PEARSON

# 呼啸山庄

Wuthering Heights

原著: 【英】E. 勃朗特(E. Bronte) 改写: 【英】C. 特维(C. Turvey) 翻译: 王海涛 姚微微

## \*每周读一部英文名著\*



中国出版传媒股份有限公司中国对外翻译出版有限公司

# ・朗文经典・第九级 ──・文学名著英汉双语读物 ──

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电子邮箱 / book@ctpc. com. cn

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## 阅读指南 READING GUIDE



I LORNA DOONS

#### Introduction

R D Blackmore

Richard Doddridge Blackmore was born in 1825, the son of a Church of England priest. He went to school in Tiverton, which is where we meet John Ridd in the first chapter of this book.

Blackmore went to Exeter College, Oxford, and then studied law. He practised as a lawyer in the courts for a few years, but poor health forced him to leave London, and he started growing flowers, fruit and vegetables for the market. At the same time, he wrote poetry, not very successfully. His first novel, Clara Vaughan, was much more successful when it appeared in 1864.

His historical novel Lorna Doone appeared in 1869. It was not a great success when it first came out in three volumes. Some people liked the way the hero, John Ridd, was presented on his Exmoor farm, the way his love of the country became clear. They spoke to others about the book, its exciting adventures and its tender love story, and so more people read it. It became a classic, although neither the writer nor the booksellers expected it. And it is still a well-loved classic, often used today as material for films and television.

It was partly an accident that the novel became a "bestseller". A young member of the company which had produced

#### ●内容简介,提前预热

简要介绍该书的作家生平、故事情节、作品中人物的性格特征及作品的影响力等。让读者在开始阅读之前对作品有一个大概的了解,这有利于提升读者的阅读兴趣。

#### 2词汇控制,难度分级

外籍专家根据朗文公司制定的"词汇控制"原则,在简写每部作品时都进行了严格控制,为不同水平的读者提供了与其词汇量相对应的优秀读本。"朗文经典"根据词汇控制理论,共分为9个级别:

1000词; 1200词; 1500词; 1800词; 2000词; 2500词; 2800词; 3000词。

#### 3读前问题,引导思路

针对每章(篇)的故事情节提出若干个问题,通过问题线索引导读者的阅读思路,抓住阅读重点,从而提升读者的阅读效率。

# CHAPTER 1 The Doones

杜恩家族

#### · QUESTIONS BEFORE READING ·

- > There were three people in the carriage. Who were they?
- What had happened to John Ridd's father?
- ▶ Who were Annie and Lizzie?
- > Why did John teach himself to use a gun? (Because...)

LURYA DOONE

My name is John Ridd. My home is in Oare, a village in a part of England called Somerset. My father was a farmer. The farm came to him from his father; it had been our farm for hundreds of years. I went to school in Tiverton. I learnt a little at school, but I left school early.

This is how I left school on the twenty-ninth of November, 1673.

We came out of school at five o'clock. A long line of horses was coming down the road with soldiers guarding them. The horses were carrying goods. They were being guarded because it was said that Tom Faggus was near and might steal the goods. Tom Faggus was my cousin. He was well known as a high-wayman.

We all ran to the gate to see the soldiers pass.

Just then a man with horses came round the corner.

"Have any of you seen John Ridd?" he asked.

The man was John Fry; he was a servant at our home.

I went forward and spoke to him. "Why have you come at this time, John?" I asked, "School doesn't end until next month. There is a month more of school." ◆名著简写 原汁原味

外籍英语专家根据原著精心简写,用词简洁,句型简单,既保留了原著精彩的故事情节,又保证了语言的原汁原味和通俗易懂,易于提升读者阅读的成就感。

#### 5英汉对照,扫除障碍

全书英文部分全部配有 参考译文。译文除了能 帮助读者更好地理解作 品外,还可以帮助读者 通过英汉文字的对比, 了解两种语言不同的表 达方式,提升语感和翻 译写作能力。

洛娜·杜恩▮

Roman Catholic 罗马天主教徒

atholic 的第5 E教徒 支持 二世的

1685 年查理二世死后,民众更加不满,因为他的弟弟、新国王曾姆斯二世是罗马天主教徒。很多人支持蒙茅斯公爵而不是詹姆斯当国王。蒙茅斯是查理二世的儿子,但是查理国王和他的母亲可能没有结婚。蒙茅斯的支持者们开始为他从海外归来取代詹姆斯做安排。但是这些人动作太慢。蒙茅斯和他的顾问智囊们又太急躁。公爵在多塞特郡的莱姆里吉斯登陆,此时距查理的死只有4个月。他的支持者们能够为他召集的队伍只是那些没有受过训练的乡下人,就像本书中约翰·里德描述的那样。在不到一个月的时间里,这支"队伍"就被詹姆斯的正规军在萨默塞特郡的繁善商器因消灭了。蒙茅斯被处死,他的支持者们也在法官杰弗里斯操控下的"血腥巡回裁判庭"受申。

forces n. 武装力量。 军队

regular army 正规军 marsh n. 沼泽、湿地 Bloody Assizes 血腥巡回裁判 gg

#### 埃克斯穆尔

埃克斯穆尔位于英国西部萨默維特郡和德文郡 之间。其大部分是高地、海拔超过500米。东西长 约34公里,南北宽约20公里。地势较高的部分寸木 不生、只有低矮的灌木、岩石和沿岸。其间有美丽的 峡谷,本书所描述的奥阿拉村就位于其中一个峡谷, 今天你仍然可以找到这个村子。从那里出发才能寻见 两条小溪谷,分别叫兰克库姆和霍克姆库姆,在这 麻条美丽的溪谷之间就是布莱克默尔所描述的杜恩 峡谷。

00

### 6难词注释,积累词汇

书中对部分难词和重点 词进行了汉语注释,这 有利于保证读者在阅读 英文时的连贯性,并借 助于上下文更好地理解 和运用这些词汇。



#### Language Points to Remember 好句好段记心上

- Just then a man with horses came round the corner. 就在这时,一个牵马的男人从拐弯处出现了。
- We left Tiverton early in the morning.
   一大早我们就离开了蒂弗顿。

#### ⊋美文佳句, 日积月累

章节中出现的美文佳 句,值得学习者反复研 读、背诵和模仿。

8读后问题,深入思考

书后提出关于整个故事的问题,帮助读者回顾故事内容、重温精彩情节。开放性的问题没有固定答案,供读者独立思考或同他人讨论,有助于对故事产生更深刻的理解。

洛娜・計照書

#### Questions on the Whole Story

These are harder questions. Read the Introduction, and think hard about the questions before you answer them. Some of them ask for your opinion, and there is no fixed answer.

- 1 Can you give the name of
  - a the hero of the story?
  - b the heroine?
  - c the hero's worst enemy?
  - d Winnie's owner?
  - e the most powerful judge in England?
- 2 Can you give three examples of John Ridd's skill as a wrestler and fighter?
- 3 Answer these questions about Lorna Doone:
  - a What was her real name?
  - b Who was her father?
  - c Where did her mother come from?
  - d What happened to her mother at Watchet?
  - e Who was her guardian in London?

#### 9扫二维码,获取音频

全书配有英文音频,外 教朗读,纯正英音。扫 描书后二维码即可获取 对应章节音频。听读配 合,同时提高阅读、听 力水平。









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Chapter4



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# **Wuthering Heights**

### Introduction

Emily Brontë and her sisters

Emily Brontë was one of five sisters. There was a brother, too, who came to a bad end at the age of thirty-one. None of the sisters lived long. Two died as the result of very unsatisfactory conditions at a school rather like the one described by Charlotte Brontë in *Jane Eyre*. Charlotte lived the longest, dying at the age of thirty-eight.

The father of the family was a vicar, and their home was a stone-built church house standing alone on the edge of some of the wildest of the Yorkshire moors. As children, the sisters played on the moors like the Earnshaw children in *Wuthering Heights*. As the remaining three grew up, their unhappy father forbade them to wander, and the girls turned to writing. At first they wrote poetry, and a book of their poems was printed in 1846, *Poems by Currer*, *Ellis and Acton Bell*. Young ladies, the daughters of churchmen, were not expected to write poetry or romantic novels in those days, which explains the names on the cover, though the first letters are the same as those of Charlotte, Emily and Anne Brontë. With the exception of Emily, they were not particularly good poets. Emily's poems have musicality and a quiet strength.

# 简介

#### 艾米莉・勃朗特和她的姐妹们

艾米莉·勃朗特是五姐妹中的一个。家里还有一个哥哥,31岁就去世了。姐妹中,没有一个人长寿。就像夏洛蒂·勃朗特在《简·爱》中描写的那样,学校的条件非常不好,两个姐妹均死于这种恶劣的环境。夏洛蒂活得最久,38岁时去世。

vicar n. 牧师

forbade

v. (forbid 的 过去式)禁止

wander v. 游荡;闲逛

cover

n. (书刊) 封 面; 封底 父亲是位牧师,她们的家是一座石砌的教堂房子,孤零零地坐落在约克郡荒原最荒凉的边缘地带。小时候,姐妹们像《呼啸山庄》里恩萧家的孩子一样,在荒原上玩耍。三个活下来的姐妹慢慢长大成人,由于抑郁寡欢的父亲不许她们外出闲逛,于是她们转而写作。刚开始她们写诗,并在 1846 年出版了《克勒、艾莉思、阿克森·贝尔诗集》。那时,年轻的淑女、神职人员的女儿是不被鼓励写诗或浪漫小说的,这就是为什么她们用了这三个名字作为诗集封面上的名字,但是这三个名字的第一个字母跟夏洛蒂、艾米莉和安妮·勃朗特的第一个字母相同。除了艾米莉之外,她们写的诗都不是很出色,艾米莉的诗富于音乐性和安谧的气韵。

#### WITTHERING HEIGHTS

The sisters are remembered for their novels. You will find a shortened form of Charlotte Brontë's Jane Eyre (1847) in the Longman Classics series. Anne's Agnes Grey (1847) came out with Emily's Wuthering Heights. The Tenant of Wildfell Hall, also by Anne, appeared a year later. Only Charlotte lived to write more. After her brother's death from drugs and drink in 1848, Emily became ill and died in December of the same year at the age of thirty. Anne had been weak for a long time (we suppose with the disease that kills Hindley's wife Frances in this book, consumption, nowadays called tuberculosis), and she too died, in May 1849, aged twenty-nine. Charlotte died in 1855.

You feel, as you read Agnes Grey, that this is the writer's own experience, only a little changed by her imagination. As you read Jane Eyre, you are surprised by the imaginative power of Charlotte Brontë, but you know that Jane is quite an ordinary person. That is not the effect on you of Wuthering Heights. Neither Heathcliff nor Catherine is an ordinary character; they are creatures of passion:

"I wish I could hold you," Catherine says to Heathcliff, "till we were both dead! I shouldn't care what you suffered. Why shouldn't you suffer? I do! Will you be happy when I'm in the earth?"

"Do I want to live?" Heathcliff asks her. "What kind of living will it be when you—oh, God! Would you like to live with your soul in the grave?"

And in the end he joins her in the grave. It is wild love. But it is

tenant n. 房客

drug n. 毒品

tuberculosis n. 肺结核 姐妹们因为自己的小说而流芳百世。读者将会在朗文经典系列中找到缩写本的夏洛蒂·勃朗特的《简·爱》(1847)。安妮的《艾格妮斯·格雷》(1847)和艾米莉的《呼啸山庄》同年出版。一年后,安妮的《怀德菲尔庄园的房客》问世。此后只有夏洛蒂继续写作。1848年,在她哥哥因吸毒和酗酒去世后,艾米莉病倒了,并于同年12月去世,年仅30岁。安妮长期虚弱(我们猜测患的是本书中导致辛德雷的妻子弗朗西丝死亡的肺痨,现在叫肺结核),1849年5月,在她29岁时去世。夏洛蒂于1855年去世。

读《艾格妮丝·格雷》时,你会觉得那是作者本人的经历,只有一小部分源自想象。读《简·爱》时,你会惊讶于夏洛蒂·勃朗特的想象力,可实际上,简是个十分普通的人。《呼啸山庄》给你的印象可不是这样。希斯克厉夫和凯瑟琳都不是平凡的人物;他们是富有激情的人。

"但愿我能抓住你,"凯瑟琳对希斯克厉夫说,"直到我们俩都死去!我可不愿管你受了什么苦。为什么你就不该受苦?我可受多了!我 入土的时候,你会高兴吗?"

"我还要活下去吗?"希斯克厉夫问她,"那将是一种什么样的生活啊!当你……噢,上帝!你的灵魂进了坟墓,你还愿意活着吗?"

最后他走进她的坟墓里,与她躺在一起。这是

#### WUTHERING HEIGHTS

not the **physical** love of the modern novel. It is powerful, but it is the love imagined by a very **innocent** writer. It is **wicked**, but it is pure wickedness. With Catherine and Heathcliff, Emily Brontë takes us very near to hell. After that, with Cathy and Hareton we go as near to **heaven** as one can get on the Yorkshire moors.

#### The Yorkshire moors

The Brontës' house still stands. Every year many thousands of visitors go to Haworth village to see the house where the sisters lived and wrote. They go also to see the moors around the village, the moors which lay round Wuthering Heights.

Moors are high, wide, open areas of land with rough grass or low bushes, not suitable for farming. The low bushes are mostly **heather**, a strong plant with small flowers. Cutting through the moors are valleys, or "dales". Dales have trees, good grass for cattle, excellent farming land, and **shelter** from the worst of the fierce cold winds that blow over the moors.

We imagine Wuthering Heights as a big, stone-built farmhouse high above the valley which sheltered the village of Gimmerton and the park of Thrushcross Grange. The people of such farms as Wuthering Heights led hard lives, looking after sheep on the lower slopes of the moors, and growing crops with difficulty on poor land.

Thrushcross Grange, too, would be a farm—a wealthy family's farm. The house would be in a large walled park, with the farmlands around it. The rich valley soil would grow good crops and support cattle.