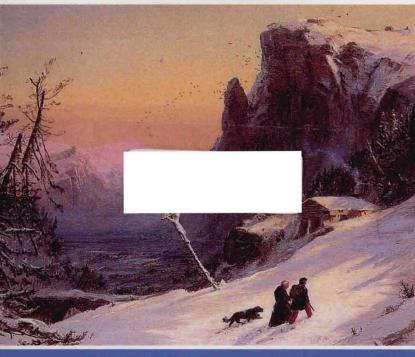


野性的呼唤

The Call of the Wild

原著:【美】杰克·伦敦(J. London) 改写:【英】D. K. 斯旺(D. K. Swan) B. 希顿(B. Heaton) 翻译:王海涛

每周读一部英文名著



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致学习者

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近年来,随着英语素质教育越来越受到重视,教师、学生和家长都认识到进行大量原版英语阅读对于学好英语的重要性,国家教育部颁布的《英语课程标准》也对学生课外英语阅读提出了更高的标准和要求。为全面提升英语学习者的阅读能力,给英语学习者提供一个原汁原味的英语学习环境,中国对外翻译出版有限公司隆重推出"朗文经典·文学名著英汉双语读物"阅读系列。

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学会用简单的词语表达丰富的意境!

无论是口语,还是写作,

你的英文表达力都将一鸣惊人!

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阅读指南 Perce READING GUIDE



I LORNA DOONE

Introduction

R D Blackmore

Richard Doddridge Blackmore was born in 1825, the son of a Church of England priest. He went to school in Tiverton, which is where we meet John Ridd in the first chapter of this book.

Blackmore went to Exeter College, Oxford, and then studied law. He practised as a lawyer in the courts for a few years, but poor health forced him to leave London, and he started growing flowers, fruit and vegetables for the market. At the same time, he wrote poetry, not very successfully. His first novel, Clara Vaughan, was much more successful when it appeared in 1864.

His historical novel Lorna Doone appeared in 1869. It was not a great success when it first came out in three volumes. Some people liked the way the hero, John Ridd, was presented on his Exmoor farm, the way his love of the country became clear. They spoke to others about the book, its exciting adventures and its tender love story, and so more people read it. It became a classic, although neither the writer nor the booksellers expected it. And it is still a well-loved classic, often used today as material for films and television.

It was partly an accident that the novel became a "bestseller". A young member of the company which had produced

●内容简介,提前预热

简要介绍该书的作家生 平、故事情节、作品中 人物的性格特征及作 品的影响力等。让读者 在开始阅读之前对作品 有一个大概的了解,这 有利于提升读者的阅读 兴趣。

2词汇控制,难度分级

外籍专家根据朗文公司 制定的"词汇控制"原 则,在简写每部作品时 都进行了严格控制,为 不同水平的读者提供了 与其词汇量相对应的优 秀读本。"朗文经典"根 据词汇控制理论, 共分 为9个级别:

1000词: 1200词: 1500 词: 1800词: 2000词: 2200词; 2500词; 2800 词: 3000词。

3读前问题,引导思路

针对每章(篇)的故事情节提出若干个问题,通过问题线索引导读者的阅读思路,抓住阅读重点,从而提升读者的阅读效率。

CHAPTER 1

The Doones

· QUESTIONS BEFORE READING

- ▶ There were three people in the carriage. Who were they?
- ▶ What had happened to John Ridd's father?
- ▶ Who were Annie and Lizzie?
- ▶ Why did John teach himself to use a gun? (Because...)

I LORNA DOONE

My name is John Ridd. My home is in Oare, a village in a part of England called Somerset. My father was a farmer. The farm came to him from his father; it had been our farm for hundreds of years. I went to school in Tiverton. I learnt a little at school, but I left school early.

This is how I left school on the twenty-ninth of November, 1673.

We came out of school at five o'clock. A long line of horses was coming down the road with soldiers guarding them. The horses were carrying goods. They were being guarded because it was said that Tom Faggus was near and might steal the goods. Tom Faggus was my cousin. He was well known as a highwayman.

We all ran to the gate to see the soldiers pass.

Just then a man with horses came round the corner.

"Have any of you seen John Ridd?" he asked.

The man was John Fry; he was a servant at our home.

I went forward and spoke to him. "Why have you come at this time, John?" I asked, "School doesn't end until next month. There is a month more of school."

◆名著简写,原汁原味

外籍英语专家根据原著精心简写,用词简洁,句型简单,既保留了原著精彩的故事情节,又保证了语言的原汁原味和通俗易懂,易于提升读者阅读的成就感。

5英汉对照,扫除障碍

全书英文部分全部配有 参考译文。译文除了能 帮助读者更好地理解作 品外, 还可以帮助读者 通过英汉文字的对比, 了解两种语言不同的表 达方式、提升语感和翻 译写作能力。

浴娜·杜恩▮

Roman Catholic 罗马天主教徒

1685年查理二世死后,民众更加不满,因为他 的弟弟,新国王詹姆斯二世是罗马天主教徒。很多人 支持蒙茅斯公爵而不是詹姆斯当国王。蒙茅斯是查理 二世的儿子, 但是查理国王和他的母亲可能没有结 婚。蒙茅斯的支持者们开始为他从海外归来取代詹姆 斯做安排。但是这些人动作太慢、蒙茅斯和他的廊 何智囊们又太急躁。公爵在多塞特郡的莱姆里吉斯 登陆,此时距查理的死只有4个月。他的支持者们能 够为他召集的队伍只是那些没有受过训练的乡下人, 就像本书中约翰・里德描述的那样。在不到一个月的 时间里, 这支"队伍"就被詹姆斯的正规军在萨默塞 特郡的塞奇高沼区消灭了。蒙茅斯被处死, 他的支持 者们也在法官杰弗里斯操控下的"血腥巡回裁判底" 母宙.

forces n. 武装刀量。 军队

regular army 正规军 marsh n. 沼泽、湿地 Bloody Assizes 血腥巡回裁判

埃克斯穆尔

埃克斯穆尔位于英国西部萨默塞特郡和德文郡 之间。其大部分是高地、海拔超过500米。东西长 约34 公里,南北宽约20 公里。地势较高的部分寸木 不生, 只有低矮的灌木, 岩石和沼泽。其间有美丽的 峡谷, 本书所描述的奥阿拉村就位于其中一个峡谷, 今天你仍然可以找到这个村子。从那里出发才能寻见 两条小溪谷。分别叫兰吉库姆和雪吉姆库姆 在这 两条美丽的溪谷之间就是布莱克默尔所描述的杜恩 岐公

007

6难词注释,积累词汇 书中对部分难词和重点 词进行了汉语注释,这

有利干保证读者在阅读 英文时的连贯性,并借 助干上下文更好地理解 和运用这些词汇。



Language Points to Remember 好句好段记心上

- 1. Just then a man with horses came round the corner. 就在这时,一个牵马的男人从拐弯处出现了。
- 2. We left Tiverton early in the morning. 一大早我们就离开了蒂弗顿。

7美文佳句, 日积月累

章节中出现的美文佳 句, 值得学习者反复研 读、背诵和模仿。

❸读后问题,深入思考

书后提出关于整个故事 的问题,帮助读者回顾 故事内容、重温精彩情 节。开放性的问题没有 固定答案,供读者独立 思考或同他人讨论,有 助于对故事产生更深刻 的理解。

浴棚·計剧!

Questions on the Whole Story

These are harder questions. Read the Introduction, and think hard about the questions before you answer them. Some of them ask for your opinion, and there is no fixed answer.

- 1 Can you give the name of
 - a the hero of the story?
 - b the heroine?
 - c the hero's worst enemy?
 - d Winnie's owner?
 - e the most powerful judge in England?
- 2 Can you give three examples of John Ridd's skill as a wrestler and fighter?
- 3 Answer these questions about Lorna Doone:
 - a What was her real name?
 - b Who was her father?
 - c Where did her mother come from?
 - d What happened to her mother at Watchet?
 - e Who was her guardian in London?

9扫二维码,获取音频

全书配有英文音频,外 教朗读,纯正英音。扫 描书后二维码即可获取 对应章节音频。听读配 合,同时提高阅读、听 力水平。





Chapter1



Chapter2



Chapter3



Chapter4



Chapter5



Chapter6



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The Call of the Wild

Introduction

Jack London

Jack London was born in San Francisco in 1876. He lived for only forty years, but into those years he packed as much experience as most men have in seventy. In the last twenty years he wrote fifty books.

Jack London grew up in the poorest part of Oakland, California. The group of boys he led was often in trouble with the police, and at the age of seventeen he ran away to sea on a ship which hunted seals in the cold seas and ice of the north Pacific Ocean. The terrible experiences of that **voyage** gave him the background for a novel written ten years later, *The Sea Wolf*.

Back on shore, he became a "hobo", a wanderer without regular work. That experience, including thirty days in prison, was so bad that he made up his mind to educate himself for a better life. He never forgot the other people who were at the very lowest level (the "abyss"), homeless, and treated as worthless. They are presented to us with great sympathy in his People of the Abyss (1903) and The Road (1907).

London took jobs in food-canning factories and other

简介

杰克•伦敦

杰克·伦敦于1876年生于旧金山,逝世时仅40岁,但在他40年的短暂生命却和那些古稀老人的生命一样经历丰富相比,也毫不逊色。在人生最后的20年里,他写了50本书。

杰克·伦敦在加利福尼亚州奥克兰市最贫穷的 地区长大。他率领的小伙伴们总是给警察惹麻烦。在 杰克·伦敦17岁时,他跑到一条海船上,在北太平 洋寒冷的海域和冰上捕猎海豹。这段可怕的海上经历 为他10年后的一部小说《海狼》提供了背景素材。

回到岸上后,他成了一名"流动工人",一个没有固定工作的流浪汉。那段悲惨的经历,其中还包括30天的图圄之苦,使得他下定决心要自学成才,努力争取更好的生活。他绝不会忘记那些挣扎在最底层("深渊")的其他人,他们无家可归、备受蔑视。在他的小说《深渊里的人们》(1903)和《大路》(1907)中,他以极大的同情心向我们展示了这些人的生活遭遇。

伦敦在罐头食品厂和其他不需要专业技能企业

voyage n. 航海,航行

hobo n. 流浪汉,无 业游民

present v. 呈现 sympathy n. 同情(小)) places of unskilled work to pay his way through high school. It was a time of unbelievably hard work, recorded in a novel based on his own life, *Martin Eden* (1909). His hatred of the way factory owners treated their unskilled workers is expressed in a number of his short stories.

In 1897, Jack London joined the "Gold Rush" to the Klondike in the north-west of Canada. Like most of the 30,000 people who rushed to Dawson and other parts of the Klondike, he got no gold. But the experience gave him material for many of his best short stories. We can read them in collections: The Son of the Wolf (1900), The God of his Fathers (1901), Children of the Frost (1902), Love of Life (1907) and Smoke Bellew (1912). Two novels about dogs and wolves in the far north, The Call of the Wild (1903) and White Fang (1906), are considered as classics, dealing with the struggle between the old wild nature and the new civilization in animals, and—as the reader understands—in human beings.

The Klondike

Gold was discovered at Rabbit Creek in the Klondike in 1896. The great gold rush began in 1897. There was gold in some of the rivers and some was dug out of the ground. By 1910 it was clear that there would be no more lucky "strikes", and only a few deep mines continued to work, although some "prospectors" still search for gold in the wilder parts of Yukon Territory. Some of the people who joined the first gold rush became rich through finding gold—more than one hundred

打过工,并通过这种挣钱途径完成了中学学业。那一段时期的劳累使人难以相信,这在他的自传体小说《马丁·伊登》(1909)中有所记载。他在多部短篇小说中表达了他对工厂主残酷对待非技术工人的憎恨。

Gold Rush 淘金热 1897年,杰克·伦敦加入了到加拿大西北部克朗代克的"淘金热"。但和涌向道森和克朗代克其他地方的30,000人一样,他一无所获。这段经历为他的很多最优秀的短篇小说提供了素材,如《狼之子》(1900)、《他父亲的上帝》(1901)、《霜的孩子》(1902)、《热爱生命》(1907)和《蹩脚·贝路》(1912)。他的两部描写北部荒野中狗和狼的小说《野性的呼唤》(1903)和《白牙》(1906)被誉为是经典之作。正如读者所理解的那样,这两部小说描写的是动物身上固有的野性和新兴文明之间的斗争。

civilization n. 文明,文化

Klondike

n. 克朗代克, 加拿大; 育空 (Yukon) 的 一 个地区, 1896 年月这里发现 金矿, 引发军 的淘金热 prospector n. 探矿者; 投机

家

克朗代克

1896年,在克朗代克的兔溪发现了金子。淘金热于1897年拉开了序幕。人们在一些河流中发现了金子,有的人还从地下挖出了金矿。尽管还有一些"探矿者"继续在育空地区的荒野上寻找金矿,但是,到了1910年,人们已经很清楚,幸运的"发现"不太可能了,只有某些深矿还在继续被探查。加入第一次淘金热的一些人通过寻找金矿富了起来,有价值超过一亿美元的金矿从克朗代克被开采出来,其他人则通

THE CALL OF THE WILD

million dollars' worth was taken from the Klondike—and others made fortunes from supplying, transporting or even entertaining the miners.

To get to the Klondike was not easy. In winter, sledges and dog teams followed the "Yukon Trail". In summer, loads could go by the rivers and lakes, but it was necessary to carry goods over mountain passes and between one lake or river and another.

过给矿工提供供给、运输甚至娱乐服务富了起来。

要抵达克朗代克并不容易。冬天,一队队的雪橇和狗队循着"育空小道"前进。夏天,满载货物的木筏则顺着河湖而下,但在一个河湖与下一个河湖之间必须依靠人力把货物扛过高山隘口。