

北京太奇培训学校考研英语系列用书

朱泰祺 编著



实用
考研英语词汇
学习手册

精解词汇用法及其搭配

精选真题例句304例

精编词汇自测练习400题

常用前缀、后缀及其示例



北京航空航天大学出版社

图书在版编目(CIP)数据

实用考研英语词汇学习手册/朱泰祺编著. —北京:
北京航空航天大学出版社, 2008. 2
ISBN 978-7-81124-095-5

I. 实… II. 朱… III. 英语—词汇—研究生—入
学考试—自学参考资料 IV. H313

中国版本图书馆 CIP 数据核字(2008)第 010090 号

实用考研英语词汇学习手册

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北京航空航天大学出版社出版发行

北京市海淀区学院路 37 号(100083) 发行部电话:(010)82317024 传真:(010)82328026

<http://www.buaapress.com.cn> E-mail: bhpresse@263.net

北京市松源印刷有限公司印装 各地书店经销

*

开本: 787×1092 1/16 印张: 33.5 字数: 1156 千字

2008 年 2 月第 1 版 2008 年 2 月第 1 次印刷

ISBN 978-7-81124-095-5 定价: 49.00 元

前言

二十多年的考研辅导中,我经常看到考生在词汇学习方面走许多弯路:花的时间不少,但收效甚微。如何指导和帮助考生在词汇学习方面闯出一条新路?这一问题一直缠绕在我的心头。任何事物的创新首先都是源于观念的创新。考研学生大多经过初中、高中和大学总共 10 年的英语学习,尽管实际英语水平参差不齐,但是他们毕竟不是从零开始。鉴于考生这样的英语知识背景,针对研究生入学英语统考大纲的要求,我认为,考研学生词汇学习的起点应适当提高,而且不能靠单打一的死记硬背,而应该在使用英语的实践中来进行,即把词汇学习融入到考研各个项目的复习中去。

就拿考研中的重中之重“阅读理解 Part A”来说吧,是死背大纲词汇后再做阅读理解练习还是边阅读边扩充词汇知识呢?正确的方法应该是在阅读中去查阅词汇手册,并适当做一点词汇学习笔记,以便巩固学到的词汇知识,从而促进阅读能力的提高。那么,怎样才能在查阅词汇手册时做到举一反三、触类旁通、事半功倍呢?本书就这一问题进行了一些探索:

一、本书中词义的注释一般用汉语,但给考生在理解上有困难的词汇或成语加上了英语注释,以便加深考生对词义的理解。

二、尽管目前的考试大纲中列出了某些词汇的同根词,但在考研试卷中出现的同根词远远超出了大纲规定的范围,如 nonconformist(不为人左右的),detached(不偏不倚的)。因此,本书在词条下列出了常用的同根词及其词性和词义。

三、为帮助考生把学过的词汇有机地联系起来,书中列出了常用词的同义词、近义词、反义词和合成词,并对某些同义词和近义词做了简明扼要的辨析。

四、本书对绝大部分词汇都给出了常用搭配和例句。例句既有简单易懂的,又有比较复杂的,以便考生通过词汇学习提高阅读理解能力。

五、鉴于目前许多词典中的例句有明显老化的迹象,为使考生读到有时代气息的例句,本书选用了考研试卷中的句子作为某些词汇的例句。这就使词汇学习和考试的实战需要紧密结合起来了。

六、对于大纲词汇所构成的成语,为实用起见,本书不贪多求全,只列出常用、常考的成语并附上例句。

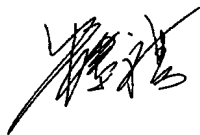
七、为使考生在词汇学习中能进行综合性自测,本书还附上了词汇自测练习并给出了答案。

八、为便于考生背记单词,书中介绍了构词知识,并给出了常用的前缀和后缀及其示例。

以上诸点算是本书的特点,以后会及时根据考生的需要再不断更新。

在本书编写过程中,张建群副教授协助我编写了部分初稿。王秀丽同志帮助我做了大量文字工作。朱华先生对本书编写的框架给予了宏观指导。在此一并致谢。书中大部分例句选自国内外众多辞书,在此不一一写明出处,谨向原作者表示诚挚的感谢。

由于编者水平有限,书中肯定会有些不尽如人意之处。欢迎广大读者和英语界同仁不吝指正。



于北京化工大学
2008 年 1 月

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A

A

a [ə; 重读 eɪ], an[ən] (用于元音前)

art. (不定冠词) 1. 一个(=one)。 2. 某一个(=a certain)。 3. (表类属)某类人或物中的一个。

4. 用在主语中,代表一类人或物。 5. (用在某些物质名词前)一种,一份: You may as well bring me a chocolate too. (你不妨也给我带一块巧克力来。)

6. (用在表示风、雨等的名词前)一阵: A cold drizzle was falling. (下了一阵寒冷的毛毛雨。)

7. 也可和一个序数词连用,表示“再一(个、次)”: Then he copied the article a second time. (然后他把文章又抄了一遍。) **注意** 作前缀时,表示“在…之中”;“在…之上”;“在…”,“至…”,“向着…”,或表示“某动作或状态在进行中”等: aboard 在船上; ashore 在岸上; aside 在旁边; alike 相像的; alive 活着的; asleep 睡着的; awake 醒着的。

abandon [ə'bænd(ə)n]

vt. 1. (= give up because of being useless) 放弃: She was obliged to abandon that idea. (她被迫放弃那个主意。) 2. (= desert) 遗弃, 弃掉:

【2004年试题】 I don't know if other clients are going to abandon me, too. (我不知道是否其他的顾客也打算抛弃我。)

【成语】

• **abandon oneself to** (= yield completely to) 听任(感情泛滥), 陷入, 沉溺于: He abandoned himself to grief. (他不胜悲痛。)

n. (= abandonment) 主要用于 with abandon 尽情地, 任意地: The girls jumped up and down and waved their arms with abandon. (女孩们欢跳着, 尽情地挥舞手臂。)

【同根词】 abandoned **adj.** 被弃的; 放纵的; lead an abandoned life 过放纵无度的生活。

abdomen [ə'bɒdəmən]

n. 腹部。

【同义词】 belly, stomach。

abide [ə'baɪd]

vi./vt. (abided 或 abode) 1. 遵守, 服从(by) (= conform to, comply with, act in accordance with sth.): He abided by his word. (他恪守诺言。) We agreed to abide by your judgment. (我们同意服从你的判断。)

【近义词】 conform to, comply with, observe。

2. (和 can 连用, 用于否定句或疑问句)

vt. (= tolerate, withstand, put up with) 忍受, 容忍: I can't abide loud noise. (我无法忍受大的噪

声。)

【近义词】 tolerate, endure, bear。

【同根词】 abidance **n.** 遵守。 abiding **adj.** 持久不变的。

ability [ə'bɪlɪti]

n. 1. 能力, 能够(多作不可数名词): The child's reading ability was satisfactory for his age level. (这个孩子的阅读能力就其年龄而言是令人满意的。) 2. [pl] 能力, 才能: From each according to his abilities, to each according to his work. (各尽所能, 按劳取酬。)

【成语】

• **to the best of one's ability** 尽力地: I tried to do my work to the best of my ability. (我试图尽力做我的工作。)

able [ˈeɪb(ə)l]

adj. 1. (和 be 连用, 跟不定式) 能够: The doctors are not able to agree with it. (医生们不能赞同这一点。) The patient was soon able to sit up and read. (病人很快就能坐起来阅读了。) **注意** be able to 和 can 的意思相近, 但 be able to 可有更多的时态形式(见上例), 另外还可以和情态动词或某些系动词连用, 也可用于不定式或动名词短语中。

2. 还可用作定语: He made a very able speech. (他做了一次很有水平的演讲。)

【近义词】 capable。

【合成词】 able-bodied 身体强健的。

abnormal [æb'nɔ:m(ə)l]

adj. (= not normal) 不正常的: It is abnormal for a man to walk in his sleep. (人梦游是不正常的。)

【反义词】 normal **adj.** 正常的。

aboard [ə'bɔ:d]

adv. 上船[车、飞机等]: All aboard! (请大家上船!) It's time to go aboard. (该登机了。) Welcome aboard! (欢迎登机!)

prep. 上(车、船等): They went aboard the ship. (他们都上了船。)

abolish [ə'bɒlɪʃ]

vt. (= end the existence of, do away with) 废除, 消除, 取消: Capital punishment was abolished some years ago. (几年以前就废除了极刑。)

【近义词】 cancel, do away with, put an end to。

【同根词】 abolition **n.** 废除。

abound [ə'baʊnd]

vi. 1. (= be filled with) 有大量的…(和 in 或 with

A

连用): Some languages abound in idioms. (有些语言有大量的习语。) 2. 大量存在 (= be great in number or amount): Fish abound in the ocean. (鱼类大量生长在海洋里。) Social and cultural activities abound everywhere. (到处都有社会文化活动。)

【同根词】abounding *adj.* 丰富的。 abundance *n.* 丰富。

about [əˈbaʊt]

prep. 1. 关于(在不同场合有不同译法, 注意各种搭配): I want to consult you. It's about my boy. (我想和你商量。这是关于我孩子的事。) 2. 在...周围, 围绕: There was a white fence about the house. (屋子周围有一道白色的篱笆。) 3. 在...范围内(到处...): After tea I wandered alone about the town. (喝完茶后, 我一人在城里到处徘徊。) 4. 在...附近(一带), 在身边: His face was swollen about the eyes and nose. (他的眼睛周围和鼻子边都肿了。) 5. (某人、某地、某物)有某特点: There is a strange smell about him. (他身上有一股怪味。)

【成语】

• be about 在做(某事), 忙于(某事): What are you about? Do come along. (你在忙什么呀? 请一定过来玩。)

• What [How] about ... 怎么样, ... 怎么办: Of course I'll come. What about Friday? (当然, 我去。星期五怎么样?)

adv. 1. 到处, 四处(活动): I am used to going about alone. (我习惯于一个人四处走走。) 2. 在附近: Nobody seemed about, so I went in. (附近似乎没有人, 因此我就进去了。) 3. 大约, 大概(多和一个数词连用, 表示数量、长度、年龄、时间等): I shall be with you in about twenty minutes. (大约过 20 分钟我到你那里。) 4. 差不多, 大概: He was about the same age as Philip. (他和菲利普的年龄差不多。)

【成语】

• be about to do sth. 正要[将要]做某事: [2004 年试题] Could the bad old days of economic decline be about to return? (昔日经济衰退的倒霉日子会不会再重现?)

• be not about to 在美国有时表示“不愿”或“不打算”: I'm not about to stop when I'm so close to success. (我不打算停止, 我已非常接近成功。)

above [əˈbʌv]

prep. 1. 在...上方(和 below 相对): The office was in darkness except for the solitary light above his desk. (除了办公桌上有一盏孤灯, 办公室内

一片漆黑。) 2. 在...之上, 比...高/强, 高于, 超过: The temperature was only a degree above zero. (温度只有零上一度。) 3. (和数词连用) 超过, ...以上: That car costs above £2 000. (那辆汽车价格超过 2 000 英镑。) 4. 不至于(做出某事), 不属于(作表语): Some of the staff are not above putting their hands in the cashbox. (有些工作人员竟把手伸进钱箱。) 5. 不致受到, 不容(注意搭配词): His conduct has always been above suspicion. (他的行为一直是不可怀疑的。)

【成语】

• above all 最重要的是, 特别是: Above all, he was a first-rate mathematician. (最重要的, 他是一位第一流的数学家。)

• above all things/everything 比什么都重要的是, 最最: What I need, you know, above all things, is criticism. (你知道, 我最最需要的是批评。)

• be above sb./one's head 太高深, 无法理解: Well, this sort of talk is above me. (喔, 这种谈话我无法理解。)

• get above oneself 自以为了不起。

• over and above 除了...外: He makes a little money on the side, over and above his salary. (除了工资以外, 他还额外挣一点钱。)

adv. 1. 上方(的): Seen from above, the fields looked like a geometrical pattern. (从天上看下来, 田野像一块几何图形。) 2. 前面(上面), 上述: The above-mentioned rule will come into force in June. (上述规则将于六月生效。)

n. 上述的事: I finished writing the above at one o'clock. (我在一点钟写完上述材料。)

abroad [əˈbrɔːd]

adv. 1. 在国外: He set his heart on pursuing further studies abroad. (他下决心到国外进修。)

2. 往国外, 到国外: I'm afraid people will be down on me for taking you abroad. (恐怕人们会因为我带你到国外而对我十分不满。) 3. 在外面传: Rumors of victory were abroad. (胜利的谣言在外面传播。)

abrupt [əˈbrʌpt]

adj. 1. (= sudden, unexpected) 突然的, 猛然的: The road is full of abrupt turns. (路上充满急转弯。) 2. (= rough, impolite) 粗鲁, 没礼貌: He has a very abrupt manner. (他举止粗鲁。)

【同根词】abruption *n.* 突然中断。

absence [ˈæbs(ə)ns]

n. 缺席, 不在; 没有, 不存在: He made up a

wonderful story to account for his absence. (他编了一个奇妙的故事来解释他的缺席。)

【反义词】presence。

【同根词】absent [ˈæbs(ə)nt] *adj.* 1. 缺席, 不在: He was absent from the meeting. (他没有到会。) 2. 茫然的: He had an absent look on his face. (他脸上一片茫然。) 3. 不存在的, 没有的: Snow is absent in some countries. (有些国家没有雪。) *vt.* [əb'sent] 用于 absent oneself (from) 缺席: Why did you absent yourself from school yesterday? (昨天你为什么不上学?) *absentee n.* 缺席者。

absenteeism n. 旷工; 旷课。

【合成词】absent-minded *adj.* 心不在焉的。

absolute [ˈæbsəlu:t]

adj. 1. (= complete, perfect) 绝对的, 完全的: His story was an absolute lie. (他的陈述是一派谎言。) 2. (= completely certain) 肯定的, 确实的: It is an absolute fact. (这是千真万确的事实。) The police have absolute proof of his guilt. (警方握有他犯罪的确凿证据。) 注意有时表示“专制的”或“独立的”: An absolute ruler can do just as he pleases. (专制的统治者可以为所欲为。)

【同根词】absolutely *adv.* 完全地, 绝对地。

absorb [əb'sɔ:b]

vt. 1. (= take in, suck up) 吸收(水分、知识等), 吸引: The powder absorbs more heat and thus speeds the melting. (这种粉末吸收更多的热量, 因而加速了溶解。) 2. (= hold the attention or interest of sb.) 吸引(注意力、精力等): His business absorbs him. (他专心致志地处理业务。) 3. (= include sth./sb. as part of itself or oneself) 把某物/某人合并, 并吞: The larger company absorbed the smaller one. (那大公司并吞了那小公司。) [2006年试题] People are absorbed into a culture of consumption launched by the 19th-century department stores that offered vast arrays of goods in an elegant atmosphere. (人们融入到19世纪百货商店所开创的消费文化中去, 这些商店在高雅的气氛中向顾客提供品种纷繁的货物。)

【成语】

• be absorbed in (= be lost in) 专注于, 聚精会神(干某事): He was absorbed in a book. (他专心读书。)

【同根词】absorbent *adj.* 能吸水的。 *absorbing n.* 吸引人的。 *absorption n.* 吸收; 专心致志。

abstract [ˈæbstrækt]

adj. 抽象的: His plans were too abstract to be put into operation. (他的计划太抽象无法实施。)

【反义词】concrete 具体的。

【成语】

• in the abstract (= in a theoretical way) 抽象地说, 理论上: I like dogs in the abstract, but I can't bear this one. (一般来说, 我喜欢狗, 但这一只我却受不了。)

n. 集中表现, 提纲, 摘要: An individual is an abstract of humanity. (个人是人类的集中表现。)

vt. 提炼出, 抽象出, 写出提纲: to abstract metal from ore 从矿石中提炼金属。The author abstracted his book. (作者写出了他的书的提纲。) 注意在口语中有时指“偷走”: The thief abstracted £5 from my wallet. (小偷从我钱包里偷走了5英镑。)

【同根词】abstracted *adj.* (= absent-minded) 心不在焉的, 出神的。 *abstraction n.* 抽出, 取走; 抽象概念; 心不在焉。

absurd [əb'sɜ:d]

adj. (= unreasonable, not sensible) 愚蠢的, 荒唐的, 可笑的: Even sensible men do absurd things. (理智的人也会做出荒唐的事。)

【近义词】foolish, ridiculous。

【同根词】absurdity *n.* 荒谬。

abundance [ə'bʌnd(ə)ns]

n. 1. (= a great quantity, plenty) 丰足, 大量(不可数, 和 in 连用): He lives in abundance. (他生活过得很富裕。) 2. 大量的(和不定冠词及 of 连用): There is also an abundance of first-class timber. (还有大量优质木材。)

【近义词】plenty。

【同根词】abundant [ə'bʌnd(ə)nt] *adj.* (= more than enough; rich) 大量的, 充裕的, 丰富的(in/with): Rice is abundant in the river valleys. (水稻大量种植在河流的山谷里。)

【近义词】plentiful。

【成语】

• be abundant in/with 有丰富的, 有大量的: That is a land abundant in minerals. (那是一块有丰富矿藏的土地。)

abuse [ə'bju:z]

vt. 1. (= say unkind, cruel, or rude things to sb./sth. about sb./sth.) 辱骂, 诋毁: You are always abusing and offending people. (你总是辱骂和冒犯别人。)

【同义词】insult。

2. (= put to wrong use; use badly) 滥用, 乱用, 虐待: to abuse one's authority, position, wealth, etc 滥用威信、地位、财富等。The privilege has been much abused. (这种特权一直被肆意滥用。)



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n. [ə'bjʊs] 1. (= unkind, cruel, or rude words) 辱骂(不可数): He greeted me with a stream of abuse. (他一见到我就破口大骂个不停。)

2. (= wrong use) 滥用, 乱用, 虐待, 损伤(可数, 不可数): Borrowing money is an abuse of friendship. (借钱损伤友情。) 3. (= an unjust or harmful custom) 腐败的事, 弊端, 陋习(可数, 不可数): remedy an abuse 纠正陋习; put a stop to political abuses 煞住政治上的不正之风。

【同根词】**abusive adj.** 满口脏话的; 被滥用的。

academic [ˌækə'demɪk]

adj. 1. 学校的, 学术上的: the academic year 学年; academic freedom 学术自由; an academic degree 学位; academic discussion 学术讨论; an academic approach to pop music 对流行音乐的学术态度; an academic question 学术问题; the academic world 学术界。 2. 学究式的, 书生气的, 不切实际的: He was a sharp, academic sort of fellow. (他是一位尖酸刻薄的学究。)

【同根词】**academy** [ə'kædəmɪ] **n.** 学会, 研究院, 专科院校: an academy of music 音乐学院; a naval/military academy 海军[陆军]军官学校。

accelerate [ək'seləreɪt]

vt./vi. (= [cause to] move faster) 加快, 加速: to accelerate the heartbeat (使心跳加速)。

【近义词】**speed up**。

【同根词】**acceleration n.** 加速(度)。

accent [ˈæks(ə)nt, 'æksent]

n. 腔调, 口音; 强调; 着重; 重音: He had some difficulty in understanding the man's accent. (他很难理解人的口音。)

At this year's Motor Show the accent is on sports cars. (今年的汽车比赛重点是赛车。)

A heavy accent is placed on personal cleanliness and order. (非常强调个人的清洁和条理。)

accent [ək'sent]

vt. 重读强调, 注重: He accented the wrong syllable. (他重读了这个错误的音节。)

【同根词】**accentuate** (= emphasize) **vt.** 突出, 强调: The tight jumper accentuated his fat stomach. (那件紧身套头毛衣更突出了他肥胖的肚子。)

【近义词】**stress**。

accept [ək'sept]

vt. 1. (= take sth. willingly) 接受, 接收: Union has accepted my terms finally. (工会最后接受了我的条款。)

2. (= be willing to agree to sth.) 同意, 认可, 赞同(某种看法、决定等): The new theory became widely accepted. (这个新的理论得

到广泛的认同。)

【反义词】**refuse, reject**。

【同根词】**acceptance n.** 接受, 同意。 **acceptable adj.** 可接受的: Your work is not acceptable; do it again. (你的工作不行; 再做一遍。)

access [ˈækses]

n. 1. 进入, 通路, 进入的道路: The only access to that building is along that muddy track. (要到那幢建筑物那儿唯有沿着那条泥泞小路走。)

2. 能接近、进入、了解或使用: Students need easy access to books. (学生需要有方便的借书途径。)

【1995年试题】“Knowledge is power” may well be the truest saying and access to information may be the most critical requirement of all people. (“知识就是力量”很可能是最正确的说法, 而得到信息可能是所有人最迫切的需要。)

vt. 存取(计算机文件)。

【同根词】**accessible adj.** 容易取得、进入、达到的: The books are easily accessible as all the shelves are open. (书架是敞开式的, 易于取阅书籍。)

accessory [ək'sesəri]

n. (usu. pl.) 1. 附属品; 配件; 附件: bicycle accessories, eg lamp, pump, etc 自行车附件(如车灯、打气筒等)。

2. (尤指妇女的) 服装配饰物(如皮带、手提包等)。

3. 从犯: an accessory to murder 谋杀的从犯。

adj. (= additional; extra) 附加的; 额外的。

accident [ˈæksɪd(ə)nt]

n. 1. 事故: He related just how the accident had occurred. (他讲述事故是怎样发生的。)

2. 偶然的事: Your meeting us was a mere accident. (你遇到我们纯属偶然。)

【成语】

• **by accident** (= accidentally) 偶然地: Columbus discovered America by accident. (哥伦布偶然发现美洲。)

• **by accident of** (= by the chance or luck of) 靠…的机运: By accident of birth he was rich. (他有福气, 生于富家。)

【同根词】**accidental** [ˌæksɪ'dent(ə)l] **adj.** 意外的, 偶然的: a verdict of accidental death 意外死亡的裁决; an accidental meeting with a friend 偶然遇到一位朋友。 **accidentally adv.** 意外地。

acclaim [ə'kleɪm]

vt. (= welcome sb./sth. with shouts of approval) 为[向]…欢呼; 欢呼拥戴: Critics acclaimed the new play. (评论家称赞这个新剧本。)

n. (= enthusiastic approval, praise) 称赞, 赞扬 (不可数): The new opera was greeted with universal acclaim. (这个新歌剧受到普遍的赞扬。)

【同根词】*acclamation n.* 高声热烈的赞同; 欢呼, 喝彩。

accommodate [ə'kɒmədeɪt]

vt. 1. (= provide lodging or room for sb.) 容纳, 接纳, 招待住宿: This big bedroom will accommodate six beds. (这间大卧室能住 6 人。)

2. (= change and adjust... to...) 使... 适应 (to):

【2003 年试题】And they also need to give serious thought to how they can best accommodate such changes. (他们还需要认真思考如何才能适应这些变化。)

【近义词】*conform to*。

3. (= help by doing sth.) 帮忙解决困难: The bank will accommodate you with a loan. (这家银行将给你一笔贷款帮助你解决困难。)

【同根词】*accommodation(s)* [ə,kɒmə'deɪʃ(ə) n]

n. 1. [英] 住处 (不可数) 2. [美] 膳宿, 招待 (多作复数): motel accommodations 汽车旅馆的膳宿。He wired the hotel for accommodations. (他打电话给旅馆订膳宿。)

3. 适应, 妥协 (不可数): The accommodation of our desires to a smaller income took some time. (使我们的要求适应更低的收入需要一段时间。)

accompany [ə'kʌmpəni]

vt. 1. 陪伴, 伴随 (到某处): He said he was going to accompany her home. (他说, 他将陪她回家。)

2. 与... 同时发生: Lightning usually accompanies thunder. (雷声通常伴随闪电而来。)

3. 伴奏: Her mother accompanied her on the piano. (她母亲弹钢琴为她伴奏。)

【同根词】*accomplice n.* 同谋犯。 *accompanist n.* 伴奏者。 *accompaniment n.* 伴随物, 与之俱来之物; 伴奏。

accomplish [ə'kʌmplɪʃ]

vt. (= succeed in doing sth.; complete successfully; achieve) 完成, 取得 (成就), 实现, 达到 (目标): The builders have accomplished the difficult piece of work. (建筑师已经顺利完成了这项艰难任务。)

【近义词】*realize, complete, achieve, fulfill*。

【同根词】*accomplished adj.* 有造诣的, 有修养的: He was the most accomplished man I had ever known. (他是我曾知道的最有造诣的人。)

accomplished fact 既成事实。 *accomplishment n.* 完成, 实现 (不可数); 成就, 修养 (可数): accomplishment of one's purpose 实现某人的目的。

accord [ə'kɔ:d]

n. 协议: The Camp David accords contained the following key provisions. (戴维营协议包括下列主要条款。)

【成语】

• *in accord (with)* 符合, 一致: Our views on politics are not in accord. (我们对政治的看法不一致。)

• *of one's own accord* 自愿地, 自动地: Mary came of her own accord. (玛丽是自愿来的。)

• *with one accord* 异口同声地: They cheered him with one accord. (他们异口同声为他喝彩。)

vt. (= give or grant sth. to sb.) 给予, 赠与: He was accorded a warm welcome. (人们向他表示热烈的欢迎。)

vi. (= [of a thing] agree or be in harmony with sth.) 与... 相符合 (with): Her actions accorded with their wishes. (她的行动与他们的愿望相一致。)

【同根词】*accordance* [ə'kɔ:d(ə)ns] *n.* 用于 in accordance with 按照: In accordance with your wishes, I have written to him. (按照你的愿望, 我已给他写信。)

according to prep. 1. (引导状语) 按照, 根据: From each according to his abilities, to each according to his needs. (各尽所能, 按需分配。)

2. 根据 (某人说的话等): According to John, there will be a meeting next week. (根据约翰的话, 下周要开会。)

3. (引导表语) 符合, 合乎: Is it according to international law? (这是符合国际法的吗?)

accordingly [ə'kɔ:dɪŋli] *adv.* 按照所说/所发生的情况, 照着, 于是, 因此: We must promptly make plans accordingly. (我们按照所说必须很快制订计划。)

account [ə'kaʊnt]

n. 1. 叙述, 报道; 解释: He gave her, in return, a full account of his progress. (作为回应, 他向她全面叙述自己的进步。)

2. 账目 (可数): The accounts were perfectly in order. (这些账目井井有条。)

3. 银行账户 (可数): I opened an account at my bank in your name. (我以你的名义在我的银行开了户头。)

4. 算账, 计算 (多作复数): He's quick at accounts. (他账算得很快。)

【成语】

• *call sb. to account* 1. 让某人作解释 (为什么做错事): The principal called Jim to account after he left school without permission. (在吉姆未经批准离校后, 校长让他作解释。)

2. 斥责, 惩罚: The father called his son to account for disobeying him. (父亲斥责儿子说明不孝的原因。)

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- **keep account of** 计较: I do not keep account of what you say at all. (我根本不计较你说的话。)
- **leave out of account** 没考虑到: The picnic planners left out of account that it might rain. (野餐安排人没有想到天会下雨。)
- **of... account** 具有...重要性: It's a matter of great account. (这事非常重要。)
- **on account** 赊账: I bought the car on account. (我赊账买车。)
- **on account of** 由于: At first Philip hesitated on account of the expense. (起初菲利普由于费用问题犹豫不决。)
- **on no account** (=not on any account) 绝不要, 无论如何不要。
- **settle accounts with** 找...算账。
- **take account of** (=take into account) 考虑。
- **turn [put] to (good) account** 加以利用: Let us turn this dictionary to good account. (让我们充分利用这本词典。)

vt./vi. 1. (= consider) 认为...是 (**vt.**): He accounted himself lucky to be alive. (他认为自己能活着是运气。) 2. (= give an explanation or reason for) 说明...原因, 解释 (**for**): 占: **【2003年试题】** As recently as 1995, the top four railroads accounted for under 70 percent of the total ton-miles moved by rails. (早在1995年, 最大的四条铁路的运输吨-英里数在铁路运输总吨-英里数中占不到百分之七十。) 3. (= kill, shoot, or catch) 干掉, 击落, 消灭, 打死 (**for**): Two masked intruders were accounted for by security men. (两个戴面罩的入侵者被保安战士打死了。)

【同根词】 **accountant** *n.* 会计师; 会计员。
accountable (= responsible) *adj.* 有责任的。
accountability *n.* 责任; 解释。 **accountancy** *n.* 会计职业。

accumulate [ə'kjumjuleɪt]

vt. (= gather, pile up, collect) 积累: He quickly accumulated a large fortune. (他很快积累了一笔财富。)

vi. 堆积, 越积越多: Snow accumulated on the ground. (地上雪越积越多。)

【同根词】 **accumulation** *n.* 堆积; 堆积物。
accumulative *adj.* 积累的, 有积聚力的。
accumulator *n.* 蓄电池; 数字储存器。

accuracy [ækjʊərəsi]

n. 准确(性)(不可数): There is need to check the accuracy of the report. (有必要检查这个报告的准

确性。)

【同根词】 **accurate** [ækjʊrət] *adj.* 精确的, 正确无误的: an accurate clock 准确的钟。

accuse [ə'kju:z]

vt. (= charge sb. with) 指控, 指责, 控告 (**of**): The police accused him of murder. (警方控告他谋杀。)

【同根词】 **accused** *n.* 被告。 **accuser** *n.* 原告。
accusing *adj.* 指责的, 非难的, 谴责的。
accusive *adj.* 好指控的。

accustom [ə'kʌstəm]

vt. (= make used to) 使习惯于: He had to accustom himself to the cold weather of his new country. (他必须适应他新到达的这个国家的寒冷天气。)

【同根词】 **accustomed** *adj.* 1. [作定语] (= usual; habitual) 通常的; 惯常的: He took his accustomed seat by the fire. (他坐在火炉旁他常坐的座位上。) 2. [作表语] (= used to) 习惯于某事物: I soon got accustomed to his strange ways. (我不久就习惯了他那些奇怪的做法。)

ache [eɪk]

n. (持续的)疼痛(可数): She felt an ache in her arm. (她感到胳膊痛。)

There were aches in his joints. (他的关节痛。)

【合成词】 **toothache** 牙痛; **stomachache** 胃痛; **headache** 头痛。

vi. 疼: My leg ached and I was tired. (我腿痛, 累极了。)

achieve [ə'tʃi:v]

vt. (= finish successfully) 取得(胜利、成功等), 实现(目标、目的等): achieve a triumph of reason 取得理性的胜利; achieve one's ambition 实现雄心; achieve popularity 受到普遍欢迎; achieve fame 得到名气; achieve success 取得成功; achieve one's aims 达到目的; achieved one's purpose 达到目的; achieve one's goal 实现目标; achieve peace 取得和平; achieve results 取得成果。

【同根词】 **achievable** *adj.* 完成的, 可取得成就的。
achievement *n.* 完成, 达到; 成就, 成绩。

acid [æsɪd]

n. 酸(可数): Acids react with bases to form salts. (酸与碱作用形成盐。)

adj. 酸的, 尖刻的: acid remarks 尖刻的言语; Lemons have an acid taste. (柠檬具有酸味。)

【同根词】 **acidify** *vt.* 使酸化。 **acidity** *n.* 酸性, 酸味。

acknowledge [ək'nɒlɪdʒ]

vt. 1. (= admit the existence, reality, or truth of)

承认。【2006年试题】Dr. Worm acknowledges that these figures are conservative. (沃姆博士承认, 这些数字是保守的。) 2. (= show one is grateful for) (用馈赠或言辞)表示感谢, 做出反应: His long service with the company was acknowledged with a present. (公司送他一份礼物, 答谢他对公司的长期服务。) 【1996年试题】I acknowledge with thanks the help of my colleagues in the preparation of this new column. (我衷心感谢我的同事们在开辟这个新专栏中所给予的帮助。) 3. 表示收到: We must acknowledge his letter. (我们必须表示收到了他的来信。) 4. 向...打招呼或微笑(表示认识): The host acknowledged our greeting. (主人向我们打招呼。)

【同根词】acknowledged *adj.* 公认的。

acknowledgement *n.* 承认; 答谢; 打招呼。

acquaint [ə'kwent]

vt. (= make sb. familiar with sth.) 使熟悉: You must acquaint yourself with your new duties. (你必须了解你的新任务。)

【成语】

• be acquainted with 熟悉, 了解, 认识: I am already acquainted with the facts. (我已经知道真相。)

【同根词】acquaintance [ə'kwent(ə)ns] *n.* 1. 熟悉, 认识(不可数): I had some slight acquaintance with him. (我对他稍有了解。) 2. 熟识的人(可数): Lewis was my closest acquaintance. (刘易思是我最熟识的人。)

【成语】

• make sb.'s acquaintance (= make the acquaintance of sb.) 结识, 认识(某人): Where did you make his acquaintance? (你在何处认识他的?)

acquire [ə'kwairə]

vt. (= get sth. gradually step by step through efforts) (经过一个过程或通过自己的努力等)得到, 获得; 收购(工厂、土地等): acquire knowledge, skills 学到知识、技能。He acquired hundreds of books at last. (他最终得到了几百本书。)

【成语】

• an acquired taste 逐渐培养的爱好。

【同根词】acquisition [ˌækwi'ziʃ(ə)n] *n.* 取得, 获得; 得到的东西或人; 收购, 兼并: 【2001年试题】

The world is going through the biggest wave of mergers and acquisitions ever witnessed. (世界正在经历着前所未有的最大的合并和收购浪潮。)

acquisitive *adj.* 贪得无厌的, 一味追求的; an

acquisitive collector 贪多务得的收藏家。

acquisitively *adv.* 贪得无厌地。 acquisitiveness

n. 贪得无厌。

acre ['eikə]

n. 英亩(等于4840平方码或约4050平方米)。

【同根词】acreage *n.* 英亩数。

acrobat ['ækrəbæt]

n. 杂技演员。

【同根词】acrobatic *adj.* 杂技的。 acrobatics *n.* 杂技。

across [ə'krɒs]

prep. 1. 穿过, 跨过(从一边到一边): Kate went across the street to make some purchases. (凯特穿过街道去买点东西。) 2. 在(河、街等)另一边: We shall be soon across the channel. (我们很快就将到海峡的另一边。) 有时和 from 连用, 表示“(= opposite sth.) 从...的那一边”: He addressed me from across the room. (他从房间的那一边同我讲话。) 3. 交叉: He sat with his arms across the chest. (他坐着双臂交叉在胸前。) 4. 在...全境, 在...境内: across the country 在全国。

adv. 1. 过来, 过去(从一边到一边): He came across slowly, then sat down on the edge of the bed. (他慢慢走过来, 坐在床边。) 2. (= from side to side) 从这边到那边之间, 宽: The stream is 6 feet across. (这条溪6英尺宽。)

act [ækt]

v. 1. (= take an action) (采取)行动: Think before you act! (先思考后行动。) 2. (= behave) 做, 行事: He acts like a child. (他行事像个孩子。)

3. 演戏, 演出: He acts very well. (他演得很好。)

4. 装假: I can't take her seriously because she always seems to be acting. (她老是像在演戏一样, 所以我无法把她当真。) 5. 扮演, 演出: She acts Mary Pinch. (她扮演 Mary Pinch。) 6. 起作用: The brakes wouldn't act, so there was an accident. (闸不起作用, 所以出事了。)

【同根词】acting *adj.* 代理的。 activist *n.* 积极分子。 actively *adv.* 积极地。

【成语】

• act as (= perform the role of sth. or sb.) 充当, 起...作用: to act as a catalyst 起催化剂作用。 to act as go-between 充当中间人。

• act for 代理(某人职务), 代为(处理某事): He acted for Smith while he was ill. (史密斯有病期间由他代理。)

• act on sb.'s advice [orders, etc] 按某人的劝告[命令等]行事: I was acting to some extent on the



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advice of Quinn. (我在某种程度上按 Quinn 的劝告行事。)

• **act upon** [on] 对…起作用: Alcohol acts on the brain. (酒精对大脑有作用。)

n. 1. 行为, 行动; (戏剧中的)一幕(可数)。 2. 演出节目; 法案。

【同根词】**action** [ækʃ(ə)n] **n.** 行动, 行为; 作用, 性能; 作战, 战斗; 诉讼; 故事, 情节。

【成语】

- **go** [come] **into action** 开始战斗, 开始行动。
- **put sth. out of action** 使…失去作用, 使…失去战斗力。
- **take action** 采取行动。

【同根词】**activate** [æktɪveɪt] **vt.** (= make (sth.) active) 使(某事物)活动; 激活: The burglar alarm was activated by mistake. (防盗铃误响了。) **active** [æktɪv] **adj.** 活跃的, 积极的: active in community affairs 积极于社区事务, an active volcano 活火山。 **activity** [æk'tɪvɪti] **n.** 活跃或积极状态; 具体活动。 **actor** [æktə] **n.** 演员。 **actress** [æktrɪs] **n.** (= woman actor) 女演员。

actual [æktʃuəl]

adj. 实际上的, 确实的。

【成语】

- **in actual fact** 实际上。

【同根词】**actuality** **n.** 真实, 实在; 事实。

actually **adv.** 实际地。

acute [ə'kju:t]

adj. 1. 敏锐的: He is an acute observer. (他是一位敏锐的观察家。) 2. 强烈的, 剧烈的, 尖锐的, 锐(角): an air of acute anxiety 一副强烈焦虑的神情。 She had an acute headache. (她头痛剧烈。) 3. 急性(疾病)的, 严重的: an acute lack of food 食品严重短缺。

【反义词】**chronic** 慢性的。

adapt [ə'dæpt]

vt. /vi. 1. (= change so as to be or make suitable for new needs, different conditions, etc) 改变, 使适应(多作 **vt.**): We adapted ourselves to the hot weather. (我们适应了炎热的天气。) 2. 改编: Let's try to adapt this old play to our needs. (咱们努力改编这个旧剧以适应我们的需要。) 3. 翻改, 改作(他用): We can adapt the barn for use as a garage. (我们能够把谷仓改作车库用。)

【同根词】**adaptable** **adj.** 能适用的。 **adaptation** **n.** 适应; 改编。 **adapter** **n.** 改编者。

add [æd]

vt. /vi. 1. 加, 加入, 增加: [2006年试题] The

worthy residents of Stratford doubt that the theatre adds a penny to their revenue. (斯特拉福可敬的居民们怀疑, 这个戏院是否对他们的收入有什么贡献。) 2. 接着说, 还说: "They don't know," he added. ("他们不知道," 他接着说。)

【成语】

- **add in** 加进去: Would you add in these items, please, in order to complete the list? (请你把这些项目加进去以完成这张单子行吗?)
- **add to** (= increase) 增加, 加强: This adds to our difficulties. (这就增加了我们的困难。)
- **add up** 加起来: These figures don't add up right. (这些数字加得不对。)
- **add up to** (总起来看)说明…, 意味着; 总共有:

[1998年试题] Even so, that gain adds up to only 11.4 percent, lowest in American annual records except for the Depression years. (即使如此, 那个增长量总计只占 11.4%, 是除了大萧条年代以外美国人口年增长记录中最低的。)

【同根词】**addition** **n.** 加法, 补充, 增加。

additional [ə'dɪʃən(ə)l] **adj.** 附加的, 另外的, 更多的。

【成语】

- **in addition** 此外。
- **in addition to** 除了…之外(还有)。

addict [ə'dɪkt]

n. 1. 离不开麻醉药、酒类等的人; 有瘾的人: a heroin addict (有海洛因毒瘾的人) 2. 对某事物有强烈兴趣的人: a chess/TV/football addict 棋/电视/足球迷。

【同根词】**addicted** [ə'dɪktɪd] **adj.** [作表语](to) 1. 成习惯而离不开某事物; 对某事物有瘾: be addicted to drugs, alcohol, tobacco, etc 对麻醉药、酒、烟等上瘾了。 [2006年试题] Part of the problem is that many homeless adults are addicted to alcohol or drugs. (部分问题是许多无家可归的成年人对酒精或毒品上了瘾。) 2. 对某事物有强烈兴趣而成为嗜好或消遣的: be addicted to TV soap operas 沉迷于电视连续剧。 **addiction** [ə'dɪkʃ(ə)n] **n.** (to sth.) 瘾; 沉溺: heroin addiction 海洛因毒瘾。 **addictive** [ə'dɪktɪv] **adj.** 使人上瘾的: addictive drugs 使人上瘾的麻醉药物。

address [ə'dres]

vt. 1. 写地址, 把…寄给, 向…提出: Please address this letter for me. (请你替我把信写上地址。) Please address all enquiries to this office. (请向这个办事处提出所有询问。) 2. (= speak) 对…讲话(尤指作演说): President Fidel Castro of Cuba

addressed the United Nations. (古巴主席菲德尔·卡斯特罗向联合国发表讲演。) 3. 称呼: He addressed her as "Miss Mattie". (他称她为“曼蒂小姐”。)

【成语】

• **address oneself to** (= put oneself to work at) 着手[忙着]做(某事); 论述, 向...讲话: He addressed himself to the main difficulty. (他着手处理主要的难题。) He addressed himself to the crowd. (他对群众讲话。)

n. 地址; 对公众的讲话。

adequate ['ædɪkw(ə)t]

adj. 1. (= enough for the purpose) 足够的, 充分的: The supply is not adequate to the demand. (供不应求。) 2. (= having the necessary ability or qualities) 恰当的, 胜任的, 让人满意的: I hope you will prove adequate to the job. (我希望你能胜任这个工作。)

【反义词】**inadequate adj.** 不够的: [2005 年试题] But research alone is inadequate. (但是单单研究是不够的。)

adhere [əd'hɪə]

vi. 1. (= stick firmly to) 粘连, 粘附在...上: The two surfaces adhered (to each other), and we couldn't get them apart. (这两个面互相粘连, 我们无法把它们分开。) 2. (= support firmly, remain faithful to) 坚持, 遵守, 忠于(to): adhere to a determination/a habit/an opinion/the mass line/a contract 坚持决心/习惯/观点/群众路线/合同。

【同根词】**adherence n.** 粘着。 **adherent adj.** 拥护者, 信奉者, 党徒。 **adhesion n.** 粘连, 粘连物。 **adhesive n.** 黏性物质。 **adhesive adj.** 有黏性的。

adjacent [ə'dʒeɪs(ə)nt]

adj. (= situated near or next to sth.) 与某物邻近的; 毗连的; 接近的; 相接触的(to): My room is adjacent to his. (我的房间与他的相连接。)

【同根词】**adjacency n.** 邻近。 **adjacently adv.** 邻近地。

adjective ['ædʒɪktɪv] n. (语法)形容词。

adjoin [ə'dʒɔɪn]

vt./vi. (= be next to, very close to, or touching each other) 与...相连: The garage adjoins the house. (车库与房子相连。)

adjust [ə'dʒʌst]

vt./vi. (= change slightly, esp. in order to make suitable for a particular job or new conditions) 调整, 校准; 使适应; 适应: I must adjust my watch;

it's slow. (我得校准我的表; 它走慢了。)

[2006 年试题] Dr. Myers and other researchers hold that people should adjust the fishing baseline to the changing situation. (Myers 博士和其他研究人员认为, 人们应该调整捕鱼底线来适应不断变化的情况。)

【同根词】**adjustable adj.** 可调准的。

adjustment n. 调整; 适应; to make adjustments 调整; 调节。

administer [əd'mɪnɪstə]

vt. 1. (= control, esp. the business or affairs of a person or group) 管理, 照料: They had the right to administer their own internal affairs. (他们有权管理自己的内部事务。) 2. (= put into operation; make work; give) 执行, 施行; 给予: The Red Cross administers aid in disaster areas. (红十字会施行灾区的救助。) She administered the medicine to the sick woman. (她给生病的女人喂药。)

【同根词】**administration [əd,mɪnɪ'streɪʃ(ə)n] n.**

1. (行政) 管理: The company has all along been under our administration. (这家公司一直在我们的管理之下。) 有时指“管理部门”(和 the 连用): the school administration 学校管理部门。 2. (美) 政府: the Administration 美国政府。 3. 执行: The administration of justice is often difficult. (执行公正常常是很难的。) **administrative adj.** 行政的, 管理的。 **administrator n.** 行政官, 管理人。

admire [əd'maɪə]

vt. (= regard with pleasure and respect) 欣赏, 钦佩, 佩服: He much admires your poems. (他十分欣赏你的诗。) I admire her for her bravery. (我钦佩她的勇气。) [2004 年试题] Intellect, according to Hofstadter, is different from native intelligence, a quality we reluctantly admire. (按照 Hofstadter 的看法, 理性才智与天智截然不同; 天智是一种我们不愿意崇尚的品质。)

【同根词】**admirable adj.** 可钦佩的。

admiration n. 钦佩; 可赞赏的人或物。 **admirer n.** 羡慕者, 钦佩者。

admit [əd'mɪt]

vt./vi. 1. (= permit sb. to enter; let in) 允许进入, 使能进入: This ticket will admit three to the concert. (这张票允许 3 人进入音乐会。) 2. (= have space or room for) 容纳得下: The theatre only admits 1 000 persons. (这座戏院只能容纳 1 000 人。) 有时表示“容许”: The facts admit no other explanation. (这些事实不容许有其他解释。)





3. *vt.* 承认: The thief admitted his crime. (这个小偷已承认他的罪行。)

【成语】

• *admit* 为容许,有…余地: Your conduct admits of no excuse. (你的行为不容原谅。)

• *admit* 为承认: He admitted to the murder. (他承认杀了人。)

【同根词】 *admission* [əd'mɪʃ(ə)n] *n.* 1. 进入,入场(不可数): Admission by ticket only. (凭票入场。) 2. 承认: The accused man refused to make an admission of his guilt. (被告拒绝承认他有罪。)

admissible *adj.* 可容许的,可采纳的;值得考虑的。 *admittance* *n.* 准许进入: No admittance—keep out! (严禁入内!)

adolescent [ˌædə'les(ə)nt]

adj. 青春期的;青春期特有的: adolescent boys 青春的男子。

n. 青少年(介于儿童与成人之间的年轻人,大约13至17岁之间者)。

adopt [ə'dɒpt]

vt. 1. 采取,采用,采纳: to adopt this policy 采纳这项政策。 2. (= approve formally; accept) 正式通过;接受: The conference unanimously adopted Lenin's line. (这次会议一致通过了列宁的路线。) 3. 收养: They proposed to adopt me as their own son. (他们提出收养我作为他们自己的儿子。)

【同根词】 *adoption* *n.* 收养;采取。 *adoptive* *adj.* 具有收养关系的: They are little Susan's adoptive parents. (他们是小苏珊的养父母。)

adore [ə'dɔ:]

vt. 1. (= love deeply and respect highly) 钟爱,敬爱,疼爱: Her husband absolutely adored her. (她的丈夫非常钟爱她。) 2. (= like very much) 非常喜欢: I adore chocolate. (我非常喜欢巧克力。)

3. (= worship as God) 崇拜。

【同根词】 *adorable* *adj.* 很可爱的。 *adoration* *n.* 爱慕,敬重。

adult [ˈædʌlt]

adj./n. 成年的;成年人: adult education 成人教育。

advance [əd'vɑ:ns]

v. 1. (= move or come forward, develop) 往前走,向前推进,有进展: I signed to him to keep away, but he continued to advance. (我做手势让他闪开点,但他仍继续往前走。) 2. 提高,提拔,促进: The shopkeepers advanced their prices. (店主提高了价格。) They began to appreciate him and advance him fast. (他们开始赞赏他并很快提拔他。) His

work advanced the science of microbiology. (他的工作促进了微生物科学。) 3. 涨价: Sugar has advanced two cents per pound. (糖每磅涨了两分。)

4. 预支,借(钱): He asked the employer to advance him a month's salary. (他请老板给他预支一个月工资。) 5. 提出(看法、建议等): to advance a theory/a plan/suggestion/a claim for damages/ one's opinion 提出一个理论/计划/建议/赔偿要求/观点。

n. 1. 前进(不可数): The army's advance was very slow. (部队前进很慢。) We were confident that the moment was ripe for advance. (我们相信,前进的时刻已经成熟。) 2. 进展,进步(可数): make advances 取得进步。 3. 预支,借钱(可数): I was given an advance of a month's pay. (我预支一个月的薪水。)

adj. 在前的,预先的: give advance notice 预先通知。

【成语】

• *in advance* 事前,提前: They will pay a hundred and thirty francs in advance. (他们将预付130法郎。)

• *in advance of* 在…前面: She walked 2 yards in advance of her husband. (她走在她丈夫前面二码。)

【同根词】 *advancement* *n.* 前进,进步;增进,促进;晋升,(被)提拔。 *advanced* *adj.* 先进的;高深的,高级的;年老的,时间过去很多: My views are too advanced for him. (我的观点对他来说是太先进了。) He's advanced in years. (他年事已高。)

advantage [əd'vɑ:ntɪdʒ]

n. 好处,优越之处(可数)。

【成语】

• *have an advantage over* 在…方面比…有利。

• *have the advantage of* 有…的长处。

• *take advantage of* 利用(某人的处境、弱点等);利用(机会等)。

• *to sb.'s advantage* 对(某人)有利。

• *to the best advantage* 最有利地。

• *turn sth. to advantage* 使发挥作用,充分利用。

【同根词】 *advantageous* [ˌædvən'teɪdʒəs] *adj.* 有利的,有益的,有助的;便利的: It is advantageous to us. (这对我们有利。) *advantageously* *adv.* 有利地。

【反义词】 *disadvantage* *n.* 不足之处。

advent [ˈædvənt]

n. (= the approach or arrival of (an important person, event, etc)) (重要人物、事件等的)来临,到来: With the advent of the new chairman, the

company began to prosper. (随着新主席的到来, 公司开始有了起色。)

adventure [əd'ventʃə]

n. 1. 惊险的事, 有危险的事。 2. 令人兴奋的经历: The trip to Florida was an adventure for Helen. (到佛罗里达旅行对海伦来说是令人兴奋的经历。)

vt. / vi. 拿...冒险; 使遭受危险; 冒险: to adventure one's life 冒生命危险。

【同根词】**adventurous *adj.*** 喜欢冒险的, 大胆的; 有冒险性的; an adventurous life 冒险生活。

adventurously *adv.* 冒险地。 **adventurousness *n.*** 冒险性。

adverb ['ædvɜ:b]

n. 副词。

【同根词】**adverbial ['ædvəbiəl] *adj.*** 状语的。

adverse ['ædvɜ:s]

adj. (=not favorable, contrary) 逆(风)的; 不利的; (= hostile; opposing) 敌对的; 反对的: Adverse winds hinder ships. (逆风阻碍船舶。) Don't be discouraged by adverse criticism. (不要因为非难而泄气。) The judge gave us an adverse decision. (法官做出对我们不利的判决。)

【同根词】**adversely *adv.*** 不利地: His health was adversely affected by the climate. (他的健康因气候影响而严重受损。) **adversity [əd'vɜ:sɪti] *n.*** 逆境; 不幸; 厄运; 祸事; 苦难: We face adversity with courage. (我们有勇气面对厄运。)

advertise ['ædvətaɪz]

vt. / vi. 1. 登广告说, 为...登广告: If you want to sell your product you must advertise it. (如果你想出售你的产品, 你必须为它做广告。) 2. 登广告 (for) 征求 [找寻]: We advertised for a house in several weekly periodicals. (我们在几家周刊上登广告寻找房子。)

【同根词】**advertisement *n.*** 做广告, 登广告; (= ad) 广告。 **advertiser *n.*** 登广告的人。

advertising *n.* 广告宣传; 做广告: a national advertising campaign 一场全国性广告宣传攻势; advertising revenue 广告收入。

advice [əd'vaɪs]

n. 1. 劝告, 忠告, 建议, 意见: a piece of advice 一条意见。 Good advice is beyond price. (好的意见是无法估价的。) 2. [商] 消息, 报告 [pl.]: Advices from China show that there will be no war. (来自中国的报导表明, 将不会有战争。)

【同根词】**advisable [əd'vaɪzəb(ə)l] *adj.*** 明智的, 可取的: It is advisable to leave now/that you

leave now. (最好现在离开。)

advise [əd'vaɪz]

vt. / vi. 1. 劝, 建议, 给...出主意: The doctor advises a change of air. (医生建议换换空气。)

2. (=give notice to; inform) 通知: I have advised her that we are coming. (我已经通知她我们正前往。)

【合成词】**ill-advised** 失策的, 愚蠢的; **well-advised** 明智的: You should be well-advised to stay at home today. (今天你留在家里才是上策。)

【同根词】**advisedly *adv.*** (=after careful thought; purposely) 经过深思熟虑地; 故意地: He cut down the tree advisedly, as it was diseased. (那棵树有病, 他经过深思熟虑后把它砍掉。) **adviser *n.*** 顾问。 **advisory *adj.*** 劝告的, (供)咨询的。

【成语】

• **advise against** 劝...不要: Her father advise her against marrying in haste. (她父亲劝她不要仓促结婚。)

advocate ['ædvəkeɪt]

vt. (= defend, support) 倡导, 提倡, 主张: The council advocated a change of policy. (议会主张改变政策。)

n. 倡导者, 鼓吹者: He is an advocate of better school house. (他是建立更好校舍的倡导者。)

【同根词】**advocacy ['ædvəkəsi] *n.*** (对观点、生活方式、个人等的) 支持, 拥护; 主张; 提倡 **advocator *n.*** 拥护者, 提倡者。

aerial ['eəriəl]

n. (=antenna) 天线。

adj. 1. 从飞行器上的; 从空中的: aerial bombardment, photography 空中轰炸、空中摄影术。 2. 存在或悬浮于空中的: an aerial railway 架空铁道; 高架铁道。 3. (似)空气的。

aeroplane ['eərəpleɪn] (=airplane)

n. 飞机。

aesthetic/esthetic [i:s'θetɪk]

adj. 1. 有关美的; 美学的: aesthetic standards 美学标准; an aesthetic sense 美感。 2. 对美和美的事物欣赏的; 审美的: an aesthetic person 有美感的人。 3. (=pleasing to look at; artistic; tasteful) 悦目的; 艺术的; 雅致的: aesthetic design 美观的设计。

【同根词】**aesthetically *adv.*** aesthetically pleasing 美观可爱的。 **aestheticism [i:s'θetɪsɪz(ə)m] *n.*** 唯美主义。 **aesthetics [i:s'θetɪks] *n.*** 美学, 审美学。

affair [ə'feə(r)]



A

n. 事, 事情; 事务; 事件: They have no right to interfere in the internal affairs of Iran. (他们没有权利干预伊朗的内部事务。)

【近义词】thing, matter.

affect [ə'fekt]

vt. 1. (= influence) 影响: Smoking affects health. (吸烟影响健康。) The amount of rain affects the growth of crops. (雨量影响作物生长。) 2. (= cause the feelings of) 引起感情波动: He was deeply affected by the news of her death. (她死去的消息使他深感悲伤。) 3. (= [of a disease] attack) 感染: Her heart and kidneys had become affected. (她的心和肾已经受到感染。) 4. (= pretend to feel, have, do) 假装, 佯作: He affected surprise/indifference. (他假装惊奇/漠不关心。) 5. (= show a liking for) 喜欢: He affects long words that few people can understand. (他喜欢用没有几个人听得懂的字。)

【同根词】**affectation n.** 虚假, 不自然的行为: She is sincere and quite without affectation. (她诚挚而不虚假。) **affected adj.** [贬] 不自然的, 虚假的: She showed an affected interest in his art. (她假装对他的艺术作品有兴趣。) **affecting adj.** 令人感动的: an affecting experience 令人感动的经历。

affection [ə'fekʃ(ə)n]

n. (= gentle, lasting love, as of a parent for its child, fondness) 真挚的感情, 慈爱, 爱情: He thanked her with genuine affection. (他以真挚的感情感谢她。)

【近义词】love, respect, admiration.

【同根词】**affectionate adj.** 亲爱的, 挚爱的。

affectionately adv. [用于信的结尾] Affectionately, your brother Bill. (你亲爱的哥哥比尔。)

affiliate [ə'filiət]

vt./vi. (= join or connect) (使)加入, 附属于, 联合 (with/to): The two clubs were affiliated with each other. (这两个俱乐部互相联合在一起。) The College is affiliated to the University. (这个学院附属于这座大学。)

n. 分支机构: **2011年试题** International affiliates account for a fast-growing segment of production in economies that open up and welcome foreign investment. (在开拓和欢迎外来投资的国家中, 国际联营分支机构占有的生产份额迅速增加。)

【同根词】**affiliation n.** 入会, 加入, 联合; 关系。

affirm [ə'fɜ:m]

vt. (= assert) 肯定 (地说), 确认, 证明: He affirmed his love for her. (他肯定对她的爱。) He affirmed that he was telling the truth. (他断言他说的是实话。)

【同根词】**affirmative adj.** 肯定的, 赞成的: be on the affirmative 持肯定态度。 **affirmation n.** 肯定, 确认, 证明。

affluent [æ'fluənt]

adj. (= rich; prosperous) 富裕的; 丰富的; 繁荣的: affluent circumstances 富裕的环境; an affluent lifestyle 富足的生活方式。 His parents were very affluent. (他的父母很富裕。)

【同根词】**affluence n.** 富裕。

afford [ə'fɔ:d]

vt. 1. (和 can, could, be able to 连用) 有 (时间、经济等) 条件 (做某事); 出得起, 买得起; 经得起: He can't afford to do it. (他没有条件做这件事。) I can't afford going every night. (每晚都去我赔不起这个时间。) 2. (= provide with supply with; give) 给予, 使得到: The trees afford a pleasant shade. (这些树木提供了令人舒适的阴凉处。)

【注意】afford 用于此词义时, 句子的主语必须是某事或某物, 不能用某人。

afraid [ə'freɪd]

adj. 1. 害怕 (人或物) (of): The police are afraid of them. (警方怕他们。) 2. 害怕/不敢 (做某事) (跟不定式): She was afraid to see you again. (她不敢再见到你。) 3. 害怕/担心 (发生某种情况) (of/that 从句): I was afraid of waking him. (我担心把他弄醒了。) 4. 恐怕 (用来使口气显得婉转一些) (多跟从句): I'm afraid I'm not much of a dancer. (恐怕我不是一个什么了不起的舞蹈家。)

after [ˈɑ:ftə]

prep. 1. 在...之后 (指时间或空间): After midnight, the party broke up. (半夜以后, 聚会才结束。) Shut the door after you. (随手关门。)

2. (= in spite of) 尽管: After all we've said, he still won't change his mind. (尽管我们都说了, 但他仍然不愿改变主意。) 3. (= in the manner or style of) 照...的样子, 跟着: It was a painting after the great master. (这是仿照大师手笔的画。) 4. (= with the name of) 以...之名: The boy was named after his uncle. (这男孩以他叔叔之名命名。)

【成语】

• be after 想得到, 寻求, 追求: You know what you're after. (你知道你想追求什么。)

conj. 在...之后: I will tell them after you leave.