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高考英语题典

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● 前 言 ●

从 1996 年起,高中英语教学在全国范围内使用由人教社和英国朗文公司共同编写的新教材。新教材不仅在内容上与以往不同,还体现了不同的外语教学思想,其中最根本的一点是把教学的重点由过去的重语言知识的学习转向重交际能力的培养。这些变化无疑会对与教学有关的高考命题产生一定的影响。如何才能适应这种变化,在高考前作好充分的准备呢?我们认为,考生首先应该抓住教学大纲的要求,在语言知识和交际能力两方面进行全面的训练,因为高考的命题是以大纲为依据的。其次,考生还应该了解英语高考是一种语言测试,与有些以知识为主的考试科目不同。命题人员是以一定的语言测试理论为指导,以现行大纲、新教材的内容以及后续高校学习的要求为基础来设计试卷的。这就要求考生的考前训练必须有明确的针对性,不能盲目采用题海战术,凭经验和感觉去被动地应考。

根据以上这些情况,我们组织了一批既懂语言测试的理论和方法、又具有丰富教学实践经验的教师编写了这本《高考英语题典》。本题典分为语言基础篇和语言运用篇两大部分。基础篇包括语音、词汇和语法三章,运用篇包括完型填空、阅读理解、补全对话、短文改错、书面表达和听力六章,每一章前面都有考查内容和答题要求等的简要说明。

《高考英语题典》严格以教学大纲的规定为依据,紧扣新教材,覆盖面广,选材可靠针对性强;习题难度适当,典型又有代表性,并注意突出高考试卷中出现频率较高的重点和难点。根据不同的知识点和能力点的要求,有些章节附有既精练又有启发性的说明,供考生参考。

我们希望本题典能给考生提供有效的帮助。

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1 语 音

现行英语高考语音题主要考查：

1. 元音字母和元音字母组合在不同单词中的读音；
2. 辅音字母和辅音字母组合在不同单词中的读音；
3. 转化或派生词变化部分的读音；
4. 英语单词附加词尾的读音；
5. 字母或字母组合的不发音。

考生答题时要注意运用读音规则的有关知识，特别要注意某些字母及字母组合发音的特殊情况。

单词辨音

从 A、B、C、D 中找出其划线部分与所给单词的划线部分读音相同的选项。

【题 1】drag A. place B. palace C. village D. demand
[答]B

【题 2】front A. cost B. drop C. apology D. does
[答]D

【题 3】carry A. remarkable B. market
C. marry D. March

[答]C

【题 4】secret A. secretary B. evening
C. perfect D. fever

[答]C

- 【题 5】also A. call B. ball C. chalk D. salt
[答]D
- 【题 6】whatever A. obey B. won't C. observe D. obvious
[答]D
- 【题 7】complete A. flee B. behind C. flesh D. satellite
[答]A
- 【题 8】against A. orange B. again C. mountain D. fairy
[答]B
- 【题 9】stupid A. music B. lung C. rude D. sugar
[答]A
- 【题 10】possible A. electric B. expensive C. beautiful D. technique
[答]C
- 【题 11】physicist A. terrify B. cloudy C. yard D. youth
[答]B
- 【题 12】recently A. recite B. recognize C. fresh D. frequently
[答]D
- 【题 13】natural A. nature B. population
C. practice D. native
[答]C
- 【题 14】want A. water B. bowl C. aunt D. solid
[答]D
- 【题 15】camel A. minute B. certainly C. Japanese D. head
[答]C
- 【题 16】station A. jacket B. comrade C. headache D. orange
[答]C
- 【题 17】month A. government B. common
C. along D. monument
[答]A
- 【题 18】front A. pocket B. pound C. hurry D. flower
[答]C
- 【题 19】excuse A. ruler B. busy C. June D. pupil
[答]D

语音

【题 20】spot A. enough B. quality C. house D. ought

[答]B

【题 21】half A. almost B. allow C. answer D. hall

[答]C

【题 22】quantity A. wach B. act C. plant D. ant

[答]A

【题 23】carriage A. character B. camel

C. maths D. engage

[答]A

【题 24】separate A. affectionate B. age

C. name D. engage

[答]A

【题 25】France A. franc B. gasp C. gaze D. hach

[答]B

【题 26】fond A. long B. among C. found D. can't

[答]A

【题 27】many A. Germany B. balance

C. great D. sweat

[答]D

【题 28】quality A. absent B. favourite C. shone D. cousin

[答]C

【题 29】blind A. spit B. wine C. string D. skin

[答]B

【题 30】bank A. grand B. grant C. plant D. balance

[答]A

【题 31】London A. common B. courage C. along D. calm

[答]B

【题 32】serious A. reality B. reading C. prison D. theatre

[答]D

【题 33】parent A. glare B. measure C. failure D. capital

[答]A

【题 34】depend A. envelope B. elect

- C. recent D. develop
[答]B
- 【题 35】solid A. Europe B. robot C. salt D. wander
[答]D
- 【题 36】frequently A. president B. fresh C. fever D. perfect
[答]C
- 【题 37】cousin A. cough B. could C. count D. country
[答]D
- 【题 38】build A. fruit B. suit C. ruin D. women
[答]D
- 【题 39】anger A. danger B. length C. single D. lung
[答]C
- 【题 40】February A. poor B. door C. floor D. your
[答]A
- 【题 41】breath A. wheat B. stream C. break D. wealth
[答]D
- 【题 42】ground A. cough B. count C. double D. though
[答]B
- 【题 43】bread A. great B. weak C. sweat D. least
[答]C
- 【题 44】height A. neighbour B. weight C. receive D. neither
[答]D
- 【题 45】warm A. chalk B. salt C. worse D. sorry
[答]A
- 【题 46】science A. really B. reality C. pioneer D. thirsty
[答]C
- 【题 47】people A. sixties B. college C. ocean D. police
[答]D
- 【题 48】break A. change B. anything C. headache D. breakfast
[答]A

- 【题 49】early A. spear B. hear C. search D. appear
[答]C
- 【题 50】reason A. real B. theatre C. great D. recent
[答]D
- 【题 51】regard A. advance B. entrance C. wonder D. wander
[答]A
- 【题 52】cool A. blood B. brook C. stood D. boot
[答]D
- 【题 53】shower A. lower B. flower C. pour D. surely
[答]B
- 【题 54】journey A. key B. eye C. valley D. obey
[答]C
- 【题 55】foreign A. either B. eight C. weight D. volleyball
[答]D
- 【题 56】astronaut A. daughter B. laughter C. draught D. aunt
[答]A
- 【题 57】hook A. goods B. loose C. cool D. noon
[答]A
- 【题 58】society A. field B. tie C. friend D. science
[答]D
- 【题 59】sewn A. jewel B. suit C. Europe D. shoulder
[答]D
- 【题 60】forehead A. foreleg B. worship C. float D. honest
[答]D
- 【题 61】smooth A. route B. bowl C. devote D. foot
[答]A
- 【题 62】shout A. fought B. mouth C. trouble D. mourn
[答]B
- 【题 63】straight A. certainly B. neighbour C. captain D. holiday
[答]B

- 【题 64】 although A. aloud B. calm C. almost D. shall
[答]C
- 【题 65】 heard A. surface B. wear C. surround D. disappear
[答]A
- 【题 66】 exist A. exercise B. extremely C. example D. expect
[答]C
- 【题 67】 ahead A. cheap B. area C. beast D. feather
[答]D
- 【题 68】 course A. our B. hour C. worse D. worn
[答]D
- 【题 69】 exact A. excuse B. except C. example D. expert
[答]C
- 【题 70】 anxious A. singer B. single C. stranger D. finger
[答]A
- 【题 71】 pleasure A. measure B. sure C. discussion D. pressure
[答]A
- 【题 72】 ocean A. century B. medical C. society D. appreciate
[答]D
- 【题 73】 medical A. physics B. medicine C. physicist D. socialism
[答]A
- 【题 74】 think A. skin B. language C. wine D. danger
[答]B
- 【题 75】 musician A. music B. medicine C. discuss D. discussion
[答]D
- 【题 76】 famous A. noise B. sure C. lies D. knocks
[答]D
- 【题 77】 gift A. general B. guard C. strange D. biology
[答]B
- 【题 78】 official A. chest B. chemist C. machine D. stomach
[答]C
- 【题 79】 umbrella A. debt B. member C. climb D. comb

[答]B

- 【题 80】cousin A. thirsty B. resist C. anxious D. universe

[答]B

- 【题 81】news A. research B. newspaper
C. Christmas D. Thursday

[答]D

- 【题 82】loose A. choose B. loose C. universe D. roose

[答]C

- 【题 83】cough A. daughter B. neighbour
C. photo D. machine

[答]C

- 【题 84】singer A. sink B. longest C. inspect D. passenger

[答]A

- 【题 85】smooth A. northern B. thread C. theory D. three

[答]A

- 【题 86】patient A. decision B. question C. Russian D. conclusion

[答]C

- 【题 87】fortunate A. shorten B. tunnel C. patient D. question

[答]D

- 【题 88】Character A. Chain B. French C. stomach D. machine

[答]C

- 【题 89】stays A. writes B. asks C. doors D. lakes

[答]C

- 【题 90】watched A. practised B. realized
C. whispered D. pleased

[答]A

- 【题 91】rebelled A. elected B. raised C. dressed D. faced

[答]B

- 【题 92】maths A. mouths B. months C. paths D. clothes

[答]B

- 【题 93】wretched A. rested B. snatched C. raised D. reduced

[答]A

【题 94】handsome A. handkerchief B. handwriting

C. hand D. demand

[答]A

【题 95】sign A. sight B. whisper C. city D. idiom

[答]A

【题 96】faces A. roses B. rises C. houses D. horses

[答]D

【题 97】listener A. actual B. fasten C. September D. actor

[答]B

【题 98】Christmas A. handkerchief B. shorten

C. tender D. government

[答]A

【题 99】Wednesday A. diary B. handsome

C. hand D. louder

[答]B

【题 100】wrist A. twenty B. sweet C. wrong D. worthy

[答]C

2 词 汇

现行英语高考对词汇的测试主要分为两种:一种是单词拼写;另一种是词汇和习语的使用。单词拼写考题要求考生根据所给单词的首字母或汉语注释,写出单词的正确形式,使句子结构完整,意思明确。考生答题时要根据句子所提供的语境加以判断,从句子的时态、语态,以及单词的词性、单复数、大小写、习惯用法、固定搭配中寻找答题的线索,拼写出正确的形式。

对词汇和习语使用的测试采用单项填空题型。考生答题时要认真审题,利用句子的语境排除干扰,从题干中找出有用的信息,以帮助判断。特别要注意区分同义、近义词汇和习语在用法上的细微差异,以便作出准确的选择。

I 单词拼写

【题 101】 With the development of a _____ and industry, people's living conditions are getting better and better.

[答] agriculture

【题 102】 I'm a _____ to know the result of the exam.

[答] anxious

【题 103】 I was late for the meeting, so I made an a _____.

[答] apology

【题 104】 There is an oil painting on the wall. People passing by can't help a _____ it.

[答] appreciating

【题 105】 The American a _____ made the first space walk on the moon.

[答] astronauts

【题 106】The A. _____ Ocean is the second biggest ocean in the world.

[答] Atlantic

【题 107】A _____ comes right after July.

[答] August

【题 108】There are four seasons in one year; they are spring, summer, a _____ and winter.

[答] autumn

【题 109】Several hot-b _____ are seen floating in the sky.

[答] balloons

【题 110】Which fruit do you like better, b _____ or apple?

[答] banana

【题 111】We are greatly successful b _____ our expectation.

[答] beyond

【题 112】The two countries agreed on building a reservoir on their b _____.

[答] border

【题 113】In time of danger, keep c _____.

[答] calm

【题 114】They reached the island in a c _____.

[答] canoe

【题 115】The American President Lincoln spent his c _____ on a farm.

[答] childhood

【题 116】The child shouted out, "The E _____ has nothing on."

[答] Emperor

【题 117】Our English teacher always e _____ us to learn English well.

[答] encourages

【题 118】Do you e _____ yourself on weekend holiday?

[答] enjoy

【题 119】He based his theory on a lot of e _____.

[答] experiments

【题 120】I can't e _____ "肮脏" in English.

[答] express

【题 121】The f _____ the star is, the smaller it looks.

[答] farther

【题 122】Do me the f _____ to open the door, please!

[答] favour

【题 123】In my hometown, F _____ is still a cold month.

[答] February

【题 124】I've caught a bad cold. I'm aching on my f _____.

[答] forehead

【题 125】—What subjects do you study?

—I study English, history, politics and g _____.

[答] geography

【题 126】—How many countries have you been to?

—I have been to America, England, G _____, etc.

[答] Germany

【题 127】Many people wish to go to h _____ after death.

[答] heaven

【题 128】I feel it an h _____ to make a speech here.

[答] honour

【题 129】This evening I will go to the office i _____ of going to the cinema.

[答] instead

【题 130】Don't i _____ people when they are talking.

[答] interrupt

【题 131】Chairman Mao once told us, "K _____ is strength".

[答] Knowledge

【题 132】When did you join the Youth L _____?

[答] League

【题 133】After l _____, people lived a happy life.

[答] liberation

【题 134】Water has three states: gas, l _____ and solid.

[答] liquid

【题 135】I'm reading a book while he is reading a m _____.

[答] magazine

【题 136】It's n _____ to make mistakes when you speak English.