

1999 年

全国硕士研究生
入学考试

英语考试大纲

(非英语专业)

中华人民共和国教育部 制订

高等教育出版社

1999年
全国硕士研究生
入学考试

英语考试大纲

[非英语专业]

命题人：袁野 副命题人：袁丁

高等教育出版社

1999 年全国硕士研究生入学考试

英语考试大纲

(非英语专业)

中华人民共和国教育部 制订

高等教育出版社

(京)112 号

图书在版编目(CIP)数据

1999 年全国硕士研究生入学考试英语考试大纲:非英语专业/中华人民共和国教育部制订. —北京:高等教育出版社,1998.9

ISBN 7-04-006881-8

I. 19… II. 中… III. 英语—研究生—入学考试—考试大纲—1999 IV. H31

中国版本图书馆 CIP 数据核字(98)第 19295 号

本书封底贴有防伪标签,无标签者不得销售。

高等教育出版社出版

北京沙滩后街 55 号

邮政编码:100009 * 传真:64014048 电话:64054588

新华书店总店北京发行所发行

北京地质印刷厂印刷

*

开本 850×1168 1/32 印张 12.5 字数 320 000

1998 年 8 月第 1 版 1998 年 9 月第 2 次印刷

印数:70 172—100 181

定价 17.00 元

凡购买高等教育出版社的图书,如有缺页、倒页、脱页等质量问题者,请与当地图书销售部门联系调换

版权所有,不得翻印

修 订 说 明

本大纲与《1998年全国硕士研究生入学考试英语考试大纲》基本保持一致,只进行了一些必要的修订:

- 一、对原大纲“考试说明”部分在行文措词上做了适当的改动,以求更加确切、明了。
- 二、更换原大纲附录1“试卷示例”中的写作题,以使其更具有代表性。增附了有关答题卡填涂的样本,以便考生正确填涂答题卡。
- 三、原大纲附录2“词汇表”的总词汇量保持不变,只对少数词语在编排和词义注释及义项选择上的疏漏或欠妥之处进行了订正和增删,以提高词汇表的准确性和科学性。
- 四、将1997年考题更换为1998年考题,给考生提供最新的试题。

编 者

1998年6月

目 录

修订说明	1
考试说明	1
附录 1 全国硕士研究生入学考试英语试卷 示例、参考答案、答题卡、答题纸	5
附录 2 词汇表	34
附录 3 常用的前缀和后缀	357
附录 4 1998 年全国硕士研究生入学考试英语 试题、评分标准及参考答案	365

考试说明

全国硕士研究生入学考试是为高等学校招收研究生而设置的。其中,英语实行全国统一考试。它的评价标准是高等学校优秀本科毕业生能达到的及格或及格以上水平,以保证被录取者具有一定的英语水平,有利于各高等学校在专业上择优选拔。

考试对象为 1999 年参加全国硕士研究生入学考试的本科毕业生,以及符合报考条件的具有同等学力的在职人员。

本考试对课程和教材不作统一规定,凡符合下列评价目标的课程及教材都适于考生应考复习。

一、评价目标

考生应掌握下列语言知识和技能:

(一) 词汇

考试所涉及的词汇、短语主要限于本大纲附录 2“词汇表”,总量为 5300 个左右。

(二) 语法

I. 词法

1. 动词的时态、语态、语气及情态动词、非限定动词的用法
2. 名词、形容词和副词的用法
3. 介词、连词和代词的用法

II. 句法

简单句、并列句和复合句的结构及用法

(三) 阅读理解能力

考生应能综合运用英语语言知识和阅读技能来理解英语书面

材料,能以每分钟 60 词的速度阅读各种题材(社会生活、人物传记、科普、史地、政治、经济等)和体裁(议论文、记叙文、说明文、应用文等)的文字材料(生词量不超过文章字数的 3%)。

考生应能:

1. 掌握所读材料的主旨和大意;
2. 了解用以阐述主旨的事实和有关细节;
3. 根据上下文判断大纲附录 2“词汇表”以外的某些词汇和短语的意义;
4. 既理解单句的意义,也理解上下句之间的逻辑关系;
5. 根据所读材料进行一定的判断、推理和引申;
6. 领会作者的观点和态度;
7. 正确理解英语原文并用汉语表达原文所述内容。

(四) 书面表达能力

1. 根据所给题目或素材写出叙述、说明或议论性的短文;
2. 语言比较规范,条理清楚。

二、试卷结构及考试形式

试题为主、客观混合型。客观题分数占总分的 70%,主观题分数占总分的 30%。本试卷分五部分,共 76 题。考试时间为 180 分钟。

试卷分试题和答题卡(纸)两部分,考生应将第一、二、三部分的答案填写在答题卡(ANSWER SHEET I)上,将第四、五部分的答案写在答题纸(ANSWER SHEET II)上。

第一部分 语法结构与词汇

40 小题,每小题 0.5 分,共 20 分。

题目分三节:

A 节 语法填空,10 题,共 5 分。每题为一个或两个句子,其中留有一个空白处,要求考生从所给的四个选择项中选出一个最佳答案;

B 节 语法辨错,10 题,共 5 分。每题为一个或两个句子,有四个划线部分,其中一处是错误的,要求考生将错误项选出;

C 节 词语填空,20 题,共 10 分。每题为一个或两个句子,其中留有一个空白处,要求考生从所给的四个选择项中选出一个最佳答案。

第二部分 完形填空

10 小题,每小题 1 分,共 10 分。

在一篇短文中,有 10 处空白,每个空白为一小题。每题有四个选择项,要求考生在理解文章的基础上,选择一个最佳答案,使短文的内容和结构完整、合理。

第三部分 阅读理解

20 小题,每小题 2 分,共 40 分。

阅读五篇左右的短文,阅读量为 2000~2500 词。每篇短文后有 3~5 道选择题,共计 20 题。考生应根据短文内容从各题的四个选择项中选出一个最佳答案。

第四部分 英译汉

5 小题,每小题 3 分,共 15 分。

在一篇短文中有五个划线部分,考生应根据上下文将各划线部分译成汉语。要求译文准确、完整、通顺。

第五部分 短文写作

1 题,15 分。

考生应根据题目以及写作提纲或规定情景、图表、图画等写出不少于 150 词的短文。要求内容切题,表达清楚,意思连贯,语言比较规范。

三、试卷内容、题量、计分和答题参考时间

题号	内 容	题量	计分(百分比)	时间(分钟)
I	语法结构与词汇	40	20	35
II	完形填空	10	10	15
III	阅读理解	20	40	60
IV	英译汉	5	15	30
V	短文写作	1	15	40
总计		76	100	180

附录 1 全国硕士研究生入学考试英语 试卷示例、参考答案、答题卡、答题纸

1. 全国硕士研究生入学考试英语试卷示例

全国硕士研究生入学考试英语试题

National Entrance Test of English for MA/MS Candidates
(NETEM)

注意事项

1. 本试题的答案必须填写在规定的答题卡(ANSWER SHEET I)和答题纸(ANSWER SHEET II)上,写在试题上不给分。
2. 第 I、II、III 部分的答案须用铅笔填涂在答题卡(ANSWER SHEET I)上,第 IV、V 部分的答案须用蓝、黑墨水笔或圆珠笔写在答题纸(ANSWER SHEET II)上。用红色笔者不给分。
3. 选择题答案选出后,必须用 2B 铅笔把答题卡(ANSWER SHEET I)上的选中项涂满涂黑,如:[A][B]■[D]。修改时,必须用橡皮擦净后,再填涂其它选项。
4. 考试结束后,将答题卡(ANSWER SHEET I)和答题纸(ANSWER SHEET II)一并装入试卷袋内,装答题卡(ANSWER SHEET I)时不准折叠。

Part I Structure and Vocabulary

Section A

Directions:

Beneath each of the following sentences, there are four choices marked [A], [B], [C] and [D]. Choose the one that best com-

pletes the sentence. Mark your answer on ANSWER SHEET I by blackening the corresponding letter in the brackets with a pencil. (5 points)

Example:

I have been to the Great Wall three times _____ 1979.

[A]from [B]after [C]for [D]since

The sentence should be read, "I have been to the Great Wall three times since 1979." Therefore, you should choose [D].

Sample Answer

[A][B][C] ☒

1. By the time you arrive in London, we _____ in Europe for two weeks.
[A] shall stay [B] have stayed
[C] will have stayed [D] have been staying
2. I appreciated _____ the opportunity to study abroad two years ago.
[A] having been given [B] having given
[C] to have been given [D] to have given
3. Living in the central Australian desert has its problems, _____ obtaining water is not the least.
[A] of which [B] for what
[C] as [D] whose
4. The heart is _____ intelligent than the stomach, for they are both controlled by the brain.
[A] not so [B] not much
[C] much more [D] no more
5. _____ the fact that his initial experiments had failed, Prof. White persisted in his research.
[A] Because of [B] As to

- [C] In spite of [D] In view of
6. Jean Wagner's most enduring contribution to the study of Afro-American poetry is his insistence that it _____ in a religious, as well as worldly, frame of reference.
- [A] is to be analyzed [B] has been analyzed
- [C] be analyzed [D] should have been analyzed
7. The millions of calculations involved, had they been done by hand, _____ all practical value by the time they were finished.
- [A] could lose [B] would have lost
- [C] might lose [C] ought to have lost
8. No bread eaten by man is so sweet as _____ earned by his own labour.
- [A] one [B] that [C] such [D] what
9. It isn't cold enough for there _____ a frost tonight, so I can leave Jim's car out quite safely.
- [A] would be [B] being
- [C] was [D] to be
10. Scientists generally agree that the Earth's climate will warm up over the next 50 to 100 years _____ it has warmed in the 20,000 years since the Ice Age.
- [A] as long as [B] as much as
- [C] as soon as [D] as well as

Section B

Directions:

Each of the following sentences has four underlined parts marked [A],[B],[C] and [D]. Identify the part of the sentence that is incorrect and mark your answer on ANSWER

SHEET I by blackening the corresponding letter in the brackets with a pencil. (5 points)

Example:

A number of foreign visitors were taken to the industrial exhibition
[A] [B]

which they saw many new products.
[C] [D]

Answer [C] is wrong. The sentence should be read, "A number of foreign visitors were taken to the industrial exhibition where they saw many new products." So you should choose [C].

Sample Answer

[A][B] ■ [D]

11. It is perhaps not an exaggeration to say that we shall soon
[A]

be trusting our health, wealth and happiness to elements with
[B]

whom very names the general public are unfamiliar.
[C] [D]

12. It soon became obviously that instead of being trained to sing
[A] [B]

she would be trained as the astronomer's assistant.
[C] [D]

13. He also conceived that the solar system and the universe
[A]

would come into existence by a natural process and
[B] [C]

would disappear one day.
[D]

14. The moon has a mass that is nearly one hundred times less than
[A]

the earth; in consequence, the force of gravity at the moon's
[B] [C]
surface is only one-sixth of that at the earth's surface.
[D]

15. The Bunsen burner is so named because it is thought
[A] [B]
to be invented by Robert Bunsen, who was German by birth.
[C] [D]

16. Much although I have traveled, I have never seen anyone
[A]
to equal her in thoroughness, whatever the job.
[B] [C] [D]

17. The weeds and tall grass in that yard makes the house look as if
[A] [B] [C]
it had been vacant for quite some time.
[D]

18. If only the nature of the aging process is better understood,
[A] [B]
the possibility of discovering a medicine that can block the fun-
[C]
damental process of aging seems very remote.
[D]

19. When I consider how talented he is as a painter, I can not help
[A] [B]
but believing that the public will appreciate his gift.
[C] [D]

20. Allen has stated that he has always had a great interest and ad-
[A] [B] [C]
miration for the work of the British economist Keynes.
[D]

Section C

Directions:

Beneath each of the following sentences, there are four choices marked [A],[B],[C] and [D]. Choose the one that best completes the sentence. Mark your answer on ANSWER SHEET I by blackening the corresponding letter in the brackets with a pencil. (10 points)

Example:

The lost car of the Lees was found _____ in the woods off the highway.

[A] vanished [B] scattered

[C] abandoned [D] rejected

The sentence should be read, "The lost car of the Lees was found abandoned in the woods off the highway." Therefore, you should choose [C].

Sample Answer

[A][B]■[D]

21. In that country, guests tend to feel they are not highly _____ if the invitation to a dinner party is extended only three or four days before the party date.

[A] admired [B] regarded

[C] expected [D] worshipped

22. A _____ of the long report by the budget committee was submitted to the mayor for approval.

[A] shorthand [B] scheme

[C] schedule [D] sketch

23. When confronted with such questions, my mind goes _____, and I can hardly remember my own date of birth.

[A] dim [B] blank [C] faint [D] vain

24. One reason for the successes of Asian immigrants in the U. S. is that they have taken great _____ to educate their children.

[A] efforts [B] pains
[C] attempts [D] endeavours

25. It is well-known that the retired workers in our country are _____ free medical care.

[A] entitled to [B] involved in
[C] associated with [D] assigned to

26. The farmers were more anxious for rain than the people in the city because they had more at _____.

[A] danger [B] stake [C] loss [D] threat

27. I felt _____ to death because I could make nothing of the chairman's speech.

[A] fatigued [B] tired
[C] exhausted [D] bored

28. Care should be taken to decrease the length of time that one is _____ loud continuous noise.

[A] subjected to [B] filled with
[C] associated with [D] attached to

29. While typing, Helen has a habit of stopping _____ to give her long and flowing hair a smooth.

[A] occasionally [B] simultaneously
[C] eventually [D] spontaneously

30. He failed to carry out some of the provisions of the contract, and now he has to _____ the consequences.

[A] answer for [B] run into
[C] abide by [D] step into

31. It is well-known that knowledge is the _____ condition for