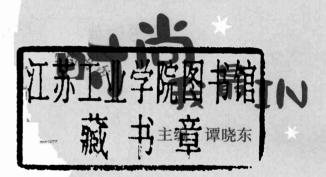


park®水 大英语

英语时尚话题TOP50









1、减肥是永远不变的话题。见到体重秤,如果旁边有人,坚决不肯站上去。

- 2 香车美女一个都不能少。
- 3、出门必带三样宝: 手机, 钥匙, 钱。基本是机不离身, 总是假装会有人给自己打电话: 钥匙就不用说了吧, 除非你没有家: "钱不是万能的, 没有钱是万万不能的", 身上必备数十**RMB**, 以防不时之需。
- 4、随团旅游? 傻了吧,自己去寻找世外桃源才是旅游呢,这可不叫耍帅,这 叫主动感受祖国的大好河山。
- 5、时刻关注自己的容貌。容貌不仅仅是给别人看的,也要让自己愉悦,注意,这不是自恋,这是素质。
- 6、酷爱阅读,但没营养的坚决不读。
- 7 喜欢挑战极限,年轻人玩的就是个心跳,谁还没有个年少轻狂的时候?
- 8 热衷于研究新产品。家里添置了新的电器一定会在第一天就把所有的功能 都试用一遍。
- 9、博客,播客,晒客,一个都不少。
- 穿衣坚决抵制撞衫,世界上只有一个我。

如果你符合上述条件。你就是我们要寻找的这本书的主人。请正达与此书 联络

> 失物招领处 公元某年某月某日



时尚我最N



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美丽俏佳人

Make-ups Make You Up

3 3 45

"Donkey Pal" in the World "驴友"闯天下

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爱车一族 We Love Cars Show Yourself 穿出个性

减肥新时尚

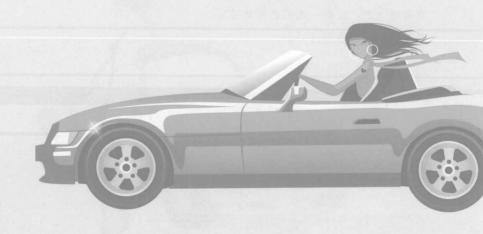


We Love Cars

爱车一族

With the development of economy, cars no longer just belong to the rich. Private cars become popular among the general public, especially among the young generation.

随着经济的发展,轿车已不仅仅是有钱人的私有产品了。拥有私家车已成为一种大众的流行趋势,尤其是青年一代,对于车的渴望更是无限的大。



此为试读, 需要完整PDF请访问: www.ertongbook.com



在这个新趋势和酷文化流行的时代,上个世纪八九十年代出生的年轻人正成为时尚意识觉醒的一族。染发、刺青和酷装扮成为他们自我标榜的个性符号;街头篮球、饶舌乐和滑板运动被他们普遍接受,就连汽车也成了他们的大玩具。

据中国汽车工业协会公布的调查数据显示,汽车消费主体的明显变化是车主平均年龄呈下降趋势。在2006年,车主平均年龄达到32.3岁,比2005年低了近4岁。此外,18~25岁的车主比例开始快速上升,从2004到2006年,这部分群体所占比例从5.6%上升到10.6%,增长了近一倍。由此,我们不难发现,年轻人正成为购车新势力,其强劲的汽车购买力逐渐显现。与消费观念相对保守的父辈们不同,他们在消费上喜欢追逐新鲜与刺激。有关调查显示,影响年轻一代购车的首要因素是外观时尚好看,其次是操控性,然后才是价格、安全性、



点;20分

- 1. What a cool car!
- 2. Do you know how much that car costs?
- 3. I want to test-drive it.
- 4. I like compact cars.
- 5. What kind of car would you like to buy?
- 6. How many miles are on it?
- 7. I want to buy a car with automatic transmission.
- 8. It's our latest model.
- 9. He is a car buff.
- 10. What about your car's gas mileage?

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- 1. 这车真帅!
- 2. 你知道那车多少钱吗?
- 3. 我想试驾一下。
- 4. 我喜欢小型车。
- 5. 你想买个什么样的车?
- 6. 它的里程数是多少?
- 7. 我想买个带自动档的车。
- 8. 这是我们的最新款。
- 9. 他是个车迷。
- 10. 你的车的油耗量如何?

- 11. I have bought a used car.
- 12. How many courses are included in the road test?
- 13. Your car should be maintained.
- 14. I want my car to be waxed.
- 15. The windscreen is broken.
- 16. I decorated my car yesterday.
- 17. Your car needs to be lubed regularly.
- 18. What's your license plate number?
- 19. When did you get your driver's license?
- 20. This car has a spacious interior.
- 11. 我买了辆二手车。
- 12. 路考包括几项内容?
- 13. 你的车需要保养一下。
- 14. 我想给我的车打蜡。
- 15. 车的挡风玻璃碎了。
- 16. 我昨天给我的车装饰了一下。
- 17. 你的车需要定期上些润滑油。
- 18. 你的车牌号是多少?
- 19. 你什么时候拿到驾照的?
- 20. 这辆车的内部空间很大。

词ぶC便利贴

test-drive 试驾
miles 里程数
latest model 最新款
used car 二手车
maintain 保养
windscreen 挡风玻璃
license plate number 车牌号
accelerator 油门
steering wheel 方向盘

compact car 小型车 automatic transmission 自动档 gas mileage 油耗量 stick film 贴膜 be waxed 打蜡 be lubed 上润滑油 driver's license 驾驶证 road test 路考



Dialogue One

- A: Anna, look what I got?
- B: Wow! A sports car! Is that yours?
- A: Ha-ha, definitely.
- B: Cool! How can you afford a sports car?
- A: It's a used one. But it looks almost new, doesn't it?
- B: Yes, you are right.
- A: It has just been driven 20,000 miles.

- A: 安娜, 你看我买了什么?
- B: 哇! 跑车! 那是你的吗?
- A: 哈哈,如假包换。
- B: 太帅了! 你哪来这么多钱买跑车啊?
- A: 它是个二手车。不过看起来几乎是全新的,不是吗?
- B: 是的, 你说得没错。
- A: 它的里程数刚刚到 20,000 英里。



B: That's not too much

A: And it gets good gas mileage.

B: That's very important.

A: Well, where are you going to?

B: Oh, I'm going to the cinema now

A: Fine. I will give you a ride.

B: Great! Thank you.

B: 那不算太多。

A: 并且它耗油很少。

B: 那点的确很重要。

A: 对了, 你这是要去哪儿啊?

B: 哦, 我正要去电影院呢。

A: 好的, 上来我载你一程。

B: 太棒了! 谢谢。

Dialogue Two

would be an exhibition on cars at the city center tomorrow?

B: Yes. I heard that news on TV vesterday evening.

A: Would you like to go?

B:To be honest, I really want to buy a car, but I'm not sure if I can afford it.

A: We are in the same boat. But it doesn't mean we have no right to enjoy ourselves in that exhibition.

B: You are right.

A: Tom, if I were a millionaire, would I buy a red car or a

A: Tom, have you heard there | A: 汤姆, 你听说明天市中心将举 办一场车展的消息没?

B: 听说了, 昨天晚上在电视上听了。

A: 你想不想去看看?

B: 老实说我真的很想买辆车. 不过我不确定我能否负担得 起啊。

A: 我和你处境相同。不过那并不 意味着我们没权利到车展上找 乐子啊。

B: 你说得没错。

A: 汤姆, 你说如果我是个大富翁, 我应当买辆红色的车还是黑色



B: That's up to you.

A: Ha-ha. Maybe both.

B: Don't daydream any more!

的呢?

B: 那就随你自己的便了。

A: 哈哈, 说不定两辆都买。

B: 少在那儿做白日梦了!





For

Owning a private car should be encouraged.

I think everyone has the right to enjoy a better life. The private car gives us a much greater degree of comfort and mobility in our life. With a car of our own, we can avoid going to work by crowded buses or subways. Moreover, having a car also means that we can enjoy the weekends and holidays better. With a car we can go wherever we like, even to places where the regular buses and trains do not reach. Therefore, owning a private car should be encouraged by our society.

正方观点总结

车已经成为现代生活中不可缺少的一部分。它可以为人们提供很大的便利性。如果拥有属于自己的车,人们便可以告别拥挤的公交或者地铁,可以同家人朋友一起驾车出行游玩,从而更好地享受生活。因此,拥有私家车应当得到社会的认可。

Against

Owning a private car should not be encouraged.

Nowadays, the number of private cars is on the rise in our country, which has given rise to many serious problems. First of all, it is self-evident that the automobile contributes much to the air pollution. Secondly, private cars have a direct relationship with traffic jams (阻塞) in cities. Without an effective regulation on private cars, the traffic system will suffer more serious problems. Last but not the least, private cars consume (消费) a lot of energy, which will be a threat to the sustainable (可持续的) development of our country. Therefore, taking the above analyses into consideration, I think owning a private car should not be encouraged.

反方观点总结

虽然拥有私家车能为其车主带来很大的便利,但是随着私家车数量的不断增加,很多社会问题,比如空气污染、交通堵塞以及能源危机等等也随之产生。因此,我们应当着眼于大局,限制私家车数量的发展。



全景悦读

Since the very first modern car was invented by Karl Benz. cars have become more and more popular and sought after by many people. For young guys, buying a new car is exciting since a car represents a certain level of independence (独立). With a car of your own, you don't have to rely on your parents, friends or even buses for transportation. Owning a car you have to pay a lot of money in parking, maintenance (保养), petrol, tax and insurance, which will cost you a lot, however, compared with buying a house, buying a car is less expensive. Different from the "fixed" assets such as house, car is a kind of "current" asset, and it can enlarge your activity space and take you to wherever you like.

自从卡尔•本茨发明了第一辆现代汽车之后,车变得越来越流行, 越来越成为人们竞相追逐的对象。对于年轻人而言, 买车是一件让人 兴奋的事情,因为拥有自己的车便等同于拥有一定程度的独立性,从 此无需在交通方面依赖父母、朋友甚至是公交车。虽然将各种停车费、

维修保养费、油、税、保险费等全部算下来,



相对干房子等固定资 产而言,汽车是"流 动"资产,它能最大 限度地帮助你扩大活 动空间,并带你到你 想去的任何地方。

Show Yourself

穿出个性

How to dress fashionably? Many people are thinking about this question. Indeed, now dressing is not just for warmth but an important way to show ourselves.

如何穿出时尚感?很多人都在苦苦寻觅答案。的确,现如今穿着已经不仅仅是为了保暖御寒,也是人们体现自我魅力的一种重要途径了。





随着时代的不断变迁,人们的生活节奏越来越快。每天按部就班地工作和生活,使越来越多的人感到束缚和压抑。于是,时尚个性便成了人们实现自我解放的一种选择,而包容人们身体的服饰无疑成为表达时尚、张扬个性的最佳载体。每一季,世界各地的各个品牌都会发布自己的流行趋势,无论是高级定制发布,成衣系列发布,还是概念的表现,服饰总是在发挥其巨大的魔力,让人们对其顶礼膜拜,让人们的脚步总是紧紧追随其后。

对于年轻人而言,时尚服饰更成为其彰显个性必不可少的武器。 无论是"哈韩"、"哈日"的狂刮,还是受人追捧的"怀旧"、"DIY定制",年轻一代都在积极寻找适合自己的时尚风格,渴望成为万众丛

中的那一抹红。纵观不同的风尚潮流,个性服饰的流行元素不外乎以下几种:色彩——时尚个性的基调;图案——时尚个性的主张;款式——时尚个性的原则;面料——时尚个性的旋律;配饰——时尚个性的点缀;品牌——时尚个性的内涵。每一个都是时尚不可或缺的元素。

流行20分

- 1. What's in fashion currently?
- 2. Your clothes don't match.
- 3. Everyone knows that is last year's fashion.
- 4. This tank top is made for you.
- 5. A girl wearing a long skirt is more like a lady.
- 6. You are always finely dressed.
- 7. You look better than charming.
- 8. You really have good taste.
- 9. You have impeccable taste.
- 10. It's the latest style.

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- 1. 现在流行什么?
- 2. 你的衣服看起来不搭配。
- 3. 谁都知道这是去年流行的款式。
- 4. 这件背心超适合你。
- 5. 穿长裙的女孩更淑女。
- 6. 你总是打扮得那么漂亮。
- 7. 你看起来美极了。
- 8. 你品味真好。
- 9. 你的品味无懈可击。
- 10. 这是最新款式。