

# 初中二年级 英语阅读训练



宇航出版社

初中二年级  
英语阅读训练

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# 前

# 言

英语是进行国际交往的重要工具。掌握英语,阅读所需要的资料,获取世界各方面的信息,学习先进的文化科学知识,成为青少年学习英语的基本目标。《九年义务教育全日制初级英语教学大纲》规定:“能独立阅读所学语言知识范围内的材料,生词率不超过 2%,阅读速度为每分钟 40~50 个词,理解率达到 70%。”

本书编写的阅读文章难易适中,生动有趣,生词不超过 2%,语言规范,针对性强,由浅入深,循序渐进。通过阅读训练,可以不断巩固和扩大词汇量,加深了对词汇用法的理解,掌握多种句子结构和不同表达方法,逐步加快阅读速度。全书文章题材广泛,内容丰富,知识面广,可培养学生整体阅读文章的习惯,训练学生既注意篇章的主旨大意,又注意具体的事实和细节;既注意直接理解,又注意深层的推理和判断。学生通过大量阅读训练,可培养语感,开拓视野,提高实际运用的能力。

本书以“阅读理解”为主。“阅读理解”含两项内容,一是阅读短文并做理解练习;二是完成对话。这第二项内容是适应英语教学由知识型向技能型转变,培养学生的语言交际能力而设计的。

本书在每篇阅读文章前设计了阅读检测表格,内容

包括:短文词汇量,读完短文花的时间,每分钟阅读多少词,理解练习的题数,答对的题数,正确率百分之几。通过阅读自测,可以促进学生有效提高阅读能力和速度。

完形填空和短文改错(初中三年级)是与阅读直接有关的综合运用语言能力的练习,也一并收入。

囿于水平,书中难免有不妥之处,恳请广大读者不吝指教。

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## 一 阅 读 理 解

A) 阅读下面的短文, 并做短文后面的题目。然后认真填写每篇短文前面的表格, 对自己的阅读能力作出评估。



短文词汇量	读完时间	阅读速度	理解练习	做对	正确率
85 词	分钟	词/分钟	5 题	题	%

Our summer holidays(暑假)last two months. In the last week of the holidays we get ready for school. We buy pencils, pens, paper, new books and copy books. On the first day of school we see all our old friends again and we tell one another about the holidays. After that we go into class. It is hard to keep quiet(安静的)and pay attention(注意)to the teacher. He always says with a laugh, "You forget(忘记)more in two months than you learn in a year."

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**Choose the correct answers:**

( ) 1. We have \_\_\_\_ of summer holidays.

- A. about seven weeks      B. two months  
C. a week      D. two weeks
- ( ) 2. It takes us a week to \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. buy books      B. buy pens and pencils  
C. go to school      D. get ready for school
- ( ) 3. We tell \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. our friends about the holidays  
B. our teacher about the holidays  
C. our friends about the teacher  
D. the teacher about our friends' holidays
- ( ) 4. We can't listen to the teacher \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. quiet      B. careful  
C. quietly      D. not hard
- ( ) 5. The teacher says that \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. we forget too much  
B. we learn much in a year  
C. we learn very much in two months  
D. we will learn more in a year



短文词汇量	读完时间	阅读速度	理解练习	做对	正确率
145 词	分钟	词/分钟	5 题	题	%

Dear Mama,

I am glad to tell you that I am getting on very well in school. I have got to know more boys and feel happier than before. I am working hard at my lessons. The three boys now live with me and they are nice to me.

In the evening I usually play table tennis. I can play better now. Our class teacher is Mr Smith. At first I did not like him. Now I see I was wrong. He is really a good teacher. He often plays, works, and talks with us like a friend.

Jack is my best friend. He is a clever and hard-working boy. He is good at games and lessons. We study together and often go for long walks.

Well, I must stop now. Please send my love to Papa and those at home.

Yours loving son

Ted

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**Choose the correct answers:**

( ) 1. The writer is \_\_\_\_ in the school.

A. a new boy      B. an old boy

C. a girl      D. a teacher

( ) 2. Ted likes to play \_\_\_\_.

A. all games      B. football



- C. basketball      D. Ping-Pong
- ( ) 3. Mr Smith is the \_\_\_\_.
- A. headmaster(校长)      B. teacher
- C. monitor(班长)      D. friend of Ted
- ( ) 4. The writer likes \_\_\_\_ best.
- A. Ted      B. his classmates
- C. Jack      D. the headmaster
- ( ) 5. Ted and Jack often \_\_\_\_.
- A. go for a walk      B. go shopping
- C. go to school      D. fly kites



短文词汇量	读完时间	阅读速度	理解练习	做对	正确率
95 词	分钟	词/分钟	5 题	题	%

Air is always around us. From the moment we are born, we are surrounded(围绕)by air. When we sit down, it is around us. When we go to bed, air is also around us. We live in air.

All living things need air. They cannot live without air. We can go without food or water for a few days, but we cannot live for more than a few minutes without air. When we

are working or running, we need more air. So we breathe faster than usual. When we are asleep, we need less air.

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**Choose the correct answers:**

( ) 1. Air is always around us, \_\_\_\_.

- A. but we don't need any
- B. and we can catch some to eat
- C. but we can't see it
- D. and we live happily without it

( ) 2. \_\_\_\_ need air.

- A. Some of the animals
- B. All the things
- C. Some of the plants
- D. All the animals and plants

( ) 3. We can live for a few days \_\_\_\_.

- A. without air
- B. without water or food
- C. without food or air
- D. without air or water

( ) 4. We need \_\_\_\_ air when we are asleep.

- A. less                  B. no
- C. most                 D. a lot of

( ) 5. Which of the following sentences is right? \_\_\_\_.

- A. Sometimes we don't live in air

- B. Air isn't around us when we go to bed
- C. We can live for only one minute without air
- D. We breathe faster than usual when we're running or working



短文词汇量	读完时间	阅读速度	理解练习	做对	正确率
148 词	分钟	词/分钟	5 题	题	%

Taiwan is China's biggest island. It lies southeast of Fujian province (福建省). Taiwan has 79 islands: the Main Island, the Penghu Islands (澎湖列岛) and a number of others. Taipei is the capital of the province.

The weather of Taiwan is very hot, there is often much rain the year round. It never snows in winter, and even in autumn, rice grows. So the island is always covered with greens the whole year.

There are not many rivers in Taiwan. They are rather short. They come from the high mountains and run into the sea.

Taiwan has been part of China since ancient times (自古以来). The people of Taiwan are the bone and flesh brothers

of the people on the mainland of our motherland(祖国). After 40 years of separation(分离), the important task(任务) of reunifying(统一) our motherland now lies before every Chinese. We must join hands and work together for this glorious goal. (宏伟的目标).

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**Choose the correct answers:**

- ( ) 1. Taiwan is \_\_\_\_ the southeast of China.  
A. in      B. on  
C. to      D. at
- ( ) 2. Taiwan is bigger than \_\_\_\_ island in China.  
A. any                      B. other  
C. any other              D. the other
- ( ) 3. The capital of the province is \_\_\_\_.  
A. Gaoxiong              B. Taipei  
C. Jilong                  D. Jimen
- ( ) 4. Taiwan has \_\_\_\_ besides the Penghu Islands.  
A. 80      B. 79  
C. 78      D. 77
- ( ) 5. Which of the following sentences is true? \_\_\_\_.  
A. It never rains and snows in Taiwan  
B. Many long rivers in Taiwan come from the high mountains and run into the sea  
C. Taiwan is covered with greens only in spring

D. Taiwan has been part of China since ancient times and we must reunify our motherland



短文词汇量	读完时间	阅读速度	理解练习	做对	正确率
156 词	分钟	词/分钟	5 题	题	%

Xiao Bin's father is ill. His mother must look after him at home. So she says to her son, "Go to the hospital, and ask a doctor to come here, Xiao Bin."

"O. K." says the boy. "But where is the hospital?"

"In the town," answers his mother.

Then Xiao Bin leaves his house. He gets to a fork (岔路口). He doesn't know he must turn to the left or right. He stands there. Just then a farmer drives a carriage and comes.

"How far is the town from here?" asks Xiao Bin.

"Two kilometres," answers the farmer.

"May I take your carriage?"

"Certainly."

"Thank you very much," Xiao Bin is happy and gets on the carriage. Half an hour later the carriage doesn't get to the town.

"How far is the town from here?" Xiao Bin asks again.

"Four kilometres," says the farmer.

"Why is the town farther now?"

"The carriage is going in the opposite direction."

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**Choose the correct answers:**

- ( ) 1. Xiao Bin must ask a doctor to come because \_\_\_\_.
- A. his father is busy  
B. his mother must look after his father  
C. the town is not far  
D. he often goes there
- ( ) 2. \_\_\_\_, so he stops at the fork.
- A. Xiao Bin wants to have a rest  
B. Xiao Bin doesn't know how to get to the town  
C. Xiao Bin must go to the town by himself (亲自)  
D. Xiao Bin wants to wait for the carriage
- ( ) 3. Half an hour later Xiao Bin is farther from the town because \_\_\_\_.
- A. the farmer is afraid of him  
B. the farmer takes him to another hospital  
C. the carriage goes very fast  
D. the carriage takes him to the opposite direction
- ( ) 4. Xiao Bin wants \_\_\_\_.
- A. the farmer to take him to the town

B. to know he must turn to the left or right

C. to take the farmer's carriage

D. the farmer to tell him where the town is

( ) 5. The town is \_\_\_\_\_ kilometres from Xiao Bin at that time.

A. two      B. four      C. six      D. eight



短文词汇量	读完时间	阅读速度	理解练习	做对	正确率
88 词	分钟	词/分钟	5 题	题	%

It's Sunday. Mike does not go to school. But he isn't at home. He's now sitting on a bus. He's going to the cinema (电影院).

An old woman gets on the bus. Mike stands up and says to her, "Come and sit here, please." The old woman goes over and sits down. She says, "Thank you very much, dear little boy."

The bus stops near the cinema. Mike says goodbye to the old woman and gets off the bus. The old woman smiles and says goodbye to him, too.

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**Choose the correct answers:**

- ( ) 1. How many people are there in the story?  
A. One    B. Two    C. Three    D. Four
- ( ) 2. What's Mike going to do? He's going \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. to school    B. to see a film  
C. to do some shopping    D. to get on a bus
- ( ) 3. Now Mike is \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. at a bus stop    B. on a bus  
C. at the cinema    D. in the school
- ( ) 4. Who does Mike give his seat to? \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. A young man    B. An old man  
C. An old woman    D. A little boy
- ( ) 5. Which is true? \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. The bus stops not far from the cinema  
B. The little boy and the old woman get off the bus.  
C. The old woman gets off the bus first  
D. Mike gets off the bus and says goodbye to the old woman and the driver



短文词汇量	读完时间	阅读速度	理解练习	做对	正确率
156 词	分钟	词/分钟	5 题	题	%



Martin Baker is a bus driver. He lives in a small town with his wife and four children. His wife's father, Mr Butcher, lives with them, too. He is too old to do and work. He sits in his chair (椅子) by the fireside (火炉旁) all day, but in summer, when it is warm enough to sit outside, he sometimes takes his chair into the garden.

Mr Baker has been very ill for over a month. He has been too ill to go to work. And he can't drive his bus.

Martin's oldest son is twenty-five. He teaches in a village school. He lives in the village because it takes too long to travel there every day from his father's house. The other children are not yet old enough to go out to work. They still go to school except the youngest daughter. She is only four and a half. She is too young to go to school.

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**Choose the correct answers:**

- ( ) 1. How many people are living in Mr Baker's house?  
\_\_\_\_\_.  
A. Six                      B. Seven  
C. Eight                    D. Five
- ( ) 2. Mr Baker has been away from work for \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. only a month      B. more than a month  
C. a summer            D. three months
- ( ) 3. What is Mrs Baker's oldest son? He is a \_\_\_\_\_.