

广东高校教材研究中心 组织编写

高等学校

# 英语应用能力 *B* 级

最新真题与模拟训练

# PRETCO

黎雁 主编

中山大学出版社

# 高等学校英语应用能力 B 级

## 最新真题与模拟训练

黎 雁 主编

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· 广州 ·

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# 目 录

## 试卷部分

Unit 1	2007 年 12 月 B 级真题 .....	(1)
Unit 2	2007 年 6 月 B 级真题 .....	(10)
Unit 3	2006 年 12 月 B 级真题 .....	(19)
Unit 4	2006 年 6 月 B 级真题 .....	(28)
Unit 5	模拟试题一 .....	(37)
Unit 6	模拟试题二 .....	(46)
Unit 7	模拟试题三 .....	(54)
Unit 8	模拟试题四 .....	(63)
Unit 9	模拟试题五 .....	(72)
Unit 10	模拟试题六 .....	(81)
Unit 11	模拟试题七 .....	(90)
Unit 12	模拟试题八 .....	(99)

## 答案部分

Unit 1	2007 年 12 月 B 级真题答案与解析 .....	(108)
Unit 2	2007 年 6 月 B 级真题答案与解析 .....	(116)
Unit 3	2006 年 12 月 B 级真题答案与解析 .....	(125)
Unit 4	2006 年 6 月 B 级真题答案与解析 .....	(132)
Unit 5	模拟试题一答案与解析 .....	(139)
Unit 6	模拟试题二答案与解析 .....	(146)
Unit 7	模拟试题三答案与解析 .....	(152)
Unit 8	模拟试题四答案与解析 .....	(159)
Unit 9	模拟试题五答案与解析 .....	(166)
Unit 10	模拟试题六答案与解析 .....	(173)
Unit 11	模拟试题七答案与解析 .....	(180)
Unit 12	模拟试题八答案与解析 .....	(186)

# Unit 1

(2007 年 12 月 B 级真题)

## Part I Listening Comprehension (15 minutes)

**Directions:** This part is to test your listening ability. It consists of 3 sections.

### Section A

**Directions:** This section is to test your ability to give proper responses. There are 5 recorded questions in it. After each question, there is a pause. The questions will be spoken two times. Then you hear a question, you should decide on the correct answer from the 4 choices marked A), B), C) and D) given on the computer screen. Then you should click (点击) on your choice. If you want to change your answer, just click on your new choice.

**Example:** You will hear:

You will read:

- |                    |                        |
|--------------------|------------------------|
| A) I'm not sure.   | B) You're right.       |
| C) Yes, certainly. | D) That's interesting. |

From the question we learn that the speaker is asking the listener to leave a message. Therefore, C) Yes, certainly. is the correct answer. You should click on choice C) on the screen.

Now the test will begin.

- |                                       |                                      |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1. A) Really?                         | B) Oh, is it true?                   |
| C) Oh, I'm sorry to hear that.        | D) No, I don't think so.             |
| 2. A) Yes, madam. How can I help you? | B) Oh, yes, please.                  |
| C) You can do whatever you like.      | D) I see. What kind is it, please?   |
| 3. A) He is not in.                   | B) Who's that speaking?              |
| C) Oh, I'm coming.                    | D) It was nice to see you.           |
| 4. A) Yes, of course.                 | B) Yes, please.                      |
| C) Of course not.                     | D) Do it please.                     |
| 5. A) He is old now.                  | B) He is well now.                   |
| C) He is tall.                        | D) He tries to teach Chinese better. |

### Section B

**Directions:** This section is to test your ability to understand short dialogues. There are 5

recorded dialogues in it. After each dialogue, there is a recorded question. Both the dialogues and questions will be spoken two times. Then you hear a question, you should decide on the correct answer from the 4 choices marked A), B), C) and D) given on the computer screen. Then you should click on your choice. If you want to change your answer, just click on your new choice.

6. A) It's still raining. B) The wind stopped.  
C) The rain stopped. D) Both the rain and wind stopped.
7. A) Cancel the appointment. B) Deal with a problem.  
C) Make a reservation. D) Ask for a phone number.
8. A) A postman B) A passenger  
C) A taxi driver D) A policeman
9. A) He can't find the tickets.  
B) He doesn't want to sit close to the stage.  
C) He would rather stand than sit down.  
D) He expects the hall to be crowded.
10. A) 12 : 00 B) 12 : 30 C) 12 : 25 D) 12 : 35

### Section C

**Directions:** In this section you will hear a recorded short passage. The passage is given on the computer screen, but with some words or phrases missing. The passage will be read three times. During the second reading, you are required to type the missing words or phrases in order of the numbered spaces according to what you hear. The third reading is for you to check your answers. Now the passage will begin.

There are more than 1500 daily newspapers in the U. S. Each one is usually 11 only in one part of the country. But they cover national and 12 news. In large cities there is often 13 one newspaper and the different ones express different political 14.

Some newspapers are sold in nearly all parts of the U. S. , for example, *the USA Today* and the 15 edition of *New York Times*. Two other newspapers, *the Los Angeles Times* and *the Washington Post* are known all over the U. S. but cannot be 16 everywhere. Other important newspapers are *the Boston Globe*, *the Chicago Tribune*, *the Christian Science Monitor* and *the USA Today*, 17 sold nationally, and *the Washington Post* on the East Coast.

## Part II Vocabulary & Structure (15 minutes)

**Directions:** This part is to test your ability to use words and phrases correctly to construct meaningful and grammatically correct sentences. It consists of 2 sections.

## Section A

**Directions:** There are 10 incomplete sentences here. You are required to complete each statement by choosing the appropriate answer from the 4 choices marked A), B), C) and D). Then you should click on your choice. If you want to change your answer, just click on your new choice.

18. I didn't go to his party because I had to attend an \_\_\_\_\_ lecture.  
A) impossible      B) important      C) impatient      D) immediate
19. From this year, China will make great efforts to \_\_\_\_\_ its natural gas resources.  
A) shape      B) select      C) to      D) tap
20. We are pleased that our power generation technology continues to play a key \_\_\_\_\_ in the country.  
A) instance      B) rule      C) item      D) role
21. He will \_\_\_\_\_ his father's business after graduating from university.  
A) make up      B) take over      C) get over      D) put away
22. With the efforts of the two sides, exchanges and cooperations \_\_\_\_\_ culture and education will greatly develop.  
A) apart from      B) except for      C) in relation to      D) by reason of
23. The crop is the new variety to replace the traditional one in the Yangtze River \_\_\_\_\_.  
A) bank      B) valley      C) slope      D) channel
24. Water saving farming should be actively developed in order to improve water use \_\_\_\_\_.  
A) efficiency      B) collection      C) conditions      D) environment
25. \_\_\_\_\_ a wrong telephone number, he couldn't get connected with his friends.  
A) Got      B) Getting      C) To get      D) To be getting
26. It was because of the heavy rain \_\_\_\_\_ he didn't go to the concert.  
A) that      B) while      C) why      D) since
27. He \_\_\_\_\_ that the people he works with are all very interested in their job.  
A) looks      B) feels      C) tries      D) asks

## Section B

**Directions:** There are also 10 incomplete statements here. You should fill in each blank with the proper form of the word given in brackets. Type the word or words in the corresponding space.

28. Will you please measure this window to see how (height) \_\_\_\_\_ it is?
29. You know, the price for this goods (go) \_\_\_\_\_ up a lot in the last few months.
30. Many of the world great novels are reported to have (make) \_\_\_\_\_ into films last year.

31. The proposal made by the marketing manager seemed to be (reason) \_\_\_\_\_.
32. Flying across the Atlantic Ocean for the first time was a great (achieve) \_\_\_\_\_.
33. This famous museum serves as the country's national museum and is an important center of (science) \_\_\_\_\_ research.
34. I (find) \_\_\_\_\_ out the phone number by looking it up. If you are not sure, find out.
35. It's the feathers that (able) \_\_\_\_\_ a bird to fly.
36. It's a common rule that articles bought during the sale can't (exchange) \_\_\_\_\_.
37. I asked if she (look) \_\_\_\_\_ everywhere and she said that she had.

### Part III Reading Comprehension (40 minutes)

**Directions:** This part is to test your reading ability. There are 5 tasks for you to fulfill. You should read the reading materials carefully and do the tasks as you are instructed.

#### Task 1 (from 38 to 42)

**Directions:** After reading the following passage, you will find 5 questions or unfinished statements. For each question or statement there are 4 choices marked A), B), C) and D). You should make the correct choice and click on it. If you want to change your answer, just click on your new choice.

Vacation time is almost here! Many people are looking forward to a trip to Paris, Hawaii or Tokyo—any place far away from school or the office.

Unfortunately, vacationers sometimes think only about having fun and forget to be careful. Here are a few safety tips (提示).

Make a list of your credit card (信用卡) numbers and the phone numbers to call in case they are lost or stolen. Keep the list in a safe place—separate from your credit cards.

Keep a photocopy (复印件) of your passport in a safe place. In that way you can replace it more easily if it is lost or stolen.

When traveling by plane, pack all your valuables in your carry-on bag. Never put them in the luggage you will check in.

Before you take a walk through a strange city, find out which areas to avoid. Tell someone where you're going and when you plan to return.

Don't leave your cash or valuables in your hotel room. Use the hotel safe (保险箱). It's a free service most hotels offer.

38. The passage tells us that when preparing for a vacation trip, people tend to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A) learn about possible dangers
- B) bring the wrong things
- C) neglect safety problems
- D) travel to world famous cities

39. What is the suggested way for you to protect your credit card?

- A) To write down the card number in a list.

- B) To call the police when it is lost.  
 C) To keep it in your carry-on bag.  
 D) To make a copy of the card.
40. According to the author, before leaving you'd better make a copy of your \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A) credit card                      B) air ticket  
 C) passport                        D) phone number
41. If you are going to travel by air you'd better pack your valuables in \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A) the luggage you will check in      B) specially-prepared case  
 C) a place close to your seat            D) the handbag you are carrying
42. What is probably the best title for this passage?  
 A) Travel Tips                        B) What to Do When Traveling  
 C) How to Check in a Hotel            D) Tourist Attractions

## Task 2 (from 43 to 47)

**Directions:** After reading the following passage, you will find 5 questions or unfinished statements. For each question or statement there are 4 choices marked A), B), C), and D). You should make the correct choice and click on it. If you want to change your answer, just click on your new choice.

In England, a person who measures 1.83m is said to be either 6 feet or 6 foot tall. A horse, however, is measured neither in feet, like a person, nor in fingers, like whiskey; it is measured in hands.

In Scotland, both English and Scottish bank notes are used; there are also Scottish coins, though. Three Scottish banks have the right to issue bank notes; none of the English banks (other than the Bank of England) has that right.

In Wales, although some people speak only Welsh, and others only English, many speak both English and Welsh. Both languages are taught in schools.

Both Northern Ireland and the south part of Ireland form part of Great Britain. Northern Ireland is, however, part of the United Kingdom. The traditional language of Ireland is Gaelic (盖尔语); another form of Gaelic is also spoken in parts of Scotland.

43. The passage is mainly about \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A) the British Isles and its languages  
 B) different languages and customs in Great Britain  
 C) the sources of different languages spoken in Great Britain  
 D) regional varieties in Great Britain
44. According to the passage, \_\_\_\_\_ kind (s) of language are spoken in Wales.  
 A) one                      B) two                      C) three                      D) four
45. From the passage we can learn that \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A) in Wales all people speak both English and Welsh  
 B) the Scottish speaks both English and Gaelic

- C) different bank notes are allowed to issue in Great Britain  
D) measurement systems vary in Great Britain from region to region
46. The passage indicates that \_\_\_\_\_.  
A) the Scottish bank system is different to that of England  
B) other banks except the English banks issue its own bank notes  
C) Northern Ireland is a region of Great Britain  
D) Gaelic is the traditional language of both Ireland and Scotland
47. We can conclude that \_\_\_\_\_.  
A) both English and Scottish bank notes can be issued in England  
B) there are varieties in both language and bank system in Britain  
C) whiskey is measured in fingers in other parts of Britain  
D) Great Britain consists of various peoples and countries

### Task 3 (from 48 to 52)

**Directions:** After reading the following material, you are required to complete the answers that follow the questions. You should write your answers in not more than 3 words below.

The world in 1914 was very different to the world we know today. The world's population was only half of today's and there was much less contact between the people of different nations. During the twentieth century there have been a series of inventions which have made major changes to our way of life. Television has allowed us to learn about other people and how they live, and the development of air travel has meant that millions go abroad every year. A citizen of Britain in 1914 would have been astonished to think that people would soon travel to the other side of the world in less than a day.

There have also been major changes in the way that countries are governed. Today most countries govern themselves, but in 1914 many of the people of the world lived in colonies, ruled by a European country. A country with an overseas colony had a cheap source of raw material and a market for home-produced goods.

48. What is the main idea of the passage? It is mainly about \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_.
49. What has been the increase in the world's population after 1914? The world's population has increased \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_.
50. What is the change brought about by the development of air travel? A great many people can now \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_.
51. What are the major causes of changes in our way of life after 1914? The changes are due to \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_.
52. What do we call a country that is governed by a foreign country? It is called \_\_\_\_\_

# Task 4 (from 53 to 62)

**Directions:** After reading the following material, you are required to find the items equivalent to (与……等同) those given in Chinese in the lower part on the computer screen. Then you should type the corresponding letters in the brackets.

- |                   |                           |
|-------------------|---------------------------|
| A—chemical test   | L—surgeon                 |
| B—dentist         | M—emergency room          |
| C—AIDS            | N—physician               |
| D—nursing station | O—gynecologist            |
| E—inpatient       | P—test injection          |
| F—operation room  | Q—blood sampling          |
| G—outpatient      | R—registry office         |
| H—ambulance       | S—pharmacy office         |
| I—ward            | T—Chinese herbal medicine |
| J—cupping         | U—acupuncture treatment   |
| K—clinic          | V—Viagra                  |

**Examples:** (B) 牙医

(K) 诊所

- |             |              |
|-------------|--------------|
| 53. ( ) 中药  | 54. ( ) 救护车  |
| 55. ( ) 伟哥  | 56. ( ) 住院病人 |
| 57. ( ) 药房  | 58. ( ) 化验   |
| 59. ( ) 血样  | 60. ( ) 拔火罐  |
| 61. ( ) 护理站 | 62. ( ) 手术室  |

# Task 5 (from 63 to 67)

**Directions:** After reading the following material, you should complete the information by filling in the blanks in not more than 3 words in the table below.

*BBC Modern English* is published 10 times a year—monthly except for July and August, and sold by subscription (预订). A year's subscription can begin in any month. There are special rates for multiple (多样的) subscriptions. *Teachers Notes* are supplied free with multiple subscriptions.

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1) (65 \_\_\_\_\_ 1) (65 \_\_\_\_\_ 2) (65 \_\_\_\_\_ 3)

2) (66 \_\_\_\_\_ 1) (66 \_\_\_\_\_ 2)

The city address of the Subscription Department *BBC Modern English*: (67 \_\_\_\_\_ 1)

(67 \_\_\_\_\_ 2)

## Part IV Translation—English into Chinese (25 minutes)

**Directions:** This part is to test your ability to translate Chinese into English. Each of the sentences is followed by 4 choices of suggested translation marked A), B), C) and D). You should make the best choice and click on it. If you want to change your answer, just click on your new choice.

68. This book was also designed to be used by adult students who will be entering the world of business at the end of their course of studies.

- A) 这本书的设计同时也是提供那些将在毕业后进入商界的成人学生使用的。
- B) 这本书也是为那些从事商业设计的成年学生毕业后进修学习使用的。
- C) 这本书同时也是那些经商的成年人将来进一步学习深造时使用的。
- D) 这本书也是为那些课程结业后即将进入商界的成人学生使用而编写的。

69. Those people who have nothing but unpleasant things to say about others are not welcome

- A) 人们不喜欢那些不会讲令人不高兴的事的人。
- B) 那些只会说别人坏话的人是不受欢迎的。
- C) 一事无成却摆弄是非的人是不受欢迎的。
- D) 人们不欢迎那些只会令人不愉快的人。

70. An even better year is expected after three years of steady increase in annual output.

- A) 希望今年要比前三年的生产更好，有更好的年景。
- B) 人们期待三年产量快速提高后能稳步增长。
- C) 年产量三年来已快速增加。希望今年也会好些。
- D) 在年产量三年稳步增长后，预计今年会更好。

71. Given such a good chance, you should have taken the position.

- A) 如果遇到这样一个好机会，你就应该接受这个职位。
- B) 如果你能抓住这么好的机会，你就能得到这个位置。
- C) 假设有这么好的机会来临，你就应该得到这个职位。
- D) 假如给予你这样一个好机会，你可以达到这个位置。

72. Thank you for your information. As you know, our company is a state-owned one.

We always trade with foreign countries on the basis of equality and mutual (互相的) benefit. Establishing business relations between us will be to our mutual benefit. I have no doubt that it will bring about closer ties between us.

## Part V Writing (25 minutes)

**Directions:** This part is to test your ability to do practical writing. You are required to write according to the following information given in Chinese.

73. 要求: 按下列内容写一封信, 注意书信格式要完整。

1. 非常感谢您上星期六邀请我们参加你们举办的招待会。那确实是一个令人难以忘怀的夜晚。
2. 这次访问增加了我们对贵国的了解, 你们的热情接待亦使我们大家深为感激。
3. 如果你们日后到中国来访问, 我们将非常乐意有机会答谢你们的殷勤款待。

Words for reference:

招待会: reception party

殷勤款待: hospitality

## Unit 2

(2007 年 6 月 B 级真题)

### Part I Listening Comprehension (15 minutes)

**Directions:** This part is to test your listening ability. It consists of 3 sections.

#### Section A

**Directions:** This section is to test your ability to give proper responses. There are 5 recorded questions in it. After each question, there is a pause. The questions will be spoken two times. When you hear a question, you should decide on the correct answer from the 4 choices marked A), B), C) and D) given in your test paper. Then you should mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.

**Example:** You will hear:

You will read:

A) I'm not sure.

B) You're right.

C) Yes, certainly.

D) That's interesting.

From the question we learn that the speaker is asking the listener to leave a message. Therefore, C) Yes, certainly. is the correct answer. You should mark C) on the Answer Sheet. [A] [B] ~~[C]~~ [D]

Now the test will begin.

1. A) I'm sorry.

B) It's my pleasure.

C) Yes, I am.

D) Yes, I do.

2. A) Not yet.

B) Most of the time.

C) Yes, I do.

D) Please do.

3. A) Yes, I'd love to.

B) At half past eight.

C) Eight hours.

D) It's early.

4. A) It's terrible.

B) No, thank you.

C) Nothing serious.

D) Yes, I have.

5. A) No, not yet.

B) No, thanks.

C) Yes, I do.

D) Yes, I often go.

#### Section B

**Directions:** This section is to test your ability to understand short dialogues. There are 5

recorded dialogues in it. After each dialogue, there is a recorded question. Both the dialogues and questions will be spoken two times. When you hear a question, you should decide on the correct answer from the 4 choices marked A), B), C) and D) given in your test paper. Then you should mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.

- |                                   |                                   |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 6. A) Cold.                       | B) Warm.                          |
| C) Wet.                           | D) Hot.                           |
| 7. A) Buy a book.                 | B) Meet him tomorrow.             |
| C) Go to Beijing.                 | D) Book a ticket.                 |
| 8. A) He's kind.                  | B) He's careless.                 |
| C) He's serious.                  | D) He's polite.                   |
| 9. A) They won't go to the Party. | B) They won't be late.            |
| C) They will be late.             | D) They will stay at home.        |
| 10. A) She wants to ask for help. | B) She wants to work for the man. |
| C) She doesn't like the man.      | D) She doesn't need his help.     |

### Section C

**Directions:** In this section you will hear a recorded short passage. The passage is printed in the test paper, but with some words or phrases missing. The passage will be read three times. During the second reading, you are required to put the missing words or phrases on the Answer Sheet in order of the numbered blanks according to what you hear. The third reading is for you to check your writing. Now the passage will begin.

The world population today is about 6 billion. But only about 11 percent of the world's land is suitable for farming. However, the area of farmland is becoming smaller and smaller 11. So it will be difficult to feed so many mouths. There are several reasons why farmland is being 12. First, a lot of the land is being used for the 13 of houses. Secondly, some of the land has become wasteland because wind and 14 have removed the top soil. Thirdly, some of the land has become too salty to 15. Therefore, a big problem that we face today is hunger.

## Part II Vocabulary & Structure (15 minutes)

**Directions:** This part is to test your ability to use words and phrases correctly to construct meaningful and grammatically correct sentences. It consists of 2 sections.

### Section A

**Directions:** In this section, there are 10 incomplete sentences. You are required to complete each one by deciding on the most appropriate word or words from the 4 choices marked A), B), C) and D). Then you should mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a

single line through the center.

16. This new style of sports shoes is very popular and it is \_\_\_\_\_ in all sizes.  
A) important      B) active      C) available      D) famous
17. \_\_\_\_\_ a wonderful trip he had when he traveled in China!  
A) Where      B) How      C) What      D) That
18. She gave up her \_\_\_\_\_ as a reporter at the age of 25.  
A) career      B) interest      C) life      D) habit
19. She didn't receive the application from; it \_\_\_\_\_ to the wrong address.  
A) sent      B) be sent      C) was sent      D) being sent
20. Time \_\_\_\_\_ very fast and a new year will begin soon.  
A) takes off      B) goes by      C) pulls up      D) gets along
21. I didn't answer the phone \_\_\_\_\_ I didn't hear it ring.  
A) if      B) unless      C) although      D) because
22. We're going to \_\_\_\_\_ the task that we haven't finished.  
A) take away      B) carry on      C) get onto      D) keep off
23. The general manager sat there, \_\_\_\_\_ to the report from each department.  
A) to listen      B) listen      C) being listened      D) listening
24. In his report of the accident he \_\_\_\_\_ some important details.  
A) missed      B) wasted      C) escaped      D) failed
25. It is necessary to find an engineer \_\_\_\_\_ has skills that meet your needs.  
A) whom      B) which      C) whose      D) who

## Section B

**Directions:** There are also 10 incomplete statements here. You should fill in each blank with the proper form of the word given in brackets. Write the word or words in the corresponding space on the Answer Sheet.

26. She managed to settle the argument in a (friend) \_\_\_\_\_ way.
27. I would rather you (go) \_\_\_\_\_ with me tomorrow morning.
28. If I (be) \_\_\_\_\_ you, I wouldn't ask such a silly question.
29. You should send me the report on the program (immediate) \_\_\_\_\_.
30. As soon as the result (come) \_\_\_\_\_ out, I'll let you know.
31. If you smoke in this non-smoking area, you will (fine) \_\_\_\_\_ \$50.
32. It is quite difficult for me (decide) \_\_\_\_\_ who should be given the job.
33. The new flexible working time system will enable the (employ) \_\_\_\_\_ to work more efficiently.
34. The more careful you are, the (well) \_\_\_\_\_ you will be able to complete the work.
35. I'll put forward my (suggest) \_\_\_\_\_ now so that he can have time to consider it before the meeting.