

ENGLISH

# 英语水平测试

姜胜国 沈钰娣 主编

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## 前 言

本书是以全日制初中英语教材内容为依据编写而成的学习指导用书,总共有 28 套练习(自测试题)。练习采用最近几年来初中教学质量测试及升学考试常用题型。试题紧扣教材和教学大纲,知识点全面,覆盖面广;形式新颖多样,内容丰富而充实。在编写过程中,我们特别注意针对初中学生学习中常见错误,编成试题,供学生进行强化训练,以纠正错误。书后附有参考答案,可供学生进行自测。参加本书编写的作者都是多年从事中学英语教学的教师。本书既是初中学生复习测试的必备用书,也可作为教师的教学参考用书。

本书由姜胜国、沈钰娣主编。参加编写的有姜胜国、沈钰娣、赵妙泉、吕和法、李晓非、王其发、庄福珍、丁人龙、张建美、黄桂风、张惠芳、高敏。

编者

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## Exercise (1)

### 一、语音 (共 10 分)

A. 下列各组单词中有一个单词的划线部分的读音与其他三个的不同,把这个单词前面的代号(A、B、C或D)填入括号内(每题1分)

- ( ) 1. A) hear B) near C) tear D) early  
 ( ) 2. A) window B) slow C) how D) bowl  
 ( ) 3. A) arrived B) died C) cleaned D) united  
 ( ) 4. A) name B) many C) face D) state  
 ( ) 5. A) work B) world C) warm D) return

B. 根据音标在空格内填写适当的单词,使句子通顺:(每题1分)

1. When he \_\_\_\_\_ the bank, he saw the clock and knew it was a quarter \_\_\_\_\_ nine. /pɑːst/  
 2. It's good \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_ the big elephant. /wei/  
 3. My brother and I have lived \_\_\_\_\_ for two years. We often \_\_\_\_\_ from our parents. /hiə/  
 4. I have \_\_\_\_\_ this \_\_\_\_\_ book. /red/  
 5. She was too \_\_\_\_\_ to go to school last \_\_\_\_\_. /wi:k/

### 二、词汇 (共15分)

A. 按括号内的要求写出相应的词:(每词0.5分)

1. regret (过去分词) \_\_\_\_\_ 6. catch (现在时第三人称单数) \_\_\_\_\_  
 2. friend (形容词) \_\_\_\_\_ 7. angry (副词) \_\_\_\_\_  
 3. swim (现在分词) \_\_\_\_\_ 8. he (反身代词) \_\_\_\_\_  
 4. far (比较级) \_\_\_\_\_ 9. twelve (序数词) \_\_\_\_\_  
 5. eat (过去式) \_\_\_\_\_ 10. operate (名词) \_\_\_\_\_

B. 用括号内所给词的适当形式填入空格中,使句子通顺正确:(每题1分)

1. Our headmaster made a \_\_\_\_\_ at the meeting yesterday. (speak)  
 2. There are a lot of \_\_\_\_\_ on the tree. (leaf)  
 3. Shanghai is one of the \_\_\_\_\_ cities in the world. (big)  
 4. I have collected many \_\_\_\_\_ stamps since last year. (wonder)  
 5. His father had two bad \_\_\_\_\_ pulled out last Saturday. (tooth)

C. 词义配对:从(II)栏中为(I)栏找出意义接近的解释,把它们前面的代号(A、B、C...)分别填入相应词语前面的括号内:(每题1分)

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| I<br>( ) 1. lift<br>( ) 2. enter<br>( ) 3. wear<br>( ) 4. visit | II<br>A) go to see somebody or a place<br>B) not at all polite<br>C) take up and put it in a higher place<br>D) look carefully to find something |
|---|--|

- ( ) 5. rude E) have clothes on the body  
F) come or go into  
G) be afraid of

### 三、选择填空 (共25分)

选择最恰当的答案,并把前面的代号(A、B、C或D)填入句前的括号内:(每题1分)

- ( ) 1. Where's Tom? I want to have            with him.  
A) the words B) a word C) some words D) words
- ( ) 2. You've made a mistake. This is a lesson            you.  
A) for B) at C) with D) about
- ( ) 3. He cried            surprise, "How dangerous it is!"  
A) with B) to C) from D) in
- ( ) 4. She spent            in reading English this morning.  
A) some time B) some times C) sometime D) sometimes
- ( ) 5. These desks and chairs are made            wood.  
A) from B) with C) of D) into
- ( ) 6. Jack is            American boy.  
A) an B) a C) the D) X
- ( ) 7. We'll listen to a talk            the history of our Party.  
A) in B) on C) at D) of
- ( ) 8. The students            talking until the teacher came into the classroom.  
A) don't stop B) stop C) stopped D) didn't stop
- ( ) 9. When the baby saw her mother, she couldn't help           .  
A) cried out B) cry out C) crying out D) to cry out
- ( ) 10. The fisherman drew in an old basket            sand.  
A) fill with B) full with C) fill of D) full of
- ( ) 11. Will you please            me your dictionary?  
A) borrow B) lend C) to borrow D) to lend
- ( ) 12.            weather it is today!  
A) What a fine B) How a fine C) What fine D) How fine
- ( ) 13. John said that            with the workers there.  
A) he could get on well B) he could get on good C) he could get nice on D) he would get well on
- ( ) 14. My mother usually watches TV            Saturday or Sunday evening.  
A) in B) on C) at D) by
- ( ) 15. The computer is            useful machine.  
A) an B) a C) this D) the
- ( ) 16. You had better            at home. It looks like to rain.  
A) to come B) to stay C) stayed D) stay
- ( ) 17. When our homework           , We'll go to play football on the playground.

- A)will be finished B)finished C)is finished D)was finish
- ( ) 18. Mr Black has never \_\_\_\_\_ to Shanghai before.  
A)went B)gone C)been D)came
- ( ) 19. I \_\_\_\_\_ I were as old as my brother is.  
A)hope B)wish C)think D)want
- ( ) 20. You have little paper with you, \_\_\_\_\_?  
A)don't you B)didn't you C)will you D)have you
- ( ) 21. You must try your best to do better \_\_\_\_\_ chemistry next time.  
A)at B)in C)on D)with
- ( ) 22. The weather in autumn here is \_\_\_\_\_ hot \_\_\_\_\_ cold.  
A)either...or B)not only...but also C)neither...nor D)both...and
- ( ) 23. Work hard, \_\_\_\_\_ you'll not be able to keep up with the classmates.  
A)and B)but C)or D)then
- ( ) 24. Let's listen to the radio, \_\_\_\_\_?  
A)shall we B)will you C)do you D)won't we
- ( ) 25. I'm afraid I can't give any \_\_\_\_\_ advice than that.  
A)good B)other C)more D)better

#### 四、动词填空 (共15分)

用所给动词的适当的时态和语态填空,词数不限:(每格1分)

- I will tell her as soon as she \_\_\_\_\_ (come)back.
- Don't make any noise,please. My father \_\_\_\_\_ (sleep)now.
- The Great Wall \_\_\_\_\_ (know)all over the world.
- He \_\_\_\_\_ (make)quite a few good friends since he came here.
- There \_\_\_\_\_ (be)an English film in our school tonight.
- \_\_\_\_\_ your mother \_\_\_\_\_ (go)to work yesterday?
- By ten o'clock last Sunday we \_\_\_\_\_ (reach)the Science Museum.
- She said her father \_\_\_\_\_ (fly)to Japan the next day.
- We \_\_\_\_\_ (walk)in the street when it began to rain.
- Many high buildings \_\_\_\_\_ (build)in my home town by the end of last year.
- The geography teacher told us the earth \_\_\_\_\_ (turn)round the sun.
- Yesterday afternoon Li ming \_\_\_\_\_ (promise)to come here at seven. It \_\_\_\_\_ (be)nearly nine o'clock now. He \_\_\_\_\_ (not come)yet. I'm afraid he \_\_\_\_\_ (not come)today.

#### 五、改写句子 (共15分)

A. 按要求完成下列句子,每空格限填一词:(每题1分)

1. She is running very fast. (改为感叹句)

\_\_\_\_\_ she is running!

2. The nurses took good care of the patients(病人). (改为被动语态)

The patients \_\_\_\_\_ good care of by the nurses.



3. Mother said to Jack, "Don't get your hands dirty." (改为间接引语)

Mother told Jack \_\_\_\_\_ get his hands dirty.

4. Put up the map on the wall. (改为否定句)

\_\_\_\_\_ up the map on the wall.

5. The flowers are ten pounds. (对划线部分提问)

\_\_\_\_\_ are the flowers?

6. His father often has lunch at the factory. (改为一般疑问句)

\_\_\_\_\_ his father often \_\_\_\_\_ lunch at the factory?

7. Wei Fang said she would go to see her grandmother the next Sunday. (改为直接引语)

"\_\_\_\_\_ to see my grandmother next Sunday." said Wei Fang.

B. 完成下列句子,使每小标题内两句句子的意思相同。每空格限填一词。(每题1分)

1. Dr Bethune left the temple after the operation was over.

Dr Bethune \_\_\_\_\_ leave the temple \_\_\_\_\_ the operation was over.

2. We should be careful with our pronunciation.

We should \_\_\_\_\_ to our pronunciation.

3. He was so hungry that he couldn't walk any longer.

He was \_\_\_\_\_ hungry \_\_\_\_\_ walk any longer.

4. They asked someone to repair the machine yesterday.

They \_\_\_\_\_ the machine \_\_\_\_\_ yesterday.

5. Fish will die if there is no water.

Fish will die \_\_\_\_\_.

6. Mary's mother died two years ago.

Mary's mother \_\_\_\_\_ dead for two years.

7. We had a good time last Sunday.

We \_\_\_\_\_ last Sunday.

8. I take back what I said.

I take back \_\_\_\_\_.

## 六、阅读理解 (共10分)

A. 根据短文内容,判断短文下面的句子是否正确,对的在括号内写"T",错的写"F":  
(每题1分)

A cook on a farm had to roast(烤)a goose(鹅)for dinner one day. As she was hungry, she cut off a leg, ate it and put the goose back into the oven(烤炉). She said to herself, "The master will not notice it."

But at dinner the farmer asked her how it was that the goose had only one leg. The cook answered, "Many of your geese have only one leg, sir. Come with me to the poultry-house(家禽饲养场)and I'll show you some."

"Right now?" asked the farmer.

"No, you must first have your dinner. The goose is getting cool."

"All right, and I'm very hungry now."

After dinner, the farmer and the cook came to the poultry-house, and they found a lot of geese in it. Most of them were asleep and stood on one leg.

"You see, sir, all these geese have only one leg," said the cook.

"You are a foolish woman," said the farmer. He went up to the geese and cried "shoo (嘘), shoo" to wake them. "Look at them! Now they have two legs."

"Yes, sir," said the cook, "But you did not cry 'shoo, shoo' to the one that you have eaten!"

- ( ) 1. The cook cut two legs of the goose and put it into the oven.
- ( ) 2. At dinner the farmer found the goose had only one leg.
- ( ) 3. The farmer went to the poultry-house after dinner.
- ( ) 4. There are many geese in the poultry-house.
- ( ) 5. The roasted goose had only one leg because the farmer did not cry "shoo, shoo" to it.

B. 根据短文内容选择最恰当的答案,并把它前面的代号填入句前的括号内:(每题1分)

### I'll Start in Three Months

Rose left school when she was seventeen years old and went to a business college to learn to type (打字). Pretty soon she passed her examination and began to look for work. She was still living with her parents then.

A lot of people were looking for typists (打字员) at that time so it was no difficult to find interesting work. Rose went to several offices, and then chose one of them. It was near her parents' house. She thought, "I'll walk there every morning. I won't have to go by bus."

She went to the office again and said to the manager, "I want to work here, But what will you pay me?" "We'll pay you twenty pounds now," the manager answered, "and thirty pounds in three months."

Rose thought for a few seconds before she answered. "All right, then I'll start in three months' time," she said.

- ( ) 1. Rose left school \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A) at the age of seventeen
  - B) When she was seven years old
  - C) seventeen years old
  - D) after her brother went to school
- ( ) 2. She was still living with her parents because \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A) she had no boy friend
  - B) her husband died
  - C) she was not married
  - D) she did not type well
- ( ) 3. At that time a lot of people were looking for \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A) scientists
  - B) artists
  - C) paintists
  - D) typists
- ( ) 4. Why did Rose want to work near her parents' house? Because \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A) they could go to see her
  - B) she had no bike to ride
  - C) she would not have to go by bus
  - D) she would go to work at night
- ( ) 5. The manager would pay her \_\_\_\_\_ pounds now and \_\_\_\_\_ pounds in three months.
  - A) thirty...twenty
  - B) thirty...thirty
  - C) twenty...thirty
  - D) twenty...twenty

# 七、完形填空 (共10分)

在短文的空格内填入适当的词(第一个字母已给),使句子通顺意思完整:(每格1分):

A poor boy became a rich and famous singer. He m et a young woman w hose father was an official. Ten years passed and they had two sons and two daughters. One day he said to his wife, "Our family mustn't have t he same life as we had. We must help them more t han our parents helped us. The wife agreed with him.

So the parents sent their children to expensive schools. They enjoyed expensive sports. They were given e verything in life e xcept this; they were not taught h ow to work. Later the parents bought business for them. The sons, at 21, b ecame the owners of car companies(公司). The girls were given shops. Soon all these businesses failed(失败)because young owners know n othing of business or, worse still, of work. The man said to his wife, "W hat did we go wrong?"

## I'll Start in Three Months

Rose left school when she was seventeen years old and went to a business college to learn to type(打字). Pretty soon she passed her examination and began to look for work. She was still living with her parents then.

A lot of people were looking for typists(打字员) at that time so it was no difficult to find interesting work. Rose went to several offices, and then chose one of them. It was near her parents' house. She thought, "I'll wait there every morning. I won't have to go by bus."

She went to the office again and said to the manager, "I want to work here. But what will you pay me?" "We'll pay you twenty pounds now," the manager answered, "and thirty pounds in three months."

Rose thought for a few seconds before she answered, "All right, then I'll start in three months' time," she said.

1. Rose left school \_\_\_\_\_.

- A) At the age of seventeen
- B) When she was seven years old
- C) Seventeen years old
- D) After her brother went to school

2. She was still living with her parents because \_\_\_\_\_.

- A) she had no boy friend
- B) her husband died
- C) she was not married
- D) she did not type well

3. At that time a lot of people were looking for \_\_\_\_\_.

- A) secretaries
- B) typists
- C) operators
- D) printers

4. Why did Rose want to work near her parents' house? Because \_\_\_\_\_.

- A) they could go to see her
- B) she had no bike to ride
- C) she would not have to go by bus
- D) she would go to work at night

5. The manager would pay her \_\_\_\_\_ pounds now and \_\_\_\_\_ pounds in three months.

- A) thirty, twenty
- B) thirty, thirty
- C) twenty, thirty
- D) twenty, twenty

## Exercise (2)

### 一、语音 (共10分)

A. 下列各组单词中有一个单词的划线部分的读音与其他三个的不同,把这个单词前面的代号(A、B、C或D)填入括号内(每题1分)

- |                          |                  |                   |                  |
|--------------------------|------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| ( ) 1. A) <u>s</u> peak  | B) <u>r</u> eal  | C) <u>m</u> eat   | D) <u>s</u> eat  |
| ( ) 2. A) <u>w</u> hy    | B) <u>w</u> hen  | C) <u>w</u> ho    | D) <u>w</u> hich |
| ( ) 3. A) <u>h</u> ouses | B) <u>n</u> oses | C) <u>h</u> orses | D) <u>r</u> oses |
| ( ) 4. A) <u>f</u> ear   | B) <u>b</u> ear  | C) <u>n</u> ear   | D) <u>h</u> ear  |
| ( ) 5. A) <u>w</u> ater  | B) <u>s</u> port | C) <u>n</u> orth  | D) <u>w</u> as   |

B. 根据音标在空格内填写适当的单词,使句子通顺,意思完整:(每格1分)

Most international business letters are \_\_\_\_\_/ˈrɪtn/in English. And quite a few books and \_\_\_\_\_/ˌmæɡəˈziːnz/are written in English, too. If you know English, you'll find you can \_\_\_\_\_/ɪnˈdʒɔɪ/so many more books. English is really a \_\_\_\_\_/brɪdʒ/to so much \_\_\_\_\_/ˈnɒlɪdʒ/.

### 二、词汇 (共15分)

A. 按括号内的要求写出相应的词:(每词0.5分)

- |                         |                        |
|-------------------------|------------------------|
| 1. shy (副 词) _____      | 6. safety (动 词) _____  |
| 2. touch (反 义 词) _____  | 7. nearly (同义词) _____  |
| 3. sink (过去分词) _____    | 8. operate (名 词) _____ |
| 4. wound (形 容 词) _____  | 9. deer (复 数) _____    |
| 5. lively (比 较 级) _____ | 10. nine (序数词) _____   |

B. 用括号内所给词的适当形式填入空格中,使句子通顺正确:(每题1分)

1. "How dare you say that?" Mr Black said \_\_\_\_\_. (angry)
2. Before \_\_\_\_\_ the boss made him work more than twelve hours a day. (liberate)
3. Will you please tell me the \_\_\_\_\_ between the two words? (different)
4. The man was so \_\_\_\_\_ to the young pioneer because he'd got his lost money. (thank)
5. When the little girl saw the big dog, she was \_\_\_\_\_ to death. (frighten)

C. 词义配对:从(Ⅱ)栏中为(Ⅰ)栏找出意义接近的解释,把它们前面的代号(A、B、C... )分别填入相应词语前面的括号内:(每题1分)

- | (Ⅰ)                  | (Ⅱ)                         |
|----------------------|-----------------------------|
| ( ) 1. enjoy oneself | A) go down                  |
| ( ) 2. refuse        | B) say nothing              |
| ( ) 3. sink          | C) say "no" to              |
| ( ) 4. give up       | D) stop try to do something |
| ( ) 5. destroy       | E) go back or give back     |
|                      | F) break into pieces        |
|                      | G) have a good time         |

### 三、选择填空 (共25分)

选择最恰当的答案,并把前面的代号(A、B、C或D)填入句前的括号内:(每题1分)

- ( ) 1. \_\_\_\_\_ good advice our teacher gave us this morning.  
A)What B)What a C)How D)How a
- ( ) 2. I like playing \_\_\_\_\_ football and my brother likes playing \_\_\_\_\_ violin.  
A)the...the B)the.../ C)/...the D)/.../
- ( ) 3. I have \_\_\_\_\_ much work to do that I can't go to the cinema this afternoon.  
A)such B)so C)very D)too
- ( ) 4. \_\_\_\_\_ of us have read this interesting novel.  
A)Nobody B)Neither C)Everyone D)None
- ( ) 5. My little sister is \_\_\_\_\_ his.  
A)the same age than B)the same age as C)the same old to D)as old like
- ( ) 6. \_\_\_\_\_ do you go to the library? Once a week.  
A)How many times B)How long C)How often D)How soon
- ( ) 7. John hit \_\_\_\_\_ when Bob tried to catch hold of his arm.  
A)him the face B)him on the face C)him in the face D)his face
- ( ) 8. I'll tell him the news when he \_\_\_\_\_.  
A)came B)comes C)will come D)has come
- ( ) 9. My father was born \_\_\_\_\_.  
A)on December 15, 1953 B)in December 15, 1953  
C)on 1953, December 15 D)in 1953, December 15
- ( ) 10. If Tom feels \_\_\_\_\_ to watch TV by supper time, he'll be fine after the game.  
A)good enough B)enough good C)well enough D)enough well
- ( ) 11. The guard said to Lenin, "I didn't know \_\_\_\_\_ you."  
A)it is B)it was C)this is D)here is
- ( ) 12. The Turners \_\_\_\_\_ sitting \_\_\_\_\_ breakfast table when the bell rang.  
A)were...at the B)are...by the C)was...at D)is...at
- ( ) 13. These magazines must \_\_\_\_\_ in the library.  
A)take good care of B)be take good care of  
C)be taken good care of D)be take good care of
- ( ) 14. Mary is \_\_\_\_\_ honest girl.  
A)a B)an C)the D)X
- ( ) 15. If you go out at night, you'll be able to see \_\_\_\_\_ stars.  
A)thousand of B)thousand C)thousands D)thousands of
- ( ) 16. May I go out for a walk now? NO, you \_\_\_\_\_.  
A)may not B)don't C)mustn't D)needn't
- ( ) 17. They \_\_\_\_\_ in Shanghai \_\_\_\_\_ plane.  
A)reached...by B)got...on C)arrived...by D)got...in

- ( ) 18. \_\_\_\_\_ nice a student she is!  
A)How B)What C)How a D)What a
- ( ) 19. Let me have a look at these new books, \_\_\_\_\_?  
A)can I B)may I C)shall I D)mustn't I
- ( ) 20. The stone is too heavy for me to \_\_\_\_\_.  
A)rise B)raise C)rise it D)lift it
- ( ) 21. Before liberation the workers \_\_\_\_\_ long hours every day.  
A)were made work B)made to work C)were made to work D)made working
- ( ) 22. "Do we have to hand in our compositions today?"  
"No, you \_\_\_\_\_. "  
A)can't B)haven't C)mustn't D)needn't
- ( ) 23. They had a lot of photos \_\_\_\_\_ on the Great Wall.  
A)taken B)taking C)took D)to take
- ( ) 24. "Can you answer the question in English?". " \_\_\_\_\_. "  
A)All right B)That will do C)Let me try D)Yes, please
- ( ) 25. The film is \_\_\_\_\_ worth \_\_\_\_\_ again.  
A)very...to see B)well...seeing C)much...to see D)more...seeing

#### 四、动词填空 (共15分)

用所给动词的适当的时态和语态填空,词数不限:(每格1分)

- The headmaster said the sports meet \_\_\_\_\_ (hold) the next week.
- How many English lessons \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ (learn) by the end of last term?
- If it \_\_\_\_\_ (rain) tomorrow, we \_\_\_\_\_ (go) to the countryside.
- I \_\_\_\_\_ (see) Li Ping yesterday, we \_\_\_\_\_ (not see) each other since I \_\_\_\_\_ (leave) Beijing.
- "Joe Hill \_\_\_\_\_ (not be) dead! He \_\_\_\_\_ never \_\_\_\_\_ (die)!" the workers cried here and there.
- Most matter \_\_\_\_\_ (have) three states.
- Some advice \_\_\_\_\_ (give) to the public by the pianist.
- We \_\_\_\_\_ (know) each other for more than three months.
- Mr Smith had us \_\_\_\_\_ (laugh) all through the meal.
- I \_\_\_\_\_ (borrow) the magazines from my teacher. I \_\_\_\_\_ (return) them to him in two days.

#### 五、改写句子 (共15分)

A. 按要求完成下列句子,每空格限填一词:(每题1分)

- It is over 500 kilometres from Chongqing to Chengdu. (对划线部分提问)  
\_\_\_\_\_ is it from Chongqing to Chengdu?
- She saw the boy cross the street. (改为被动语态)  
The boy \_\_\_\_\_ the street by her.

3. Mr Black usually has a walk after supper. (改为一般疑问句)

\_\_\_\_\_ Mr Black usually \_\_\_\_\_ a walk after supper?

4. Li Ming will invite me to her birthday party. (改为被动语态)

I \_\_\_\_\_ to Li Ming's birthday party.

5. If you don't hurry, you'll miss the bus. (改为并列句)

\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_ you will miss the bus.

6. I have been to the Great Wall twice. (对划线部分提问)

\_\_\_\_\_ have you been to the Great Wall?

7. My sister often does her homework in the evening. (对划线部分提问)

What \_\_\_\_\_ your sister often \_\_\_\_\_ in the evening?

B. 完成下列句子,使每小题内两句句子的意思相同,每空格限填一词:(每题1分)

1. Our headmaster took the foreign friends around our school.

Our headmaster \_\_\_\_\_ the foreign friends \_\_\_\_\_ our school.

2. My bike doesn't work well.

Something is \_\_\_\_\_ my bike.

3. I saw that they were standing at the gate.

I saw \_\_\_\_\_ at the gate.

4. This shirt doesn't fit me. That one doesn't fit me, either.

\_\_\_\_\_ this shirt \_\_\_\_\_ that one fits me.

5. There are about forty students in our class.

There are forty students \_\_\_\_\_ in our class.

6. Tom's father died ten years ago.

Tom's father \_\_\_\_\_ dead for ten years.

7. Li Hong ate only an apple this afternoon.

Li Hong ate \_\_\_\_\_ an apple this afternoon.

8. When she went to school she didn't have breakfast.

She went to school \_\_\_\_\_.

## 六、阅读理解 (共10分)

A. 根据短文内容,判断短文下面的句子是否正确,对的在括号内写“T”,错的写“F”:  
(每题1分)

Almost everybody likes to play. All over the world men and women, boys and girls enjoy sports. Sports help to keep people healthy. They help people to live happily.

Sports change with the season. People play different games in winter and autumn. Sailing is fun in warm weather, while skating is good in winter.

Games and sports often grow out of the work people do. The Arabs are famous for their horses and camels. They use them in their work, and they use them in their sports events, too. Hunting and fishing are very good sports. But millions of people hunt and fish for a living.

People from different countries may not be able to understand each other, but after a game on the sports field, they often become good friends. Sports help to train a person's character (性格).



One learns to fight fair and hard, to win without pride and to lose with grace(体面、文雅).

- ( ) 1. Sports can help to keep people healthy but they can't help people to live happily.  
( ) 2. Sailing is fun in cold weather.  
( ) 3. Millions of people hunt and fish in order to make a living.  
( ) 4. Hunting and fishing aren't very good sports.  
( ) 5. People from different countries often become good friends after a game on the sports field.

B. 根据短文内容选择最恰当的答案,并把它前面的代号填入句前的括号内:(每题1分)

Last Sunday I saw the worst storm(暴风雨)in the years. It came suddenly and went on for more than three hours. After lunch, I went into my room to have a rest. The air was hot, and all was quiet.

Then strong wind started blowing into my room. Pieces of paper on my desk flew high into the air and some flew out of the open window. As I ran out to catch them, big drops of rain began to fall.

When I came back into my room, it was raining harder and harder. I tried very hard to close the window. Then I heard a loud crashing(碰撞的) sound from the back of the house. I ran out of my room to find out what it was... a big tree had fallen down and broken the top of the back room.

- ( ) 1. The storm took place \_\_\_\_\_.  
A) in the morning B) while I was in the back room  
C) in the afternoon D) while I was in the garden
- ( ) 2. Before the storm came, the weather was \_\_\_\_\_.  
A) cold B) cool C) hot D) warm
- ( ) 3. The storm went on for \_\_\_\_\_.  
A) three hours B) more than three hours C) two hours D) less than two hours
- ( ) 4. The wind blew some of the paper \_\_\_\_\_.  
A) all over the floor B) out of the door  
C) into the back room D) out of the open window
- ( ) 5. The top of the back room was broken because of \_\_\_\_\_.  
A) the hot air B) the crashing sound  
C) the rain D) the falling tree

### 七、完形填空 (共10分)

在短文的空格内填入适当的词(第一个字母已给出),使句子通顺,意思完整:(每格1分)

One day Professor White, together with two friends of his, was at the railway station. The train had just a \_\_\_\_\_, but they didn't n \_\_\_\_\_ it. A few minutes l \_\_\_\_\_ the guard shouted, "Take your seats, please!"

the professor heard the guard and rushed for the train. Before it m \_\_\_\_\_, two of them got on the t \_\_\_\_\_. Professor White was left b \_\_\_\_\_. He looked s \_\_\_\_\_.

A man nearby tried to comfort(安慰) the professor "It wasn't r \_\_\_\_\_ bad, sir," said the



man. "Two out of three c lose with a the train. That's quite good, you know." "I know," the professor said. "But it was my train! My friends only came to say g \_\_\_\_\_."

- ( ) 2. Sailing is fun in cold weather.  
( ) 3. Millions of people hunt and fish in order to make a living.  
( ) 4. Hunting and fishing aren't very good sports.  
( ) 5. People from different countries often become good friends after a game on the

sports field.  
B. 根据短文内容选择最恰当的答案, 并把它前面的代号填入前面的括号内。(每题1分)  
( )

Last Sunday I saw the worst storm (暴风雨) in the years. It came suddenly and went on for more than three hours. After lunch, I went into my room to have a rest. The air was hot, and all was quiet.

Then strong wind started blowing into my room. Pieces of paper on my desk flew right into the air and some flew out of the open window. As I ran out to catch them, big drops of rain began to fall.

When I came back into my room, it was raining harder and harder. I tried very hard to close the window. Then I heard a loud crashing (碰撞的) sound from the back of the house. I ran out of my room to find out what it was... a big tree had fallen down and broken the top of the back room.

- ( ) 1. The storm took place \_\_\_\_\_  
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( ) 5. The top of the back room was broken because of \_\_\_\_\_  
A) the hot air B) the crashing sound  
C) the rain D) the falling tree

七. 完形填空 (共10分)  
在短文的空格内填入适当的词, 使短文意思完整。(每格1分)  
One day Professor White, together with two friends of his, was at the railway station. The train had just \_\_\_\_\_, but they didn't \_\_\_\_\_ in a few minutes I \_\_\_\_\_ the guard shouted, "Take your seats, please!"

The professor heard the guard and rushed for the train. Before it moved, two of them got on the train. Professor White was left \_\_\_\_\_, he looked a \_\_\_\_\_, "bad, sir," said the professor. "It was a \_\_\_\_\_"