初中

新课标

域は英馬が

总复习

- ・阅读写作双管齐下
- ・各种版本一网打尽
- · 名师指导周周练习
- ・详尽计划步步提高



◆北京出版社出版集团 北京教育 出版 社

湖



湖

主 编 陈业莹

湖

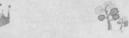




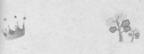
0/8















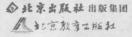
















0/8







图书在版编目(CIP)数据

初中英语读写周计划, 总复习/陈业莹主编, 一北京, 北京教育出版社, 2008.4

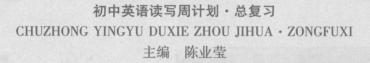
(读写周计划)

ISBN 978 -7 -5303 -6330 -0

Ⅰ. 初… Ⅱ. 陈… Ⅲ. ①英语—阅读教学—初中—教学参 考资料 ②英语一写作一初中一教学参考资料 IV. G634.413



中国版本图书馆 CIP 数据核字(2008)第 038655 号



北京出版社出版集团 北京教育出版社 (北京北三环中路6号) 邮政编码:100011

网 址: www. bph. com. cn 北京出版社出版集团总发行 新华书店经销 北京颀园印刷有限责任公司印刷

890×1240 32 开本 7.5 印张 2008年5月第1版 2008年5月第1次印刷 印数 1-20 000

ISBN 978 -7 -5303 -6330 -0/G • 6249 定价:12.80元

质量监督电话: 010-62380997 58572393











Week 1	语言学习	Language Learning	1
Week 2	个人经历	Personal Experiences	12
Week 3	社会规范	Rules and Regulations	23
Week 4	人际关系	Interpersonal Relationships	34
Week 5	青少年问题	Problems of Teenagers	- 45
Week 6	兴趣与爱好	Interests and Hobbies	56
Week 7	文艺与体育	Entertainments and Sports	66
Week 8	饮食与健康	Food and Health	74
Week 9	旅游与交通	Travel and Transport	85
Week 10	社会公益	Social Be- haviors	94
Week 11	历史与地理	History and Geography	105

Week 12	科普知识与现代技术	Popular Science and Modern Technology	114
Week 13	趣事与幽默	Humour	124
Week 14	休闲与娱乐	Entertainment	134
Week 15	风土人情	Customs and Culture	143
Week 16	气候天气	The Weather	152
Week 17	心理与健康	Psychology and Health	162
Week 18	广告与图表	Advertisement and Diagram	172
Week 19	世界和环境	The World and the Environment	182
Week 20	热点话题	Topical Issues	192
答案与解析			203
1			

英语新课程标准话题项目表



- 1. 个人情况 2. 家庭、朋友与周围的人 3. 周围的环境

- 4. 日常活动 5. 学校生活 6. 兴趣与爱好 7. 个人情感 8. 人际关系

- 9. 计划与愿望
- 10. 节假日活动 11. 购物
- 12. 饮食 13. 健康
- 14. 天气 15. 文娱与体育 16. 旅游和交通
- 17. 语言学习

- 18. 自然 19. 世界和环境 20. 科普知识与现代技术
- 21. 热点话题 22. 历史与地理
- 23. 社会 24. 文学与艺术



Language Learning



▲建议用时: 3 minutes 难度系数: ★★↓

A Page from Li Meng's Diary

Thursday, June 23

Sunny

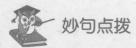
Today I was so happy to know that I did quite well in my last week's English exam. Thanks to Daniel, he taught me a new way of going over lessons. It is called "map idea".

Because of the map idea, I've learned how to find out the main idea in every lesson. And in my mind I can draw a map of all the important knowledge I need to remember. It's really good. I can remember so much in that way.

I had never thought of changing the way of my study before. I was always complaining about my poor memory, but now my memory has become good because of the map idea. It made my study much easier and more enjoyable. I realized learning how to learn well is the most important for us students.



diary 日记 knowledge 知识 complain 抱怨 memory 记忆力



And in my mind I can draw a map of all the important knowledge I need to remember.

【句意】在我的脑海里, 我把需要记忆的重要知识画成一张地图。

【点拨】in one's mind 表示 "在某人的脑海里"; I need to remember 是定语从句,修饰 knowledge, 此定语从句省略了关系代词 that/which。

I realized learning how to learn well is the most important for us students.

【句意】我意识到,对于我们学生而言,学会如何学习是最重要的。

【点拨】句子的谓语是 realized, 其后的 learning how... for us students 是一个宾语从句。在这个宾语从句中, learning how to learn well 是主语,谓语是 is。此宾语从句省略了引导词 that。



思维空间

根据上面的这篇日记,	用适当的词完成下列句子,	每空一词。

- 1. There was an English exam in Li Meng's class
- 2. Daniel taught Li Meng a good way to study. That is
- 3. Li Meng _____ complain about his bad memory.
- 4. Li Meng has learned a new way of ______ lessons.
- 5. It is the most important _____ how to learn well.



↓建议用时: 3 minutes 难度系数: ★★ 4

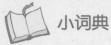
(2006 四川成都)

"Cool" is a word with many meanings. It can be used to express feelings of interest in <u>almost</u> everything. When we see a famous car in the street, maybe we will say, "It's cool." When we see a famous singer, we may say, "She's cool."



Today, we use the word "cool" to replace many words, such as "great"

or "nice". Here's an interesting story about the word "cool". A teacher asked his students to write about a large hall. One of his students wrote just one sentence, "It's so cool." Maybe he thought it was the best way to show what he saw and felt. But it also tells us that we should think of many other words to describe things we see and feel.



express 表达 replace 替代



Today, we use the word "cool" to replace many words, such as "great" or "nice".

【句意】如今,我们用 cool 这个词代替了很多词,如 great 或 nice。

【点拨】such as 是举例时常用的短语, 意为"例如, 如"。

Maybe he thought it was the best way to show what he saw and felt.

【句意】或许他认为这是表达他所看或所想的最好的方式。

【点拨】句子的谓语是 thought, 其后的 it was the best way to show what he saw and felt 是宾语从句,此从句省略了引导词 that。在这个宾语从句中,从句 what he saw and felt 做 show 的宾语。



思维空间

坦坦尼立丛区工场的恢复

TIK	加力	位人也往近佛的合衆。
()	1. Today, the word "cool" has
		A. only one meaning B. different meanings
		C. not any meanings
()	2. In the first paragraph, the underlined word "almost" means
		A. nearly B. mostly C. completely
()	3. The student in the 2nd paragraph used the word "cool" to describe
		A. a famous car B. a famous singer C. a large hall
()	4. If we are something, we may say, "It's cool."

A. interested in B. annoyed at the C. afraid of

(nu) 5. The writer tells us that we should describe things _____.

A. in only one way and the B. in an interesting way It would

of abrow to C. in many different ways on fact at allet oals to the title the was



▲建议用时: 5 minutes 难度系数: ★★★』

(2006 辽宁锦州)

Swimming and English Learning

Can you swim? Do you like swimming? Yes? Well, how can you learn to swim? I think the best way is to go into the water and learn. I'm afraid you'll never learn to swim just by reading books about swimming or looking at others swimming. It's the same with the English study for us kids today. We must practice, practice and practice.

Listening and speaking are very important for beginners. The children in English-speaking countries first listen to others. Then they try to imitate and speak. We can listen to English programs on radio. You may just understand a few words. It



doesn't matter. Just be relaxed, try to get the main topics, then the main ideas, then the main sentences, then the key words, then the full meaning. As for speaking, speak as much as you can.

Reading and writing are more important for school students. First we must choose the books we're interested in. A lot of reading will improve your language sense. This is the most important.

Keep writing English diaries. We can also write English articles. You may even post them to English magazines. Don't be afraid of failure. Failure is the mother of success.

Easier said than done. Well, let's do more practice from now on. I'm sure you'll learn English well in this way.

小词典

practice 练习 imitate 模仿 topic 论题,话题 main 主要的 sentence 句子 sense 感觉 article 文章 failure 失败



I'm afraid you'll never learn to swim just by reading books about swimming or looking at others swimming.

【句意】如果你只是读关于游泳的书或看别人游泳,恐怕你永远也学不会游泳。

【点拨】I'm afraid 是主句,其后的 you'll never... at others swimming 是一个宾语从句; by doing sth 表示"通过做某事"。

As for speaking, speak as much as you can.

【句意】至于"说"这方面,你要尽可能地多说英语。

【点拨】as for 是常用短语, 意为"至于, 关于"。as... as you can = as... as possible, 意思是"尽可能地……"。

First we must choose the books we're interested in.

【句意】首先我们要选择我们感兴趣的书。

【点拨】first, second, third 这一类的词常用来引出要阐述的论据或事实; we're interested in 是一个定语从句, 修饰 books, 从句省略了关系代词 that/which。

Easier said than done.

【句意】说起来容易,做起来难。

【点拨】这是一句谚语。注意:"说"和"做"这两个词都用过去分词形式。



思维空间

根据短文完成下面的图表。
Title (题目)

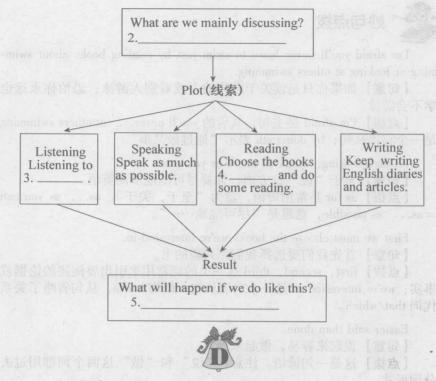
What's the name of the article?
1.

Main Characters (主人公)

Who is this article about?

We.

Main Purpose - most book more may be said



▲建议用时: 4 minutes 难度系数: ★★★』

When I was sixteen years old, I made my first visit to the United States. It wasn't the first time I had been abroad. Like most English children I learned French at school. And I had often been to France, so I was used to speaking a foreign language to people who didn't understand English. But when I went to America I was really looking forward to having a nice easy holiday without any language problems.

How wrong I was! The misunderstandings began at the airport. I was looking for a public telephone to give my American friend Danny a call and tell him that I had arrived. A friendly old man saw me looking lost and asked if he could help me.



"Yes," I said, "I want to give my friend a ring."

"Well, that's nice," he said. "Are you getting married? But aren't you a bit young?"

"Who is talking about marriage?" I replied. "I only want to give my friend a ring to tell him I've arrived. Can you tell me where there's a phone box?"

"Oh!" he said. "There's a phone downstairs."

When at last we met, Danny explained the misunderstandings to me.

"Don't worry," he said to me. "I had so many difficulties at first. There are lots of words which the Americans use differently in meaning from the British. You'll soon get used to all the funny things they say. Most of the time, British and American people understand each other!"



小词典

misunderstanding 误解,误会 marriage 婚姻 reply 回答 difficulty 困难



妙句点拨 when the section A at a man and a man a section A

A friendly old man saw me looking lost and asked if he could help me. 【句意】一位友好的老人看见我茫然的样子,于是问我是否需要帮助。

【点拨】see sb doing 表示 "看见某人正在……"; look lost 表示 "看起来不知所措", lost 有"迷失"的意思。

There are lots of words which the Americans use differently in meaning from the British.

【句意】有很多词,美国人用起来所表达的意思与英国人不同。

【点拨】这是一个 there be 句型, which the Americans... British 是定语从句, 修饰 words; 介词 in 在此处表示"在……方面"之意; different 常与 from 搭配使用。

You'll soon get used to all the funny things they say.

【句意】你会很快习惯他们所说的所有有趣的事情。

【点拨】get used to 为常用短语, 意为"习惯于"; they say 是定语从句, 修饰 things, 从句省略了关系代词 that。



1	化划	古为	也又达华止佣的答案。 1 W
()	1. Where was the writer from?
			A. He was from America. B. He was from France.
			C. He was from England. D. He was from another country.
()	2. The writer thought in America
			A. he wouldn't have any language difficulties
			B. he would not understand the Americans
			C. the people might not understand him
			D. he would have difficulty at the airport
()	3. The writer wanted
			A. to buy a ring for his friend B. to make a call to his friend
			C. to go to the telephone company D. his friend to see him off
()	4. From the passage we can see that "give somebody a ring"
			A. means the same in America as in England
			B. means "call somebody" to the old man

B. means "call somebody" to the old man

C. has two different meanings

D. means "be going to get married" in England

5. In the last paragraph, the word "they" refers to

A. the old man and the boy

B. the Americans

C. the British

D. the French



▲建议用时: 5 minutes 难度系数: ★★★↓

Reading for pleasure is the easiest way to become a better reader in English. It is also the most important way.

Some students say they don't want to read for pleasure. They say they want to use their time to learn the rules of the language and new words. They say that pleasure reading is too easy.

Many experts say pleasure reading is very important for learning English. Dr Stephen Krashen, a famous expert on learning languages, says that pleasure reading helps you learn many important things about English.

Students learn more grammar and more words when they read for pleasure.

They also learn more about good writing.

Dr Krashen tells us that pleasure reading helps each student in a different way. Each student needs to learn something different. Pleasure reading makes it possible for each student to learn what he or she needs.



Reading for pleasure is not the same as studying. When you read for pleasure, you choose your own books, and you don't have to remember everything. There are no tests on your pleasure reading books. Pleasure reading will help you:

- learn how English speakers use English
- read faster in English
- find examples of good writing in English
- · learn new words
- learn about the cultures of English speakers



小词典

expert 专家 grammar 语法 culture 文化



妙句点拨

Reading for pleasure is the easiest way to become a better reader in English.

【句意】为兴趣而阅读可以使你很快成为一名英语阅读高手。

【点拨】介词 for 表目的,动词不定式短语 to become a better reader in English 做定语修饰 way。

Dr Stephen Krashen, a famous expert on learning languages, says that pleasure reading helps you learn many important things about English.

【句意】一位著名的语言学习专家 Stephen Krashen 博士说,兴趣阅读能帮助你学到很多关于英语的重要东西。

【点拨】在这个句子中,a famous expert on learning languages 是 Dr Stephen Krashen 的同位语,同位语通常用来对前面的名词进行修饰、限定或说明。

Pleasure reading makes it possible for each student to learn what he or she needs.

【句意】对于学生而言,每个人都想学到自己需要的东西,而兴趣

阅读使之变为可能。 I walk almost stom line remaining stom must she line

【点拨】句中的 it 代替后面的不定式 to learn what he or she needs, 在句中做 makes 的宾语, 是形式宾语的用法。



根据短文内容简要回答问题。(不要照抄原文中的句子)

- 1. Is pleasure reading important for learning English?
- 2. Which is the easier way to become a better reader, pleasure reading or studying?
- 3. What do some students think of pleasure reading?
- 4. How can we become better readers?
- 5. What's the greatest advantage (优点) of pleasure reading?



3积月累

ability 能力 attention 注意 conversation 谈话 dictionary 词典 excellent 极好的 knowledge 知识 mention 提到 recite 背诵 topic 话题

accent 口音 background 背景 course 课程 discussion 讨论 express 表达 master 掌握 passage 文章 review 复习 translate 翻译

article 文章 communicate 交际 dialogue 对话 examination 考试 instruction 讲授 meaning 意思 pronunciation 发音 seriously 认真地 fluent 流利的



阅读百宝箱

良好的阅读习惯很重要

- 1. 培养视读能力。用眼睛扫视文章内容, 以意群或词组为单位进 行阅读而不是逐词阅读。
 - 2. 一口气读完全文,尽量不回视。
 - 3. 边读边标出重要信息。



4. 读完文章后自设问题,以便了解文章的基本内容和理清思路。



考场作文链接

(2007 福建福州)

为了交流学习经验,提高学习效率,《新世纪英文报》正在举办以 How to Be a Good Learner? 为题的征文比赛。请你踊跃投稿。内容提示:



要求:

- 1. 必须用上所有的内容提示,语句通顺,书写规范;
- 2. 词数80左右,已给出的句子不计入总词数。

How to Be a Good Learner?

As a good learner, we should

I hope all these will be helpful to us.

参考范文:

How to Be a Good Learner?

As a good learner, we should have good habits and ways in learning. We need to get ready for our lessons before class and always listen carefully in class. After class, we must go over the lessons and finish our homework on time. It's good to study in groups and help each other. As a student, working hard is important, but don't forget to do sports and keep healthy. We should do more reading in our free time. If we have any problems, we'd better ask others for help.

I hope all these will be helpful to us.

* * * * * * * * * * *



Personal Experiences



▲建议用时: 4 minutes 难度系数: ★★ 』

(2007 湖北随州)

In May, 1976, Gaynor was a nine-year-old girl and lived in North Wales. One day, on her way home from school, she saw a silver object in a field not far from her home. The object looked like a saucer.



Gaynor was very scared. She stayed in the tall grass and watched the door of the strange object open. She saw two aliens wearing silver suits get out. Then they used something to examine the ground. They were short and had pink eyes. After about thirty minutes, the two aliens went back into the object. Then it took off.

When Gaynor got home, she told her mother about this unusual experience, but her family decided to keep quiet about it. They didn't want others to laugh at their daughter.

However, 18 months later, Gaynor told her story to UFO scientists. They found out that Gaynor told the truth.



silver 银色的 saucer 碟状物 object 物体 alien 外星人 field 田野