

新·编·大·学·英·语·教·学·配·套·丛·书

大学 英语

新题型 ② 级

分级教学同步训练

College English Practice Tests

Band 2



总 主 编 李予军

本册主编 袁春梅



国防工业出版社

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内 容 简 介

本书是《新编大学英语教学配套丛书》的第2册,内容基本控制在大学英语二级水平要求之内;在题型编排设计上既考虑学生学习现状,又兼顾大学英语四级考试的试题形式,使学生从一开始就能把学习内容和测试形式结合起来,有针对性地达到训练的目的。全书包括训练试题10套,内容涵盖写作、听力理解和听力填空、阅读词汇理解、篇章阅读、词汇结构和翻译等。书后附有参考答案和听力部分的录音原文。

本书可供大学基础阶段一年级的学生或相当于二级水平的英语学习爱好者使用。

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前 言

大学英语教学改革是教育部“高等学校教学改革与教学质量工程”的重要组成部分。《新编大学英语教学配套丛书》正是根据教育部颁发的《大学英语课程教学要求》(以下简称《课程要求》)和《大学英语四、六级考试改革方案(试行)》的精神,结合高校一线教师在大学英语一级至四级的教学和研究中所积累的经验 and 资料,针对学生在学习、考试中反映出来的问题编写而成的,是探索大学英语教学改革,改进教学模式和教学方法,提高教学效果的一次新尝试。

大学英语的教学目的是培养学生的英语综合应用能力。《课程要求》提出各校应根据实际情况制定科学、系统、个性化的大学英语教学大纲,指导本校的大学英语教学。大学阶段英语教学的一般要求是高等学校非英语专业本科毕业生应达到的基本要求。较高要求或更高要求是为有条件的学校根据自己的办学定位、类型和人才培养目标所选择的标准而推荐的。各高等学校应根据本校实际情况确定教学目标并创造条件,使那些英语起点水平较高、学有余力的学生能够达到较高要求或更高要求。这是本丛书编写的理论依据。

近年来,一大批专科学院纷纷“升本”。这些院校基本都定位于“应用型”大学,即把培养应用型人才作为自己的培养目标;同时,这些院校还有一个共同的特点,就是生源基本来自“三本”学生。这两个实际情况就决定了这些院校的大学英语教学必须走自己的特色之路,既要努力达到一般规定的要求,又要保证满足一些水平较好的学生的求知欲望。这是本丛书编写的现实依据。

《课程要求》指出,教学评估是大学英语课程教学的一个重要环节。全面、客观、科学、准确的评估体系对于实现教学目标至关重要。过去过于关注期中和期末考试,并一度出现“以考代学,以考代教”的现象,导致教学效果不佳,甚至停滞不前。形成性评估是教学过程中进行的过程性和发展性评估,即根据教学目标采用多种评估手段和形式,跟踪教学过程,反馈教学信息,促进学生全面发展。这是本丛书编写的基本指导思想。

本丛书主要是配合大学英语教学之用,分为新题型1级、2级、3级、4级和4级冲刺,共5册,分别供大学基础阶段二学年4个学期使用,一学期一级,与教材和教学同步配套使用。每册由3个部分组成:(1)完整的标准模拟试题10套;(2)参考答案和

听力原文;(3)配套光盘一张。

本丛书有以下几个主要特点:

1. 严格按照《课程要求》规定和《大学英语四、六级考试改革方案(试行)》的要求,力求体现科学性、实用性和针对性,总结实际教学过程中的经验,结合学生学习的现状,按照标准化的四级考试新题型编写而成,力争突出教材中的重点和难点,旨在通过这些综合内容测试训练,考察学生在综合知识和能力上的掌握程度,并以此作为形成性评估的重要依据和手段。

2. 严格按照《课程要求》精神和规定,突出分级分层教学理念。丛书各分册的内容都分别精选或参考各高校目前的主打教材,紧扣教学内容和教学进度,力求把每册各单元的课程目标和课文重点、难点融入综合测试当中,特别是学生感到难以突破的词汇、完型、翻译和写作;注重学生综合能力和应用能力的培养,既能促进学生有效地掌握语言相关知识和基本技能,又能培养学生自觉的学习意识,开发自主性学习方法。

3. 本丛书各分册试题都是经过精心挑选配套完成的,试题之间、每册之间都有侧重并在难易程度上有区别,特别是在听力、写作题目和要求上更是如此。这既有助于学生在学习过程中注意由易到难的循序过程,也便于教师在教学中不断掌握学生的学习动态,及时调整教学进度和内容。

4. 本丛书既可以作为大学英语教学同步配套教材,也可以用于学生自学自测;既可以整套使用,也可以按需分开使用,以适用于不同阶段不同程度的学生,真正体现出分层、分级、同步和实用,达到训练的目的。另外,本丛书也可供大学基础阶段准备参加各级各类英语考试的学生使用。

参加本丛书编写的人员都是来自首都高校教学第一线的骨干教师,年富力强,具有丰富的教学经验,在编写丛书的同时,也融入了他们自己的教学理念。

在编写过程中,我们参考了部分教科书、参考书和网站的内容,在此特向有关作者、出版单位和网站表示诚挚的谢意。

由于时间仓促,书中难免会有不足之处,恳请广大读者提出宝贵意见和建议。本丛书在编写过程中得到有关方面的大力支持,在此表示衷心的感谢。

编者

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Model Test 1

Part One Writing

Directions: *For this part, you are allowed 30 minutes to write a composition on the topic given in English. You should write at least 100 words.*

Why College Students Take a Part-time Job?

1. 现在越来越多的大学生打工；
2. 他们打工的原因；
3. 我的看法。

Notice: This part should be written on the Answer Sheet.

Part Two Listening Comprehension

Section A

Directions: *In this section you will hear 10 short conversations. At the end of each conversation, a question will be asked about what was said, both the conversation and the question will be spoken only once. After each question there will be a pause. During the pause, you must read the four choices marked A, B, C and D, and decide which is the best answer. Then mark the corresponding letter on the Answer sheet with a single line through the center.*

1. A. 8.
B. 12.
C. 16.
D. 24.
2. A. The leaves.
B. The books.
C. A down pillow.

- D. Her suitcase.
3. A. Sit there.
B. Hurry to get the bus.
C. Catch a cold.
D. Buy a ticket.
4. A. At a car repair shop.
B. At a bus station.
C. In a parking lot.
D. In a factory.
5. A. Dick doesn't work very hard.
B. Dick is hard to work with.
C. Dick's classmate doesn't talk to him.
D. Dick doesn't like to speak.
6. A. At a post office.
B. At an airport.
C. At a bank.
D. At a shop.
7. A. She should be quiet.
B. She should be noisy.
C. She shouldn't have returned home.
D. She shouldn't have stayed at the library.
8. A. At a luggage store.
B. In New York.
C. At a school.
D. At a post office.
9. A. He's got a running nose.
B. He's got a headache.
C. He's getting tired.
D. He's got a cold.
10. A. It will depend on the weather.
B. He wants to be invited.
C. He has a better idea.
D. He does not like swimming.

Section B

Directions: *In this section , you will hear three short passages . At the end of each passage , you will hear some questions . Both the passage and the questions will be spoken only once . After you hear a question , you must choose the best answer from the four choices marked A , B , C and D , and decide which is the best answer . Then mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center .*

Passage One

Questions 11 to 13 are based on the passage you have just heard.

11. A. Old-aged.
B. Adults.
C. Growing children.
D. New-born babies.
12. A. A mixture of our fears and hopes.
B. What we have done.
C. What we have thought of.
D. A, B and C
13. A. More worried.
B. Sleepy.
C. Surprised.
D. Happier.

Passage Two

Questions 14 to 16 are based on the passage you have just heard.

14. A. Friends.
B. Other relatives.
C. Their teachers.
D. Their families.
15. A. In their classroom.
B. In their bedroom.
C. In the room where there is a Christmas tree.

- D. In the dinning room.
16. A. 10 p.m.
B. 12 p.m.
C. 1 a.m.
D. 2 a.m.

Passage Three

Questions 17 to 20 are based on the passage you just heard.

17. A. Two years.
B. Twenty years.
C. Ten years.
D. Twelve years.
18. A. Because people are so interesting.
B. Because people are so interesting.
C. Because she is very young.
D. Because she is a teacher.
19. A. Teachers and doctors.
B. Housewives.
C. The old.
D. All sorts of people.
20. A. The letter.
B. The letter writers.
C. The writers.
D. The teachers.

Section C

Directions: *In this section , you will hear a passage of about 100 words three times . The passage is printed on your Answer Sheet with about 10 words missing . First you will hear the whole passage from the beginning to the end just to get a general idea of it . Then , in the second reading , you will hear a signal indicating the beginning of a pause after each sentence , sometimes two sentences or just part of a sentence . During the pause , you must write down the missing words you have just heard in the corresponding space on the An-*

swer Sheet . There is also a different signal indicating the end of the pause .

When you hear this signal , you must get ready for what comes next from the recording . You can check what you have written when the passage is read to you once again without the pauses .

Art does not only (21) to please eye . It (22) men with spiritual food which makes our lives more (23) and more complete . Besides its physical beauty , art has its inward and spiritual grace , it (24) men's capacity for feelings , (25) , and imaginations .

Art is also a revolution of social temper . Although art is usually made by a minority of society , it (26) the general state of mind of the (27) . So art is important not only in the eye of artists but in the development of human civilization .

But the trend in modern society is that art is less appreciated and less emphasized . Although there is still a minority who believe in the (28) of the food of the mind , the majority are (29) to art . That is the (30) of our society .

Part Three Reading Comprehension

Section A

Directions: *In this section , there is a passage with 10 blanks . You are required to select one word for each blank from a list of choices given in a word bank following the passage . Read the passage through carefully before making your choices . Each choice in the bank is identified by a letter . Please mark the corresponding letter for each item on Answer Sheet with a single line through the center . You may not use any of words in the bank more than once .*

There was great (31) on the planet of Venus this week . For the first time (32) scientists managed to land a (33) on the planet Earth , and it has been sending back (34) as well as photographs ever since .

The satellite was (35) into an area known as Manhattan (36) the great Venusian astronomer Prof . Manhattan , who first discovered it with his (37) 20,000 light years ago) .

Because of excellent weather conditions and (38) strong signals , Venusian sci-

entists were able to get valuable information as to the (39) of a manned flying saucer landing on Earth. A (40) was held at the Venus Institute of Technology.

Word bank

A. feasibility	F. atmosphere	K. directed
B. Venusian	G. excitement	L. extremely
C. survive	H. telescope	M. particle
D. named after	I. proceed	N. signals
E. satellite	J. press conference	O. consolidated

Section B

Directions: *There are 2 passages in this section. Each passage is followed by some questions or unfinished statements. For each of them there are four choices marked A, B, C and D. You should decide on the best choice and mark the corresponding letter on Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.*

Passage One

Questions 41 to 45 are based on the following passage.

All over the world people begin their exciting day by drinking a cup or several cups of coffee. People have always said that a cup of coffee in the morning helps them begin their day on the right foot. They need this cup of coffee to get going in the morning.

It is not the coffee but something in the coffee that stimulate our bodies and brains. It is a substance called caffeine.

Caffeine may increase a person's mental and physical abilities. For instance, two cups of coffee will augment blood flow, respiration (呼吸), and body heat production by 10 to 20 percent. All of this makes your heart beat faster, and doctors warn that this may be somewhat dangerous.

Caffeine is found in tea, coffee, chocolate, and many other common foods. A little caffeine is probably not harmful, but too much caffeine can result in nervousness and sleeplessness.

41. A good title for this passage is “_____”.

- A. Losing Sleep from Coffee
- B. Coffee and Tea
- C. About Caffeine

D. A Cup of Coffee in the Morning

42. The underlined word “augment” means “_____”.
- A. increase
 - B. drink
 - C. stop
 - D. reduce
43. From this passage, we may conclude that drinking a cup of coffee late at night might _____.
- A. give you a headache
 - B. make you sleepy
 - C. keep you awake
 - D. be dangerous
44. A cup of coffee will make your blood move faster by _____.
- A. 5 to 10 percent
 - B. 10 to 20 percent
 - C. about 15 percent
 - D. about 50 percent
45. Caffeine is found in _____.
- A. lemon juice
 - B. chocolate
 - C. water
 - D. wine

Passage Two

Questions 46 to 50 are based on the following passage.

Men and women have more choices today. For example, there are choices about marriage. People can decide whether to get married or not. Women who have good jobs need not depend on their husbands, so the traditional idea that marriage is the most important job of a woman's life is changing.

There are more choices about children, too. Many working wives can decide whether and when, if they want, to have children. And they don't want to give up work even if they have a child.

Perhaps the most important difference today is that so many women work even after

they get married. Today most women in Britain without a job either have very young children or are very old. Over half of all married women now have a job, and women as a whole make up over one third of the British work force. This has changed marriage; when people get married, the husband and wife have very different roles from, say, fifty years ago. If both husband and wife work, the woman will expect to be equal with her husband. For example, many young husbands are now ready to take their share in doing the housework and looking after the children. And the husband no longer expects to make all the important decisions himself. His wife will, for example, share in decision about money. In some cases the husband wants to stay at home and take care of the children, but usually it is because he cannot find a job. In this case, the wife makes the money for the family, and takes on the traditional male role.

46. The sentence “the traditional idea that marriage is the most important job of a woman’s life is changing” refers to the belief that _____.
A. marriage is very important in a woman’s life
B. to be married is important for a woman to get a job
C. a woman’s life is changed after her marriage
D. women are becoming less dependent on her marriage
47. In the British work force today, _____.
A. over one third is formed of women
B. more than half is formed of married women
C. there are more women than men
D. there fewer unmarried women than married women
48. Which of the following statements about the past is NOT true according to the passage?
A. The husband usually made important decisions by himself.
B. The husband was more ready to help with the housework.
C. The wife hardly had her share in making important decisions.
D. The wife took care of the children and did most of the housework.
49. Sometimes, the wife makes money for the family. This is because _____.
A. the wife wants to take on the traditional male role
B. the husband can take better care of the children
C. the wife likes to live a new life

D. the husband is out of job

50. What is the main idea of this passage?

A. Women have more choices to make today.

B. Women take a main role in modern families.

C. Men and women roles in the family have changed.

D. Women's social position has been much improved.

Part Four Vocabulary

Directions: For this part you are required to choose the best answer from A, B, C and D to complete the following sentences.

51. The speech which he made _____ the project has bothered me greatly.

A. being concerned

B. concerned

C. be concerned

D. concerning

52. The work was almost complete when we received orders to _____ no further with it.

A. process

B. proceed

C. march

D. promote

53. The continuous rain _____ the harvesting of the wheat crop by two weeks.

A. set back

B. set off

C. set out

D. set aside

54. He never arrives on time and my _____ is that he feels the meetings are useless.

A. preference

B. conference

C. inference

D. reference

55. Mr. Smith didn't know I was in his office. He was too busy to _____ me.

A. pay attention to

B. notice

C. paid attention to

D. noticed

56. Electricity will probably _____ more than it did last year.

A. cost

B. spend

C. pay

D. take

57. He hasn't got much of a sense of _____.

A. humor

B. humorous

C. funny

D. amazement

58. This problem is _____ complicated.

- A. completely
B. extremely
C. totally
D. highly
59. I suggest we put the plan into effect, for it is quite _____.
A. feasible
B. believable
C. probable
D. changeable
60. The professor supported each statement with _____ example.
A. an abstract
B. a definite
C. a concrete
D. a faithful
61. The flat _____ three bedrooms, with a kitchen and a bathroom.
A. is composed of
B. includes
C. is consisted of
D. contains
62. Nobody _____ that airplane crash.
A. recovered
B. survived
C. conquered
D. released
63. What is kept in the museum is not the _____ painting, but just a copy of it.
A. last
B. man-made
C. original
D. artificial
64. At the crossing there is an arrow _____ the direction to the downtown.
A. indicating
B. to indicate
C. indicated
D. indicate
65. Cathode _____ electrons in a controlled environment.
A. submits
B. emits
C. rejects
D. penetrates
66. The _____ over dinner was warm and friendly.
A. atmosphere
B. surface
C. attitude
D. altitude
67. The starter gave the _____ for the race to begin.
A. advice
B. dispatch
C. signal
D. attention
68. Becoming disabled by an accident is one of the most serious _____ that every driver faces.
A. shortcomings
B. faults
C. mistakes
D. hazards