

世纪天阶系列丛书
全国高考英语阅卷教师审定

PEAK



新课标最新听力必备

激活听力

English

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高中名师课

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第一部分



高考听力应试策略解读

一、练好听力必过的五关

1. 语音关

扎实的语音基础是听力航行的舵手。同学们要能根据国际音标读准每一个单词,并能了解单词重音、句子重音、连读、不完全爆破、语调、意群、同化、强读和弱读等语音知识。多听则灵,多听则能达到“条件反射”的境地。

2. 心理素质关

提高听力水平并非一朝一夕的事,在最短的时间内能听懂一切是不切实际的。同学们一定要认识到提高听力水平是一个循序渐进、日积月累的过程,需要知难而进的勇气和持之以恒的毅力。只有这样,才能“功到自然成”。这就需要具备良好的心理素质。

此外,临场发挥是很重要的,要放松精神,把考试当作平时的一次练习。可以做几次深呼吸,看看考场四周,熟悉考试环境,这有助于缓解紧张情绪。

3. 词汇语法关

专心朗读能唤醒大脑的记忆功能。读的材料多

了,就必然有助于听力的提高。同时,通过阅读各种题材的文章来提高书面阅读理解能力,帮助我们解决词汇关和语法关。因为听力理解要以具备一定的词汇量和语法知识为基础,若词汇量不足,遇到的生词太多,那就很难听懂一篇文章的大意。而没有一定的语法分析能力,即使能听懂组成一个句子的所有单词,也未必能快速正确地理解整个句子的意思。

4. 文化背景关

任何语言都是与该民族的文化传统相联系的,若不了解一些所学语言国家的政治、经济、文化和风俗习惯等背景知识,有时也会影响我们对所听材料的理解。

5. 方法技巧关

听力方法技巧是一种应试策略,它有助于听力能力的超常发挥。它的主要技巧是:听前预览、听关键词、注意所提问题、边听边记录、学会推断。同学们只有平时坚持多听,反复训练,注重方法和技巧,那么在英语听力测试中得高分不是不可能的。

二、听力训练的四种有效方式

据统计,全世界的电视广播节目有75%是用英语制作的,那么英语听力的重要性是可想而知的。英语听力的获得与提高是与听力的实践时间成正比的,有几分耕耘就有几分收获。有许多同学似乎也在听英语,但就是听力提不高,听力测试的分数不理想,故而对听力望而生畏。如何有效地提高英语听力水平,现在在这里作一些介绍。

1. 先听

通常同学们都是先读英语课文,然后再听录音。现在的教科书都配有磁带,我们就把过程调换一下:先听课文录音,反复听直到自己基本听懂了,再翻开

课本读课文。读时留意原来没有听懂的地方,然后合上书再听。每次听课文录音,特别要把注意力集中在刚才没有听懂的句子上,搞清楚了这些后,听力也就提高了。

2. 精听

精听就是高度集中注意力,力图听懂每个词、短语和句子,捕捉信息。训练的方法是先把录音文章听一遍,通晓大意,然后再重放,一句一句地听,遇到听不懂的词语、句子,就利用倒放功能,倒了再听,一遍不行两遍,甚至若干遍,直至听懂为止,然后再听下一句。

3. 泛听

如同英语泛读一样,只求量的增加与积累,不求听懂每个句子。就泛听而言,可利用一些零星时间来听。如当你在家吃晚饭时或做功课感到疲劳时,就可以放一些英语磁带、看英语新闻、听英语广播,让家庭沉浸在英语的氛围之中。如在乘车、步行上学或休息时,也可戴着耳机听英语。总之,利用一切可利用的时间,使自己尽可能地增加“听”的输入量,

听的量增加了,英语听的能力也就自然而然地提高了。

4. 测听

用测试的方法来自我检测,评定自己的听力水平。听英语录音、看英语电视毕竟不是英语听力考试,英语听力考试需要熟悉考试题型与形式,通过测试来了解自己的听力水平,参照参考答案给自己打分。

三、听力预测的三大技巧

1. 怎样做到预测内容与所听内容相匹配

预测主要在听前和听中两个阶段进行。在听前阶段,同学们可根据所了解的问题和选择项获取尽量多的信息,预测听力材料的主题、要点及相关细节。如事件或新闻中的五个 W,对话中谈话者的身份、职业及关系等。而在听中阶段,同学们则可在听前预测的基础上,运用语音、语调、词汇、句法 etc. 知识,边听边对原有预测进行证实、修正或进一步推测。

2. 怎样提高预测的判断力

听前预测是指从所给的文字材料和答案选项等线索中发现一些背景信息,力求预测谈话者的话题,它能帮助同学们搞清所听内容的类型和结构甚至主题。同学们在听的时候避免过分注重每个单词,这

样会影响对全篇中心思想的理解,应抢时间阅读试卷上的选项,以便在听音时有针对性。听前预测有一定的客观依据,即话题所使用词语的范围,这种内容越具体范围就越窄。也就是说通过阅读选项我们可以推测听力材料可能涉及什么题材料其大概内容。

3. 看问题和选择项,猜测录音内容

同学们一定要学会预测,因为听力不像阅读,不能回过头来看文章,听完的东西很快就会过去,所以你要积极主动地预测。试卷一发下来,不要急于做笔试部分的试题,应充分利用在听录音前的有限时间,快速阅读听力部分的内容,了解题型,把握所给问题和选项,从这些信息中,猜测录音内容。

四、练好英语听力的六个“怎么办?”

1. 听的时候会走神怎么办?

注意力不集中或精神太紧张都容易走神。注意力不集中时,可在选项旁写写画画,拉回思绪;精神太紧张时,做深呼吸,调整好状态。

2. 个别单词听不明白就乱了阵脚怎么办?

典型的“只见树木,不见森林”。要从整体上理解全文,个别没听明白的单词该放手时就放手,否则只会导致恶性循环。

3. 题目完全没有听懂怎么办?

选项有时自己就会“泄漏”答案。如有意义相反的选项,则答案必在其中。如没有,则逻辑上或生活中最常见的选项命中的可能性最大。

4. 前面听后面忘怎么办?

不但要耳聪,还要手快,把纸和笔当作你记忆的好帮手,利用速记随时记下有用的信息。

5. 明明很简单的词,就是听不懂怎么办?

平时多听,熟悉单词发音,训练在听音的同时能马上反应出单词的形、意。了解连读、弱读、爆破等语音现象,积累语音知识。

6. 听力材料话题陌生或有很多生词怎么办?

不积跬步,无以至千里。只有在日常的学习中多听多读,扩大知识面,积累丰富的文化背景知识,听力考试时才能游刃有余。

五、高考英语听力应试技巧

现在的高考注重对英语应用能力的考查,听力就是其中的一项,近几年无论从教材,大纲,还是考试都对听力的要求作了相应提高。如何在有限的时间内,充分训练听力技能,提高考场实战应试技巧,是广大考生亟需解决的问题。

1. 听话先听音 注意捕捉腔调

无论讲哪种语言,各个人的腔调是不一样的。高考中听力正式开始之前,这一阶段应认真重视,使自己先适应讲话者的语言语调,为下面正式听音做好准备。很多同学做听力时老觉得听不懂,跟不上,实际上问题就在与此。必须强迫自己去主动适应对方的语音语调,才能逐步听懂和进步。所以平时训练要多听各种材料,养成捕捉听者腔调的习惯。

2. 思维要提前 忌讳回头看

听力过程是一个思维集中的连贯过程,不容有任何中断和反复。而一些心理脆弱的学生,在信心不足和害怕听不懂的情况下,容易形成在听力过程中回想的坏习惯。这一方面使自己不能注意听懂后面的内容,另一方面在语速较快的情况下也造成理解跟不上。这种情况在学生中广泛存在。解决的方法就是在听的过程中把自己的思维提前。在听的过程中让自己的思维去推测,期待,预测下面的内容,你就能在不知不觉中练就成功听力的高手。这是一个微小的心理训练,却不但能帮助克服不良习惯,而且能收到意想不到的效果。

3. 听力内容 整体把握

听力理解题不仅要求学生捕捉内容细节,还要求对所听内容进行理解、分析、转换和删选。往往学生听到的片言只语并不直接是正确答案,还要顾及下文的进一步意思表达或变换。学生不光要对听力内容的大概接收,还要能理解所听内容,尤其是对一段听力材料的整体把握。

4. 听前浏览题目 适时记录细节

听力内容播放前,总有录音提示现在你有几秒钟

的时间阅读以下小题,这时要快速浏览题目和答案,不光做到心中有数,还可通过对答案的浏览预测将要播放的听力内容,在听的时候做到有针对性地捕捉所需信息,快速做出判断。这一过程中的瞬间反应能力很重要。如果题目考查的是细节方面的时间,数字,价格,人物,地点等,要做一些适当记录很必要。尤其是当出现多个如时间、数字时,可能还要排除干扰或计算,适当记录一些细节可降低解题的难度。

5. 克服心理干扰 集中注意力答题

高考会场,为排除杂音干扰,在做听力时一般要关闭风扇甚至门窗,闷热的天气再加上英语考试调至下午,考场内异常的安静,在这种气氛下容易给考生造成心理紧张。而过度的紧张不安使考生的思维跟不上语速,甚至头脑一片混乱听不进去。大多数考生都有适度紧张。为防止这种情况的出现,首先进行深呼吸使自己平静,然后把自己的注意力集中到试卷的题目上,当你的注意力集中在如何去答题并把他们做对的时候,你就不存在紧张了。注意力集中在如何去捕捉所需的听力内容上,是克服听力应试紧张的好方法。

6. 养成习惯 按时练习

训练听力的唯一途径就是多听。很多听力理解和解题技能都是在多听的过程中自然生成和培养的。平时注意听力材料的选择现在是比较广泛的,既可用短波收听 VOA、BBC 或 ABC 等英文电台,也可注意观看 CCTV-9 和教育频道中的英语节目。另外,网络提供了大量可供学习的听力材料,可上网浏览一些英语学习网站,或比如“听广播”一类的专业声讯网站,在那里可找到你需要的好素材。只要有毅力,能持之以恒,再加上适当的方法,你一定能成为听力应试的佼佼者。

第二部分

实用英语听力之基础篇



Test 1

答题卡

○ 题号	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	
○ 答案																					
○ 修正																					

第一节(共 5 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

- At what time does the office open?
 - 7:45.
 - 8:15.
 - 8:00.
- What did the man do last Saturday?
 - He saw a play.
 - He acted in a play.
 - He went to the tea house.
- What is the relationship between the speakers?
 - They are friends.
 - They are strangers.
 - They are brother and sister.
- What is the relationship between the two speakers?
 - Hostess and guest.
 - Salesgirl and customer.
 - Waitress and guest.

5. What does the man want to do?

- He wants to borrow her car.
- He wants to go to school on foot.
- He wants a lift.

第二节(共 15 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段材料。每段材料后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段材料前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段材料读两遍。

听第 6 段材料,回答第 6 至 7 题。

- How do they feel in the restaurant?
 - Warm.
 - Good.
 - Tired.
- What would the woman prefer to have?
 - Juice and fish.
 - Soup and meat.
 - juice and steak.

听第 7 段材料,回答第 8 至 9 题。

- When does the father usually give his daughter money?
 - On Friday.

- B. On Saturday.
C. On Sunday.
9. What can we learn from the dialogue?
- A. The father keeps his secret money in the bedroom.
B. The daughter will spend all the money on books.
C. The father usually gives his daughter \$ 13 a week.

听第 8 段材料, 回答第 10 至 13 题。

10. What's the relationship between the two speakers?
- A. Friends.
B. Strangers.
C. Classmates.
11. How long will the man stay here?
- A. 7 days.
B. 2 weeks.
C. 1 month.
12. What does the man like about China?
- A. High mountains.
B. Long rivers.
C. High mountains, long rivers and people.
13. Where does the man come from?
- A. China.
B. England.
C. America.

听第 9 段材料, 回答第 14 至 17 题。

14. Who is Elvis Presley?

- A. The owner of a company.
B. A rock and roll star.
C. An American doctor.
15. How did he become famous?
- A. The old people supported him.
B. The manager guided him.
C. He worked very hard.
16. Who was considered very important in his life?
- A. His parents.
B. His brother.
C. His manager.
17. What did many old people say about his song?
- A. His song was dangerous for the young.
B. His song was good for the young.
C. His song was harmless for the young.

听第 10 段材料, 回答第 18 至 20 题。

18. Where do you probably hear this talk?
- A. Over the radio.
B. From the school.
C. From TV.
19. What does Jobs Information Service mainly do?
- A. Answer student's questions.
B. Talk with young people.
C. Find jobs for school graduates.
20. When can people phone Jobs Information Service?
- A. In the evening.
B. At night.
C. In the afternoon.

2007 《感动中国》荣誉人物

Li Li

The disability cannot defeat, rubs impoverished does not go bad, the disaster hits not but actually, strong and her life grows together. The body by the destiny abandonment, the mind is sung actually powerhouse's song. Five years time, the warm 80,000 ice-cold minds, accept, the repayment, extend, she uses the wheelchair to draw the most beautiful path for the compassion.

李丽

残疾打不垮、贫困磨不坏、灾难撞不倒, 坚强和她的生命一起成长。身体被命运抛弃, 心灵却唱出强者的歌。五年时间, 温暖八万个冰冷的心灵, 接受、回报、延伸, 她用轮椅为爱心画出最美的轨迹。

Test 2

答题卡

○ 题号	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
○ 答案																				
○ 修正																				

第一节(共 5 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

- What are the man and the woman talking about?
A. Buildings.
B. University.
C. New laboratories.
- Who will go to the zoo with the woman?
A. Her son.
B. Her daughter.
C. Her sister.
- Where is the post office?
A. In front of the shopping center.
B. At the back of the shopping center.
C. On the right of the shopping center.
- What is the distance between this crossing and the next one?
A. about 50 minutes' walk.
B. About 15 minutes' walk.
C. About 5 minutes' walk.
- Why did the doctor tell the man not to drink coffee?

A. Drinking coffee can make him sleepless.

B. Tea tastes better than coffee.

C. Drinking coffee can make him put on weight.

第二节(共 15 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段材料。每段材料后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段材料前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段材料读两遍。

听第 6 段材料,回答第 6 至 7 题。

6. Whose mother was ill?

A. Jeff's.

B. Jack's.

C. Richard's.

7. With whom did the man go traveling?

A. Maria.

B. His dog.

C. Jeff and Richard.

听第 7 段材料,回答第 8 至 10 题。

8. What's the relationship between the two speakers?

A. Wife and husband.

B. Good friends.

C. Customer and saleswoman.

9. How many roses does the man buy?

- A. A dozen.
B. Half a dozen.
C. Two dozen.

10. What does the woman suggest the man put in the water?

- A. Aspirin.
B. Sugar and oil.
C. Sugar and vinegar.

听第 8 段材料, 回答第 11 至 13 题。

11. Where does the man want to go?

- A. The Post Office.
B. The Post Hotel.
C. The Renmin Road.

12. How much can the man save if he takes a bus?

- A. Two yuan.
B. Twelve yuan.
C. Fourteen yuan.

13. What does the man prefer at last?

- A. Taking a taxi.
B. Taking No. 46 bus.
C. Walking there.

听第 9 段材料, 回答第 14 至 16 题。

14. What are the two speakers talking about?

- A. How to be good friends.
B. How to spend the summer vacation.
C. How to go to Qingdao.

15. Who suggests spending the vacation at the sea-

side?

- A. The man.
B. The woman.
C. Both of them.

16. Do they agree with each other at last?

- A. Yes, they do.
B. No, they don't.
C. We don't know.

听第 10 段材料, 回答第 17 至 20 题。

17. What will China do very soon?

- A. Explore the sun.
B. Explore the earth.
C. Explore the moon.

18. What is the weight of Chang'e 1?

- A. 2.3 tons.
B. 3.3 tons.
C. 3.2 tons.

19. When will China send a vehicle to land on the moon?

- A. In about 2007.
B. In about 2010.
C. In about 2012.

20. How long will Chang'e 1 circle the moon?

- A. For 12 years.
B. For half a year.
C. For one year.

2007《感动中国》荣誉人物

Chen Xiaolan

Surely human, I toward! Once dangers and difficulties, her ten years ceaseless, since wears the white clothing, must be responsible for the life, on this sacred post, good ambitiously many which is more important than the skill. She is a doctor, treats disease, also lets this profession be chaster.

陈晓兰

虽千万人, 吾往矣! 曾经艰难险阻, 她十年不辍, 既然身穿白衣, 就要对生命负责, 在这个神圣的岗位上, 良心远比技巧重要的多。她是一位医生, 治疗疾病, 也让这个行业更纯洁。

Test 3

答题卡

○ 题号	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
○ 答案																				
○ 修正																				

第一节(共 5 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What is the man?

- A. A salesman.
- B. A teacher.
- C. A waiter.

2. What time does the woman get home on Friday?

- A. At 5:30 p. m. .
- B. At 6:00 p. m. .
- C. At 5:00 p. m. .

3. Where are the two speakers?

- A. In an airport.
- B. In a restaurant.
- C. In a library.

4. What is Peter doing?

- A. Sleeping.
- B. Washing his face.
- C. Reading books.

5. How often does the restaurant offer its dinner specials?

- A. Twice a day.

B. Twice a week.

C. Once a week.

第二节(共 15 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段材料。每段材料后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段材料前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段材料读两遍。

听第 6 段材料,回答第 6 至 7 题。

6. Why does the woman go to Zhangjiajie?

- A. To meet her friends.
- B. To spend her weekend.
- C. To take some photos.

7. Who will be there with the woman?

- A. Her parents.
- B. Her sisters.
- C. Her classmates.

听第 7 段材料,回答第 8 至 9 题。

8. How does the woman go to school every day?

- A. By car.
- B. By bus.
- C. On foot.

9. What will the man do if he passes the exam?

- A. Go on holiday.
- B. Have a party.

C. Get a gift.

听第 8 段材料, 回答第 10 至 12 题。

10. When was Socrates born?

- A. In 469 BC.
- B. In 496 BC.
- C. In 649 BC.

11. What kind of person was he?

- A. He had a good temper and no sense of humor.
- B. He had a sense of humor and a bad temper.
- C. He had a good temper and a sense of humor.

12. What can we learn from the dialogue?

- A. Socrates didn't become interested in philosophy until 50 years old.
- B. The woman will give a lecture about Socrates tomorrow.
- C. Socrates was respected by the government.

听第 9 段材料, 回答第 13 至 16 题。

13. When did Louis Braille live?

- A. In the 1700s.
- B. In the 1800s.
- C. In the 1900s.

14. Why did Louis Braille become blind?

- A. He was born blind.
- B. He took the wrong medicine.
- C. He became blind as a result of an accident.

15. In Louis's opinion, what could free the blind?

A. Friends.

B. Books.

C. Relatives.

16. What did Louis Braille study?

- A. Making tools.
- B. Making signs.
- C. Reading books.

听第 10 段材料, 回答第 17 至 20 题。

17. Why did Ted go to the bank?

- A. To get some money.
- B. To get the guard position.
- C. To report something to the bank.

18. What did the man at the bank ask Ted to do first?

- A. He told Ted to write answers under the questions on a piece of paper.
- B. He asked Ted to answer his questions orally.
- C. He told Ted to write some questions.

19. What was one of the questions?

- A. Have you ever worked in the prison?
- B. Have you ever been in prison?
- C. Why have you been to the prison?

20. What do you think of Ted?

- A. He was clever.
- B. He was friendly.
- C. He was stupid.

2007《感动中国》荣誉人物

Meng Xiangbin

The wind whinny, the river water is cold, the brave soldier never to returns. Similarly is a life, similarly has the family member, he uses a time magnificent falling from the sky, recalls other life. Do not go to ask the value is unworthy, the life value always is not manifests with the exchange. He rests in the ice-cold river water, for us a warm enlightenment.

孟祥斌

风萧萧, 江水寒, 壮士一去不复返。同样是生命, 同样有亲人, 他用一次辉煌的陨落, 挽回另外一个生命。别去问值还是不值, 生命的价值从来不是用交换体现。他在冰冷的河水中睡去, 给我们一个温暖的启示。

Test 4

答题卡

○ 题号	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
○ 答案																				
○ 修正																				

第一节(共 5 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What can we learn from the conversation?

- A. It is going to rain.
- B. It is four o'clock now.
- C. The woman's watch has stopped.

2. How long is the post office open on Saturdays?

- A. For 3 hours.
- B. For 5 hours.
- C. For 8 hours.

3. What are the two speakers doing?

- A. Looking for a job.
- B. Having a holiday.
- C. Organizing a tour.

4. Why is the man calling?

- A. To change his appointment.
- B. To speak to Dr. Zane.
- C. To see the woman.

5. Where does this conversation take place?

- A. At a food store.

B. At a restaurant.

C. At a vegetable market.

第二节(共 15 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段材料。每段材料后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段材料前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段材料读两遍。

听第 6 段材料,回答第 6 至 8 题。

6. What is the relationship between the two speakers?

- A. Boss and employee.
- B. Father and daughter.
- C. Teacher and student.

7. What does the man tell the woman to do at first?

- A. Stop talking.
- B. Get her things.
- C. Arrive on time.

8. What do we know about the woman?

- A. She is cold-blooded.
- B. She is hot-tempered.
- C. She is warm-hearted.

听第 7 段材料,回答第 9 至 11 题。

9. What are the two speakers generally talking a-

- bout?
- A. People served in shops.
B. Goods in various qualities.
C. Shopping in different places.
10. What is the man?
A. A salesman in a small shop.
B. A manager of a supermarket.
C. A staff of a department store.
11. What might the woman think of supermarket staff?
A. They're unfriendly.
B. They're very nice.
C. They're well-paid.
- 听第 8 段材料, 回答第 12 至 14 题。
12. Where does this conversation probably take place?
A. At a bus stop.
B. At a clothes shop.
C. At a Lost and Found.
13. How many coats are mentioned by the man?
A. 2.
B. 3.
C. 4.
14. What do we know about the man?
A. He pretends to be poor.
B. He does not need a coat.
C. He is lying to the woman.

听第 9 段材料, 回答第 15 至 17 题。

15. What would the woman like to eat?
A. A sandwich.
B. Fried rice.
C. Pizza.
16. What drink will the man buy?
A. A Coke.
B. A hot Coffee.
C. An orange juice.
17. How much money does the woman give the man?
A. \$ 2.
B. \$ 3.
C. \$ 5.

听第 10 段材料, 回答第 18 至 20 题。

18. What probably is the speaker?
A. An air hostess.
B. A woman pilot.
C. A flight engineer.
19. What is the flight number?
A. 5166.
B. 7156.
C. 6166.
20. When does the speaker give the talk?
A. Before a flight.
B. During a flight.
C. After a flight.

Test 5

答题卡

○ 题号	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
○ 答案																				
○ 修正																				

第一节(共 5 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

- How does the man feel now?
 - He is angry.
 - He is worried.
 - He is confident.
- What does the woman imply?
 - The team has to travel far for the next game.
 - The new coach has been very good.
 - The new coach doesn't know the team very well.
- Who is the woman?
 - A shopkeeper.
 - A bank clerk.
 - A driver.
- What can we learn from the conversation?
 - Someone is waiting for him.
 - The man enjoys his trip.
 - The man is going to call the woman tomorrow.
- Which of the following statements is the man's meaning?
 - It is good to save money for the family.
 - It is good to buy a new car.
 - It is good to get a second car.

第二节(共 15 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段材料。每段材料后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段材料前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段材料读两遍。

听第 6 段材料,回答第 6 至 7 题。

- Which would the woman like to apply for next year?
 - Economics.
 - Engineering.
 - Science.
- What's the purpose of the woman talking with the man?
 - For a good record of her studies this year.
 - For a recommendation of him.
 - To get some advice about the recommendation.

听第 7 段材料,回答第 8 至 10 题。

- Where does the conversation most likely take place?
 - At the supermarket.
 - At the airport.

- C. At the post office.
9. When will David meet them?
- A. At three o'clock.
- B. At two thirty.
- C. At two forty.
10. What does the man think of the way the system works?
- A. Good.
- B. Flexible.
- C. Unreasonable.

听第 8 段材料, 回答第 11 至第 13 题。

11. What is the function of the video game?
- A. To help the older people sharpen their minds.
- B. To amuse the older people.
- C. To cure the sick older people.
12. How old people is the first video game to be aimed at?
- A. The over-50s.
- B. The over-45s.
- C. The over-60s.
13. When was the video game launched in Japan?
- A. In mid-May.
- B. Under a year ago.
- C. More than a year ago.

听第 9 段材料, 回答第 14 至第 16 题。

14. How much is the fare for a single ticket?
- A. Seventy cents.
- B. Seventy-five cents.
- C. One dollar twenty.
15. Which platform will the train leave from?
- A. 18.

- B. 17.
- C. 16.
16. Where will the two people meet?
- A. The gate of the station.
- B. The entrance to the platform.
- C. At the bus stop.

听第 10 段材料, 回答第 17 至第 20 题。

17. What does the passage mainly discuss?
- A. Two types of only children.
- B. Parents' responsibilities.
- C. The relationship between parents and children.
18. Who are likely to treat their only children as "special jewels"?
- A. Those who are themselves spoiled and self-centered.
- B. Those who expected to have several children but could only have one.
- C. Those who like to give expensive jewels to their children.
19. Why do some only children become "little adults"?
- A. Because they have nobody to play with.
- B. Because their parents are too strict with them in their education.
- C. Because their parents want them to grow up as fast as possible.
20. Why do some only children feel unhappy?
- A. They have no sisters or brothers.
- B. They are overprotected by their parents.
- C. Their parents expect too much of them.

Test 6

答题卡

○ 题号	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
○ 答案																				
○ 修正																				

第一节(共 5 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

- Where does this conversation take place?
 - In a hospital.
 - In a friend's house.
 - In the man's house.
- Why is Tony crying?
 - He can't get up.
 - He lost his pet bird.
 - He lost his favourite toy.
- What do we know about the man?
 - He is too busy to go there.
 - He plans to go there very soon.
 - He wants to go somewhere else.
- Who is the man?
 - A boss.
 - A doctor.
 - An employee.
- How many American soldiers have been killed in wars?
 - 320,000.

B. 400,000.

C. 2,000,000.

第二节(共 15 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段材料。每段材料后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段材料前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段材料读两遍。

听第 6 段材料,回答第 6 至 7 题。

- What is the man?
 - A guide.
 - A houseman.
 - A police officer.
- What happened to the woman?
 - Her leg was broken.
 - Her money was stolen.
 - Her briefcase was gone.

听第 7 段材料,回答第 8 至第 10 题。

- What is the probable relationship between the speakers?
 - Workmates.
 - Boss and secretary.
 - Manager and job hunter.
- Why did the woman fail to get the job according to the man?