

杭州体育百年图史

HANGZHOUTIYUBAINIANTUSHI

第一卷

杭州市体育局

主编

中国体育博物馆杭州分馆



杭州出版社

杭州体育百年图史

王国平 2008年2月11日



王国平 浙江省委常委，杭州市委书记、市人大常委会主任

内容提要

本书以历史的眼光,全球的视野,图文并茂的形式,脉络清晰、资料准确,系统地阐述晚清至1949年的杭州体育发展史。全书共分学校体育、体育学校、运动竞赛、民众体育、体育场馆、体育人物、体育文化集锦和附录等八部分,既有翔实的文史考证,又辅以1200多幅鲜见的历史图片,具有一定的历史文献价值、艺术欣赏价值和收藏价值。

本书可作高等学校体育系、历史系的重要参考书,是各类图书馆、资料室的最佳藏书,同时对一般读者也极具参考作用。

图书在版编目(CIP)数据

杭州体育百年图史.第1卷/杭州市体育局,中国体育博物馆杭州分馆主编. —杭州:杭州出版社,2008.8

ISBN 978-7-80758-107-9

I. 杭… II. 杭… III. 体育运动史—杭州市—清代~1949 IV.G812.9

中国版本图书馆CIP数据核字(2008)第123048号

出版发行 杭州出版社

浙江省杭州市曙光路133号 310007

www.hzcbs.com E-mail:hzcbs306@hotmail.com

责任编辑 应伯根 刘姗姗

英文翻译 赵 燕

封面设计 陈肖来

经 销 全国新华书店

制 版 杭州美虹电脑设计有限公司

印 刷 浙江影天印业有限公司

开 本 889mm × 1194mm 1/16

印 张 27

字 数 691千字

版 次 2008年8月第1版 2008年8月第1次印刷

书 号 ISBN 978-7-80758-107-9

定 价 188.00元

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杭州出版社发行部邮购电话(0571) 87997719 87998021

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序

蔡 奇

体育与民族振兴、社会文明和区域发展息息相关，体育发展水平已经成为现代文明进步程度和区域综合竞争力的一个重要标志。随着北京奥运会的召开，体育正日益成为重要的产业和文化体系，对于增强人民体质、提高健康水平、增强社会凝聚力以及提升生活品质、促进社会和谐，发挥着越来越重要而深远的作用。

近年来，杭州以科学发展观为统领，围绕共建共享“生活品质之城”总目标，着力打造“体育强市”，大力推进健康城市建设，突出10年“强基育苗”工程主载体，积极深化管理体制改革创新，扎实推进体育场馆设施规划建设，广泛开展全民健身活动，体育事业取得了长足发展，全市人群健康水平指标位居全国同类城市前列，体育健身已经成为市民日常生活的重要内容，成为杭州大文化事业发展的重要组成部分。

在举国盛迎2008年北京奥运会之际，《杭州体育百年图史》付梓成书，这是杭州体育界的一件大事，也是向2008年北京奥运会献上的一份珍贵礼物。全书共分学校体育、体育学校、运动竞赛、民众体育、体育场馆、体育人物、体育文化集锦、附录等八个部分，既有翔实的文史考证，又辅以1200多幅鲜见精美的历史图片，形象地展示了晚清以来至1949年的杭州体育发展史，着重对杭州近百年来的体育发展历程进行了系统整理和描述，体现了较高的思想性、历史性和艺术性。

《杭州体育百年图史》编辑中，资料图片收集历十余载，大纲几易其稿凡四五年，紧张编撰成稿经数月，凝聚了众多关心杭州体育事业发展的社会各界人士，特别是市体育局诸多同志们的心血。该书通过深度发掘众多精彩的实物图片，来演绎和展示杭州丰富的体育文化内涵。全书史料丰富、内容翔实，主述体育、兼顾其他，具有一定的历史文献价值，是一部反映杭州体育发展的历史图书，也是一部反映杭州经济社会发展的专业史料。希望能有更多这样图文并茂、特色鲜明的好书问世，为打造“体育强市”和健康城市，推动杭州文化事业和产业的大繁荣、大发展，共建共享“生活品质之城”作出新的贡献！

蔡 奇 杭州市委副书记、市长

Preface by Cai Qi

Sports is closely bound up with the revitalization of the Chinese nation, social civilization and regional development. The development of sports has been one of the chief signs of the progress of modern civilization and regional overall competitiveness. With the coming of the Beijing Olympic Games, sports has gradually become an important industrial and cultural system, and played a significant role in building up the people's health, promoting the health care, increasing the cohesion, upgrading our quality of life and promoting social harmony.

In recent years, led by the scientific outlook on development and the general goal of "Co-construction and Sharing of Hangzhou City with Life Quality", Hangzhou has devoted great efforts to boosting the construction of the healthy city, striving for a Sports Super City. Based on the 10-year project of "Strengthening Foundation and Bringing up New Talents", we deepen the reform of the administrative system, boost the plan and construction of the establishment of sports stadiums in a down-to-earth manner, develop a nationwide fitness program so as to make great advances in the cause of sports in Hangzhou. It should be noted that the index of people's health is in the forefront among the cities of its kind in China. Sports has become an indispensable part of the daily lives of the people and also an important part of cultural undertakings in Greater Hangzhou.

When the whole nation are eagerly looking forward to the Beijing 2008 Olympic Games, *A Century of Sports in Hangzhou*, the first historic picture book related to Hangzhou finally came into being, which is a great achievement in the world of sports in Hangzhou as well as a precious gift to the 2008 Olympic Games in Beijing. The book, including not only the full and accurate data but also more than 1200 rare and fine pictures, is divided into 8 sections such as school sports, athletic schools, competitions, public sports, sports venues, sports figures, collection of sports culture and appendix. It illustrates the history of sports in Hangzhou from the late Qing Dynasty to the year of 1949, systematizes and describes with great emphasis the sports development in Hangzhou in the last hundred years, embodying higher ideological, historic and artistic qualities.

It should be noted that it took over ten years to collect the materials and pictures in point and the outline has been revised for several times within the period of four or five years and then compiled over several months busily but in an orderly manner. Thanks a lot to numbers of people from all walks of life, especially the staff at Hangzhou Sports Bureau. With a desire to dig out a great number of related pictures and objects to tell the history of sports in Hangzhou, the book demonstrates the rich historic and cultural deposit in Hangzhou sports. With abundant and detailed material data, it mainly gives an account of sports as well as other aspects, reflecting the development in sports in Hangzhou. So *A Century of Sports in Hangzhou* can be regarded as a history book of historical literature value and also the specialized annals of history on social and economic development in Hangzhou. We are sincerely looking forward to more and more such distinctive good books as those including both high-quality pictures and written explanations. We believe that these good books will make a great contribution to constructing a "Sports Super City" and healthy city, boosting the cultural development in Hangzhou so as to achieve the general goal of "Co-construction and Sharing of Hangzhou City with Life Quality".

Cai Qi, Mayor and Deputy Secretary of Hangzhou

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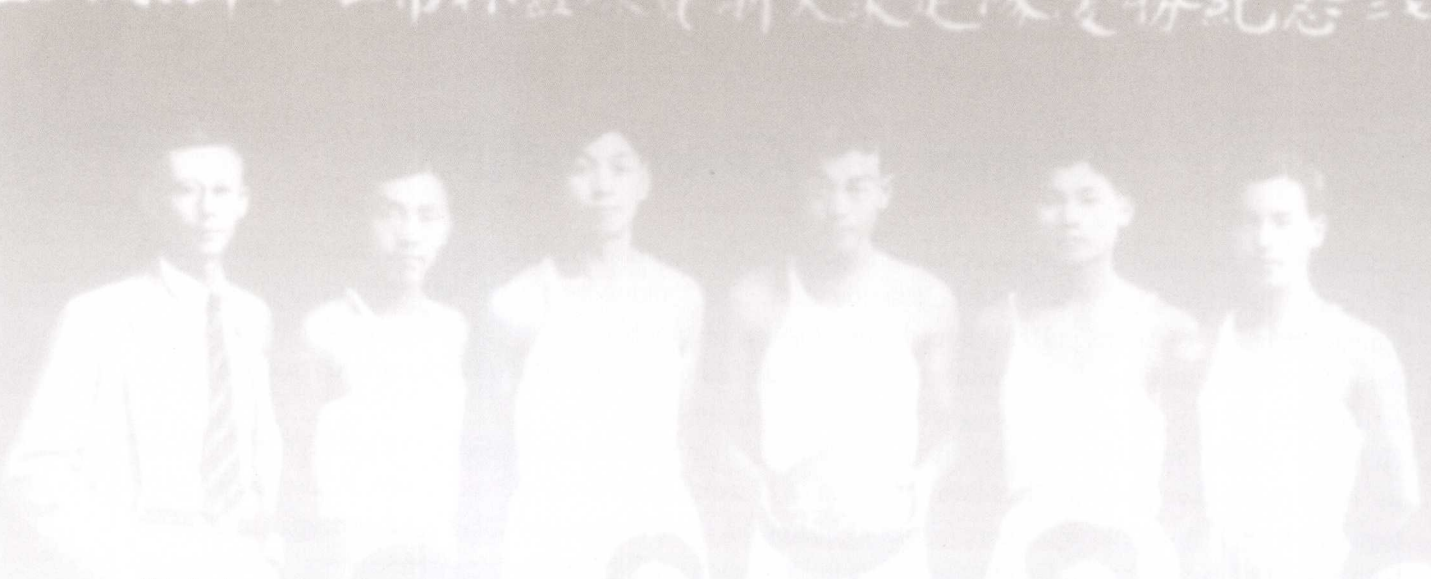
赵荣福

国运盛，体育兴。2008年北京奥运会即将开幕，在这举国欢庆、翘首企盼之际，浙江杭州历史上第一部《杭州体育百年图史》，在赵大川、安志云等一大批编著者和有关领导的呕心沥血下吐丝结茧了。笔者有幸先睹为快，倍感自豪和欣慰。

重重叠叠千余张照片，一张张陌生而又熟悉的脸，分明是杭州人民的前世和今生。洋洋洒洒几万文字，情切切、意融融，是镜子，再现了历史；更是号角，催人奋进。掩卷时胸中不觉已是波澜万丈。起于涓滴，百折不回，终成恢弘浩荡之势，《杭州体育百年图史》纪录的先贤往事，如钱江之潮，汹涌澎湃，奔腾入海。盛世著书，告慰先人，勉励来者。幸哉！慰哉！壮哉！

我们在为杭州这座城市百年来骄人的体育业绩感到自豪的同时，在杭州市“建体育强市、创文化名城”的精神鼓舞下，杭州市体育局一直希望能深度挖掘杭城的体育文化内涵，编撰一部《杭州体育百年图史》。如今，这一美好愿望即将成为现实。这部书紧张的成书过程虽然只有短短的几个月，但她的资料征集却延续了10余年。其间，几易编撰大纲，最终定为八个部分。第一部分学校体育，图文并茂地将杭州从蒙养院、幼稚园到小学、中学、大学的学校体育一一详尽介绍。第二部分体育学校，是杭州培养体育人才学校的介绍，民国时期省立体育场场长陈柏青专门撰文，考证杭州南宋武学，就是一所军事体育学校。民国时期杭城更有诸多体育学校，为杭州、为浙江，乃至全国培养了许多体育人才，有的成为中国近代政治军事史上叱咤风云的人物。第三部分体育竞赛，是本书的重头戏，以图片演绎了自晚清、民国以来杭城举办的市县、全省运动会，全国运动会，以及杭州参加浙江组团的全国运动会。以大量前所未见的图片鲜活展示了功在杭州、影响全国的1929年浙江国术游艺大会，1930年的杭州第四届全国运动大会。第四部分民众体育，展示了杭州种种民众体育如环城跑、渡钱江、踢毽子……第五部分体育场馆，记述杭城的体育场馆设施。民国时期的省立体育场，先为国立杭州运动场，举办过闻名一时的第四届全国

赵荣福 杭州市体育局局长



运动会，后为省立体育场，今为杭州体育场，该场并设有中国体育博物馆杭州分馆，此章专门揭示该场的悠久历史，大量引用了该馆馆藏文献。第六部分体育人物，介绍了与杭州体育百年历史有关的体育人物。第七部分体育文化集锦，展示有关的体育竞赛的奖章、纪念章、体育运动月刊及报刊书影等。第八部分附录，为杭州参加浙江组团参赛的第五、六、七届全国运动大会、远东运动会，以及抗战前夕，颇具特色的战时体育军训、童子军大检阅大露营等。

这部书是我们对杭州的体育百年历史文化发掘的一种尝试，第一卷的时间跨度从晚清至1949年。由于时间仓促，不尽完善。出版前，虽听取不少专家意见，当还有不少谬误遗漏，出版后，我们将在广泛听取各方意见基础上，争取在二三年内出版其续集。

本书在成书过程中得到杭州市委、市政府的多次指示，王国平书记为本书题词，蔡奇市长为本书作序，将有力推动我们进一步做好工作，使杭州体育更上一层楼。

勉为序，以告慰先贤，激励后人。借此机会，万分感谢所有为本书出版做出贡献的人！

2008年7月于杭州



Preface by Zhao Rongfu

Living in such a period of great peace and prosperity, with the flourishing of the sports, the Olympic dream is coming true in Beijing. When the whole nation are eagerly looking forward to and celebrating Olympics in China, A Century of Sports in Hangzhou, the first historic picture book related to Hangzhou finally came into being, which owes a great deal to numbers of leaders and editors such as Zhao Dachuan and An Zhiyun, and so on. Thus it's my great honor and satisfaction to read this book first.

Hundreds of piles and piles pictures and a great number of familiar strangers sketch the previous and present life of people in Hangzhou in a lively way. Thousands of words in the book are very heartfelt, just like a mirror to reappear our history, and also a horn to urge us on to work hard. Finishing reading it, I was deep in meditation with a fever of excitement. A Century of Sports in Hangzhou, is filled with scraps of ancestors' anecdotes as the ocean is filled drop by drop. The emergence of such a great book in a flourishing age can comfort the ancestors and encourage the descendants, which makes me feel lucky, comfortable and excited.

All the staff members in Hangzhou Sport Bureau are proud of the remarkable success in sports in Hangzhou in the past century. Meanwhile, under such a slogan of "Build up Hangzhou as a great economic city and culture city, a desire to dig out the rich sports culture leading to the birth of the book A Century of Sports in Hangzhou. Now the dream came true. It took more than ten years merely on the collection of pictorial data and original materials though the book was completed within only several months. It should be noted that having being revised for several times, the outline now including 8 sections was finally fixed.

The first section is School Sports which, with both high-quality pictures and written explanations, introduces sports in kindergartens, nurseries, primary schools, secondary schools and colleges separately.

The second section is Athletic Schools, which introduces those schools bringing up elites in Hangzhou. During the Republic of China, Chen Boqing, the curator of the Provincial Gymnasium made a special composition, proving that the Martial Arts School in the Southern Song Dynasty was really a kind of military sports school. And during the Republic of China there appeared much more sports schools in Hangzhou which brought up a great number of excellent athletes for Hangzhou, Zhejiang and even the nation, some of whom were the great figures in military affairs and politics in Chinese modern history.

The third section is Competitions, the central part, which, with vivid pictures, covers all the sports meets held in Hangzhou like public competitions, sports meets in municipalities and counties and provincial games as well as the National Games (as a participant) since the late Qing Dynasty and the Republic of China. Those rare pictures taken at the well-known Zhejiang Martial Arts Jamboree in 1929 and the 4th Zhejiang Sports Meet in 1935 with far-reaching impact tell us Hangzhou has made indelible contributions.

The fourth section is Public Sports, indicating various kinds of public sports in Hangzhou such as cross-city race, crossing Qiantang River, kicking shuttlecock etc.

The fifth section is Sports Venues, which mainly records the facilities in stadiums in Hangzhou. The Provincial Sports Stadium during the Republic of China was primely the National Hangzhou Stadium where the well-known 4th National Games was held, later it was renamed as the Provincial Sports Stadium and now it is called Hangzhou Stadium with Hangzhou Branch, China Sports Museum. If you would like to know more about it, this section will tell you in detail. This section specially digs out the long history of today's Hangzhou Stadium with lots of its literatures.

The sixth section is Sports Figures introducing the sports figures related to sports history in Hangzhou during 100 years.

The seventh section is Collection of Sports Culture, which exhibits medals of sports competitions, commemo-

relative medals as well as pictures of sports monthly and some newspapers.

The eighth section is Appendix including the 5th, 6th and 7th National Games which the Hangzhou team participated in, the Far East Games and military trainings on the eve of and during the Anti-Japanese war as well as scout parades and camping, etc.

We have made an attempt to write this book to dig out the history and culture of sports in Hangzhou in a century. For example, the first section spans from the late Qing Dynasty to the year of 1949. However, because the time is limited, there is still a lot to be improved. In spite of the help from many experts before publication, there are still fallacies and omission. We are willing to solicit views from all sides in order to publish a sequel within two or three years.

We are lucky enough that in the course of writing the book, our municipal government together with the municipal Party delivered a good many directions and great concern. Secretary Wang Guoping wrote an inscription and Mayor Caiqi wrote a preface, all of which will give a vigorous boost to our work and athletic sports in Hangzhou. So I wrote the preface to comfort the ancestors and encourage the descendants. At last, I' like to take this opportunity to appreciate all the people making their contribution to the publication of the book! The preface was done in July, 2008 in Hangzhou.

Zhao Rongfu, Director General of Hangzhou Municipal Sports Bureau



凡 例

一、杭州素以优美的天然地理形胜而著称，是中国历史上著名的六大古都之一，是我国历史文化名城和中外闻名的旅游城市。晚清以降，作为浙江政治、经济、文化中心和交通枢纽的杭州，风云激荡，名人荟萃。在寻求救国真理中，民主思想广为传播。于是，教育会建立，白话报出版发行，倡办体操讲习所，成立妇女放足会……促成文明时尚，推动社会进步。

编纂《杭州体育百年图史》(以下简称《图史》)，旨在将100多年来相关体育的人与事广泛蒐集，今在中国体育博物馆杭州分馆馆藏资料基础上努力做到辑逸勾沉、存真求实地辑录成册，从一个侧面展示具地方特色的杭州体育风貌。

二、《图史》收录之史料按规范组合归类，同类依年月先后排列。如：

学校体育——分幼稚园、小学、中学、大学。

体育学校——是指为培养体育师资与体育人才而陆续开办的专门学校。

运动竞赛——晚清时期的运动会，民国前期中等学校联合运动会，浙江省运动会，全国运动会。

民众体育——不同时期的民众、公务员……分别参加横渡钱江、环西湖越野跑、放风筝、踢毽子、举重和球类等各种形式的小型赛事和多样化体育活动。

体育人物——主要依据史志、辞典、名录等资料编写对杭州体育以影响之人物。

体育文化集锦——展示丰富多彩的运动会奖章和当年刊登报道运动竞赛的多种报刊。

附录——第五、六、七届全国运动大会、远东运动会、童子军。

纪年——采用历史纪年法，必要时括注公元纪元。

三、入选的史料记述，上限因事而异，下限到1949年止。个别重大事项作下延并注明。

四、本书引用的资料，被撷取的文献图籍一并附录于后：

- 1.《图画时报》简称[时]
- 2.《华侨商报》简称[华]
- 3.《精武画报》简称[精]
- 4.《时代》画报简称[代]
- 5.《文华》画报简称[文]
- 6.《美术生活》画报简称[美]
- 7.《申报》画报简称[申]
- 8.《上海画报》简称[上]

9. 《浙江潮》简称 [江]
10. 《教育杂志》简称 [教]
11. 晚清《孺子歌图》简称 [子]
12. 戊午年 (1918 年)《浙江省中等学校第二次联合运动会报告》简称 [中]
13. 《东方杂志》号外“第六届全运会画刊”简称 [全]
14. 《东南大观》简称 [东]
15. 《浙江青年》简称 [青]
16. 中国体育博物馆杭州分馆馆藏简称 [杭藏]
17. 1915 年浙江省立第一师范《运动会》简称 [运]
18. 1914 年商务印书馆《学校成绩写真》简称 [真]
19. 《学生杂志》简称 [学]
20. 《之江大学年刊》简称 [之]
21. 1935 年中央航空学校《航空生活》简称 [航]
22. 1935 年国立浙江大学工学院年刊简称 [工]
23. 1930 年《广济医校五十周年纪念册》简称 [广]
24. 浙江大学档案馆馆藏档案简称 [档]
25. 《杭高学生》简称 [高]
26. 《国闻时报》简称 [国]
27. 《蕙兰中学 30 周年纪念特刊》《蕙兰中学 50 周年纪念年刊》简称 [兰]
28. 《安定中学第九次毕业生纪念册》简称 [安]
29. 《浙江国术游艺大会汇刊》简称 [术]
30. 《浙江省立杭州女子中学五周年纪念刊》简称 [女]
31. 《杭州市政特刊》简称 [特]
32. 《生活画报》简称 [生]
33. 《杭州基督教青年会十周年纪念册》(1936 年 4 月) 简称 [基]
34. 1937 年《杭州市政府十周年纪念特刊》简称 [杭]
35. 1917 年《浙江省立甲种商业学校校友会杂志》简称 [商]
36. 《浙江体育半月刊》《浙江体育月刊》简称 [体]
37. 《新闻报》简称 [新]
38. 《杭州教育志》简称 [教]
39. 《浙江体育志》简称 [志]
40. 《勤奋体育月刊》简称 [勤]
41. 《康健体育月刊》简称 [康]
42. 《东方杂志》简称 [方]

Explanatory Notes

Hangzhou, a famous national historic and cultural city and a well-known international tourist city, has long had a reputation for her graceful natural geographical conditions as well as one of the six ancient capitals in Chinese history. During the period of the late Qing Dynasty, Hangzhou was the political, economic and cultural center and the transportation hub of Zhejiang, where a great number of celebrities assembled. In an attempt to search for the truth of saving our country, democratic ideas spread widely, which led to the establishment of Education Association, the publishing of vernacular newspapers, and the establishment of gymnasiums and Women's Setting-the-Foot-Free Association and so forth. All the attempts indeed propelled the steps of our civilization and fashion and meanwhile promoted social progress.

A Century of Sports in Hangzhou (called *Tushi* in short), a collection of the men and their stories related to sports around 100 years, is compiled with great truthfulness, so as to lay out locally characteristic sports in Hangzhou from one aspect.

The historical materials included in *A Century of Sports in Hangzhou* are combined and classified according to codes and those of the same kind are chronologically ranked. They are classified as the follows.

School Sports is divided into sports of kindergartens, primary schools, middle schools and universities.

Athletic Schools refers to the specialist schools set up successively for the purpose of cultivating PE teachers and sports talents.

Competition is Sports Meet in the late Qing Dynasty, Middle School Joint Sports Meet in the earlier Republic of China, Zhejiang Sports Meet and National Sports Meet.

Public Sports indicates a variety of sports activities and competitions such as the swimming competition across Qiantang river, the cross-country race around the Lake, the flying kite competition, the kicking shuttlecock competition, the weight lifting competition and ball games and so on, which were attended by the public and civil servants etc. in different periods.

Leisure Sports includes west lake tour, mountain tour, scenic spot tour, tide-watching at Qiantang river and tour in Zhejiang Province

Sports Figures includes those of great importance or influence on sports of Hangzhou mainly according to such materials as history records, dictionaries and directories.

Collection of Sports Culture brings forth kaleidoscopic medals of sports meets as well as newspapers printing news of sport competitions.

Appendix includes the 5th, 6th and 7th National Games, the Far East Games and the Boy Scouts.

Time recording adopts historical dating method with the Christian era indicated in brackets, if necessary and generally records included in the book end to the year of 1949. However the definite earliest period can not be dated back to because of the different cases, some particular major events beyond the above-mentioned period are indicated especially.

Materials, documents and literature quoted by the book are appended together as the follows.

Picture Times is called *Shi* in short

Chinese Commercial News is called *Hua* in short

Jingwu Pictorial is called *Jing* in short

Modern Times is called *Dai* in short

Wenhua Pictorial is called *Wen* in short

Modern Art of Life is called *Mei* in short

Pictorial of Shen Paper is called *Shen* in short

Shanghai Pictorial is called *Shang* in short
Zhejiang Tide is called *Jiang* in short
Education Magazine is called *Jiao* in short
Children Pictorial in the late Qing Dynasty is called *Zi* in short
The Report on the Second Joint Middle School Sports Meet in Zhejiang in the year of Wuwu of 1918 is called *Zhong* in short
"Pictorial of the 6th National Games", the extra issue of *the East* is called *Quan* in short
Taikan Southeast is called *Dong* in short
Zhejiang Youth is called *Qing* in short
Collection of the Hangzhou Branch of China Sports Museum is called *Hangcang* in short
The First Normal School Sports Meet in Zhejiang in 1915 is called *Yun* in short
Pictures of Students' Grades printed in Commercial Press in 1914 is called *Zhen* in short
Student Magazine is called *Xue* in short
Annual of Zhijiang University is called *Zhi* in short
Life on Air in the Central Aviation Academy in 1935 is called *Hang* in short
Annual of the Institute of Technology of Zhejiang University in 1935 is called *Gong* in short
Album of the 50th Anniversary of Guangji Medical School in 1930 is called *Guang* in short
Collection of Zhejiang University Archive Files is called *Dang* in short
Students of Hangzhou High School is called *Gao* in short
State news is called *Guo* in short
The 30th Anniversary Special Edition of Huilan Middle School and *The 50th Anniversary Special Edition of Huilan Middle School* are called *Lan* in short
Album of the 9th Graduates of Anding Middle School is called *An* in short
Transactions of Chinese Martial Arts Carnival in Zhejiang is called *Shu* in short
The 5th Anniversary of Hangzhou Women's Middle School in Zhejiang is called *Nv* in short
Hangzhou Municipal Booklet is called *Te* in short
Pictorial of Modern Life is called *Sheng* in short
The 10th Anniversary of Hangzhou YMCA (in Apr. 1936) is called *Ji* in short
Special Publication of the 10th Anniversary of Hangzhou Municipal Government in 1937 is called *Hang* in short
Alumni Association Magazine of Zhejiang First Class Business School in 1917 is called *Shang* in short
Zhejiang Sports Semimonthly and *Zhejiang Sports Monthly* in 1932 are called *Ti* in short
The Press is called *Xin* in short
Hangzhou Education Magazine is called *Jiao* in short
Zhejiang Sports Magazine is called *Zhi* in short
Diligence Sports Monthly is called *Qin* in short
Common Health Sports Monthly is called *Kang* in short
The East is called *Fang* in short

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