21 世纪高校规划教材

新红元

大学英语

总主编 赵国杰 宋志勤



COLLEGE ENGLISH

读写教程

主编 胡溯帆 万田华

2

江西高校出版社

21 世纪高校规划教材

超现代 自自動動的方面

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读写教程 2

总 主 编 赵国杰 余富斌 本册主编 胡溯帆 万田华

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前言

《新纪元大学英语》是根据"高职高专教育英语课程教育基本要求",同时又根据学生的实际情况而编写的。教材分《读写教程》、《听说教程》和《教师用书》三种,分三级出版,供高职高专院校课堂教学和课外学习使用。

本教材编写宗旨是以人文素材为基本教学内容,注意听说读写的全面发展,为英语学习打下坚实的基础。课文的选择大多是叙事体裁,语言简明,准确流畅,可读性强,易学、易教。丰富的练习内容与课文相辅相成,一方面注意阅读技能的培养;另一方面关注口语活动、听力训练、词汇知识、语法训练。教师可根据学生的实际情况有重点地开展课堂教学活动。

《新纪元大学英语》编委会
2007 年 12 月

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Unit 1

Text A

The Christmas Man

When we quit thinking primarily about ourselves and our own self-preservation, we undergo a truly heroic transformation of consciousness.

Joseph Campbell

Last Christmas was a very difficult time for me. My family and all of my close friends were back home in Florida, and I was all alone in a rather cold California. I was working too many hours and became very sick.

I was working a double shift at the Southwest Airlines ticket counter, it was about 9:00 p.m. on Christmas Eve, and I was feeling really miserable inside. There were a few of us working and very few customers waiting to be helped. When it was time for me to call the next person to the counter, I looked out to see the sweetest-looking old man standing with a cane. He walked very slowly over to the counter and in the faintest voice told me that he had to go to New Orleans. I tried to explain to him that there were no more flights that night and that he would have to go in the morning. He looked so confused and very worried. I tried to find out more information by asking if he had a reservation or if he remembered when he was supposed to travel, but he seemed to become more confused with each question. He just kept saying, "She said I have to go to New Orleans."

After much time, I was able to at least find out that this old man was dropped off at the curb on Christmas Eve by his sister-in-law and told to go to New Orleans, where he had family. She had given him some cash and told him just to go inside and buy a ticket. When I asked if he could

come back tomorrow, he said that she was gone and that he had no place to stay. He then said he would wait at the airport until tomorrow. Naturally, I felt a little ashamed. Here I was feeling very sorry for myself about being alone on Christmas, when this angel named Clarence MacDonald was sent to me to remind me of what being alone really meant. It broke my heart.

Immediately, I told him we would get it all straightened out, and our Customer Service agent helped to book him a seat for the earliest flight the next morning. We gave him the senior citizens' fare, which gave him some extra money for traveling. About this time he started to look very tired, and when I stepped around the counter to ask him if he was all right, I saw that his leg was wrapped in a bandage. He had been standing on it that whole time, holding a plastic bag full of clothes.

I called for a wheelchair. When the wheelchair came, we all stepped around to help him in, and I noticed a small amount of blood on his bandage. I asked how he hurt his leg, and he said that he had just had bypass surgery and an artery was taken from his leg. Can you imagine? This man had had heart surgery, and then shortly afterward, was dropped off at the curb to buy a ticket with no reservation to fly to New Orleans, alone!

I never really had a situation like this, and I wasn't sure what I could do. I went back to ask my supervisors if we could find a place for him to stay. They both said yes, and they obtained a hotel voucher for Mr. Mac-Donald for one night and a meal ticket for dinner and breakfast. When I came back out, we got his plastic bag of clothes and cane together and gave the porter a tip to take him downstairs to wait for the airport shuttle. I bent down to explain the hotel, food and itinerary again to Mr. MacDonald, and then patted him on the arm and told him everything would be just fine.

As he left he said, "Thank you," bent his head and started to cry. I cried too. When I went back to thank my supervisor, she just smiled and

said, "I love stories like that. He is your Christmas Man."

Rachel Dyer Montross

New Words

preservation [prezə(:) vei \int ən] n.

undergo ['Andə'gəu] vt.

保护:保管

experience or endure (sth. unpleasant or

painful) 经历,经受;忍受

transformation [trænsfə mei fən] n.

consciousness ['kauntə] n.

counter ['mizərəbl] n.

change 转变:变化 觉悟;意识;知觉

a long flat narrow table or surface in a shop,

bank etc.柜台

miserable [kein] adj.

very unhappy, or causing unhappiness by being

unpleasant 苦恼的;痛苦的

cane [kein] n.

curb $\lceil k \otimes b \rceil n$.

sister-in-law n.

(人行道的) 路边

嫂子,弟媳等

绷带;包扎带

塑料的

手杖

ashamed [əˈʃeimd] adj.

feeling guilty, anxious or awkward about some-

thing 羞愧的;惭愧的;害臊的

fare $[f \approx] n$.

wrap [rap] vt.

飞机票价;车费;船费

cover or enclose (something) with paper, cloth

or other material 裹;包;捆

bandage ['bændid3] n.

plastic ['plæstik, pla:stik] adj.

bypass ['baipas; (US)'baipæs] n.

surgery [sə:d3əri] n.

artery ['artəri] n.

afterward ['a:ftəwəd] adv.

reservation [rezə'veifən] n.

supervisor ['sju:pəvaizə] n.

后来;以后;过后

搭桥术,绕道术

外科:外科学

预定

动脉

a person who is in charge of him or her 上司;

指导者

voucher ['vaut] \ni (r)] n. (可代替金钱用于某一用途的)票券

a person whose job is to carry things 搬运工;

行李工

porter [porter] n.

shuttle $[\int \Lambda t] n$.

a vehicle or aircraft that travels regularly be-

tween two places 短程穿梭运行的车辆

itinerary [ai'tinərəri, i't-] n.

a detailed plan or route of a journey 旅程;路线

pat [pæt] vt.

轻拍

Phrases and Expressions

look out

look outside; be careful 朝外看;留神;提防

find out

找出;发现;查明

be supposed to do/be

used to say what was or is expected or intended to hap-

pen, especially when it did not happen 应当

at least

至少

drop off

让……下车

remind...of...

提醒……某事

straighten out

deal with problems or a confused situation and make it

better, especially by organizing things 彻底解决

call for

要求,需要;提倡

wait for

等待

bend down

弯腰

Proper Names

Florida ['floridə]

佛罗里达(美国州名)

California [kæliˈfəːnjə]

加利福尼亚州(美国州名)

New Orleans [o'lionz, o'l-]

新奥尔良(美国州名)

Clarence MacDonald ['klærəns mək'dənəld]

克拉伦斯·麦克唐纳(人名)

Southwest Airlines ['sauθ'west 'səlainz]

西南航空公司(美国航空公司名)

Notes

The text is taken from Chicken Soup For The Soul-at Work.

Exercises

I. Comprehension of the Text

Choose the best answer for each of the following according to the text.

1. Last Christmas Eve the author was	•
A. staying with his family	
B. waiting for the flight at the airport	
C. working in California	
D. having dinner with his close friend	s ·
2. The author was feeling miserable inside	e because
A.he couldn't go back home until the	e next morning
B. his family and close friends were b	ack home
C. Only he did work at the airport	•
D. Customers were rude to him	
3. The old man had to walk with a cane	because
A.he hurt his leg in an accident	
B.he had just had bypass surgery	•
C.he was too old	
D. he had only one leg	
4. We can learn from the passage that	·
A. the old man had no family	
B. the old man's sister-in-law treated	him badly
C. the old man had a reservation	
D. the old man was very healthy	
5. The experience of the old man told the	e author
A. what being alone really meant	·
B. one should not leave his/her family	Ÿ
C. they were both alone	
D. some people would feel lonely on (Christmas Eve
6. "Senior citizens" in paragraph 4 means	<u> </u>
A. poor people	B. rich people
C.old people	D. respectable people
7. The old man could leave for New Orlea	
A. the next afternoon	B. at once
C. the next morning	D. the next evening
8. Which of the following is NOT TRUE	
	earned about the old man's experience

- B. Compared with the old man, the author was not really alone.
- . C. The author never had a situation like this.
 - D. The old man stayed at the airport that night because he had no place to go.
- 9. When the old man left, he seemed very
 - A. grateful
- B. happy
- C. angry
- D. disappointed
- 10. What does the last sentence of the passage mean?
 - A. The old man was Santa Claus.
 - B. The old man gave the author a Christmas gift.
 - C. The old man was the author's grandfather.
 - D. The author seemed to get a Christmas gift.

II. Question Answering

Answer the following questions based on the text.

- 1. Why was last Christmas a very difficult time for the author?
- 2. Where was the author working at that time?
- 3. Whom did the author see when he called the next person to the counter?
- 4. Where did the old man want to go?
- 5. Did the old man have a reservation?
- 6. Was the old man homeless?
- 7. What did the author do after he saw that the old man's leg was wrapped in a bandage?
- 8. Why did the old man's leg bleed?
- 9. Who obtained a hotel voucher for the old man?
- 10. Why did the old man cry as he left?

III. Question Discussion

Please discuss the following questions in groups or write your answers in your exercise books.

- 1. What do you think being alone means?
- 2. Have you ever met someone who helped you undergo a transformation of consciousness?
- 3. What do you learn from the text?

IV. Vocabulary Learning

1. Fill in the blanks necessary.	with the words o	r expr	essions given	below. Char	nge the form where	
	nt reservation	-	find out	at least	drop off transformation	
1) She a	n operation on a	tụmor	in her left l	ung last yea	r.	
2) I'd never seen Peter in smart evening clothes before-it was quite a						
3) Please contact our in Spain for further information.4) I've made you a dinner for seven thirty.						
						5) A handkerchie
6) He began wor	king out an	for	me.			
7) She a	place next to he	er for 1	ne to sit dow	m.		
8), a car's coming!						
9) How did you	this secre	et?				
10) It requires _	two days.					
11) me	at the ga	ıte!		•		
12) This photo _	me	my	childhood.			
13) There are sev	veral financial pro	oblems	that need to		quickly.	
2. Complete each of	the following sen	itences	with the cor	rect form of	the given word or	
the left of each se	entence.					
1) preservation	Salt has a	effo	rt on food.			
	Efforts to	_ the	peace have f	failed.		
2) truly	It seems too goo	d to b	e			
•	He didn't know			Tom.	,	
3) heroic	Any father can l				•	
	The team fought				n to finish the	
	match $3-3$.					
4) transformation		his fa	ice.			
	What leads to the			economic sys	stem to anoth-	
	er?			or of the state of	wom to thiotii	
5) difficult	We had no	:	finding the	hausa		

	We climbed up the mountain
6) confuse	Don't the papers on his desk!
	The room was in a state of
7) information	He hasn't me of his plans for holidays.
	The nurse was very and told me everything about his
	case.
8) explain	Sarah gave me a very clear of how to find her house.
	The structure of the heart was described in the book with the
·	help of andiagram.
9) reservation	We'll the ticket for you till tomorrow noon.
	There is aseat in the theatre for me.
10) tired	He spoke of his job.
	I was overtaken by a sudden wave of
11) notice	It'sthat the weather is getting colder.
	After her illness, Fiona had become thinner.
12) imagine	He thought he was being followed, but it was all in his
	We must consider our real options, notones.
3. Use the verb in	the bracket to form an appropriate verbal phrase and complete the
sentence with it.	
1) What are you	1? (think)
	on the map where we are now? (work)
	you at the gate. (wait)
4) The situation	an immediate action.(call)
	e the matter.(look)
	ou help? (ask)
7) I don't	taking a tour.(feel)
	memy childhood.(remind)
9) She,	hardly able to believe her ears.(step)
	the truth.(take)
11) I m	y teacher yesterday afternoon.(come)
12) The supply	of food(give)

4	. For each of the under	lined words or phra	ses, four choices are	e given. Choose the one	
	that best explains or d	lefines the underlin	ed part.		
1) She's been so miserable since her dog died.					
	${f A}$. unhappy	B. tired	C.hopeless	D. sick	
2) My memories of my grandfather are very faint.					
	A. good	B. bright	C. slight	D. little	
	3) I'd like to make a	table reservation f	or two people.		
	A. conversation	B. subscription	C. conference	D. party	
4) You are supposed to come earlier!					
	A. should	B. will	C.can	D. need	
5) I dropped off the train in Nanchang.					
	A. missed	B. got on	C.saw "	D.got off	
6) Train fares are going up again, unfortunately.					
	A. money	B. seats	C. payments	D. amounts	
7) It is the problem that <u>calls for</u> an immediate solution.					
	A. telephones	B. needs	C. wants	D. has	
8) She wrapped the present and tied it with ribbon.					
	A. put	B. bought	C. packed	D. liked	
9) To get across the town, you can take the shuttle.					
	A. device	B. vehicle	C. ship	D. plane	
10) Several tour companies have changed their itineraries.					
	A. minds	B. opinions	C. thoughts	D. plans	

V. Structure Learning

Rewrite the following sentences after the model.

Model 1. I told him we would have it all straightened out.

- \rightarrow I told him we would get it all straightened out.
- 1) Mind you don't have yourself burned.
- 2) I need to ask somebody to finish the washing machine.
- 3) We must finish this work on time.
- 4) I should be able to finish the first chapter by tonight.
- 5) They tried to have Mary sent to prison.

Model 2. The laws should prevent crime.