A. very good						
	B. very bad						
	C. not very good						
	D. better than those of other w	riters					
64.	. The burglar						
	A. typed the ending of the story for Tom						
	B. finished the story for Tom						
	C. gave his suggestions about the	he ending of the story					

D. stole all the money in the flat

65. It seems that Tom \_\_\_\_\_ the burglar.

A . likes

B. hates

C. wants to meet D. wants to get more ideas from

(2)

Fred sometimes liked to go to a bar to have a drink before he went home after work. There were some tables and chairs in the bar, but it was too early for most people when Fred was there so he seldom found anyone to talk to.

Then one evening he went into the bar and saw a man playing chess at a table but he could not see anyone in the chair opposite him. He went nearer to look, and was very surpised to see that the man was playing against a dog. When it had to move one of its chess, it stood on its back legs on the chair.

Fred watched while the two played their game, and when the dog lost, Fred went up to its owner and said, "I've never seen such a clever dog before."

"Well," answered the man , "he isn't really very clever. I always win."

- 66. Why did Fred like to go to a bar after work?
  - A. He went there to dance.
  - B. He went there to talk with his friends.
  - C. He went there to drink wine.
  - D. He went there to have a cup of tea.
- 67. Most people went to the bar \_\_\_\_ Fred.

A . later than

B. earlier than

C. as early as

D. as late as

68. A man was playing ch	ess with one evening.
A. another man	B. anyone at the table
C.a dog	D. Fred
69. The dog finally	<u> </u>
A.lost	B. won
C. stood on its back leg	gs on the chair
D. said that he was cle	ver
70. The man thought that	·
A.he was cleverer than	the dog
B. he was cleverer than	Fred
C. the dog was cleverer	than Fred
D. the dog was cleverer	than him
	(3)

A tourist came out of the airport. There were a lot of taxis, but the tourist asked every taxi – driver his name. He took the third taxi. It cost \$ 5 from the airport to the hotel. "Hom much does it cost for the whole day?" asked the tourist. "\$ 100," said the taxi-driver. That was expensive, but the tourist accepted the price.

The taxi-driver took the tourist everywhere. He showed him all the monuments and museums. In the evening they went back to the hotel. The tourist gave the taxi-driver \$ 100 and said, "What about tomrrow?" The taxi-driver looked at the tourist, "Tomorrow? It was another \$ 100 tomorrow." But the tourist said, "That's OK. See you tomorrow." The taxi-driver was very pleased.

The next day the taxi - driver took the tourist everywhere again. And in the second evening they went back to the hotel. The tourist gave the taxi - driver another \$ 100 and said, "I am going home tomorrow." The taxi - driver was very sorry. He liked the tourist and above all, \$ 100 a day was

good money. "So you are going home. Where are you from?" he asked.

"I came from New York."

"New York!" said the taxi-driver. "I have a sister in New York. Her name is Susannah. Do you know her?"

"Of course I know her. She gave me \$ 200 for you."

71.	A tourist means a person	n who					
	A. sells cheap goods						
	B. teaches you a foreign	language					
	C. makes tours	D. travels alone					
72.	The touist asked every of	lriver's name for					
	A.fun	B. some purpose					
	C. no reason	D. mischief					
73.	The taxi - driver was ve	ry pleased because					
	A. the tourist was his old	d friend					
	B. the tourist was his sis	ter's friend					
	C.he could earn \$ 200 i	in two days					
	D. his sister brought \$ 2	200 for him					
74.	The taxi - driver was so	rry because					
	A. the tourist was leavin	g					
	B. he could not get any	more money from the tourist					
	C. he could not show th	e tourist round the city any more					
	D. they had become good	f friends					
75.	The reason why the to	ourist accepted the high price was that					
	·						

A. he was so rich that \$100 was a small sum of money to him.

B. he liked the raxi - driver so much that he didn't care adout the money

- C. he was cheating the taxi driver
- D. he gave the money to the taxi driver in a funny and profitable way

#### V. 完形填空

下面一篇文章有20个空白,每一空白有四个供选择的单词或短语。要求从中选出最佳答案,使全文构成一篇意思完整的短文,将选择的答案用铅笔在答题纸上相应的字母中间划一条横线。

Once upon a time there was an old merchant who had three sons. "To 76 one shall I leave my fortune ( M )\* )?" he wondered "It must be to the eleverest son."

He 77 his three sons to him. "Here is 78 money." he said, "You must 79 take one coin to buy something that will 80 this room. The one who can do this shall have my fortune."

"It is a big room," said the eldest son.

"One coin will not buy very 81." said the second son.

But the 82 son said nothing.

76. A. what	B. which
C. that	D. whose
77. Alasked	B. told
C. called	D. said
78. A.some	B. any
C. little	D. no
79. A both	B, either
C.every	D. each
80. A fill	B. filled
C.full	D full of
81. A. many	B. lot
C. much	D. plenty
82. A.young	B. younger
C. youngest	D. old
83. A.in	Bat

C.by

D. for

He thought 83 a moment and said, "Come, brothers, let's 84 to the market."

The eldest son bought straw with his coin. But the <u>85</u> he had bought only covered a corner of the room.

The second son 86 sand with his coin. But one coin bought only the 87 of sand that covered half of the room.

The youngest son bought home a candle. His brother asded him, "What 88 is a candle?"

"Watch," said the youngest brother. He <u>89</u> the candle, and all at <u>90</u>, the room was filled, from wall to wall, from ceiling (天花板)91 floor, with light.

The old merchant came. When he saw 92 they had bought back, he said, "My youngest son is indeed the 93 of all!"

And then it came to pass that the old merchant 94 his fortune to his youngest son, 95 his candle filled the whole room with light.

84.	A.go	B. going
	C. to go	D. gone
85.	A.straw	B. coin
	C. sand	${\bf D}$ . candle
86.	A. which	B. bought
	C. has bought	
	D. had bought	
87.	A. number	B.a number
	C. amount	D.sum
88.	A. useful	B. point
	C. purpose	D. good

89.	A. light	B. lit
	C. lighter	D. fire
90.	A.one	B. sudden

C. moment

D. once

C. due to D. for