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初中英语拓展性

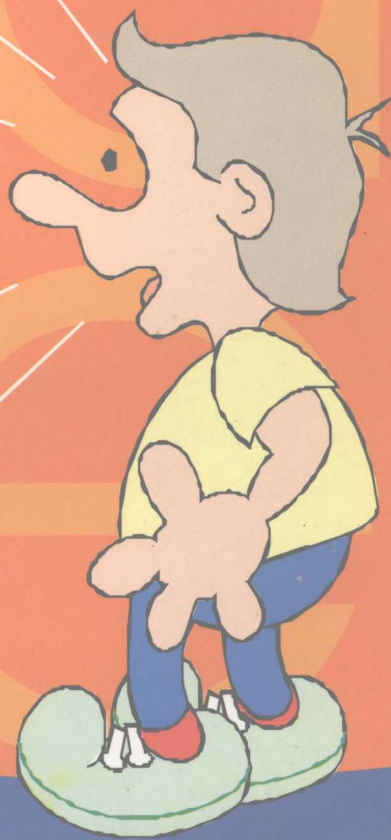
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阅读和测试

初二

拓展阅读
开阔视野

(可做活页试卷)



宁波出版社

初中英语

拓展性阅读和测试

初二

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编写说明

阅读作为语言学习的一个重要途径,已越来越受到广大语言学者的广泛重视,但在传统的语言教学中我们通常把教材上有限的语篇分割成零碎的语音、词汇、语法等知识来传递给学生,即把这些阅读材料当成语言实体,想尽办法支离破碎地挖掘其中的语言知识传授给学生,而忽视培养学生运用科学的方法和策略去获取信息的能力。这种仅注重学习性阅读的传统做法已显示出很多弊端:学生一味在枯燥乏味的语法知识中摸爬滚打而导致很多学生语言学习兴趣日益降低;综合运用语言的能力没有取得长足的发展;继续学习英语和运用英语的能力得不到切实的培养等。而新教学大纲和《英语课程标准》中都明确提出了:“阅读是理解和吸收信息的重要手段,它有助于扩大词汇量,丰富语言知识,了解英语国家的社会和文化。”这无疑要求我们在教学中要贯彻阅读教学的核心思想:扩大阅读量,为获取信息而阅读。

正是基于以上思想,我们编写了这套英语同步阅读补充读物。这套书是严格遵照新《英语课程标准》中对初中的阅读要求而编写的,《英语课程标准》对初中英语阅读的要求主要分为三级,即三级、四级、五级。编写中我们参照这三级要求分年级进行,每年级按单元编写,每单元一般都设计四至五篇阅读文章,所选文章都力求和同单元的话题相关,既做到同步拓展。培养同学们的阅读能力,又丰富同学们的文化知识和语言知识。所选题材、体裁广泛,文章内容都力求注重知识性、趣味性、教育性、人文性等各方面的结合;材料的难度、深度都尽量与初中生的认知规律相符;选材和测试题的设计都针对各年级的教学目标、学生的认知规律以及阅读能力的发展规律,做到各有侧重,其中初一分册重点注重培养学生的获取基本信息的能力,主要参照《英语课程标准》中第三级的要求编写的;初二分册重点突出基本的阅读策略的培养,主要参照《英语课程标准》中第四级的要求编写的;初三分册体现与中考水平接轨,突出综合性、灵活性,主要参照《英语课程标准》中第五级的要求编写的。《英语课程标准》中有关初中阅读的三个级别的具体内容如下:

三级对读的要求如下:

1. 能正确地朗读课文;
2. 能理解简短的书面指令,并根据要求进行学习;
3. 能读懂简单故事和短文并抓住大意;
4. 能初步使用简单的工具书;
5. 除教材外,课外阅读量应累计达到四万字以上。

四级对读的要求如下:

1. 能连贯、流畅地朗读课文;
2. 能读懂说明文等应用文体的材料;

3. 能从简单的文章中找出有关信息,理解大意;
4. 能根据上下文猜测生词的意思;
5. 能理解并解释图表提供的信息;
6. 能理解简易读物中的事件发生顺序和人物行为;
7. 能读懂简单的个人信件;
8. 能使用英汉词典等工具书帮助阅读理解;
9. 除教材外,课外阅读量应累计达到十万字。

五级对读的要求如下:

1. 能根据上下文和构词法推断、理解生词的含义;
2. 能理解段落中各句子之间的逻辑关系;
3. 能找出文章中的主题,理解故事情节,预测故事情节的发展和可能的结局;
4. 能读懂常见体裁的阅读材料;
5. 能根据不同的阅读目的运用简单的阅读策略获取信息;
6. 能利用字典等工具书进行学习;
7. 除教材外,课外阅读量累计达到15万字以上。

本书的选材和设计力求新颖、高质,但毕竟时间仓促,水平有限,疏忽和失误在所难免,还请读者、专家指正。

编者

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Unit 1

(Lesson 1 ~ Lesson 4)

同步阅读

Passage 1

根据短文判断下列句子,符合的填“T”,不符合的填“F”。

John likes chocolates very much, but his mother never gives him any, because they are bad for his teeth, she thinks. But John has a very nice grandmother. The old woman loves her grandson very much, and sometimes she buys John chocolates when she comes to visit him. Then his mother lets him eat them, because she wants to make the old woman happy. One evening, a few days before John's birthday, he is saying his prayers(祈祷) in his bedroom before he goes to bed. "Please, God," he shouts, "Give me a big box of chocolates for my birthday."

His mother hears the boy shouting and comes in to his bedroom. "Why are you shouting, John?" she asks, "God can hear you when you talk quietly(安静地)."

"I know," the boy smiles, "But my grandmother is in the next room, and she can't."

- () 1. John likes chocolates very much.
- () 2. John's mother doesn't want John to have more chocolates.
- () 3. John believes that God will give him a big box of chocolates.
- () 4. John's mother tells him to be quiet because she loves God.
- () 5. John wants his grandmother to buy him a big box of chocolates for his birthday.

Passage 2

根据短文判断下列句子,符合的填“T”,不符合的填“F”。

Mrs. Williams was a teacher. And there were thirty small children in her class. They were nice children, and Mrs. Williams liked all of them, but they often lost clothes. It was winter. It was very cold. The children's mothers always took them to school with warm coats and caps and gloves(手套) on the pockets of their coats.

Last Thursday, Mrs. Williams found two small blue gloves on the floor in the evening. The next morning she said to the children, "Whose gloves are these?" but no one answered.

Then she looked at Tom. "Haven't you got blue gloves, Tom?" she asked him.

"Yes, Mrs. Williams," he answered, "But those can't be mine. I have lost mine."

- () 1. There were forty children in Mrs. William's class.
- () 2. Mrs. Williams liked all the children in her class.



- () 3. It was cold.
- () 4. Mrs. Williams found one small glove.
- () 5. She found the gloves in the morning.
- () 6. The gloves were Tom's.

Passage 3

根据短文判断下列句子,符合的填“T”,不符合的填“F”。

Mr. and Mrs. Brown lived in a small house near London. They got a child. Mr. Brown worked very hard. Very often he came back later when his wife and his child were asleep. He would open the front door of the house with his key and came in very quietly.

But one night when he was coming home later, he lost the key. So when he reached his house, he rang the bell. Nothing happened. He rang it again. Again nothing happened—nobody moved inside the house. Mr. Brown knocked at the bedroom window, he spoke to his wife, he shouted, but she did not wake up.

At last he stopped and thought for a moment. Then he began to speak like a small child “Mother,” he said, “I want to go to the lavatory(厕所).” His wife woke up and opened the door for him.

- () 1. Mr. Brown often came back late because he liked to visit his friends.
- () 2. One day he lost his key and had to wake up his wife.
- () 3. When he knocked at the door of the bedroom, his wife heard him.
- () 4. Then he spoke like a small child. This woke up his wife.

Passage 4

根据短文内容选择正确答案。

One evening two young men were walking in the street together. They tried to find a chance to steal(偷) something. The clock struck twelve. Most of the people went to bed. Quickly they came to a house and it seemed that everyone in the house had fallen asleep. Standing at the front gate, one said in English to the other in a low voice, “You wait here. I’ll go around to the back door and then get into the house.” Suddenly out of the house ran a dog, barking at them. The two men were very frightened(害怕的) and ran away as fast as they could. Finally, they stopped at a lonely place. The man said breathlessly, “It’s too bad. I hadn’t expected(想到)that the dog could understand English.”

- () 1. Why did the two men walk in the street one evening?
- A. They couldn’t fall asleep. B. They wanted to steal something.
- C. They would like to take a walk. D. They went to visit their friends.



() 2. "One said in English to the other in a low voice." From the above sentence we know _____.

A. he didn't know English

B. he liked speaking English quietly

C. he couldn't speak loud

D. he was afraid of waking up others

() 3. The dog ran out of the house and barked at them only because _____.

A. it understood English

B. it knew them

C. it found someone outside

D. both B and C

() 4. At last the two young men _____.

A. stole nothing.

B. stole something expensive.

C. were bitten by the dog.

D. were caught by the police.

() 5. What did the owners do while the dog was barking?

A. They stopped it.

B. They got up quickly.

C. They shouted for help.

D. The story didn't tell us.

Passage 5

根据短文内容选择正确答案。

Joe Brown had a shop. He sold meat in his shop alone. One Thursday a woman came into his shop at five to one. "I'm sorry, I'm late," she said, "I need some more meat for my dinner tonight." Joe had only one piece of meat in his shop. He took it out of the fridge(电冰箱) and said: "This is 6.5 dollars." "That piece is too small," the woman said, "Haven't you got anything bigger?"

Joe went into the room behind his shop, put the piece of meat into the fridge, took it out again and closed the door with lots of noise. Then he brought the piece of meat to the woman and said: "This piece of meat is bigger and more expensive. It's 8.75 dollars." "Good," the woman said with a smile, "Give me both of them please."

() 1. When did the woman come to Joe's shop?

A. Early in the afternoon.

B. At about one o'clock at night.

C. Early in the morning.

D. Late in the afternoon.

() 2. Why didn't the woman want that first piece of meat?

A. Because it wasn't in the fridge.

B. Because it wasn't big enough.

C. Because it was too expensive.

D. Because it was bad.

() 3. Could Joe give the woman two pieces of meat?

A. He would get an even bigger piece.

B. He would get the other piece from the fridge.

C. Of course not.

D. Yes, he would certainly try his best.



Passage 6

根据短文内容选择正确答案。

Everything has a name. All people, places, and things have names. For example, Jenny is the name of a student from England. England is the name of a country. Cities and towns have names, too. Schools and buildings also have names. All things have names. For example, cabbage, lettuce and bean are names of vegetables. Pear, orange, and bananas are names of fruits. Name are important.

We use names every day. When we meet a new person, we usually ask: "What's your name?" It's important to learn a person's name. Most people have two names. Some people have more names. Names are different all over the world. This is very difficult because the names are very different.

In the United States, most people have a first name, a middle name and a last name. Parents choose the first name and middle names for their babies. There are names for boys and names for girls. For example, Jack, Tom, Peter, Mike are all names for boys. Susan, Mary, Joyce and Betty are names for girls. The last name is the family name. In a family, the mother, the father, and the children usually have the same last name.

Names are different all over the world. They can be long or short, but they are always very important.

- () 1. Usually the last name is _____ family name.
 - A. the father's
 - B. the mother's
 - C. the grandfather's
 - D. the grandmother's
- () 2. Why is it difficult to learn names all over the world?
 - A. There are many names all over the world.
 - B. The names in different countries are different.
 - C. Some names are very long, and some are very short.
 - D. Some people have many names.
- () 3. Which of the following is true?
 - A. In America all people have the same name.
 - B. All boys have different first names.
 - C. In an American family family members usually have the same last names.
 - D. Chinese names are easy to learn.
- () 4. What names are for girls?
 - A. George, Linda and Jackson.
 - B. Peter, Jill and Rose.
 - C. Elizabeth, Lisa and Mary.
 - D. Katherine, Tom and Percy.



Unit 2

(Lesson 5~Lesson 8)

同步阅读

Passage 1

根据短文内容选择正确答案。

Mr. and Mrs. Jones' flat(公寓) was full of boxes, big and small. They were busy with pencils and paper, checking(检查) their list of luggage(行李) when there was a ring at the door. Mrs. Jones went to open it, and saw a well-dressed middle-aged lady outside. The lady said that she lived in the flat beside theirs, and she had come to welcome them to their new home.

Mrs. Jones invited her in. "I hope you'll excuse us for all this mess(混乱)," said Mrs. Jones, "We're trying."

"Oh, that's quite all right," said the lady, "Do you know, in some parts of this town neighbours are not at all friendly. There are some streets—and even some buildings—where people don't know their neighbours—not even their next-door ones. But in this building, everybody is friendly with everybody else. We are one big, happy family. I'm sure you'll be happy here."

The lady was greatly surprised when she visited the flat the next time, because she found a quite different man and woman in it. Mr. and Mrs. Jones had not had the heart to tell her that they were not the new owners of the flat, but the old owners, who had lived beside her for two years. All this time she had never visited them or even noticed them who were her next-door neighbours.

- () 1. At the beginning of the story, Mr. and Mrs. Jones were _____.
 - A. getting their luggage ready for a trip
 - B. getting their things ready to move to somewhere else
 - C. cleaning their flat
 - D. checking to see whether they had lost something
- () 2. The middle-aged lady thought that Mr. and Mrs. Jones were _____.
 - A. her new neighbour
 - B. moving out of the flat
 - C. her long-time friends
 - D. interesting people
- () 3. The lady said that the people living in this building _____.
 - A. didn't know each other
 - B. were not polite to new neighbours
 - C. liked to make friends with the people in other buildings
 - D. were very friendly
- () 4. When the lady came into the flat again, she _____.
 - A. found Mr. and Mrs. Jones and they had a good talk



- B. couldn't find Mr. and Mrs. Jones
C. found no one in the house
D. saw Mr. and Mrs. Jones' friends
- () 5. Mr. and Mrs. Jones _____ for two years.
A. were the lady's next-door neighbour
B. were the lady's friends
C. had known the lady
D. did not live next to the lady

Passage 2

根据短文内容选择正确答案。

It's Saturday afternoon. Jim and Li Lei are on the way to the shop. Jim is going to do some shopping. He knows there are too many people in it on Sundays and he doesn't want to go to the shop tomorrow.

Jim is English. He can speak a little Chinese. He asks Li Lei to help him. Li Lei is his good friend. He can talk with Jim in English, and certainly he can speak very good Chinese.

Jim wants to buy an orange coat, but the colour is not easy to find. He wants to buy a pen, four exercise books and other things, too. They must go to some different shops. Li Lei thinks it's good to help his friend.

- () 1. Jim wants to go some shopping _____.
A. on Sunday morning
B. on Saturday afternoon
C. on Sunday afternoon
D. on Saturday morning
- () 2. Jim can speak _____ Chinese.
A. a lot of
B. much
C. some
D. no
- () 3. Li Lei can talk _____ with him.
A. in English
B. about English
C. in Chinese
D. about China
- () 4. Jim wants to buy _____.
A. an orange coat
B. four exercise books
C. a pen and other things
D. A, B and C
- () 5. They must go shopping. Li Lei likes to _____.
A. get something for him
B. speak Chinese on Saturday
C. help Jim
D. find an orange coat

Passage 3

根据短文判断下列句子,符合的填“T”,不符合的填“F”。

Swimming is very popular in summer. People like swimming in summer because water makes people feel cool. If you like swimming and swim in a wrong place, it may not be safe. These years, more than ten people died while they were enjoying themselves in the water, and most of them were students. But some people are still not careful in swimming. They often think they swim so well that nothing can happen to them in water. Summer is here again. If



you go swimming in summer, don't forget that better swimmers have died in water. They died because they were not careful, not because they could not swim. So don't get into water when you are alone. If there is a "NO SWIMMING" sign, don't get into water, either. If you remember these, swimming will be safer.

- () 1. Swimming is one of the favourite sports in summer.
- () 2. It may be dangerous to swim in a wrong place.
- () 3. Many people are not careful in swimming.
- () 4. Many people died when they were enjoying themselves in the river because they couldn't swim.
- () 5. "NO SWIMMING" means "people mustn't swim here."

Passage 4

根据短文内容选择正确答案。

There are many restaurants(饭店)in London. The owners(店主) and workers there are almost from other countries.

Foreign visitors to London often eat in these restaurants. They say they don't feel they're in England in these restaurants. Most of the English people eat at home as much as they can. Sometimes they themselves will think they are in another country when they go and eat in the restaurants. So when they come into a restaurant, they may find that they even don't understand the languages in French and Italian(意大利语).

Most of the English people think it is better to eat at home, for it is cheaper. They don't want to spend much money on food and they are interested in cooking. They like quick meals because they won't take them much time. But at Christmas, they will spend a lot of time getting their food ready.

- () 1. Where are the owners and workers of these restaurants? They're from _____.
A. London
B. England
C. Italy
D. other countries
- () 2. Who often go to these restaurants?
A. People in London.
B. Foreign visitors.
C. English people.
D. Germans.
- () 3. When people are in these restaurants, they feel _____.
A. quite sad
B. quite lonely
C. they're not in England
D. they're eating real English food
- () 4. Why do English people like eating at home?
A. Because it's cheaper.
B. Because it's good for their health.
C. Because they like staying at home.
D. Because they have no money.
- () 5. Which of the following is true?
A. Englishmen will spend much time cooking at Christmas.
B. Englishmen often spend much time cooking at home.



- C. Englishmen spend much money on food.
D. Englishmen have little money and are always busy.

Passage 5

根据短文内容选择正确答案。

Mr. Lin does not use his time well. He often goes to work late. When he begins his work at the office, he thinks about his weekend plans. Every five minutes, he puts down his pen and looks at the clock.

All week Mr. Lin and his family talked about going to the country on the weekend. But on Saturday, he went to work in the morning. Working quickly but not carefully, he made several big mistakes and did his work three times. He went home very late in the afternoon. His wife and his children were not happy and didn't talk to him.

- () 1. What kind of person is Mr. Lin?
A. He is a careful worker. B. He uses his time well.
C. He is a good worker. D. He does not use his time well.
- () 2. What does he think about at the office? He thinks about _____.
A. his work B. his weekend plans
C. his better future D. his wife and his children
- () 3. How often does Mr. Lin look at the clock?
A. Every one minute. B. Every three minutes.
C. Every five minutes. D. Every ten minutes.
- () 4. Why did he do his work three times?
A. Because he made several big mistakes. B. Because he made few mistakes.
C. Because he hurried in and out. D. Because he was sick that day.
- () 5. This story tells us that _____.
A. people shouldn't go home late
B. people should do their work quickly but not carefully
C. people should use their time well
D. people should not care about their family



Unit 3

(Lesson 9~Lesson 12)

同步阅读

Passage 1

根据短文判断下列句子,符合的填“T”,不符合的填“F”。

A strange(奇怪的) thing happened to Mike yesterday. He was on a bus and wanted to get off, so he stood up and rang the bell. To make sure the driver heard him he rang twice, but the bus didn't stop, and the conductor(售票员) came and shouted at him. The conductor was so angry and spoke so fast that Mike didn't understand a word. The bus stopped at the next bus stop and Mike got off. As he got off he heard someone say: "I think he is a foreigner, for he doesn't know the customs here!"

When Mike got home, he told his landlady(房东) about this. "How many times did you ring the bell?" she asked. "Twice." said Mike.

"Well, it's for the driver to go on," his landlady explained, "Only the conductor is allowed to ring the bell twice. That's why he got so angry." Mike nodded. "I see." He said.

() 1. Mike stood up and rang the bell twice because he wanted to get off the bus.

() 2. The conductor came and shouted at him because Mike didn't ring the bell.

() 3. "Twice" means the second time.

() 4. Mike knew how to ring the bell in the bus.

() 5. Mike was allowed to ring the bell once if he wanted to get off.

Passage 2

根据短文内容选择正确答案。

It was Jimmy's birthday, and he was five years old. He got quite a lot of nice birthday presents from his family, and one of them was a beautiful drum(鼓).

"Who gave him that thing?" Jimmy's father said when he saw it. "His grandfather did." answered Jimmy's mother.

"Oh." said his father. Of course Jimmy liked his drum very much. He made a terrible noise with it, but his mother did not mind. His father was working during the day and Jimmy was in bed when he got home in the evening, so he did not hear the noise.

But one of the neighbours(邻居) did not like the noise at all, so one morning a few days later, she took a sharp knife and went to Jimmy's house while he was hitting his drum. She said to him, "Hello, Jimmy, do you know, there is something very nice inside drum? Here is a knife. Open the drum and let's find it."



- () 1. Jimmy got quite a lot of nice presents _____.
A. on his birthdays B. during the holidays
C. on his fifth birthday D. when he was five years old
- () 2. Who gave Jimmy the drum? _____.
A. His father B. His mother
C. His neighbour D. His grandfather
- () 3. Why did Jimmy's father not stop him making a noise with the drum? Because _____.
A. he wasn't home then B. he didn't mind
C. Jimmy was in bed D. Jimmy only played in the evening
- () 4. One of the neighbours _____.
A. liked Jimmy very much
B. enjoyed listening to the sound of the drum
C. wanted to show Jimmy a sharp knife
D. did not like the noise at all
- () 5. What did Jimmy's neighbour really want him to do? To _____.
A. find something nice in his drum B. make a noise on his drum with a knife
C. show him how to hit the drum D. cut the drum open with her knife

Passage 3

根据短文内容选择正确答案。

Mr. Rock had some apple trees in his garden. He looked after them carefully. Now there were very good apples on the trees and Mr. Rock was happy.

This afternoon when he looked through the window, he saw a boy in one of his apple trees. He was helping himself to the finest apples.

Mr. Rock opened the window and shouted: "Hey, what are you doing there? Come down and go away, or I'll go to see your father!"

The boy was not frightened(害怕的) at all.

"Dad," he looked up and cried, "This gentleman wants to see you!"

- () 1. Mr. Rock looked after his _____ carefully.
A. children B. parents C. wife D. apple trees
- () 2. Mr. Rock saw a boy _____ in his garden.
A. watering the trees B. eating apples
C. picking apples D. working
- () 3. Mr. Rock was _____ to see the boy in the tree.
A. happy B. pleased C. unhappy D. glad
- () 4. The boy _____ when Mr. Rock shouted at him.
A. felt worried B. was hungry
C. was not afraid D. was polite



- () 5. The boy's father was _____.
A. at home B. in an apple tree
C. outside the garden D. at work

Passage 4

根据短文内容选择正确答案。

Sam and Ann have three meals a day: breakfast, lunch and supper. They have breakfast at home. On weekdays they have lunch at school, but on weekends they have lunch at home with their parents. They always eat supper at home.

It was Sunday yesterday. They went to town with their parents. They had lunch at a Chinese restaurant(饭店). Sam and Ann had dumplings and meat. Their parents had rice and fish. After lunch, Sam and Ann had some fruit and a bottle of orange each. Their parents had some tea. They had a good time.

- () 1. How many meals do Sam and Ann have in two days?
A. One B. Three C. Four D. Six
- () 2. Where do they have breakfast on weekdays?
A. At home. B. At school.
C. At the restaurant. D. None of them.
- () 3. Where do they have lunch on weekdays?
A. At school. B. At hospital. C. At home. D. At town.
- () 4. — Why did they have lunch at a Chinese restaurant yesterday?
— Because _____.
A. it was Sunday B. they went to town
C. they had only a meal yesterday D. both A and B
- () 5. What did Sam and Ann have for lunch?
A. Rice B. Fish
C. Meat D. Dumplings and meat

Passage 5

根据短文内容选择正确答案。

Tom was nine years old and he went to a school near his house. He went there on foot and came back home usually at 4 o'clock. But last Monday he was much later. His mother asked: "Why are you so late today, Tom?"

"Because my teacher asked me to stay behind." Tom answered.

"Why did the teacher make you stay?" the mother asked again.

"Because no one could answer the teacher's question except me." Tom said.

"What was the question?" his mother asked.

"The question was 'who broke the window of the classroom?'" Tom said.