

大学英语四级考试



運取置

主编禄鑫友

模拟试题答案试题解析



- ●四级听力
- ■四级阅读理解·翻译·简答
- ●四级词汇·语法·完形填空
- ●四级写作
- ●四级综合模拟

大学英语必通绝招

四级综合模拟

(本书另配四盒磁带)

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《聚焦英语》总顾问: 薄冰 覆象俊

簿冰

北京外国语大学英语系教授,从事英语教学工作50余年,尤其专长英语语法的教学与研究,对英汉翻译亦有较深的造诣。现主持《英语世界》、《英语沙龙》和《大学英语》等刊物的咨询专栏,其主要论著如《英语语法手册》、《英语时态详解》、《高级英语语法》、《薄冰英语语法(袖珍本)》等,几十年来,一直是广大英语学习者首选的优质工具书。

翟象俊

1960年复旦大学外文系本科毕业,1966年研究生毕业。曾任复旦大学英语部主任兼外文系副主任、教授、硕士生导师,享受国务院特殊津贴。上海市翻译家协会副会长,曾参与《英汉大词典》、《英汉双解英语短语动词词典》的编写。主编《大学英语》(精读)及"九五"国家重点教材《21世纪大学英语》(共16册);译著有《乱世佳人》、《钱商》和《阿马罗神父的罪恶》及英、美作家海明威、霍桑、贝克等的作品。

序

随着改革开放的深入发展以及中国加入世贸和承办奥运的形势需要,我们越来越紧迫地感到了学好外语的必要性。在现代社会,不会英语和不会电脑一样,正在成为人生道路上的巨大障碍。因此,国家1999年重新颁布了《大学英语教学大纲》,对大学生的英语能力、提出了更高的要求。

如果说中学英语是初级英语,考研、考 TOEFL、考 GRE 是高级英语的话,那么大学生必过的四级英语考试可算是具有过渡性质的中级英语了。它"麻雀虽小,五脏俱全"——既有听力、写作、词汇与语法考试,又有完形填空、翻译和简短回答。因此,考好四级,既为今后的就业,又为今后考研、出国、职称考试等,奠定了一个良好的基础。

有鉴于此,我们十几位长年工作在大学英语教学第一线的教育工作者,集体编写了这套《大学英语必通绝招》。大学英语四级部分有五个分册:①四级听力;②四级阅读理解·翻译·简答;③四级词汇·语法·完形填空;④四级写作;⑤四级综合模拟。

全套四级部分完全按照新大纲编写,不仅详细介绍了四级考试的内容及注意事项,而且深入浅出,总结了四级考试的一般出题规律,还给出了一些模拟试题及历年考试真题,并做出了精辟的解释,不失为莘莘学子的良师益友。囿于时间所限,疏漏不当之处再所难免,还望广大同学及同行不吝赐教,指正是盼。

郭崇兴 于中国人民大学



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《聚焦英语》简介

特大型教辅丛书——《聚焦英语》,旨在博 采众家之长,全方位满足不同层次英语学习者 的学习和应试需要,减少读者在购书过程中的 盲目性和随机性,为其改进英语水平、提高考试 成绩助一臂之力。

《聚焦英语》内容上就同一题材进行多角度聚焦,风格齐备。本套丛书的作者群是来自全国多所著名中学和高等院校的专家队伍,他们具有丰富的第一手资料、丰硕的教学成果和著书经验。正是这样一批优秀的作者对《聚焦英语》中同一题材进行各具特色的表述,在同一时间提供各种主流学习方法,以增加读者的可选择面,形成了《聚焦英语》既丰富多彩又特色鲜明的整体风格。

加入到《聚焦英语》中来吧,因为,这里"总有一本适合您"。希望《聚焦英语》能成为您成功路上的忠实伴侣。

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COLLEGE

ENGLISH TEST-4

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四级综合模拟(一)

试卷一

Part I Listening Comprehension

(20 minutes)

Section A

Directions: In this section, you will hear 10 short conversations. At the end of each conversation, a question will be asked about what was said. Both the conversation and the question will be spoken only once. After each question there will be a pause. During the pause, you must read the four choices marked A., B., C., and D., and decide which is the best answer. Then mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.

- 1. A. The man loves to make jokes.
 - B. The native Americans should have been to New York.
 - C. The native Americans are humorous.
 - D. The man cheated her.
- 2. A. She wants to curse the man for his impolite service.
 - B. She intends to play a joke on the shop where she bought the TV.
 - C. She wants to warn the other customer about the low quality of TV.
 - D. She intends to make complaints about the item she bought.
- 3. A. Mrs. Green loves her husband very much.
 - B. Mr. Green helps his wife with housework.
 - C. Mrs. Green takes care of the housework herself.
 - D. Mr. Green does not work hard outside.
- 4. A. He will stop the bus at once.
 - B. He will shout out to the passengers at the rear.





- C. He will help the passengers with their luggage.
- D. He will remind someone to get off the bus.
- 5. A. He's lonely.
 - B. He's well liked by many people.
 - C. He's a loner.
 - D. He doesnt like people.
- 6. A. She wants to go to Pennsylvania this summer.
 - B. She wants to go to Pennsylvania this spring.
 - C. She wants to buy a train ticket to Pennsylvania.
 - D. She wants to buy a bus ticket to Pennsylvania.
- 7. A. At the botanical garden.
 - B. On the express train.
 - C. On the sidewalk or a busy street.
 - D. On the local train.
- 8. A. They are talking about their old neighborhood.
 - B. They are talking about their new house.
 - C. They are talking about their relatives.
 - D. They are talking about buying clothes.
- 9. A. They are at a violin shop.
 - B. They are at a circus.
 - C. They are at a concert.
 - D. They are inside a movie theater.
- 10. A. Trapped in heavy traffic.
 - B. Jogging around a track,
 - C. Driving on a highway.
 - D. Shopping in a large grocery store.

Section B

Directions: In this section, you will hear 3 short passages. At the end of each passage, you will hear some questions. Both the passage and the questions will be spoken only once. After you hear a question, you must choose the best answer from the four choices A., B., C. and D. Then mark the corresponding letter on the Answer

上篇: 四级综合模拟试题



Sheet with a single line through the center.

Passage One

Ouestions 11 to 13 are based on the passage you have just heard.

- 11. A. Mother's sensitivity.
 - B. Mother's love.
 - C. The sixth sense.
 - D. Mother's natural feeling.
- 12. A. They are the most sensitive group
 - B. They have the closest relationship with the children.
 - C. They have the sixth sense, while the other groups have not.
 - D. Their love to the child is devoting and unselfish.
- 13. A. It talks about the mother's love to their children.
 - B. It criticizes the naughty and dangerous child.
 - C. It explains mother's intuition.
 - D. It deals with the relationship between mother and child.

Passage Two

Questions 14 to 17 are based on the passage you have just heard.

- 14. A. He was proud that he published a collection of his newly written poems.
 - B. He succeeded in publishing his collection of poems.
 - C. He was disappointed that his poems were not sold well.
 - D. He was confident in selling his collections of poems.
- 15. A. He suggested that he should put an advertisement selling his book.
 - B. He suggested that he should tell others that he is a bright poet.
 - C. He suggested that he should tell others that his book is worth reading.
 - D. He suggested that he should become popular and win acclaim.
- 16. A. He was robbed by a big man for 2 dollars.
 - B. He was mistaken for someone else by a big man.
 - C. He was troubled by many people with dogs.
 - D. He was troubled by the Found and Lost advertisements.
- 17. A. Seeking Popularity
 - B. A Good way to Sell Books





- C. A man Disturbed by the Advertisement
- D. A Friend in Need Is A Friend Indeed

Passage Three

Questions 18 to 20 are based on the passage you have just heard.

- 18. A. President Bush.
 - B. His wife and daughter.
 - C. His son.
 - D. The followers in his hometown.
- 19. A. He is rather old and serves America sincerely.
 - B. His birthday is a special day.
 - C. "Pleasant" cannot be used to describe this birthday.
 - D. His father should be respected by all Americans.
- 20. A. Reagan once loved Japanese cherry trees.
 - B. Japanese people respect Reagan very much.
 - C. Reagan once lived in Japan where cherry trees grew!
 - D. Reagan once made contribution to Japan US relationship.

Part II Reading Comprehension

(35 minutes)

Directions: There are 4 reading passages in this part. Each passage is followed by some questions or unfinished statements. For each of them there are four choices marked A., B., C. and D. You should decide on the best choice and mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.

Passage One Questions 21 to 25 are based on

There was a young lady named Bright,

Whose speed was far faster than light;

She set out one day

In a relative way,

And returned home the previous night,

This limerick (五行打油诗), by Arthur Buller, was first published in the famous humorous magazine Punch. It sounds nonsense. But its absurdity has a

scientific basis. The phrase "in a relative way" refers to Einstein's theory of relativity.

The limerick is absurd because Miss Bright could not have moved faster than light. The speed of light—about 297,600 kilometers per second—is the maximum possible speed in the universe.

No material body can move as fast as light. That is one of the first principles of the relativity theory. The same theory allows that a material body could move almost as fast as light. Nothing approaching such a speed has ever been achieved, but it may be one day. When the limerick was published in 1923, the idea of space flight seemed too fantastic to be taken seriously. The invention of the liquid - fuel rocket opened the way to the conquest of space and to flying speeds far, far beyond those possible in the earth's atmosphere.

Motion, said Einstein, slows down clocks. The faster a clock is moved, the slower it runs. The amount of slowing down is so small that it cannot be noticed at speeds of a few hundred, even a few thousand, kilometers per hour. But, if a clock could be moved at a speed of almost 297,600 kilometers per second, it would almost stop completely.

- 20. What does the limerick mean?
 - A. Bright is a fairy person in a story.
 - B, Men want to move as fast as Bright.
 - C. Bright can return before she starts.
 - D. Bright starts late but comes back early.
- 22. The limerick is regarded as a nonsense because in the universe
 - A. nothing can move as fast as light
 - B. notking can move faster than light
 - C. material body seldom moves
 - D. material body can not move
- 23. When the limerick was first published, the idea of space flight
 - A. became practical
 - B. became useful
 - C. was accepted by people
 - D. was not taken seriously



- 24. According to the text, space flight has become possible because of _
 - A. the invention of the rocket
 - B. the high speed of light
 - C. the inspiration from the limerick
 - D. the increased speed of transportation
- 25. What would happen if a clock could move about 297,600 kilometers per second?
 - A. People would know the time better.
 - B. It cannot restart again.
 - C. Its movement almost cannot be noticed.
 - D. It would move faster.

Passage Two Questions 26 to 80 are based on

The status of women in colonial North America has been well studied and described and can be briefly summarized. Throughout the colonial period there was a marked shortage of women, which varied with the regions and was always greatest in the frontier areas. This favorable ratio enhanced women's status and position and allowed them to pursue different careers. The Puritans, the religious sect that dominated the early British colonies in North America, regarded idleness (懷情) as a sin, and believed that life in an underdeveloped country made it absolutely necessary that each member of the community perform an economic function. Thus work for women, married or single, was not only approved, it was regarded as a civic duty. Puritan town councils expected to be self — supported and for a long time provided needy spinsters (未婚妇女) with parcels of land. There was no social sanction against married women working; on the contrary, wives were expected to help their husbands in their trade and won social approval for doing extra work in or out of the home. Needy children, girls as well as boys, were apprenticed (学徒) and were expected to work for their keep.

The vast majority of women worked within their homes, where their labor produced most articles needed for the family. The entire colonial production of cloth and clothing and partially that of shoes was in the hands of women.

26. What does the passage mainly discuss?

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