

# A GENERAL GUIDE TO SEDC UNIVERSITIES

国家教委直属高校总览

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A GENERAL GUIDE TO SEDC UNIVERSITIES

南开大学出版社出版

(天津八里台南开大学校内)

1991年12月印制

开本: 889×1194毫米 1/16 印张: 7.5

印数: 00001—10000册

ISBN7-310-00421-3/C·66

定价: (精) ¥50元 (平) ¥35元



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DEPARTMENT OF SEDC UNIVERSITIES  
DEPARTMENT OF INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION  
THE STATE EDUCATION COMMISSION (SEDC) P. R. CHINA

## 国家教委直属高校总览

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## 编辑说明

### FOREWORD

为了适应国际交往和校际交流的需要,我们编印了《国家教委直属高校总览》,集中介绍了国家教育委员会直属高等学校的概况。书中扼要介绍了各校的历史沿革、现状和发展,并配有图片。

本书稿件及图片由各校撰写和提供,国家教委直属高校工作司和国际合作司部分同志负责审稿及编辑工作。在出版印制工作中,得到了南开大学和金马国际联合(天津)有限公司的大力协助,谨致谢意。

编者

一九九一年七月

A General Guide to SEDC Universities is compiled to meet the needs of international and inter-university academic exchanges. This volume provides general overviews and photographs of all SEDC universities on their history, present situation and development.

The overviews and photographs have been supplied by each of the universities. Staff members of the Department of SEDC Universities and the Department of International Cooperation compiled and edited this collection.

Acknowledgement of gratitude goes to Nankai University, Nankai University Press and Golden Horse International Joint (Tianjin) Co., Ltd. for their great assistance in printing this book.

Editor

July, 1991

# 北京大学

PEKING UNIVERSITY



校门 The gate of the university

科。现有研究所36个，研究中心22个，国家重点学科42个，已建成的国家重点实验室4个。今日的北京大学已成为既是教学中心，又是科研中心的拥有自然科学、技术科学、人文科学、社会科学、语言科学、管理科学、教育科学等多学科的新型综合大学。

北京大学现有各类学生17000多人，其中本科生近7000人，硕士生、博士生2600多人，函授、夜大学生5000多人，还有来自60多个国家和地区的外国留学生500多人。现有教职工7000多人，其中教授400多人，副教授近千。他们中间有学术造诣精深、蜚声中外的老教授，也有许多站在学科前沿、富有创造精神的中年学术带头人。

近几年来，北京大学在教学方面进行了初步改革，注重培养学生的实际能力和创造精神。在教学管理方面，贯彻因材施教的原则，实行了以选课制为主的学分制，鼓励学生文理渗透，跨专业选课。大力提倡“勤奋、严谨、求实、创新”的学风。

科研方面近几年来也有很大发展。理科在继续重视基础研究的同时，大力开展应用研究和开发性的研究，特别注意多学科结合的新技术、高技术的发展和研究。文科大大增加了理论与现状方面的研究课题。1985年以来，全校承担国家第七个五年计划科技攻关项目118项，“863”任务27项。1979年至1989年10年间，理科共发表论文9868篇，出版专著463部，获省部级以上奖励338项，国家自然科学奖30项，科技进步奖23项。文科共发表论文9200篇，出版学术专著2250部，获省部级以上奖励194项。许多研究工作处于国内外领先地位。

北京大学的前身是1898年12月创办的京师大学堂。1912年5月京师大学堂改名为北京大学。1917年，著名的科学家、教育家、民主主义革命者蔡元培出任校长。他对北京大学的改革和发展起了重要作用。到1919年，北大有14个系，学生2000多人，是当时全国规模最大的高等学校。

北京大学有着光荣的革命传统，它是1919年“五·四”运动的发祥地，是这一时期中国新文化运动的中心之一，是马克思主义在中国传播的重要基地。中国共产党的创始人陈独秀、李大钊、毛泽东，中国新文化运动的主将，文学家、思想家鲁迅都曾在北京大学任教或任职。新中国成立后，为了继承和发

扬“五·四”革命传统，学校决定以5月4日为校庆纪念日。

抗日战争时期北京大学曾南迁昆明，与清华大学、南开大学共同组成西南联合大学。抗日战争胜利后于1946年迁回北平。当时的北京大学有文、理、法、医、工、农六个学院和一个文科研究所，学生总数为3000人。

新中国成立后，经过1952年全国性的高等学校院系调整，北京大学成为一所侧重于基础科学的教学和研究的文理综合大学。1954年列为全国重点高等学校，1984年列为国家重点建设的大学之一。

现在北京大学共有29个系、86个本科专业、130个硕士生专业、75个博士生专业。在继续重视基础学科的同时，重点发展了技术科学和应用性文

1978年以来,北大从国内聘请了193著名的专家、学者担任兼职教授。1985年后,在数学、物理学、化学、生物学、大气科学、地理学、力学、社会学设立了博士后科研流动站,接受国内外获得博士学位的人员开展博士后研究和学术交流工作。在国际上,除了与国外几十所大学建立了校际联系外,还与许多学术团体、国家及地区的学者、专家开展学术交往活动。并在近十年内向国外选派留学生817人,从而为培养高层次的专门人才和开展高水平的科学研究工作,创造了有利的环境。

北京大学校园占地170多公顷,地处北京西北郊海淀园林区,北依圆明园,西临颐和园。校内湖光塔影,风景宜人,是读书和研究学问的好地方。

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## PEKING UNIVERSITY

Peking University, the former Jing Shi Da Xue Tang (the Metropolitan University) of Qing Dynasty, was established in December 1898. In May 1912, it was renamed "Peking University". In 1917, Mr Cai Yuanpei, an outstanding scientist, educationist and democratic revolutionary, became the president. He played an active role in the reform and development of the university. By 1919, the University had developed into the country's largest institution of higher learning, with 14 departments and a student body of over 2,000.

Peking University, has a glorious revolutionary tradition. In 1919, the May 4th Movement was initiated from the University. During that period, the University was one of the centres of the Chinese New-Culture Movement and an important base for the dissemination of Marxism in China. Chen Duxiu, Li Dazhao and Mao Zedong, founders of the Chinese Communist Party, as well as Lu



校园 瞥 A glimpse of the campus

Xun, a great writer, thinker, and chief leader of the Chinese New-Culture Movement, either taught or held offices in the University. In order to carry on the revolutionary tradition of the May 4th Movement, the University decided, after New China was established, to make May 4th the founding anniversary of the University.

During the War Against Japanese Aggression, Peking University was moved to Kunming, a city in Yunnan Province, and, together with Tsinghua University and Nankai University, formed the National Southwest Associated University. In 1946, after the victory of the war, Peking University was again settled in Beijing. At that time, the University comprised of six schools of Arts, Science, Law, Medicine, Engineering and Agriculture, and a research institute for the humanities. The total enrollment of students stood at 3,000.

After the founding of New China and a nationwide restructuring of colleges and universities in 1952, Peking University became a comprehensive university of both liberal arts and sciences with emphasis on teaching and research of basic sciences. In 1954, it was designated a national key university.

Peking University now has 29 departments with 86 undergraduate

specialties, 130 master's programmes and 75 doctoral programmes. While laying stress on basic science, the University has paid special attention to the development of technical sciences and applied subjects in the humanities. It has 36 research institutes and 22 research centres, with 42 national key disciplines and 4 national key laboratories. As a centre for both teaching and research, Peking University has become a new type of comprehensive university, consisting of diverse branches of learning such as natural sciences, management science and education science. At present, the total number of students in Peking University stands at 17,000, which includes 7,000 undergraduates, 2,600 master's and doctoral students, more than 5,000 correspondence or evening college students and 500 foreign students from over sixty countries and regions. The University now has a total of 7,000 faculty and staff members, including over 400 professors and nearly 1,000 associate professors. Among the faculty, there are a number of senior professors of high academic standing and world fame, and a host of creative middle-aged academic leaders who have been working at the forefront of teaching and research.

In recent years, Peking University has carried out preliminary reforms in its teaching activities with emphasis on cultivation of students' practical ability and creativity. With regard to the man-





在知识的海洋里 Exploring in rich sources of knowledge

agement of teaching, the University adheres to the principle of teaching the students in accordance with their aptitude, and has put into practice a credit system, which encourages students to select courses out of their respective majors or departments. The style of "being diligent, rigorous, realistic and creative" in learning is energetically advocated on the campus.

**S**ignificant progress has also been made in scientific research. In the science departments, special efforts have been made to promote applied development research, especially the research and advancement of new and high technology that involves different academic disciplines. In the departments of liberal arts, research projects on theory and current situation have increased remarkably. Since 1985, the University has

undertaken 118 key research projects assigned by the State during the Seventh Five-Year Plan period, and 27 projects in the State 863 programme for the development of high technology. Between 1979 and 1989 faculty members of the science departments published 9,868 theses and 464 monographs. They received 338 awards offered by various provinces and ministries, and won 30 National Awards for Natural Science Development and 23 National Awards for the Advancement of Science and Technology. The liberal arts departments published 9,200 theses and 2,250 monographs, and were awarded 194 prizes by various provinces and government ministries. Many of the research projects are ahead of other institutions both at home and abroad.

**S**ince 1978, 193 celebrated experts and scholars have been invited from

within the country to be part-time professors of Peking University. Post-doctoral research stations have been set up, since 1985, in such fields as Mathematics, Physics, Chemistry, Biology, Atmospheric Science, Geography, Mechanics and Sociology, which are open to Ph.D. holders both at home and abroad for further study and academic exchanges. The University has not only established official ties with dozens of universities and colleges in other countries, but has also engaged in exchanges with quite a number of academic organizations, scholars and experts in different countries and regions. In the past ten years, the University has sent 817 teachers abroad for further studies, thus creating a favourable environment for the training of high-level personnel with specialized knowledge and skill, and the promotion of advanced scientific research.

**T**he 170-hectare university campus is located in Hai Dian District in northwestern suburbs of Beijing renowned for its gardens and parks. To the north of the University are the remains of the Yuan Ming Yuan Palace, and to the west is the Summer Palace. The lovely campus, with its attractive scenery, is an ideal place for academic study and research.

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未名湖畔 By the Nameless Lake

# 中國人民大學

THE PEOPLE'S UNIVERSITY OF CHINA



## 中

国人民大学是新中国诞生后创立的第一所以社会科学为主的综合性大学，是全国重点大学之一。1984年被列为国家重点建设的大学之一。

中国人民大学具有光荣的历史和革命的传统。她的前身是1937年在革命圣地延安成立的陕北公学以及后来在抗日战争和解放战争时期相继成立的华北联合大学、华北大学。这些学校曾经为中国民主革命事业输送了30000多名干部。新中国成立后，中国人民大学又为社会主义建设事业培育了大批马克思主义理论、经济管理和文史政法人才。历届毕业生10万余人分布在社会各阶层。其中研究生达8千余人，本科学士学位生2万余人。

在改革开放的新时期，学校面向现代化，面向世界，面向未来，继续发扬传统，发挥优势，不断调整专业结构，

加强学科建设，深化教育改革，努力完善具有自己特色的教育体系。该校在继续发挥原有优势的同时，加强了自然科学基础建设，设有信息中心、测试中心、物证技术服务中心等15个具有现代化实验设备的实验室，为拓展社会科学教学、科研领域提供了先进手段。

目前，中国人民大学设有7个学院，25个系和37个不同层次的研究所；本科有47个专业，6个双学士学位专业；有学位授予权的硕士专业点73个，博士专业点32个。其中辩证唯物主义与历史唯物主义、伦理学、政治经济学、国民经济计划和管理、工业经济、农业经济、企业管理、货币银行学、刑法、民法、中共党史、新闻学、人口学、中国古代史等14个学科被评为全国重点学科。上述各类专业，不仅面向全国招生，同时广招世界各地的学子。中国人民大学是新中国建立之后最早开办函授

教育的高等学校。函授学院现有本科和专科专业40个。在全国设有40多个函授站。学生质量在国内受到好评。

1991年3月统计，各类在校学生14000余人，其中本科生4700余人，博士、硕士、研究生班及双学位学生1458人，外国留学生187人，函授、夜大学生6800余人。全校1595名教师中，有教授179人，副教授478人，其中博士生导师67人，硕士生导师435人，国务院学位委员会委员1人，国务院学科评议组成员10人。

中国人民大学坚持科研为社会主义现代化建设服务，为提高教学质量服务的方向，注重研究重大的理论问题和现实问题，广泛开展国内外的学术交流。1986~1990年共承担科研课题341项，出版著作2365种，发表学术论文7176篇，有不少成果对国家有关部门制定政策，推进改革，提高效益起到了积极作用。

中国人民大学在积极开展国际学术交流方面，取得了很大进展，先后同国外50多所大学建立了校际合作关系。累计培养了1184名外国留学生，目前在校的外国留学生156人。此外，联合国人口基金资助的中国人口培训中心，中美经济学教育交流培训中心，中加(CIDA)联合培养经济学(管理)博士生北京中心等，均设在中国人民大学。

中国人民大学出版社是全国高等院校文科教材出版中心之一。图书馆和34个资料室共藏书9275万册，其中有宋、元、明、清版本的古籍2000余种，30000余册；还有中文期刊11000种，外文期刊1800种。该校的书报资料



校门 The gate of the university

中心是中国搜集、整理和提供社会科学报刊资料的最大基地。在国内和海外20多个国家和地区拥有47000多个订户。

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## THE PEOPLE'S UNIVERSITY OF CHINA

The People's University of China (PUC), one of the national key universities, is the first comprehensive institution of higher learning in social sciences established after the founding of New China.

PUC has a glorious history. It evolved successively from the Public School of Northern Shaanxi (1937-1939) founded in Yan'an, the revolutionary sacred place, the Northern China United University (1939-1948) founded during the

War Against Japanese Aggression, and the Northern China University set up in the War of Liberation. These institutions trained over 30,000 officials for the Chinese democratic revolution. After the founding of New China, PUC has turned out a large number of qualified personnel specializing in law, history, politics, literature, Marxist theory, and economic management for the cause of socialist construction. More than 100,000 university graduates, of whom nearly 8,000 hold postgraduate degrees and over 20,000 with undergraduate degrees, are now scattered all over the country.

In the present period of reform and opening to the outside world, PUC is gearing itself to modernization, the world and the future. It is, on the one hand, carrying forward its strong tradition, making the most of its strengths; it is, on the other, continuing to readjust its departmental structure, enhance its curricula, deepen educational reform, and strive to perfect the educational system with PUC characteristics. In

addition to giving full play to its strengths, PUC is at the same time laying stress on developing programmes in natural sciences. The University has an Information Centre, a Survey Centre, a Technical Service Centre. All the 15 laboratories are equipped with up-to-date apparatus, providing advanced means for improving teaching and research in social sciences.

At present, PUC has 7 colleges, 25 departments and 37 institutes at different levels. The University has 47 undergraduate specialties, 6 specialties for double majors; 73 programmes have been authorized to confer master's degree; 32 for doctoral degree; 14 disciplines have been ranked as national key disciplines: dialectical and historical materialism, ethics, political economy, national economic planning and management, industrial economics, agricultural economics, enterprise management, currency and banking, criminal law, civil law, history of the Chinese Communist Party, journalism, population science, and ancient



实验楼 A laboratory building





外籍教师授课 A lecture given by a foreign teacher



(above) International exchanges  
(below) The Testing and Measurement Centre

Chinese history. All of the above specialties and disciplines are open to both Chinese and foreign students. PUC is the first institution of higher learning to establish a correspondence school in China. It now has over 40 correspondence centres around the country, providing instructions in 40 specialties, with both two-year diploma and four-year undergraduate programmes.

According to the March 1991 sta-

istics, total student enrollment stood at over 14,000, of which 4,700 were undergraduate students, 1,548 postgraduate and double major students, 187 foreign students, and about 6,800 correspondence and night college students. PUC has a faculty of 1,595, including 179 professors and 478 associate professors, 67 doctoral tutors, 435 master's degree supervisors, 1 member of the Academic Degrees Committee of the State Council, and 10 members of the committee's Disciplinary Appraisal Group.

In its teaching and research work, PUC adheres to the principle of serving China's socialist modernization, focusing its work on major theoretical and practical issues and carrying out extensive academic exchanges both at home and abroad. From 1986 to 1990, PUC participated in a total of 341 research programmes and published 2,365 academic books and 7,176 academic papers, many of which played an important role in promoting reform, increasing efficiency and in the policy-making of the departments concerned.

In recent years, PUC has made great progress in international academic exchanges. It has established inter-university exchange programmes with over

50 foreign universities, and has trained 1,184 foreign students. At present, the University has 156 foreign students. In addition, many programmes such as the China National Demography Training Centre sponsored by UNFPA, the Sino-Canadian Joint Management Doctoral Training Centre are all located in the University.

PUC Press is one of the centres for publishing textbooks and teaching materials in liberal arts and social sciences for universities across the country. The University library, together with 34 other reference rooms, has a collection of 2.75 million volumes of books, of which over 30,000 are ancient books of different editions from Song, Yuan, Ming and Qing dynasties, totalling more than 2,000 titles. The library subscribes to nearly 11,000 periodicals and journals in Chinese and 1,800 in foreign languages. The Duplicated Materials Supply Centre of PUC, the largest of its kind in China, selects information on social sciences. It has over 47,000 subscribers at home and from 20 foreign countries and regions.

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Some of the books published by the university press

# 清华大学

TSINGHUA UNIVERSITY



## 清

清华大学是一所著名的全国重点大学，座落于北京西北郊风景秀丽的清华园，占地310公顷，校舍建筑面积约94万平方米。

清华大学的前身——清华学堂是1911年利用“庚子赔款”创办的一所留美预备学校，辛亥革命后，更名为清华学校。1928年改建成国立清华大学。抗日战争爆发后南迁长沙，后又迁至昆明，与北京大学、南开大学组成西南联合大学。1946年迁回原址复校，成为一所拥有文、法、理、工、农等5个学院，26个系的综合大学，造就了许多国内外知名学者、科学家和爱国志士。新中国成立后，国家根据工业化建设的需要于1952年进行了高校院系调整，清华大学成为一所多科性工业大学，被誉为“工程师的摇篮”。1978年以来，为了适应国家经济建设和科学技术发展的需要，学校增设了一批高技术及新兴学科专业，恢复和新建理科、文科、经济管理学科。目前，清华大学已发展成为一所工科为主体，兼有理科、文科和经济管理学科的大学。1984年被确定为国家重点建设的大学之一。学校设有研究生院、继续教育学院和3个学院，28个系：经济管理学院（包括管理信息系统、管理工程、经济、国际贸易与金融4个系）、理学院（包括应用数学、现代应用物理、化学、生物科学与技术4个系）、建筑学院（包括建筑、城市规划2个系），以及土木工程、水利水电工程、环境工程、机械工程、精密仪器与机械学、热能工程、汽车工程、电机工程与应用电子技术、电子工

程、计算机科学与技术、自动化、工程物理、工程力学、化学工程、材料科学与工程、社会科学、中国语言文学、外语等系。

清华大学拥有众多国内外著名科学家和一大批很有造诣的中青年学者，现有教职工8000多人，其中教授近500人，副教授2000多人。该校有98个学科

多名，博士生600多名，还有来自近40个国家和地区的约200名留学生。近5年共接纳88名国内外博士到博士后科研站工作。清华大学开设本科生课程1400余门，研究生课程700余门，培养的学生基础坚实、知识面广、工作能力强，大批毕业生成为国家经济、科技、教育、文化等领域中的骨干力量。1981—1990



清华园里尽朝晖 The campus in the morning sunlight

程、计算机科学与技术、自动化、工程物理、工程力学、化学工程、材料科学与工程、社会科学、中国语言文学、外语等系。

有硕士学位授予权，63个学科有博士学位授予权，有29个国家重点学科和11个博士后科研流动站。学校具备良好的教学、科研环境，计算机拥有量和教学科研设备总值在全国高校名列前茅，有藏书230万册的校图书馆、近150个实验室和10多个附属工厂。建校八十年来培育了7万名高级专门人才，为国家经济建设与科学技术的发展作出了重大贡献。

1990年清华大学在校学生有1万3千多人，其中本科生1万多名，硕士生2千

人，授博士学位400余人，授硕士学位4500多人，其中有46名于1990年被国家表彰为“有突出贡献的中国博士（硕士）”。

清华大学既是教育中心，又是科学研究中心，面向国家的经济建设，跟踪世界先进水平，大力开展基础研究，应用和开发研究。从五十年代设计的华北地区最大的水利枢纽工程密云水库，到六十年代建造中国第一座自行设计的原子能反应堆，以及至今建成世界上第一

座投入运行的具有固有安全性的壳式低温供热堆等,取得了一批在国内外颇有影响的成果。1978—1990年,该校共承担研究课题3000多项,获国家级科技奖120多项。目前已形成核能技术开发及应用、超大规模集成电路试验工艺线、计算机集成制造系统实验工程等3个国家重要实验研究基地以及30多个研究院、所。

清华大学高度重视和广泛开展国际教育、科技的交流与合作,已与国际上一大批著名的大学、研究机构及大企业建立了稳定的双边交流与合作关系。

清芬挺秀,华夏增辉。清华大学有光荣的过去,更有美好的未来。她将成为世界第一流的具有中国特色的社会主义大学,屹立在世界的东方。

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## TSINGHUA UNIVERSITY

**T**singhua University is a well-known national key university. It is situated in a scenic area called Tsinghua Garden in the northwestern suburbs of Beijing. The University covers an area of 310 hectares, with a total floor space of nearly 940,000 square metres.

**T**he predecessor of Tsinghua University is Tsinghua School, which was set up in 1911 using part of the '1900 War (Boxer) Indemnities' and was then a preparatory school training students for further studies in the United States. In 1928 Tsinghua School was reorganized into the National Tsinghua University. After the outbreak of the War Against Japanese Aggression, Tsinghua was moved south, first to Changsha and then to Kunming, where it was merged into the Southwest Associated University together with Peking University and Nankai University. In 1945 Tsinghua returned to its original campus and became a comprehensive university consisting of five colleges: Liberal Arts, Law, Science,

Engineering, and Agriculture, with a total of 26 departments. During that period many graduates from the University became famous scholars, scientists and renowned patriots. After the founding of the People's Republic of China, a nationwide reorganization of higher education institutions was carried out in 1952 to meet the needs of industrialization of the country, and Tsinghua be-

came a multidisciplinary university of engineering, respected as "The Cradle for Engineers". Since 1978, in order to meet the needs for the nation's economic construction, and the development of science and technology, Tsinghua University has set up a number of high tech and emerging disciplines, restored or established Schools of Sciences, Liberal Arts, and Economic Management. Now Tsinghua University is a multidisciplinary institution incorporating science,



校园瞥 A glimpse of the campus

Architecture, Urban Planning and Design; Departments of Civil Engineering, Hydraulic Engineering, Environmental Engineering, Mechanical Engineering, Precision Instruments and Mechanology, Thermal Engineering, Automobile Engineering, Electrical Engineering, and Applied Electronic Technology, Electronics Engineering, Computer Science and Technology, Automation, Engineering Physics, Engineering Mechanics, Chemical Engineering, Materials Science and Engineering, Social Science, Chinese Language and Literature, Foreign Languages.



The low-temperature nuclear heat reactor under construction

engineering, liberal arts and economic management, with stress on engineering. There are the Graduate School, the School of Continuing Education and three other schools, with a total of 28

departments in the University: Schools of Economic Management (including 4 departments: Management Information Systems, Management Engineering, Economics, International Trade and Finance); School of Sciences (including 4 departments: Applied Mathematics, Modern Applied Physics, Chemistry, Biological Science and Technology); School of Architecture (including 2 departments:

**T**singhua University is an institution with a large number of outstanding professors, including scientists well-known at home and abroad, and many middle-aged and young scholars with high academic achievements. Now there are more than 8,000 staff members, including about 500 professors and 2,000 associate professors. Tsinghua has 98 disciplines authorized to award master's degree; 63 disciplines authorized to confer doctoral degree; 29 national key disciplines; and 11 postdoctoral research centres. The University has an excellent