

# 考研英语词汇 2007

## 记忆指南 · 难句突破 精题精练

星火记忆研究所 马德高 主编

- ◎ 词汇突破找准差距
- ◎ 阅读突破首克难句

新华出版社

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# 前言

考研英语词汇记忆指南·难句突破·精题精练

## PREFACE

考研英语怎么学? 词汇掌握是基础, 阅读理解是关键!

据教育部考试中心相关数据, 近几年研考平均有 37% 的考生英语成绩未能过关。竞争是惨烈的, 但也从另一个方面昭示我们在英语方面的不足。英语学习, 从根本上来说, 要在保证一定学习时间的前提下, 采用正确的学习方法和合宜的参考资料进行复习, 其复习重点就在于平时对词汇的积累掌握和对阅读的攻克。而考研备考时间紧, 任务重, 能否在短时间内将这两个学习重点一举攻克?

本书正是以解决这一难题为目的编写而成的, 我们更在原版的基础上, 将内容进行了大幅修订, 将更臻于炉火纯青的词汇记忆方法和精辟独到的难句讲解融为一体, 使您在词汇与难句的互动学习中, 一举两得, 冲刺得标。

### 本书六大特色:

#### 一、独到的词表划分——要记就记不会的

本词表独到之处在于, 我们从读者的实际需要出发, 本着节省考生的时间与精力、提高学习效率的原则而精心设计了极具针对性的分类词表, 真正让读者有的放矢地查漏补缺, 多快好省地记忆单词。

##### ● 真题大纲词汇

本书编者基于多年的教学经验, 借助科学的电脑分频, 从近 10 年考研真题中挑选出 1260 个出现频率较高的大纲词汇, 这些词汇在近几年考研试题中的复现率呈上升趋势, 是考试必备词汇。此部分词汇可帮助读者直击考眼, 掌握重点, 从而事半功倍。

本部分真题大纲词汇在书中以彩色标出。

##### ● 熟词生义

读者在阅读中经常会遇到这样的情况: 明明单词都认识, 可整个句子就是读不懂。原因之一就是单词的一词多义没有掌握全面, 熟词变成了生词, 从而影响了阅读的速度和质量。在近几年的考研试题中, 命题人员明显加强了对这一方面的考查, 许多考生在这方面的能力明显不足, 甚至深受其困, 尤其在阅读与翻译题中, 往往因一个单词的词义理解有误而导致大量的丢分。有鉴于此, 我们以解决读者的学习难点为出发点, 投入大量的时间和精力把大纲中所有的熟词生义遴选出来供读者学习, 帮助读者击破盲点, 清除熟词陷阱。

本部分熟词生义在释义中用黑体标出。

##### ● 差距词汇

本书编者匠心独具, 将四、六级大纲与考研大纲一一比较, 把考研大纲有而四、六级大纲没有的差距词汇查找出来, 形成了差距词汇表。背单词要背不会的。读者对这部分词汇应当有的放矢、重点记忆, 借助四、六级的阶梯迅速到达考研的顶点!

本部分考研与四级的差距词汇在书中以▲号标出, 考研与六级的差距词汇以△号标出。

##### ● 超纲词汇

大纲要求每年试题中要包含 3% 的超纲词。那么所考过的超纲词, 岂不也正是我们所必须掌握的? 我们历经数月, 从近 10 年考研真题中挑选出 225 个真题超纲词, 并加了相关真题例句, 同时我们在往年经验的基础上, 结合对考研命题走向的把握、判断, 特地从与近几年考研试题文章题材相近的最新英美报刊时文中精心挑选本书的常用超纲词, 这样, 考生不仅能记牢大纲词汇, 还能掌握部分超纲词汇, 真正居高临下, 游刃有余。

本部分超纲词汇在书后面单列。

#### 二、全面的助记、详解——快速助记, 巧妙辨异, 学习效率如虎添翼

帮助读者快速记忆是本书的最大特色。本次修订我们在保留原版精华的基础上, 丰富和发展了原版的内容, 使本书更加完善。

## ● 记忆指南

在比较难记的词条下,作者利用其首创的星火式记忆法帮助读者全面突破记忆难点:(1)由中学英语熟词帮助记忆考研英语生词;(2)帮助记忆难记的一词多义;(3)帮助记忆动词短语。

比如,当你遇到 Mediterranean 时,你会感到难记易忘;熟悉的 cock 为何能莫名其妙地表示“水龙头”;动词短语 come to 为何意为“苏醒”…所有如此各类记忆难点,都可以在本书中找到令人满意的记忆诀窍。

还需特别强调的是,本次修订中我们精选了大量优秀的佳句,包括名言和谚语等,其中一些句子可使读者同时掌握一词多义以及相关的同义、反义词。这些句子读来妙趣横生,定能使您受益匪浅!

## ● 用法详解

在研究生入学考试的关键词下列有相应的“用法”,内容包括动词、介词搭配,形容词的位置,句子结构,易错易混词等各方面。

比如,你想知道 the aim of doing sth. 为什么不对;“对某人很诚实”是用 be honest with sb. 还是用 be honest to sb.; numerous 修饰单数名词和复数名词在意义上有什么不同;cheat 和 deceive 有何区别;access, assess, excess 如何区分等等,都可以在本书中找到答案。

## 三、精选的长难例句、真题例句——边记边读,词汇与阅读两不误

词汇是基础,阅读理解是关键,除去生词外,长难句就是阅读中最大的难题。为此,本书单挑历年考研全真试题中的长难句和最新的英美时文报刊长难句。这些长难例句不仅可以使读者在语境中加深对单词的记忆,而且能够提高读者的阅读理解和翻译能力,边记边读,边读边记,使词汇与阅读两不误。

需特别说明的是,本书在部分重点词条下新增真题例句,全部精选于近 10 年的考研真题,让读者在更为逼真、权威的实战语境中记忆单词。

## 四、精心选编的练习——边记边练,以练测记,以练促记

现在考研英语尽管去掉了“词汇与结构”这个题型,但并不意味着词汇就不考查了,而是转化成了其他形式来考查,因此我们不能忽视词汇基本功的培养。为此,我们特依据此考研题型的变化,对练习作了相应调整,通过词汇与搭配、词汇与辨析、英语知识运用等题型来体现词汇的用法。而且,在这部分练习题目的编排上,我们特别按照左边题目,右边讲解的形式对照排版,便于您查阅检测,给您最贴心的关爱和方便。

本部分可使您边记边练,以练促记,以练测记,既减轻了记忆的负担,提高了记忆效率,又能提高词汇基本功和应试能力。

## 五、实用的附录大全——您想要的、用得到的这里都有

本书附录包括猜词技巧、常用前后缀、常用词根、常用缩略词和写作关键词五个部分,一网打尽考试中涉及词汇运用的其他问题,以期全面满足读者的复习需要。

## 六、地道的同步录音——边记边听,以听促记,获取最佳记忆效果

心理学研究表明:人的记忆中,25%来源于视觉,15%源于听觉,两者结合则可达到 65%的效果。为此,我们给本书的单词录制了由英美专家朗读的音带,让您记、听结合,达到最佳记忆效果。

需特别说明的是,我们将本书所有的词条,保留音标、简要释义,以清晰、简洁的形式,做成考研词汇随身听手册,如果您在买书的同时买了配套音带,这本小册子将随书赠送,方便读者在听录音时轻巧携带,以听助背,效果最佳。

欢迎广大读者提出宝贵意见。来信必复,并表示衷心的感谢!

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# 考研新大纲词汇大全

## Vocabulary

本部分共三十个单元，囊括了考研大纲中的所有词汇。编者按照真题大纲词汇、熟词生义、差距词汇和2005年大纲新增词汇四种词汇分类标注，帮助考生对症下药，各个击破。

### 》》》 真题词汇

——直击考眼，掌握重点，事半功倍，高效率地记忆单词。

### 》》》 熟词生义

——击破盲点，清除熟词的陷阱。

### 》》》 差距词汇

——有的放矢、高效补差，借助四、六级的阶梯迅速到达考研的顶点！

### 》》》 2005年大纲新增词汇

——瞄准变化，迅速适应新大纲。



# Unit 1

**a/an** [ei, ə]/[ən, æn] **art.** ①—(个) ②任何一个 ③每, 每一(per)

**abandon** [ə'bændən] **vt.** ①抛弃(desert) ②放弃(give up, quit): Because of financial difficulties, the project was abandoned. 由于资金困难, 该项目被迫放弃了。

[短语]

(1) abandon oneself to 纵情, 沉溺于: Kevin abandoned himself to grief, 凯文悲不自胜。

(2) with abandon ①放任地, 放纵地: spend money with abandon 乱花钱 ②纵情地: dance with wild abandon 尽情地跳舞

**真题例句**

With economic growth has come centralization; fully 76 percent of Japan's 119 million citizens live in cities where community and the extended family have been **abandoned in favor of** isolated, two generation households. 随着经济的增长, 居住开始集中化, 日本 1 亿 1 900 万国民中有 76% 以上的人生活在城市里, 从而摒弃了社区和大家庭, 取而代之的是分散的、只有父母和孩子两代人的小家庭。

【2000 考研阅读】

**abdomen** [ˈæbdəmən, æb'dəʊmən] **n.** 腹(部), 下腹

[△科学术语]

[助记] 派生: abdominal **a.** 腹(部)的; abdominous **a.** 大肚子的, 大腹便便的

**abide** [ə'baɪd] **v.** (by) 坚持, 遵守; observe discipline and abide by the law 遵纪守法

[搭配] 辨析: abide **by** = comply **with** = conform **to** = observe 遵从, 遵守

**ability** [ə'bɪlɪti] **n.** ①能力, 智能: the ability to speak a foreign language 说一种外语的能力 ②才能, 才干, 能耐: a man of great ability 很有本领的人

[助记] [熟] able **a.** → [生] { ability **n.** 能力  
enable **vt.** 使能够

[搭配] the ability { of doing [误]  
to do [正]

[短语] to the best of one's ability 尽某人最大努力

**真题例句**

How we see ourselves **as** we try a new way of being is essential to our **ability** to grow. 在尝试新的生存方式时如何看待自己, 对我们能力的培养是至关重要的。 【1995 考研阅读】

**able** ['eɪbl] **a.** ①有能力的, 能干的 (capable) ②显示出才华的, 出色的: He is an able lawyer. 他是个出色的律师。

be able to 能, 会

**abnormal** [æb'nɔːml] [ab- (= away from)] **a.** 反常的, 不正常的; abnormal phenomena 反常现象

[助记] [熟] normal 正常的 → [生] { abnormal 反常的  
norm 常规, 标准

**aboard** [ə'bɔːd] [a- (= on/to) + board (甲板)] **prep./ad.** 在船上 → [意义扩大] 在飞机(或车)上: It's time to go aboard. 上船(或上车、登机)时间到了。

[助记] [熟] blackboard 黑板 → [生] board 板, 甲板 → on board 在船(或车、飞机)上; aboard 在(或到)船(或车、飞机)上。

△ a- 表示“在, 到”, 类例: aside **ad.** 在(到)旁边; abroad **ad.** 在(到)海外, 户外

**abolish** [ə'bɒlɪʃ] [ab- (= off) + ol (= grow 生长) + -ish (使); 使停止生长 →] **vt.** 废除, 取消 (do away with):

We have abolished the system of exploitation of man by man. 我们已经废除了人剥削人的制度。

[辨析] abolish, cancel

(1) abolish 强调废除, 如制度、做法、风俗等: The Americans abolished slavery in 1863. 美国于 1863 年废除奴隶制度。

(2) cancel 多指取消已安排或决定的计划、会议等: The meeting has been cancelled. 该会议已被取消。

**abound** [ə'baʊnd] **vi.** ①(物产)丰富 ②富于, 充满

[助记] [名] abundance → [动] abound  
[形] abundant

[搭配] (物产) abound in (场所) ⇌ (场所) abound with/in (物产): Wild animals abound in this area. ⇌ This area abounds with/in wild animals. 这个地区野生动物很多。

## 考研长难句精选

## Reading Comprehension

- Human beings have distinguished themselves from other animals, and in doing so ensured their survival, by the **ability** to observe and understand their environment and then either to adapt to that environment or to control and adapt it to their own needs.
- But the significant thing is not the behaviour of the players but the attitude of the spectators; and behind the spectators, of the nations who **work themselves into furies** over these **absurd** contests, and seriously believe—at any rate for short periods—that running, jumping and kicking a ball are tests of national virtue.

**about** [ə'baʊt] *prep.* ①关于, 对于 ②在...周围, 在...附近 (around) *ad.* ①大约, 差不多 (approximately) ②在周围, 附近, 到处

**be about to** 即将 [=be on the point of (doing)]: I was about to say when you interrupted me. 我正要说话, 你就打断了我。

**above** [ə'baʊv] *prep.* 在...上面, 超过, 高于 *ad.* 在上面, 以上: As was stated above, ... 如上所述, ... *a.* 上面的, 上述的: for the above reasons 根据上述理由 **above all** 首要, 尤其: I would like to rent a house, modern, comfortable and above all in a quiet neighbourhood. 我想租一所房子, 要新式的, 舒适的, 尤其是周围环境要安静。

**abroad** [ə'brɔ:d] [a-(到或在)+broad(广阔)] *ad.* [根义] 到(在)广阔的环境中 → [多义] ①到国外, 在国外 (overseas); at home and abroad 在国内外 ②传开, 到处: The news quickly spread abroad. 消息迅速传开。

#### 巧辨形近词: aboard, abroad

**aboard** *prep./ad.* 在(到)船(车、飞机)上  
——所谓“在(到)船(车、飞机)上”就是“在(到)其板(board)上”。

**abroad** *ad.* 在(到)国外、户外  
——所谓“在(到)国外、户外”就是“在(到)广阔(broad)的环境中”。

**abrupt** [ə'brʌpt] [ab-(=off)+rupt(=break)] *a.* ①突然的, 意外的: There are abrupt weather changes. 天有不测风云。②(举止、言谈等)唐突的, 鲁莽的: an abrupt young man 鲁莽的年轻人  
[助记][熟] interrupt 打断(=break in) → [根] rupt (=break) → [生] bankrupt 破产; disrupt 使中断; erupt 爆发(=break out); rupture 破裂, 断绝(=break off)

**absence** ['æbsəns] *n.* ①(from)缺席, 不在场 ②缺乏, 没有(lack): The visitors to Venice notice at once the absence of noise. 去威尼斯的游客马上会发现那儿没有噪音。  
[短语] in the absence of ①在(人)不在时 ②在(物)缺乏时, 在缺乏(或没有)的情况下: We were obliged to accept it as true in the absence of other evidence. 在缺乏其他证据的情况下, 我们被迫接受其为真。

**absent** ['æbsənt] *a.* ①[表语](from)缺席, 不在场 ②[定语]漫不经心的, 心不在焉的: an absent look on my son's face 我儿子一副心不在焉的神情  
[助记][形] present ↔ [形] absent

[名] presence ↔ [名] absence

❖ To preserve a friend, three things are required: to honor him when **present**, praise him when **absent**, and assist him in his necessities. 维持友谊需要三点: 当面尊重他, 背后赞扬他, 需要时帮助他。

**absolute** ['æbsəlu:t] [ab-(=off)+solute(=solve, loosen) 放松, 松懈]; 放松的 → 没有约束的 → 无条件的 → **a.** 绝对的, 完全的, absolute value 绝对值  
[助记][熟] solve 解决 → [生] absolve v. 解除 → [生] absolute *a.* [根义] 不受任何限制(或约束)的

#### 真题例句

Curiously, some two-and-a-half years and two novels later, my experiment in what the Americans term “downshifting” has turned my tired excuse into an **absolute** reality. 奇怪的是, 当我在两年半的时间里完成了两部小说之后, 我的这种美国人称做“放慢生活节奏”的体验, 已经把我当初干巴巴的借口变成了绝对的现实。【2001 考研阅读】

**absolutely** ['æbsəlu:tli] *ad.* 完全地, 绝对地  
[形] absolute 绝对的 ↔ [形] relative 相对的  
[副] absolutely 绝对地 ↔ [副] relatively 相对地

❖ Power tends to corrupt, and **absolute** power corrupts **absolutely**. 权力导致腐败, 绝对权力绝对导致腐败。

**absorb** [əb'sɔ:b] *vt.* ①吸收 (take in): Vitamin D is slowly absorbed by the body. 维生素 D 被人体吸收是较为缓慢的。②吸引, 使专心

[搭配] be absorbed in 专心于...: She was absorbed in the novel. 她全神贯注地读着那本小说。

**abstract** { [æb'strækt] *v.* 提(抽)取  
[æb'strækt] { *a.* 抽象的, 深奥的  
*n.* 摘要, 提要

an abstract concept 抽象概念/an abstract of the book 那本书的摘要

[助记] abs=away from, tract=draw; 该词根义为“抽取”。

#### abstract 的易混同根词

attract <i>vt.</i> 吸引	← [at-(=ad-, to)]
abstract <i>vt.</i> 抽取	← [ab-(=away)]
contract <i>vt.</i> 缩小, 缩短	← [con-(=together)]
subtract <i>vt.</i> 减(去)	← [sub-(=down)]

**absurd** [əb'sɜ:d] *a.* 荒唐的, 可笑的: It was absurd to predict that the sun will not rise tomorrow. 预言太阳明天不会升起是荒唐可笑的。

**abundance** [ə'bʌndəns] *n.* 丰富, 充裕(=great plenty)  
[短语]

(1) an abundance of 大量的, 丰富的: an abundance of evidence 大量的证据  
(2) in abundance 丰富, 充裕: We are now living in an abundance. 我们现在过着富裕的生活。

## 语境记忆 阅读提高

### 考研长难句精选

- 人类已把自己和其他动物区别开了。人类具有观察和了解周围环境的能力, 能适应环境、控制环境和根据自己的需要改造环境。人类就是这样生存了下来。
- 但是令人感到意味深长的不是运动员的行为而是观众的态度, 以及在观众后面的对这些荒唐可笑的比赛如痴如狂的各国的态度, 他们一本正经地相信——至少在短时间内是这样——赛跑、跳高和踢球都是对国力强弱的检验。

真题例句

My students found the book enlightening; it provided them with **an abundance of** information on the subject. 我的学生们发现这本书很有启发性, 它为他们提供了有关这门课的丰富信息。

【1997 考研词汇】

**abundant** [ə'bʌndənt] **a.** (in) 充分的, 充裕的, 丰富的 (=very plentiful, rich); a land abundant in minerals 矿产丰富的地方

[助记] [根] und(=overflow) → [生] abundant 丰富的, 充足的; redundant 多余的, 过剩的

[搭配] be { abundant / rich } in sth. ...丰富, 富于...

Our country is { abundant / rich } in natural resources.

**abuse** { [ə'bjʊz] **v.** [ab-(脱离)] ①[根义] 滥用; abuse / [ə'bjʊs] **n.**

power for personal gains 以权谋私 ②[滥用] {言/行}

{ 谩骂(insult); personal abuse 人身攻击 / 虐待(maltreat); child abuse 虐待儿童

[助记] [熟] use { [z] **v.** [根义] 用 → / [s] **n.**

[生]. abuse { [z] **v.** [根义] 滥用 / [s] **n.**

**academic** [ækə'demɪk] **a.** ①学院的; an academic degree 学位 ②学术的; academic exchanges 学术交流

**academy** [ə'kædəmi] **n.** 学院; the Chinese Academy of Sciences 中国科学院/a military academy 军事学院  
△ Some schools or colleges are called **academies**, especially ones that specialize in a particular subject.

真题例句

Just three weeks before the Court's ruling on physician-assisted suicide, the National **Academy of Science**(NAS) released a two-volume report, *Approaching Death: Improving Care at the End of Life*. 在法院对医生协助自杀案做出判决的三个星期之前, 国家科学院(NAS)公布了一份长达两卷的报告《临近死亡: 改善临终关怀的质量》。

【2002 考研阅读】

**accelerate** [æk'seləreit] **v.** 加速, 促进(speed up); accelerate economic growth 加速经济发展; Super computers will dramatically accelerate progress in all areas of life. 超级电脑会极大地加快各个生活领域的进步。  
[助记] [根] celer(=speed) → [生] accelerate = speed up 加速; decelerate = slow down 减速

真题例句

At the same time, the normal rate of social change throughout the world is taking place at a vastly **accelerated** speed compared with the past. 同时, 与从前相比, 全球正常的社会变革速度大大加快。

【2000 考研英语译汉】

**acceleration** [æk'selə'reɪʃən] **n.** 加速(度)

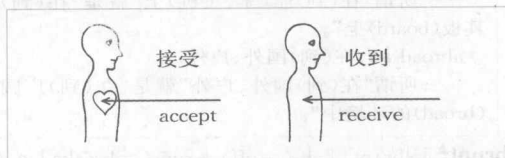
**accent** ['æksənt] **n.** ①口音, 腔调; He had a strong American accent to his English. 他讲英语时美国口音很重。②重音(符号)(stress): The accent is on the second syllable. 重音在第二个音节上。

**accept** [ək'sept] **v.** ①接受, 认可 ②同意, 承认: accept the truth of a statement 承认某个说法是真实的

一言辨异: receive, accept

He **received** a gift, but he didn't **accept** it. 他收到了一件礼物, 但他没有接受。

—receive 指客观上“收到”, accept 指主观上(愿意)“接受”。客观上 receive, 主观上不一定 accept。



**acceptance** [ək'septəns] **n.** ①接受, 验收 ②承认, 认可; find acceptance with/in 得到认可 ③承兑(汇票); bank acceptance 银行承兑汇票

**access** ['ækses] [ac-(=ad-, to)+cess(=go); going to/into →] **n.** ①(to)接近, 进入; have immediate access to the president 有直接晋见总统的机会 ②通道, 入口(entry, entrance) ③接近(或进入)的方法

[辨异] 勿混 assess, access 与 excess

**assess** **v.** 估价, 评价

**access** **n.** 接近, 进入, 通道, 入口

**excess** **n.** 超越, 超过, 过量, 过剩

利用词根巧辨形近词

↓ ex= out (of)  
[词根] ⇒ { excess [原义] going out (of)  
cess=go { access [原义] going to/into  
↑ ac= ad= to

[熟词] possession 财产

↓  
[生词] assess **v.** 估价

[搭配] have/gain access to 可以获得(或接近) ...; Students must have access to a good library. 学生要有使用好图书馆的便利条件。

[辨异] access, entrance, admission

(1) access 指接近或进入的方法、机会或权力(means)

考研长难句精选

Reading Comprehension

- Even now, when the continents have been mapped and their interiors made **accessible** by road, river and air, most of the world's people live no more than 200 miles from the sea and relate closely to it.
- But the play's complex view of Black self-esteem and human solidarity is no more "contradictory" than Du Bois' famous, well-considered ideal of ethnic self-awareness coexisting with human unity, or Fanon's emphasis on an ideal internationalism that also **accommodates** national identities and roles.

of entering, means or right of reaching or obtaining);  
 (2) entrance 指进入或加入的动作(the act of entering or joining); the entrance of university 入学;  
 (3) admission 指允许或被允许进入或加入的动作(allowing or being allowed to enter or join); admission to the university 被大学录取。

## 真题例句

Access to some parts of South America is still difficult, because parts of the continent are still covered with thick forests. 由于部分陆地仍然被茂密的森林所覆盖,要进入南美一些地方仍然很困难。

【2000 考研词汇】

**accessory** <sup>▲</sup> [æk'sesəri] *n.* ① 附件, 配件; the accessories of a car 汽车配件 ② (常 *pl.*) (妇女的) 装饰品 (如手提包等); She often wears accessories such as a diamond bracelet, a necklace and earrings. 她常常戴钻石手镯、项链、耳环等首饰。③ 同谋, 包庇犯: an accessory before the fact 事前从犯 *a.* 附属的; accessory primary school 附属小学

【助记】一词多义:

{ principal *a.* 主要的 → *n.* 主犯  
 accessory *n.* (物) 附件 → (人) 从犯

**accident** [æksɪdɪnt] *n.* ① 意外的事, 偶然的事 ② 事故



accident 意外的事



incident 小事件

by accident 偶然 ↔ on purpose 故意, 有意

**accidental** [æksɪ'dentl] *a.* 意外的, 偶然的; an accidental meeting with a friend 与一位朋友偶然相遇

**acclaim** <sup>△</sup> [ə'kleɪm] [ac-(=to) + claim (to cry out)]

*v./n.* 欢呼, 喝彩, 称赞: The newspapers acclaimed the fireman a hero. 报纸称赞这名消防队员为英雄。

【助记】[根] claim (声称, 喊叫) → [生] acclaim; exclaim 呼喊; proclaim 宣告

**accommodate** <sup>▲2</sup> [ə'kɒmədeɪt] *vt.* [根义] (使) 适应 (…需求或使用) → [多义] ① 向…提供住处 (或膳宿): This hotel can accommodate more than 500 guests. 这家旅馆可容纳 500 位以上的旅客。② 容纳, 收容: The bus is large enough to accommodate 50 passengers. 这辆巴士可以容纳 50 名乘客。③ 供给, 借予, 提供帮助: I shall endeavour to accommodate you whenever possible. 只要有可能, 我将尽力帮你。

【助记】[熟] modify (修改) 原义“使适合, 适应” → [根] mod 适合, 适应 → [生] accommodate *vt.*

[搭配] accommodate sb. with sth. = supply sb. with sth. 向某人提供…; accommodate oneself to = adapt (oneself) to 适应, 顺应

[辨析] accommodate, contain, hold

(1) accommodate 指 (旅馆等) 能为 (多少旅客) 提供住处 (或膳宿), 也指 (交通工具) 能搭载 (多少乘客);  
 (2) contain 和 hold 用于: (容器) 能容纳 (多少物品); (建筑物) 可容纳 (多少观众、听众等)。

## 真题例句

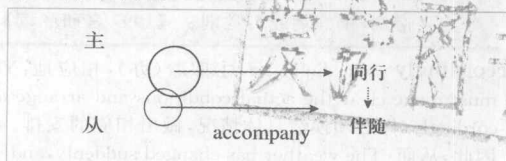
And they also need to give serious thought to how they can best accommodate such changes. 他们还要认真地思考如何最好地适应这些变化。

【2003 考研完形】

**accommodation** [ə'kɒmə'deɪʃən] *n.* ① 住宿, 留宿 ② 膳宿供应 (lodging): top-quality hotel accommodation 第一流的旅馆房间

**accompany** [ə'kʌmpəni] *vt.* ① 陪同, 陪伴 (= go with) ② (on/at) 为…伴奏: The singer was accompanied at/on the piano by her sister. 那位演唱者的姐姐用钢琴给她伴奏。③ 伴随, 和…一起发生: accompany one's words with gestures 一边说一边打手势

【助记】[熟] company *n.* 同伴, 陪伴 → [生] accompany *v.* 陪伴, 陪同



[搭配] accompany 准确含义为“陪同…去” (go with...), 里面已包含了 go 的含义, 因而:

[误] He accompanied us to go to the park.

[正] He accompanied us to the park.

**accomplish** [ə'kɒmplɪʃ] *vt.* 完成 (achieve, attain): The task will not be accomplished in a few days. 这工作不是几天就可以完成的。

【助记】[熟] complete 完成 → [根] compl(e) 完成 → [生] accomplish 完成

**accordance** [ə'kɒdəns] *n.* 一致 (agreement)

【助记】[熟] according 按照, 根据 → [生] accord *n./vi.* 相符合, 相一致; accordance *n.* 一致, 符合

**in accordance with** 与…一致, 依照 [△ according to 只作状语; in accordance with 可做表语或状语]

(a) His deeds accord with his words.

(b) Act in accord/accordance with our wishes.

**accord** [ə'kɔ:d] [ac-(ad-向) + cord (心); “心心相向” →] *n.* ① 一致, 符合 ② (尤指国与国之间的) 谅解, 协

## 语境记忆 阅读提高

## 考研长难句精选

- 时至今日, 大陆已在地图上标出, 内地已由道路、河流和空中航线沟通, 然而世界上大多数的人仍然生活在距离海洋不超过 200 英里的区域内, 并与其保持着密切的关系。(解析: 状语从句 when the continents have been mapped... by road, river and air 由两个并列成分组成。made accessible 前省略了 have been made accessible, 表示 easy to get into 的意思。)
- 但是这出戏的复杂的、把黑人自尊和人类团结看成是和谐的观点, 与 Du Bois 的著名且深思熟虑的将民族自我意识共存于人类大同的理想, 或是 Fanon 对国际主义也要包含民族身份和角色这一点的强调都一样, 都是不“矛盾”的。

议 *vi.* (with) 相符合, 相一致, 相和谐 *vt.* 授予, 赠与, 给予: The praise accorded him was fully deserved. 对他的赞扬他完全受之无愧。

[助记][熟] according to → [生] accord *v.* / *n.* 相符合, 相一致

[搭配] in accord with 与...一致: These results are in accord with earlier research. 这些结果与早先的研究相符。of one's own accord 出于自愿, 主动地: It's better that she comes of her own accord. 她自愿来更好。with one accord 一致地, 一致同意地: With one accord they all stood up and cheered. 他们全体一致起立欢呼。

**according** [ə'kɔ:diŋ] *a.* 相符的, 一致的

**according to** 按照, 根据: According to the TV, it will be fine today. 据电视报道, 今天会是个晴天。

[译] 以我之见, ...

[误] According to me/my opinion, ...

[正] In my opinion, ...

[注] according 用来引出来自他人或他处的消息, 不能与 me 和 my opinion 等连用。

### 真题例句

Psychoactive substances are commonly grouped according to whether they are stimulants, depressants, or hallucinogens. 心理活性物质通常可分为兴奋剂, 镇静剂或幻觉剂。【1997 考研阅读】

**accordingly** [ə'kɔ:dipli] *ad.* ①照着(办), 相应地: You must make clear the actual conditions and arrange accordingly. 你必须摸清具体情况, 做出相应的安排。②因此, 从而: The weather has changed suddenly, and we must alter our plans accordingly. 天气突然变化, 我们必须更改计划。

[助记][熟] according to 按照, 根据 → [生] accordingly 照着, 相应地

(a) Please act according to the rules. 请按规则行事。

(b) These are the rules. Please act accordingly. 这是规则, 请照此行事。

✓ **account** [ə'kaunt] *n.* ①账(目, 户)(bill): keep accounts 记账/open an account with a bank 在银行开账户 ②叙述, 说明(statement): Give us an account of what happened. 给我们说明一下发生的事。 *vi.* 说明, 解释(原因等)

[助记][熟] count 点数, 计算 → [生] account 账, 账户 → [生] accountant *n.*

**account for** 说明(原因等)

**on account of** 因为, 由于

(a) His illness accounted for his absence from school. =

(b) He was absent from school on account of illness.

**take into account** 考虑(= take account of): I will

take your suggestion into account. 我将考虑你的建议。

### 真题例句

This **account** of yourself is actually a sketch of your working life and should include education, experience and references. 你的这份自我描述实际上是工作经历的简介, 它应包括所受教育、工作经历和证明材料。【1996 考研阅读】

**accountant** [ə'kauntənt] *n.* 会计(人员), 会计师

**accumulate** [ə'kjumjuleit] [ac(=ad-, to)+cumul(=pile, heap)+-ate] *v.* 积累, 积蓄, 堆积: Dust soon accumulates if the rooms are not swept. 房间不打扫, 很快就会积满灰尘。

△ If you **accumulate**(积累) things you **collect**(收集) more and more of them over a period of time (often without having a strong intention to do this): I've accumulated quite a lot of rare books over the years. 我多年来积累了相当多的珍本书籍。

**accuracy** ['ækjʊrəsi] [accurate 的名词] *n.* 准确, 精确度(precision): with great accuracy 非常精确地

### 真题例句

Accounts of scientific experiments are generally correct, for those who write about science are careful in checking the **accuracy** of their reports. 对于科学实验的报道总的来说是正确的, 因为那些写科技文章的人在核对报告内容的真实性时都很细心。【1995 考研词汇】

**accurate** ['ækjʊrit] [原义: done with care(仔细做的)] → *a.* 精确的, 准确的(precise): Clocks in railway stations should be accurate. 火车站的钟应该准确。

[助记] 注意: {cure (单词)治愈  
cur(e) (词根)=care

**accuse** [ə'kju:z] [ac(=ad-, to)+cuse(原因); 原义: 找原因, 找茬] → *vt.* (of) ①控告: He was sentenced to death. His gang had been accused of killing 20 people. 他被判处死刑, 其犯罪团伙因杀害 20 人而受到指控。②谴责: He was accused of incompetence. 他被指责为不称职。

[助记][熟] cause 原因 → [根] cuse → [生] {accuse 指控  
excuse 借口

[搭配] 辨异: 指控某人(犯)...

{accuse sb. of (doing) sth.

charge sb. with (doing) sth.

**accustomed** [ə'kʌstəmd] *a.* (to) 习惯的, 惯常的(habitual): an accustomed practice 惯常的做法

[搭配] be {accustomed  
used} to doing sth. 习惯于...

## 考研长难句精选

## Reading Comprehension

- There are already robot systems that can perform some kinds of brain and bone surgery with submillimeter **accuracy**—far greater precision than highly skilled physicians can achieve with their hands alone.
- While in America the trend started as a reaction to the economic decline after the mass redundancies caused by downsizing in the late '80s—and is still linked to the politics of **thrift**, in Britain, at least among the middle-class downshifters of my **acquaintance**, we have different reasons for seeking to simplify our lives.

**ache** [eɪk] *vi.* 痛, 疼痛; Better a finger off than always aching. [谚] 长痛不如短痛。 *n.* 疼痛, 酸痛

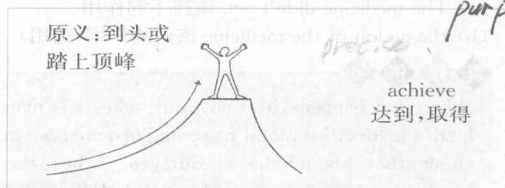
[辨异] pain 泛指“疼痛”; ache 仅指身体某一部位的持续的隐痛, 而不指一时的痛。即:

[名] an ache = a continuous dull pain

[动] to ache = to have or suffer a continuous dull pain

**achieve** [ə'tʃi:v] [a(=to) + chief (头); 原义“到头或踏上顶峰”] → *vt.* ① 完成 (accomplish): If you go on like this, you'll never achieve anything. 如果这样下去, 你将一事无成。② 达到, 达成, 获得: achieve one's purpose 达到目的

[助记] 由此可知彼: believe *v.* → belief *n.* 由此亦知此: chief *n.* → achieve *v.*



**achievement** [ə'tʃi:vmənt] *n.* ① 成就, 成绩 ② 完成, 达到

**acid** ['æsid] *n.* 酸; sulphuric acid 硫酸 *a.* 酸的 (sour): acid rain 酸雨

[辨异] acid 和 sour 相比, 较常用于原本没有酸味的情形; an acid fruit such as a lemon 柠檬一类的酸性水果

**acknowledge** [ək'nɒlɪdʒ] *vt.* ① 承认...的权威 (或主张) ② 告知 (信件、礼物等) 已收到, 确认 ③ 对 (礼物等) 表示谢忱 ④ 对...打招呼, 理会

[助记] 一词多义:

[熟] know 知道 → [生] acknowledge 告知 (信件、礼物等) 已收到 → 对 (礼物等) 表示谢忱: You must acknowledge his gift. 你应该谢谢他的礼物。

[熟] know 认识 → [生] acknowledge (以微笑、挥手等) 表示相识 → 对...打招呼, 理会: He acknowledged the greeting with a nod. 他点了点头, 回答了对他的问候。

[辨异] acknowledge, confess, recognize, admit

(1) acknowledge 指公开承认隐瞒或否认过的事, 如: He acknowledged having been frightened. 他承认受了惊吓。

(2) confess 通常指自愿认罪或认错, 如: He confessed that he had stolen the money. 他承认曾偷过钱。

(3) recognize 指正式承认主权、权利等, 如: They refused to recognize the country's independence. 他们拒绝正式承认这个国家的独立。

(4) admit 则指在外界或自己良心的压力下承认, 如: The accused man admitted his guilt. 被告承认了他的

罪行。

**acquaint** [ə'kweɪnt] *vt.* ① 使了解: I'm already acquainted with the facts. 我已知道这些事实。② 使认识: We are acquainted. 我们已认识了。

[助记] [熟] acquaintance *n.* 认识, 了解 → [生] acquaint *vt.* 使了解, 使认识

[译] 我已经了解了他们的风俗。

[误] I've acquainted their customs.

[正] I've acquainted myself with their customs.

[正] I've been acquainted with their customs.

[注] acquaint 搭配有二: (1) 用反身代词 oneself 做宾语; (2) 用被动形式。

### 真题例句

Ms. Green has been living in town for only one year, yet she seems to be acquainted with everyone who comes to the store. 格林女士在城里住了仅一年, 然而她似乎认识每一个来店里的顾客。

【1996 考研词汇】

**acquaintance** [ə'kweɪntəns] *n.* ① 相识, 熟人 [△contact 熟人, 社会关系; connection (常 *pl.*) 熟人, 关系 (户); associate 同事, 同行]: He is not a friend, only an acquaintance. 他不是朋友, 只是熟人。② 认识, 了解: He has some acquaintance with French, but can't speak it fluently. 他略懂一些法语, 但说得不流利。

[搭配] make the acquaintance of sb. = make sb. 's acquaintance 与人结识; have a (nodding) acquaintance with sb. 与某人有 (点头) 之交

[译] 我是两年前认识他的。

[误] I knew him two years ago.

[正] I made his acquaintance two years ago.

[注] know 虽也可做“认识”讲, 但它是个持续性动词。表示“结识”的短暂动作常用 make one's acquaintance / make the acquaintance of.

### 真题例句

It does not take a lifelong acquaintance to pick up various software programs. 人们并不需要花很长时间来学习使用不同的软件。 【1999 考研阅读】

**acquire** [ə'kwaɪə] *vt.* ① 取得, 获得 ② 学到

[助记] [根] quire (问, 求) → [生] acquire 取得, 学到; inquire 询问, 调查; require 要求, 需要

[辨异] acquire, obtain, gain

(1) 词根 quire 表示“问, 求”, 因而 acquire 多用于通过不断地“学”、“问”等慢慢地获取“学问”、“技术”等较抽象的东西;

(2) obtain 表示经过相当长的时间或经过很大的努力, 获得期望已久的东西;

(3) gain 的含义较 obtain 进一层, 表示付出更大的努

## 语境记忆 阅读提高

## 考研长难句精选

1. 现在已有一些机器人系统能够进行精确到毫米以下的脑部和骨骼手术——这比极其熟练的医生单单用手做要精确得多。
2. 在美国, 这一返朴趋势是以经济衰落的反应为开始——那是在 80 年代末期裁员而引起大量的失业之后——现在依然与提倡节俭的政策相关; 而在英国, 最起码在我所熟识的中产阶级返朴归隐者中, 追求简约生活的原因就多种多样了。

力才能获得,故常译为“赢得”。

❖ Gazing at her newly published books Jane is deep in thought; it took her nine years to **acquire** the ability to use English and about two years to **obtain** the permission to study abroad. Now fifteen years has passed and it's indeed not easy for her to **gain** the honour in a foreign country. 盯着她刚出版的几本新书,简陷入了沉思;她花了九年的时间才学会英语,又花了两年的时间获得许可到国外留学,现在15年过去了,对她来说在国外赢得这种荣誉确实不易。

**acquisition** ['ækwiːziʃən] [acquire 的名词] **n.** ①获得物 ②获得; language acquisition 语言获得  
[助记] 规则: [根] quire → [根] quisit(问,求)  
[动] acquire 取得 → [名] acquisition 获得(物)  
[动] inquire 询问 → [形] inquisitive 好询问的  
[动] require 需要 → [名] requisite 必需品

❖ **Acquisition** of knowledge entails learning and asking for advice. So, learn by yourself, and ask for advice; only thus can genuine knowledge be **acquired**. (Jefferson) 获取知识需要学习和勤问。因此,要自主学习并且勤问;惟有如此才能获得真正的知识。(杰斐逊)

△ **acre** ['eɪkə] [acre 是 agr 的变体] **n.** 英亩 [△hectare 公顷]; an acre of orchard 1 英亩果园  
[助记] “农业”离不开“耕田种地”,  
agriculture 原义即为“耕种田地”。

[熟] agriculture

↓  
[根] { agr(i)(田地) → [生] acre 英亩  
cult(耕种) → [生] cultivate 耕种

✓ **acrobat** ['ækroʊbæt] [acr-(=at the point/top) + bat (=to walk)] **n.** 杂技演员 [△走钢丝绳或表演高空秋千等]

[助记] 派生: acrobatic **a.** 杂技的; acrobatics **n.** 杂技

**across** [ə'krɒs] **prep.** ①横越,穿过 ②在...对面,与...交叉: My apartment is just across the street. 我的公寓正好在街的对面。 **ad.** ①横过,穿过,横断: Will you row me across? 请你把我渡到河对岸好吗? ②...宽,阔: The river is half a mile across. 这河面宽半英里。

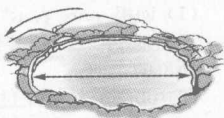
[助记] 一词多义:

around ①围绕 → ②周长

across ①横过 → ②...宽

**act** [ækt] **vi.** ①行动,做事:

Think carefully before you act. 三思而后行。 ②(on)起



作用: The medicine failed to act. 药未见效。 ③表演 (perform): He acts very well. 他表演出色。 **n.** ①行为,动作: a kind act to help a blind man across the street 帮助盲人过马路的好行为 ②法令,条例 (decree): an act of Parliament 议会法案 ③(一)幕 [△scene (一)场]: a play in four acts 四幕话剧/Act III, Scene 2 第三幕,第二场

[搭配] in the act of (stealing) 在(偷窃)时

**action** ['ækʃən] [act 的名词] **n.** ①行动,行为: take (quick) action (迅速)采取行动 ②动作,活动 ③(on)作用: in action 在活动,在运转/out of action 不(再)起作用,不(再)运转: The storm put the telephones out of action. 暴风雨使电话中断了。

(a) The medicine didn't act. 该药不起作用。

(b) the action of the medicine 该药的作用(药用)

#### 真题例句

When that happens, it is not a mistake; it is mankind's instinct for moral reasoning **in action**, an instinct that should be encouraged rather than laughed at. 这种反应并不错,这是人类用道德观念进行说理的本能在起作用,这种本能应得到鼓励,而不应遭到嘲弄。 [1997 考研英译汉]

**activate** ['æktiveɪt] [active 的动词] **v.** 使活动,启动: The burglar alarm was activated by mistake. 防盗铃误响了。

#### 真题例句

Researchers discovered that plants infected with a virus give off a gas that **activates** disease resistance in neighboring plants. 研究者们发现,感染了病毒的植物会向周围的植物发出一种能激活抗病体的气体。 [1999 考研词汇]

**active** ['æktɪv] **a.** ①有活动力的,活跃的,主动的: Although he is over 70, he is still active. 虽然他70多岁了,但仍很活跃。 ②在活动中的: an active volcano 活火山



active(主动)

The boy broke the cup. 那男孩打碎了杯子。



passive(被动)

The cup was broken by the boy. 杯子被那男孩打碎了。

**activity** [æk'tɪvɪti] [active 的名词] **n.** ①活动: physical

### 考研长难句精选

- The event marked the end of an extended effort by William Barton Rogers, M. I. T.'s founder and first president, to create a new kind of educational institution relevant to the times and to the country's need, where young men and women would be educated in the application as well as the **acquisition** of knowledge.
- Add to** this the comment of Gauss that "If others would but reflect on mathematical truths as deeply and continuously as I have, they would make my discoveries," and it becomes apparent that "instant" scientific discoveries are many long years in the making.

### Reading Comprehension



【搭配】向大会致辞 { [误] to address to a meeting  
[正] to address a meeting }

### 真题例句

Depending on whom you are **addressing**, the problems will be different. 针对不同的听者要谈的问题也应不同。 【2002 考研阅读】

**adequate** ['ædɪkwɪt] [ad-(=to)+equ(=equal)+-ate(=of)] **a.** ① (for) 充分的, 足够的 (= only just enough) ② (to) 恰当的 (= only just good enough); She could not think of an adequate answer. 她想不出一个适当的答复。

【助记】[熟] equal 相等 → [根] equ 相等 → [生] adequate [原义] 趋向相等的

### 利用词中词牢记同义词的区别

adequate 表示足够的程度比 enough, sufficient 低, 有“刚够”、“刚好”(不多不少正合适)的意思, 是因为它自身含有 equ(=equal 相等)的含义。如“温饱问题”就译为“problem of adequate food and clothing”。

【搭配】be adequate { for sth. ...充足  
to (doing) sth. 胜任(做)...

**adhere** ['æd'hɪə] [ad-(=to)+her(e)(=stick 粘, 粘附)] **vi.** (to) ① 胶着, 粘附 → ② 坚持: If you often consult others, you will do everything successfully; if you adhere stubbornly to your own view, you will get into trouble everywhere. 请教别人, 百战百胜; 固执己见, 四处碰壁。③ 追随, 支持: adhere to a political party 支持某一政党

【助记】“犹豫, 含糊” → “粘粘糊糊, 含含糊糊”

【熟】hesitate 犹豫 → [根] { hes(it) (粘)  
含糊 her(it)

### 利用词头牢记易混词的区别

cohere 与 adhere 均有“stick”之义, 但因词头不同而词义有别:

[根] her(e)(粘) → [生] { ad=to  
adhere=stick (to)  
cohere=stick together  
co=together

The cement and stone cohered. 水泥和石头粘在一起。Gum adheres to my fingers. 口香糖粘到了我手指上。

**adjacent** ['ædʒeɪsənt] [ad-(=to)+jac(=join)+-ent(=of)] **a.** 邻近的, 毗连的 (adjoining); adjacent rooms 邻近的房间

【搭配】be adjacent to 与...毗连, 邻近: The cinema is adjacent to the post office. 电影院与邮局毗连。

**adjective** ['ædʒɪktɪv] **n./a.** 形容词(的)

### 真题例句

We must pour out a large stream of essential words, unhampered by stops, or **qualifying adjectives**, or finite verbs. 我们必须尽情倾吐最能表示我们感觉的词句, 中间不要停顿, 不要修饰性的形容词和限定动词。 【2000 考研阅读】

**adjoin** ['ədʒɔɪn] [ad-(=to)+join] **v.** 靠近, 毗连

(a) Mexico adjoins the United States. =

(b) Mexico is joined to the United States.

**adjust** ['ədʒʌst] [ad-(=to)+just(正, 恰当); 使...趋向恰当, 正好 →] **vt.** ① 调节, 改变...以适应 ② 校正, 调整: She carefully adjusted her clothes before going out. 出门之前, 她仔细地整了整衣服。

【助记】中文“调整”中有“正”字;

英文 adjust 中也有“just”。

【搭配】adjust (oneself) to sth. 使(自己)适合, 适应于某事

### 真题例句

Because they are **adjusting to** their new bodies and a whole host of new intellectual and emotional challenges, teenagers are especially self-conscious and need the confidence that comes from achieving success and knowing that their accomplishments are admired by others. 因为他们正在调整自己适应身体以及许多智力和情感方面的新挑战, 青少年自我意识特别强并且需要自信, 这种自信来自于获得成功, 以及了解到他们的成绩得到了他人的赞赏。 【2003 考研完形】

**administer/administrate** ['æd'mɪnɪstə]/['æd'mɪnɪstreɪt]

[ad-(=to)+minister(部长)(+ate); 部长所为 →]

**vt.** ① 掌管, 料理...的事务: administer the affairs of the state 管理国家大事 ② 实施, 执行: administer laws 执行法律/administer aid 实施救助 ③ 给予, 投(药): administer relief 发救济品

【助记】[熟] minister 部长 → [生] **administer** [部长所为 →] **v.** 掌管, 施政; **ministry** **n.** 部

**administration** [əd'mɪnɪ'streɪʃən] **n.** ① 经营, 管理: She works in library administration. 她做图书馆管理工作。② (sing.) 行政(机关, 部门) ③ 政府: the administration chief 行政首脑

**admire** ['æd'maɪə] **vt.** 钦佩, 赞赏, 羡慕 (envy): I admire her for her success in career. 我钦佩她事业上的成功。

**admission** [əd'mɪʃən] [admit 的名词] **n.** ① 允许进入, 接纳, 收容: admission to school 准许入学 ② 承认: To resign now would be an admission of failure. 现在辞职等于承认失败。

## 考研长难句精选

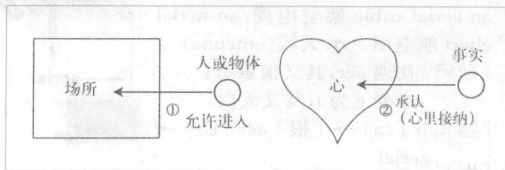
1. Just **advanced** by the Russians and later picked up and made much of by certain American writers, was the claim that U-2 pilots were worried that if the device had to be used the CIA had rigged it in such a way that it would explode prematurely, thus eliminating, in one great blast, all incriminating evidence, planes and pilot.

## Reading Comprehension

[助记] 规则: [动] ~mit → [名] ~mission

类别: [动] permit 允许 → [名] permission 允许

**admit** [əd'mɪt] **vt.** ① 让...进入, 接纳: admit the best examinee/candidate/applicant 择优录取/admit sb. into the club 吸收某人加入俱乐部 ② 承认: I admitted that I was mistaken. 我承认我错了。



**adolescent** [ædəʊ'lesnt] [ad-(to 趋向) + ole(成熟) + -scent(后缀)] **n.** 青少年 **a.** 青春期的, 青少年的: a father with an adolescent son 带着年少儿子的父亲

[助记] [熟] old → [根] ole(成熟)

△ A young person who is no longer a **child** but who has not yet become an **adult** is an **adolescent**.

**adopt** [ə'dɒpt] [ad-(=to) + opt(选择)] **vt.** [根义] 选取 → [多义] ① 采用, 采纳 ② 收养

[用法] adopted { [前置定语] 收养的  
[后置定语] 采用的

{ the adopted children 收养的孩子  
the methods adopted 采用的方法

[辨析] { adoptive 收养(某人)的(主动意义)  
adopted (被某人)收养的(被动意义)

{ the adoptive father 义父, 养父  
the adopted son 义子, 养子

### 真题例句

The Committee **adopted** a resolution requiring the seven automakers selling the most cars in the state make 2 percent of those vehicles emissions-free by 1998. 委员会正式通过了一项决议, 要求作为该国汽车销售大户的 7 家汽车制造商在 1998 年前使其生产的汽车的 2% 达到不排放废气的标准。

【1999 考研词汇】

**adore** [ə'dɔː] [ad-(=to) + or(e) (=to pray, speak)]

**vt.** ① 敬慕, 崇拜, 钟爱: His staff adored him, his men worshiped him. 他的幕僚敬慕他, 他的部下崇拜他。② (informal.) 很喜欢: She simply adores being praised. 她就是爱听人家恭维。

**adult** [ˈædʌlt, ɔ'dʌlt] **n.** 成(年)人(grown-up): Children and adults should have equal rights. 儿童和成人应该享有平等的权利。 **a.** 成年人的, 已成熟的(mature): assume adult responsibilities 担负起成年人的职责

[辨析] adult 强调法律规定的“成年人”; grown-up 指

身体发育成熟的人。

**advance** [əd'vɑːns] **v.** ① 前进, 进展: Progress lies not in enhancing what is, but in **advancing** toward what will be. (Kahlil Gibran) 进步不在于加强现有的, 而在于向将有的方向前进。② 推进, 促进(promote, further): Scientific research **advances** knowledge. 科学研究增长人类知识。③ 提出(建议等)(put forward) **n.** ① 前进, 进展(progress): make an advance 取得进展 ② 预付, 预支: He asked for an advance on his salary. 他要求预支薪水。

[助记] 一词多义类比:

forward 向前 } → advance = put forward  
advance 前进 }

**in advance** 预先, 提前: I paid \$500 in advance. 我预付了 500 美元。

### 真题例句

Such **advances** offer the aging population a quality of life that was unimaginable when I entered medicine 50 years ago. 这种(医学)进步使老年人的生活质量得到了很大的提高, 这在 50 年前我进入医疗行业时是不可想象的。 【2003 考研阅读】

**advanced** [əd'vɑːnst] **a.** 先进的, 高级的, 前进的: I recommend you the *Oxford Advanced Learner's English-Chinese Dictionary* (4th edition). 我推荐你用《牛津高阶英汉双解词典》(第四版)。

elementary → intermediate → advanced  
初级的                      中级的                      高级的

**advantage** [əd'vɑːntɪdʒ] **n.** ① 优点, 长处, 有利条件 ② 利益, 好处(benefit): draw advantage from associating oneself with those in power 与当权者关系甚密, 从中捞取好处

**gain/have an advantage over** 胜过, 优于: The man who does not read good books has no advantage over the man who can't read them. (Mark Twain) 不读好书的人并不比不读书的人强。(马克·吐温)

**take advantage of** 利用: They took full advantage of the hotel's facilities. 他们充分利用旅馆的设施。

[辨析] take advantage of 指为了自己的利益而对某人或某事加以利用; make use of 指很好地使用; make the most of 表示做最大程度的利用之义; make the best of 表示将不利之事充分利用之义。

### 真题例句

To **take advantage of** this tool, some impoverished countries will have to get over their outdated anti-colonial prejudices with respect to foreign investment. 为了利用这种工具, 在外资问题上一些贫穷国家不得不摒弃过时的反殖民偏见。 【2001 考研阅读】

## 语境记忆 阅读提高

## 考研长难句精选

- U-2 飞机驾驶员感到担心的是: 中央情报局已在 U-2 飞机上安上了一种装置, 这种装置在必要时能提前爆炸, 把包括飞机和驾驶员在内的一切罪证一下子都消除干净。这种说法原来是俄国人提出来的, 后来又被美国的一些写文章的人接过去大肆宣扬。(解析: 本句为倒装句。主句的主语是 the claim, 谓语是 was just advanced by the Russians and...。但主语有一个同位语, 比较长而且复杂, 由第一个 that 引导。第二个 that 是连接 worried 后的状语从句, 其中有一个插入的条件句, 第三个 that 是引导一个表示结果的状语从句。注意 advance, pick up 的词义。)