

# 享在剑桥

大学实用英语综合教程

学生用书 第三册



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学林出版社

# 大学实用英语综合教程

# —— 享在剑桥

第三册

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《享在剑桥》是学林出版社继成功推出《走出牛津》之后的又一套富有特色的大学英语教材。如果说《走出牛津》注重听说、强调教学互动,那么《享在剑桥》则更加强调学生读写能力的培养、文化知识的熏陶及人文素质的提升。

《享在剑桥》同样突破了传统教材的编写和教学模式, 重在用名家经典让莘莘学 子在享受人文哲理之精妙、体验人间真情之可贵的同时燃起学习英语的激情。《享在 剑桥》视教材的科学性为生命,在编写过程中,自始自终注意汲取外语教学领域里的最 新研究成果,让教材的编写遵循外语学习规律,使教材的使用者能学好英语。我们知道, 第二语言习得研究是一门相对来说还比较年轻的学科。大约在上世纪60年代它才成为一 门独立的学科,许多理论还处于不断完善的过程中。回顾该学科半个多世纪的成长发展 历程,对其影响最大的理论可以算是风行于上世纪七八十年代 S. Krashen 的输入论 (Input Hypothesis)。根据这个理论,外语学习者接触到的外语语料对成功学好一 门外语具有举足轻重的作用。但在80年代中后期,不少著名学者对二语习得理论提出了 批判,批判的内容涉及该理论的许多方面。在我看来,其中和我们外语学习者关系最大 的是Swain 的输出论(Output Hypothesis)。根据Swain的输出理论,学习者的输入(Input) 还不足以构成第二语言学习成功的唯一充足条件,学习者的输出(Output)也是外语学 习过程中不可忽视的因素。那么什么叫学习者的输出? Swain 为这个理论探索了 20 多年, 在这篇短短的序言里笔者无法、也没有必要加以深入阐述。但二语习得研究领域至少已 经形成这样一种共识:学习者的输入和输出都是二语习得过程中不可忽视的因素,都是 研究者观察的重点。我个人认为,这也是我们编写教材中要时刻注意的最为重要的两个 方面。

《享在剑桥》不仅强调语料的筛选,以求所选材料篇篇都能受到读者的喜爱或让读者产生心灵的震撼,而且同时强调练习的科学编排,以求使用者能把丰富的语言养料转化为自己的东西。比如,读者只要稍微翻阅此书,就会发现该书每一单元的练习中,都包含了Précis Writing,本练习不仅检验学生对课文的理解程度,也检验学生能否吸收课文的语言养料并将其转化为自己的东西,即训练学生的表达能力。

以上仅是本教材在编写过程中注重输入和输出的一个例子。更多的教学理念和方法还需要大家共同来实践和探讨。

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# 前言

《享在剑桥》首推一个"享"字,享受智慧,享受哲理,燃烧学习英语之激情;享受趣味,享受真情,彰显活力与青春;享受学习,享受工作,品味精彩人生。

《享在剑桥》课文Focus 1一般取自西方文化经典,是哲理性和趣味性都很强的文章; Focus 2的内容取自实用型或励志型的文章, 希望学生通过学习这些文章提升自己的专业知识, 并在以后的工作、生活中加以运用。因为来自经典, 所以课文语言纯正、语法规范、习语丰富, 内容或幽默诙谐, 或情趣盎然, 蕴涵着人生哲理和智慧, 一个个生动活泼的人物形象通过精美的语言浮现在学生的脑海之中。学生在参与和互动中, 享受着学习英语带来的乐趣。实用的科技型或商务型短文, 把英语知识同生活和工作紧密联系起来, 突出了实用的特点。

《享在剑桥》紧扣教学大纲,从第一册到第三册,几乎覆盖了所有A、B级词汇,并有效地控制了超纲词汇。每册由八个单元组成,每个单元包含两篇课文、一个听说功能和一个写作功能,每个功能都对应一个实际的工作或生活场景。

《享在剑桥》强调精讲精练。教师会在文中重要的语言点上作些必要的拓展。练习是根据学生的逻辑思维习惯和二语习得理论进行科学设计和编排的,始终为课文服务,而且数量适度,反复凸现课文内容和知识点,非常有利于学生听、说、读、写等能力的训练。

《享在剑桥》充分体现教学互动的原则。课文中的每个段落几乎都有相对应的问题引导学生深入理解课文的内容和知识点。教师与学生之间,学生与学生之间通过任务型练习进行互动,交换思想和观点。学生通过听、说、读、写等方法来训练和表达自己对课文的理解。而这些练习方法正是输入与输出相结合的过程。这个过程不是机械的、形式单调的输入和输出,而是互动的、活泼的、参与性的输入和输出。这是个快乐的过程。

为了进一步拓展主题,巩固教学成果,本套教材配备了练习册、MP3光盘和辅导用书。为方便教学,本套教材还配备了多媒体教学光盘、课件、教师用书(含相关背景知识)等。

本书的使用对象为高职高专非英语专业学生,包括艺体类、三校生、五年制高职以 及三本院校的学生。

由于编者水平有限, 疏漏和不妥之处在所难免, 恳请专家和读者不吝指正。

### 写给学生

#### 我们的目的

本套教材有 3 个目的。首先,通过课文的学习和训练,你能够从中掌握发音、单词、短语、句型、语法及写作等基本知识。其次,本书中的课文都是西方文化的经典之作,且贴近生活与工作。通过学习,你能够知晓西方生活常识,领略西方文化魅力,初步了解西方社会。此外,本套教材还旨在培养你使用规范的英语进行交际的能力。

#### 你们的目的

你希望能尽快掌握英语,并把它作为交流的工具。你未来可能需要参加各种以英语为交际媒介的商 务活动,或者你的服务对象是英语使用者。你可能还要参加国际会议或国际展览,或者利用因特网开展 业务。无论何种目的,你都希望能熟练掌握英语,使之成为自己职业生涯的得力助手。

#### 实现目的

语言习得是实践性科目。要实现以上目标,你必须要有积极主动的学习态度。积极参与课文讲解、 听说互动以及各项语言操练。一个想学开车的人,不去实践而仅靠背诵规则是永远也学不会开车的。语 言的实践性还要求你多用英语思考,用英语组织观点、进行讨论,用英语写日记。学以致用会让你产生 成就感,这也是你在学习英语的道路上不断前进的动力。另外,语言能力是在错误中练就的,有错误的 时候必须勇敢提出来,错误得到改正就是进步。

#### 关于教材结构

本套教材遵循"先输入后输出"的二语习得理论,分 3 个层面组织教学材料与内容: Focus 1 Language Skills, Focus 2 Language Use 与 Focus 3 Grammar Review。第一部分包括两个重点: 一个是课文及与之配套的词汇表、练习等; 第二个是听说操练。第二部分也有两个重点: 一个是课文及与之配套的词汇表、练习等; 另一个是实用写作操练。第三部分是语法复习,系统描述基础语法规则,并在其后配有语法专项练习。3 个层面具有相同的重要性,同时各具特点: 第一部分选用经典阅读材料,重点训练最常用的语言点,培养听说能力。第二部分选用实用阅读材料,用以检查你的篇章理解能力,突出实用性词汇的理解和运用,培养书面表达能力。第三部分帮助你系统回顾英语语法,进一步巩固你正确运用英语语法的能力。各部分皆不可偏废。学习时需要采取不同方法,区别对待。

课文是本套教材的精髓。第一篇课文一般是名家之作,幽默诙谐,哲理与情趣交相辉映,可谓英语语言之精华。你要逐词逐句分析其结构,理解作者意图,掌握故事情节及寓意。课文从标题到结尾,几乎每个词都值得咀嚼和体会,你可以从中欣赏到最美的英语短语、句子和习惯用法,这是你必须深刻理解和记忆的。这种美文若能背诵并理解,长期积累以后你就有可能做到出口成章,下笔如有神。每篇课文都有一定的教育意义,要有意识地挖掘课文的深刻内涵,因为这些内涵可能让你终生受益。第二篇课文为说明文或科技、商务性短文,其词汇与表达更加贴近工作场景。你可以从中学到一些行业的专业术语和知识,以及科技商务类文体的句法与语篇模式,为提高该类文章的阅读理解能力打下基础。该篇课文中有较多的超纲词,这主要是因为专业词汇具有不可替代性。你可以学习这些专业词的构词特点,掌握专业词的常用词缀,提高词汇记忆的准确性和速度。

两篇课文后均附有生词统计信息和词汇表。生词统计信息主要依据现行教育部颁发的《高职高专教育英语课程教学基本要求》(简称"要求")中的词汇表,按 A 级词、B 级词和超纲词分类统计。通过 3 册教材的学习,你将学完"要求"中所有 A、B 级词汇,这为你参加并通过现行英语应用能力 A、B 级考试打下扎实的词汇基础。

每课后的词汇表包含以下信息:拼写、音标、词性、词义,此外还有课文词义用法举例。拼写与音标参考了现行权威词典。词性采用省略写法,其中vi.为不及物动词,vt.为及物动词,n. [C]为可数名词,n. [U]为不可数名词。在词义中,列在最前面的是该词在课文中的意义,并在旁边配有例句。你可以在学

习课文前学习词汇表,听录音模仿单词发音,仔细辨析词义,翻译例句。如有疑问,可以找你的老师或同学帮助解决。

#### 关于课文注释

课文注释主要帮助你理解课文大意,如包含语言点的中文翻译、难句的语法和句法解释等。这些不是课文中所有的语言点,而是一些我们认为你在理解时可能有困难的语言点。如果你认为单凭自己能看懂课文就万事大吉,而轻视课堂教学活动的参与,你就会失去进一步提高并表现自己的机会。上课时你还要认真听老师讲解的语言点,并积极参与课堂的教学活动。与老师互动、与同学互动、与自己互动,互动的英语学习方法会带给你成就感,这样困难就变成了挑战,解决困难就变成了快乐的经历。你会发现课文注解是多余的,因为你能够自己借助工具书主动解决困难,能自己编写课文注解,这样我们的目的也就达到了。

#### 关于练习

第一部分(Focus 1)中的练习。

Exercise I. Understanding and Getting Familiar with the Text: 本大题有两个小题,你可以通过这个练习检查自己了解课文的情况,并帮助你彻底理解课文进而汲取其中的养料。

Exercise I. 1: 本题有 10 道题左右,基本覆盖了课文的要点。问题不难且都是主观题,主要是通过问答让你全面理解、熟悉并掌握课文。你要记下答案,这对第四题的 Précis Writing 有帮助,因为把这些问题串联起来,经过必要的加工,你就可以写出课文的摘要。

**Exercise I. 2:** 本题共含 4 个题目,为较深层次的理解性选择题,问题有一定的难度。题干是不完整的 Statement 或 Question,配 4 个选项,其中一个为正确答案。这是表现你的判断能力、推理能力和概括能力的极好机会。

Exercise II. Finding Topic-related Words in the Text: 编者给出 2 - 3 个与课文主题语义场相关的 Topics, 让你在课文中尽量多地找出与该 Topic 相关的词汇。通过这个练习,你的英语语义场发散能力将 得到有效训练,这个能力是综合英语能力的一个核心要素,因为有了它你就有了创造语言的能力了。你 当然也可以在超出课文以外的领域,海阔天空地拓展这个主题。不断创造机会表现你自己,这是我们的目的。

Exercise III. Using the Right Word:编者从课文中选取 10 个 A、B 级词汇,做成给词填空题,包括词性转换、时态和语态变化等。本练习注重检测你对英语构词法的掌握程度,以及你正确使用动词时态和语态的能力。老师会帮助你仔细分析每个词的构词法及动词的形式。如果你先试着把这些句子翻译成汉语,老师再耐心讲解,你就不会感到乏味。

Exercise IV. Special Difficulties: 本题有两个目的: 一是从词汇角度帮助你理解、掌握和吸收课文中的语言养料; 二是对本课语法点进行简要解释和练习。

Exercise IV. 1. Fill in the blanks with the correct forms of the words(phrases): 本题有 5 组(对)词或短语让你进行辨析,即同形同音异义辨析、同形异音异义辨析或常用动词如 do 或 make 等的诸多搭配。这里的可用项目皆有一定的迷惑性,你一定要注意辨析。细微的语义和用法上的区别可能是你平时没有关注过但又经常出错的地方。

Exercise IV. 2. Fill in the blanks by choosing one of the structures provided in the brackets: 这里的备用项皆有一定的迷惑性,弄明白了会让你有很大的提高。

**Exercise V. Focusing on the Sentence Structure:** 本题主要从句法角度帮助你理解、掌握和吸收课文中的语言养料。

**Exercise V. 1.** 编者从课文中选出一个重要的或复杂的句型作为 Example 的答案,然后要求你练习使用相关句型,如"…too+adj. or adv. + to + do…"等。

Exercise V. 2. 编者给出几个复杂的句子并切分成若干单位,打乱顺序,要求你排序成句。本题主要 检测你组句的能力。

Exercise VI. Précis Writing: 本练习不仅检验你对课文的理解程度,也检验你是否能吸收课文的语言

养料并转化成自己的东西,也即训练你的表达能力。老师会引导你重温第一大题的第一小题的各道题目,吃透每道题的答案,但并非每一道题的答案都适合放入 Précis。本练习要求你写出的语句必须简洁。你要对 Exercise I. 1 中的答案有所取舍,并把相关的内容串联起来。注意使用一定的过渡手段,比如连接词的运用等。该练习用以培养你谋篇布局的技巧。

Exercise VII. Translation: 本题有两个练习。

**Exercise VII. 1:** 编者从课文中挑出 5 个较难的词、短语或结构,根据这些结构另编了 5 个英语句子或段落(不是课文原句),要求你翻译成汉语。句子有一定的难度,翻译时要讲究一定的技巧。

**Exercise VII. 2:** 编者从课文中挑出 5 个较难的词、短语或结构,根据这些结构另编了 5 个汉语句子或段落(不是课文原句的翻译),要求你翻译成英语。句子有一定的难度,翻译时要讲究一定的技巧。

**Listening 1.:** 这是根据课文内容改编成的一段对话,5-7个回合,每个回合 30 词以内,题型为缺词填空。本题旨在让你通过听的形式进一步掌握课文内容及重点生词。

**Listening 2**: 编者选取与课文主题或话语功能密切相关的一段对话或一首英文歌曲,通过练习培养你的听力理解能力。

**Listening 3**:编者选取与课文主题或话语功能密切相关的一篇课外短文,通过练习进一步提高你的听力理解能力。

Speaking: 本题由两部分组成: Instructions (题目为情景指令)与 Functional Expressions。在这里你将有充分的机会把此前学到的语言知识与技能向全班展示,无论是对话排序、无提示对话、给提示对话,还是独立演讲,你都必须开口。放下思想包袱,打消顾虑,大胆地用英语表达自己的思想,这样你肯定会有收获。准备这个口语练习时,你可以参看书中给出的功能词句,即与本课文主题有关的语义场词汇、典型用语、常见句型等。

第二部分(Focus 2)中的练习。

Exercise I. Text Comprehension: 本题包括两小题。

Exercise I. 1. 本题为主旨题,列出 4 个选择项,其中有一项正确概括了课文的主旨大意。主要检测你的理解能力和概括能力。

Exercise I. 2. 本题为课文理解判断题,共有10个题左右。主要检测你对课文细节的理解能力。

Exercise II. Using the Topic-related Terms: 这里是从课文中找出的 5 - 10 个句子,并在句中画出 5 - 10 个与本课主题密切相关的词或短语,然后编者自编了一段文字,要求你用画线部分词汇填空。你的综合语言能力在此将得以体现。你不仅要考虑意义的完整性以及篇章逻辑,还要考虑词的正确形式。不妨和你的同桌互相讨论一下,互补余缺,共同提高。

Practical Writing:本题由3部分组成:范文、对范文的理解练习、写作。本题要求你结合"要求"的应用文体编写与第一篇或第二篇课文相关的应用文。这是输出英语的时候,你可以在老师的带领下理解范文,并分析英文写作提示语。教师会适当讲解应用文的格式、知识、技巧或常用句型等。培根说过"写作使人精确",从老师的讲解中你会得到很多启发。

#### 关于语法复习

这部分练习是对以前所学语法知识的系统复习。虽然语法规则描述有时很乏味,但是一个善于思考的学习者总是能够在研究语法时发现自己的不足。此处配备的语法练习可以检测你的语法缺陷。让你有针对地弥补自身的语法不足,有重点地攻克语法难点。学完本套教材,虽不能保证你成为语法专家,却完全可以让你正确地运用语法理解句子并进行交流。

编者 2008年8月 Unit Page

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	Section 1: Model Passage Reading	Section 2: Listening and Speaking
One	Text: A Detective Story	Advising Sb. not to Do Sth.
	Vocabulary	John and the Thief
	Phrases and Expressions	
	Notes on the Text	
	Exercises	STATE OF THE PERSON
	Section 1: Model Passage Reading	Section 2: Listening and Speaking
	Text: The Praying Hands	Application for Voluntary Service
	Vocabulary	Devotion
Two	Phrases and Expressions	100 年本联合共和共和共 (Figure 1)
	Notes on the Text	
	Exercises	THE RESIDENCE OF THE PROPERTY
	Section 1: Model Passage Reading	Section 2: Listening and Speaking
	Text: The Pendulum	International Marriage
	Vocabulary	Planning a Family Tour
Three	5 9 Phrases and Expressions	RATED TO MAN TO WELL TO SEE
	Notes on the Text	Secretaring Treat Trainment
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	Text: Color Me Pink	Welcome and Farewell Reception
	Vocabulary	Invitation to a Welcome Dinner
Four	8 8 Phrases and Expressions	2007年1月1日 - 1000年1月1日 - 1000年1日 - 1
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	Vocabulary	Expressing Condolences
Five	Phrases and Expressions	
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	Section 1: Model Passage Reading	A STORY AND SECURE A RESIDENCE AND SECURE AS A SECURE AND SECURE AND SECURE AS A SECURE AND SECURE AS A SECURE AS A SECURE AND SECURE AS A SECURI AS A SECURITION AS A SECURI AS A SECURI AS A SECURI AS A SECURITION AS A SECURI AS A SECURI AS A SECURI AS A SECURITION AS A SECURI AS A SECURITION AS A S
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Vocabulary	19.14	
Phrases and Expressions	ar čladneja flora i se	
Notes on the Text	160 040 8	
Exercises	Maria de la Carta	
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Text: Profit at a Price	An Announcement of	
Vocabulary	Getting Support for Vol-	
Phrases and Expressions	untary Work	
Notes on the Text	noble <sup>1</sup> / ban mada a	Maria Salah
Exercises	Dance.	
Section 1: Practical Reading	Section 2: Practical Writing	(F) 证券在19年1月 (F)
Text: Mary Kay Cosmetics	A Memo	
Vocabulary	Barrier and the state of the st	
Phrases and Expressions		
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Section 1: Practical Reading	Section 2: Practical Writing	Inversion
Text: A Silver Lining	A Guide's Welcome	
Vocabulary	Speech	。 第一句句句
Phrases and Expressions Notes on the Text		
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Section 1: Practical Reading	Section 2: Practical Writing	The Use of "It" & Discontinu-
Text: David Swan	Directions for Using	ous Modification
Vocabulary	Health Care Products	ous Mounication
Phrases and Expressions	Ticalui Care i Toducis	
Notes on the Text		
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# Unit One



Focus 1: Language Skills

Section 1: Model Passage Reading

Text: A Detective Story

Vocabulary

Phrases and Expressions

Notes on the Text

Exercises

Section 2: Listening and Speaking

Advising Sb. not to Do Sth.

John and the Thief

Focus 2: Language Use

Section 1: Practical Reading

Text: Sea Serpents

Vocabulary

Phrases and Expressions

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Notes on the Text

Exercises

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A Letter of Accusation

Focus 3: Grammar Review

Pro-form & Emphasis



## Section 1: Model Passage Reading

## **A Detective Story**

At 11:22 p.m. on January 7, 1999, Ms. Jane Webb called the Toronto police to report a suicide. At 11:34 a police car pulled up in front of her house, a small bungalow on a very quiet street, and two policemen got out of the car. Ms. Webb was waiting for them at the door, dressed in a warm coat to protect her against the cold. She pointed to the house next door, on her right, and accompanied the policemen to the front door of this house.



2 To the policemen's surprise, the door was partly open. They entered the house and Ms. Webb directed the policemen to the study, which was down the corridor, on the right. The door of the study was also open, and they could see a man's body are the floor poor the dock. They realized immediately that he was dead. There was a small round

on the floor near the desk. They realized immediately that he was dead. There was a small round hole in his forehead, just above his right eye, and a gun lay on the floor next to his right hand.

3 The policemen looked around but did not touch anything. They then left the room and told Ms. Webb to follow them outside. One of the policemen told her that she was a vital witness and asked her to stay in the house until someone came to interview her. He then called the homicide division and gave them the address.

4 Inspector Coderre and a team of experts arrived fifteen minutes later to investigate the matter. The investigation began at once and Inspector Coderre checked every room in the house before he was satisfied.

5 It was almost 2:00 a.m. when he finally rang the doorbell at Ms. Webb's home and asked to speak to her. She offered him a cup of coffee, which he gratefully accepted. He sat down at the kitchen table and while the coffee was brewing, she told him what had happened.

6 "I was sitting in this very room, drinking a cup of cocoa like I do every night before I go to bed. Suddenly, the light came on in Mr. James' study and through the window I saw him enter the room and walk over to his desk. Look! You can see the study from here and you can see everything that is happening inside."

7 Inspector Coderre stared out of the kitchen window and realized that she was absolutely right. The study was well lit and he could see his colleagues move around inside as they continued their investigation.

8 Ms. Webb continued with her story. "I saw Mr. James open a drawer of the desk and take

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- **9** She was obviously upset but she continued her account of the terrible event. "As you can imagine, I was in shock, but I realized that I had to do something, although I knew deep down that it was too late."
- 10 "So what did you do?" the inspector posed the question.
- 11 "I ran over to his house for an inspection. I checked the front door. It was locked. I tried the back door. It too was locked. I went around the house and checked all the windows. They were all secured with locks. So I took a stone and broke a basement window and climbed in. It was stupid under the circumstances, but I didn't want to break any of the big windows."
- 12 The inspector was very sympathetic and told her that it was very natural not to want to damage somebody's property. Then he said, "We noticed the broken window. It was very small. You're lucky you didn't cut yourself as you climbed through it."
- Ms. Webb nodded in agreement and continued her story. "I was in this very dark basement, but since our houses are very similar I quickly found the light switch. Then I went up the stairs to the main floor. I rushed immediately to the study and I didn't hesitate. I opened the door, switched on the light and ran to the body to see if I could do anything for Mr. James. Of course, as you saw, there was nothing I could do for him. Then I left the house via the front door and came over here to call the police. I left the front door partly open so they could just walk in and see what had happened."
- 14 Now that she had finished her story, she began to tremble. "I'm sorry," she explained. "You see, he was more than a good neighbor to me. He was also my boss. I work at his company as his accountant, and I know there was a reason for his despair. The company was going bankrupt; I guess that was the motive for his suicide, and I feel responsible for his suicide because I was the one who gave him the bad news, just this morning, in fact."
- 15 The inspector looked at her but there was little sympathy in his eyes. He got up from his chair and headed towards the front door. As he was picking up his overcoat and gloves, he turned to her and said, in a very cold voice, "That's all for our preliminary investigation. I think you will have to come down to police headquarters with me. There are a few small details that don't seem to make sense."
- 16 Why isn't Inspector Coderre satisfied with Ms. Webb's version of the event? Is there anything in her account that didn't conform to what the inspector had observed?

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# **VOCABULARY**

## New Words Stat

生词总量	B级词汇	A级词汇	超纲词汇	占课文的比率
48	*20	☆ 20	△ 8	4.85%

### **New Words**

单词 / 音标	词性/词义/例子
*detective /dɪ'tektɪv/	n. [C] 侦探,警探; 私家侦探
busine sometric augit etc	Most detective stories appeal to the curiosity of the readers.
∆suicide /'su:rsaɪd/	n. [C, U] 自杀;自取灭亡的行为;自杀者
tand taxonica characters and their	Her suicide was motivated by divorce.
∆bungalow /'bʌŋgələu/	n. [C] 平房
	Most of the buildings along the Bund of Shanghai were bungalows.
☆accompany /əˈkʌmpənɪ/	vt. 陪伴,陪同;伴随,和······一起发生;为······伴奏
	Children under fourteen must be accompanied by an adult.
*partly /'pa:tli/	ad. 部分地,不完全地,在一定程度上
	The track was partly covered by long grass.
*corridor / kprido:(r)/	n. [C] 走廊, 长廊, 通道
and the form of seven and other	Room 101 is at the end of the corridor.
*hole /həul/	n. [C] 洞,孔眼
or over the contribute attacks	We'll just dig a big hole in the ground and bury the box in it.
*touch /tats/	vt. 触摸, 碰到; 触动, 感动; 涉及, 论及 n. [U, C] 接触,
	碰到;少许,一点
	Small children are constantly moving and wanting to touch
	everything.
☆vital /'vartl/	a. 极其重要的,必不可少的; 生死攸关的,致命的; 有生命
	的,充满生机的
	Such measures are vital to national security.
☆witness / witness/	n. [C] 目击者,见证人;证据,证言 vt./vi. 目击,目睹;
	(为)作证,证明
	Police have asked witnesses to come forward.
*interview /'ıntəvju:/	vt. 面谈;接见,会见,采访 n. [C] 面谈,面试,采访;接